"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair; fresh southwest to northwest winds.

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THE PRESIDENT IN IOWA

He Is Greeted by Many Children and Kisses Some Babies.

He Is Bearing the Strain of His Trip Well—Large Crowds Hear Him Make Brief Speeches.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, April 28.—President Roosevelt's itinerary led him eastward through Iowa to-day. As was the case yesterday, brief stops, punctuated with speeches, were the order of the day. Everywhere the President was greeted by large and enthusiastic crowds. With him as guests were Gov. Cummins and Secretary Shaw. Congressmen Hull and Hepburn also were with the party part of the day.

One of the features of the day was the large number of school children that greeted the President. At every place he stopped and at many places where the train did not stop the little people were congregated, waving small American flags. This feature pleased the President very much, and he referred to the children several times. At Des Moines the President kissed a number of babies. During the drive four mothers, each with a baby in her arms, approached his carriage and handed him bouquets of flowers. They then held the babies up to be kissed, and the President did not disappoint them.

The President is bearing the strain of the trip splendidly, and his face has not yet lost the tan it acquired during his two weeks in Yellowstone Park.

The President's train pulled out of the Union Station, Omaha, at 5 o'clock this morning, some time before any of the party were up. Rain began falling soon after the train started, and continued during the early forenoon, marring to some extent the preparations made for the President's reception. Although the train passed through Council Bluffs at 5:30 quite a crowd was gathered at the station. The President did not appear.

The Presidential train arrived at Shenandoah at 7 o'clock. Long before the train was scheduled to arrive people for miles around began to gather, and nearly 10,000 greeted the President. Congressman Hepburn met the President at this, his first stop in Iowa. Gov. Cummins and his party did not arrive here as at first planned, but met the President in Clarinda, the second stopping place. The President mounted a large platform, erected for the purpose, and addressed the assemblage. His address was brief and was enthusiastically received.

The preparations at Clarinda for the reception of the President were elaborate. The Presidential train arrived on schedule time, and although heavy rain had been falling, the popular enthusiasm was hearty. More than 10,000 people saw the President. His speech was a plain talk, without reference to politics. He advocated pure citizenship.

The next stopping place was Van Wert. The President spent ten minutes there, and spoke to an audience of nearly a thousand people.

President Roosevelt received an enthusiastic greeting at Osceola, the next stopping place, and the short speech he made was heartily received. During his address he paid the following compliment to Congressman Hepburn and the other members of the Iowa delegation in Congress:

"It is a great pleasure to come here to-day and to be introduced by Col. Hepburn, who has been traveling with me throughout this district. And in departing from it and from him, I wish to state my sense of obligation to him and to all the Iowa delegation for the aid they gave me last year—the invaluable aid in bringing about certain bits of legislation, non-partisan in character, which I deemed of the utmost importance; such as a wise supervision and regulation of certain great corporations, of the type popularly known as trusts, notably of those engaged in doing an inter-State business; legislation which I deemed invaluable not only because of its courage but because of its sanity, and because it does not pretend to do anything that it does not do.

"A promise should be kept on the stump just as much as off the stump. The worth of any promise lies in its fulfillment by action, and it was thanks to Col. Hepburn, thanks to the Congress, to the members of both the Senate and the House from Iowa, and their fellows, that I am able to come before you, feeling that all that had been said by us as to the need of such regulation has been made good in fact. Improvements upon the law have been made, better legislation has been put on the statute books, and the legislation on the statute books has been inforced with honesty and with fearlessness."

The Presidential train arrived at Des Moines at 2:20 this afternoon. The arrival of the distinguished visitors was announced to the city by firing of cannon from the State House grounds and the ringing of bells. The streets were packed with humanity. Cheers greeted the President as he approached the carriage, leaning upon the arm of Gov. Cummins.

The first stopping place was at the Auditorium, which was filled with members of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine and their friends. After a stop of a few minutes the Presidential party was driven to the State House grounds, and here the President delivered in the open air a speech to 10,000 people. He was introduced by Congressman Hull. Immediately at the conclusion of the address he was driven to his train and departed for Oskaloosa.

The Presidential train arrived at Oskaloosa at 6:30 P. M., half an hour late. The President, Gov. Cummins, Secretary Shaw, Congressman Lacey, Mayor Williams, and members of the local committee entered carriages, and, surrounded by a mounted guard, were driven rapidly from the railway station to the business part of the city, where the new Young Men's Christian Association Building was dedicated by the President in a ten-minute speech, the President standing in his carriage. He spoke upon the good the association is doing and of the necessity and demands for moral and upright young men. It is estimated that 30,000 people greeted the President.

The Presidential party, after the dedication exercises, was driven rapidly back to the railway station and departed immediately for Ottumwa. The President will spend the night here, leaving at 4:30 o'clock to-morrow morning for Keokuk, and will arrive at St. Louis to-morrow afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock.

CABINET MEETING IN ST. LOUIS.

President Will Confer with His Advisers on Manchuria Question, Postal Scandal, and Other Matters.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—An important conference between the President and the members of his Cabinet will be held in St. Louis probably Wednesday night. The special train bearing the President and his party will arrive at St. Louis Wednesday afternoon at 4:10. President Roosevelt and Secretary Shaw, who is to be of the party at that time, will be joined there by other members of the Cabinet. Matters of importance, which have arisen since the President's departure from Washington, will be brought to the attention of the Chief Executive. These will include Russia's attitude in Manchuria, the developments in the investigation of the Post Office Department, and some departmental matters upon which the President will have to pass judgment.

Since leaving the Yellowstone Park President Roosevelt has been in close touch with Washington. Communications between him and the heads of departments have been exchanged daily, both by mail and by telegraph. A batch of important documents for his signature was forwarded to him to-day from the State and War Departments. Included in the lot are some important commissions. It is not unlikely that some pending appointments may be agreed upon at the St. Louis conference, but they probably will not be announced until after the return of the members of the Cabinet to Washington.

Secretary Root to-day received a telegram from President Roosevelt asking him to accompany the Presidential party through Kansas. The Secretary has accepted, and will go as far as he can, saving enough time to be present at the militia gathering at Columbus, Ohio, on May 4.

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When Going West
the Pennsylvania Railroad offers rapid train service to Chicago and St. Louis. Splendid equipment, a matchless road bed; every comfort en route.—Adv.

LAKEWOOD PHYSICIAN MISSING.

Dr. Cate's Friends Ask New York Police to Search for Him.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 28.—Dr. H. H. Cate, a physician and proprietor of a large sanitarium, who went to New York with $2,000 to attend to some personal business Tuesday of last week, is missing. No trace of him has been obtained, although his friends have searched for him since Saturday, when his absence first began to cause alarm.

All that is known of the movements of the missing physician after he left Lakewood Tuesday morning is that he went to the Hotel Albert, in Eleventh Street, Tuesday noon, where he registered and obtained a room. He was well known at the hotel, and told the clerk that he was going up town to visit a former patient. He returned to the hotel for dinner, and went out again in the evening.

That is the last the hotel people saw of him. His satchel is still there.

The clerk at the Hotel Albert said last night that the last he had seen of Dr. Cate was when he assigned him a room Tuesday night, April 21. For several years Dr. Cate has been accustomed to stop at the Albert, and the people at the hotel say that he is known to be a man of remarkably regular habits. The room to which he was assigned was not occupied, and since he left the desk he has not been seen by any of the officials of the hotel.

Lawyer John F. Dillon sent a messenger to the hotel to see if anything was known about Dr. Cate's whereabouts. Mr. Dillon later notified the police, and Inspector McCluskey began investigation.

SEEKS MISSING HUSBAND.

Mrs. Raymond Harris of This City, a Bride of Four Months, Writes to the Chicago Police.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 28.—If Raymond Harris will return to his bride of four months in New York he will be made welcome. In a letter to Chief of Police O'Neill Mrs. Harris said that she would assist her husband to settle accounts which she thinks prompted him to run away. The letter reads:

To the Chief of Police: I am almost prostrated over the sudden disappearance of my husband, whom I have only had four months. He left New York on the 18th of the month and said he was going to look after some contracting work. He had $300 or $400 with him, and I fear he has met with foul play. His partner in business naturally thinks he has run away with the money, but I don't. If the money did tempt him, he is in Chicago. Tell him if he will only come back or write to me, I will forgive him, as I love him dearly. I will help to pay off his creditors. Please send out a general alarm. I must find him. Things were the brightest when this awful thing happened. When you find the slightest clue tell me. MRS. LIZZIE HARRIS.
Seventeenth Street and Fifth Avenue.

The police here have not as yet found any trace of Harris in this city.

AMERICAN WEDDING IN JAPAN.

Daughter of Rear Admiral Evans and Harold J. Sewall of Boston Will Be Married in Tokio To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 28.—A wedding in which Americans are interested will take place at noon to-morrow in the English Cathedral at Tokio, Japan, where Miss Virginia Evans, daughter of Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, United States Navy, will be married to Harold Ingalls Sewall of this city. The ceremony will be performed by the English Bishop of Tokio, and Lady McDonald, the wife of the British Minister to Japan, has offered the British Legation for the reception. The Diplomatic Corps at the Japanese capital will be further represented by Huntington Wilson, First Secretary and Chargé d'Affaires of the American Legation and by Count Hatzfeld and Baron von Ritter, as ushers. The other ushers will be officers from the American men-of-war. The best man is to be William Gilman Sewall, brother of the bridegroom, who has recently been traveling in Asia.

Harold I. Sewall is the son of Mrs. William B. Sewall of 60 Commonwealth Avenue. He was graduated from Harvard in the class of 1893, and is a member of the Puritan and Eastern Yacht Clubs. Miss Evans's brother and sister are both in Tokio, her brother, Ensign Frank Taylor Evans, being a member of his father's staff on the United States battleship Kentucky. Her sister is the wife of Lieut. Commander C. C. Marsh, Naval Attaché at Tokio and Peking, making Japan her home. Admiral Evans at present is commander in chief of the Asiatic Squadron.

MEAT CHEAP IN CHICAGO.

Best Porterhouse Steaks Fetch 16 to 18 Cents—Chickens Can Be Bought for 16 Cents.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 28.—Chicago pays the lowest price for its meat of all large cities in the country. Such is the opinion of downtown retail dealers when they saw in a New York dispatch that beefsteak there costs 26 cents. They give the following advice:

"Don't move to New York unless you are willing to pay a third more of your income for table expenses. Chicago prices are the most moderate in the country. The best cuts of porterhouse steak can be had for 16 to 18 cents in the form of chops, while the muttons of a larger growth bring only 14 cents."

Chickens can be bought for 16 cents in the Chicago markets, although "broilers" are held at 20 to 25 cents.

INSANE, HE SAVED A TRAIN.

Operator's Last Sane Act Was to Turn On a Red Light.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—D. S. Ranshaw, operator for the Wabash at Poag Station, Ill., went insane while on duty early this morning. Only his long training as a railroad dispatcher saved the Chicago express from disaster. As his last conscious act he turned on the red light, thus stopping the train while it was running sixty miles an hour.

John Dogan, the engineer, and the conductor and brakeman of the train were amazed at being signaled to stop, and hurried into the telegraph office to ascertain the cause. They saw Ranshaw grimacing over his key, the instrument meantime calling frantically the signal of his station. Not knowing what orders he might have sent over the wire the express trainmen were afraid to move backward or forward until they had hunted up the day operator and secured clearance orders.

The railroad men say Ranshaw had made no serious blunders, and that he must have attended to his duties correctly for some time mechanically.

Cheapest Traveling in the World,
combined with fine service, charming scenery, fast time and courteous attention, on the New York Central creates a steadily increasing traffic.—Adv.

EDWARD TO SEE THE POPE

British King Will Go to the Vatican Despite Protests.

He Decorates Tombs of Dead Sovereigns, Rides with the Italian King, Mid Great Acclaim, and Attends Court Dinner.

ROME, April 28.—King Edward will go to the Vatican to-morrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Starting from the British embassy he will alight at the Court of St. Damas, in the Vatican, where he will be received by Mgr. Bistleti, Master of the Chamber, accompanied by the Vatican officials.

The Pontifical Guards will render royal honors to the visitor. Mgr. Bistleti will conduct King Edward to the stairway, where Mgr. Cagiano de Azvedo, the Pope's Major Domo, surrounded by prelates and high dignitaries of the Holy See, will greet the British Sovereign.

King Edward will then be conducted by the Major Domo to the private apartments of the Pope. No one will be present at the interview between the Pontiff and the British Sovereign.

King Edward, accompanied by Gen. Pedotti, representing King Victor Emmanuel, and escorted by a brilliant army of cavalry, went to the Pantheon to-day and deposited wreaths of laurel and palm on the tombs of King Emmanuel I. and King Humbert.

The British sovereign and the King of Italy drove this afternoon to the Coliseum, the Arch of Titus, the Palatine Forum, and the monument of Victor Emmanuel. King Edward expressed his great admiration of what he saw. Wherever they went the two Kings were loudly cheered, and received a continuous ovation.

The grand gala theatrical performance of this evening in honor of the visiting King was attended by the Kings of Italy and Great Britain, the royal Princes, members of the Diplomatic Corps, Court officials, and the elite of Roman society. The house presented a brilliant spectacle.

In addition to the entire staff of the American Embassy, those present included Heloise Meyer, sister of Ambassador Meyer; Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Lady Herbert, sister of Mrs. Vanderbilt, and Alice Blight of New York.

A Court dinner, at which 104 covers were laid, was held this evening. King Edward sat on the right of the King of Italy, and on the left of Queen Helena. Lady Currie, wife of the British ex-Ambassador to Italy, sat on the other side of King Victor Emmanuel. All the high dignitaries of the State and Court were among the guests.

Replying to a toast proposed by the King of Italy during the dinner, King Edward said:

"I can assure you, sire, that it has been very agreeable to come once more to Rome. I have full confidence that the sentiments of mutual amity which have so long existed between your country and mine will never cease. We both love liberty and free institutions, and having these great objectives we have advanced together along the paths of civilization and progress.

"We have employed ourselves at the same time in the preservation of universal peace. It is not long ago that we fought side by side, and though I have confidence that another occasion for this will not arise, I have the certitude that we always will be friends for the cause of liberty and civilization, as well as for the universal good and prosperity of all nations.

"Thanking you for the warm welcome given me upon my arrival by you and your people, which I shall never forget, I drink to the health of your Majesty and of the Queen."

In the Chamber to-day President Biancheri extended greetings for the Chamber to King Edward, and thanked him for his visit to the Italian sovereign. He also expressed the Chamber's sympathy for the British people. The Deputies listened to the remarks standing and warmly applauded.

NO RETURN VISIT.

King Will Not Be Called On by Any Vatican Representative—Ceremony To-day Will Be Simple.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Times learns from a trustworthy source that the procedure finally settled upon for King Edward's visit to the Pope on Wednesday is of the simplest kind. The King will drive straight from the embassy to the Vatican in the Ambassador's carriage, returning the same way, not stopping, going or coming, either at the English College or elsewhere.

The King's visit will be solely to the Pope, who will receive him at the entrance to his private room. The visit will not include Mgr. Rampolla. Thus no question of a return visit can arise.

MORE PROTESTS IN ENGLAND.

Church Alliance Denounces King's Proposed Visit to the Pope.

LONDON, April 8.—At the annual meeting of the Church Association, held in St. James's Hall to-night, it was voted, with only three dissentient voices, to send to King Edward at Rome a protest against his visiting the Pope similar in expression to that sent yesterday by the Protestant Alliance.

This protest expressed the alliance's "intense regret that our Protestant King intends to visit the Pope, who is described in the homilies of our Established Church as Antichrist."

NEW STRIKE IN CHICAGO.

Employes of McCormick & Deering Harvester Works Quit—Girls Join the Movement.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 28.—Thirty-five hundred men employed by the McCormick and the Deering Harvester Works are now on strike. At the latter plant, where the most trouble is feared, 200 policemen are on guard. Outside of the cordon are scores of the strikers' pickets, patrolling the streets and keeping watch on the works and the non-union men employed there. They have already induced a few of the latter to leave their work.

A mass meeting of the strikers was held this afternoon. A feature was the attendance of hundreds of girls who struck with the men. They are to be formed into a union this week. The strikers say there are 5,000 employes out of the two works, but the officials of the works say that not more than 2,000 are absent.

There is no complaint except that the men known to belong to the unions were discharged. This is denied by the company officials, who say that no distinction is being made between union and non-union men. So far there has been no violence.

MEXICAN RAILROAD VENTURE.

Government Subvention of $1,500,000 for Route Through Sugar Country.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 28.—William A. Buckman, George Buckman, Charles W. Heath, and W. A. Holcombe of this city are interested in the Morelia and Tacambaro Railroad Company, which, after two years of delay in the work of constructing the road, has obtained a subvention of $1,500,000 from the Mexican Government. A company under the direction of A. H. Powell of Washington will build the road. The capital stock of the company is $6,000,000.

Commencing at Irapuato, the division point of the Mexican Central's line to Guadalajara, the new road will run south to Morelia, located on the Mexican National, by way of Puruandiro, and thence west to Ario, the western terminus of the system. The length of the road will be 225 miles. In the State of Michoacan, through which the new line will pass, plantations at present employ between 2,000 and 3,000 mules each for the purpose of carrying sugar to the nearest railroad station, in several instances more than fifty miles distant.

The Morelia Tacombaro Road will cost about $2,500,000. The initial equipment will consist of six locomotives, six passenger coaches, and 500 freight cars. Sixty-five-pound steel rails will be used, negotiations now pending for the supply of nearly 25,000 tons.

Burnett's Cocaine kills dandruff, allays irritation and promotes a healthy growth of the Hair.—Adv.

PRAISES ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

London Times Urges Great Britain to Provide Adequate Exhibit—Benefits That Will Accrue.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Times, in an editorial article on the St. Louis Exposition, says that it is earnestly to be hoped that the Government will promptly supply necessary funds to secure adequate representation for Great Britain. They must convince the chief representatives of the great industries here how urgent and important it is that not only on trade grounds, but for reasons of patriotism and policy as well, they should hold their own in the eyes of our American cousins.

"It is of the last importance to us both, to ideals of ordered liberty," says The Times. "We alone among the nations have hitherto fully realized that we should understand each other and know as much as possible of each other's position, strength, and habits."

CLEVELAND TO HASTEN HOME.

Expected Call of the Stork at the ex-President's Home Will Cut Short His Western Trip.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 28.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland, who started for St. Louis to-day, will not delay his return to Princeton. The stork is expected to pay another visit to the Cleveland home very soon, and Mr. Cleveland must cut short his Western trip. Later, however, he plans to go on a long cruise with E. C. Benedict, who says his yacht will sail in New England waters all Summer. Mr. Cleveland is to have an opportunity for good fishing and, perhaps, some duck shooting. The Cleveland family may spend the Summer at Buzzard's Bay.

On the trip to St. Louis the ex-President is accompanied by Oscar S. Straus and Mr. Benedict. The party will be the guests of President D. R. Francis of the Exposition. Mr. Francis will entertain President Roosevelt also. After delivering his address, Mr. Cleveland will start back home at once, arriving in Princeton on Saturday.

Ex-President Speaks from His Train.

CUMBERLAND, Md., April 28.—Mr. Cleveland was greeted at the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad station here to-night by a big crowd. He addressed the gathering from the platform of his car and was cheered enthusiastically.

Gov. Murphy Not to be at St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, April 28.—Gov. Franklin Murphy has announced that he will be unable to attend the dedication of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition on Thursday in company with members of the New Jersey Senate.

CORNELL STUDENT MISSING.

Friends of H. G. Webb, a Member of the Football Team, Puzzled by His Disappearance.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 28.—H. G. Webb, a student of Cornell University, has disappeared, and his friends are searching for him with anxious concern in all parts of the country. Nothing has been heard of him since the first week in March. The friends of Webb noted his absence immediately, but attached no significance to the fact until his mother asked the university authorities Saturday concerning his whereabouts.

All who know Webb are at a loss to explain a voluntary disappearance. He was a sophomore and was studying electrical engineering. He was a good student. He played on the 'Varsity football team last Fall, and in the Princeton game made an excellent showing in the right guard position. He was regarded as the likeliest candidate for the position at left guard, which will be made vacant by the graduation of Capt. Warner in June. Webb prepared for Cornell at the Montclair (N. J.) High School.

OHIO FRANCHISE ACT INVALID.

Court's Ruling a Blow to Cincinnati Street Railway Interests.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 28.—A decision has been handed down by the Superior Court which declares unconstitutional the curative act, which was put into the municipal code during the special session of the Legislature last Fall. This curative act was passed to strengthen the fifty-year franchise under which the lines of the Cincinnati Street Railway Company, now leased to the Traction Company, which is the Widener-Elkins syndicate, were constructed.

The franchise had been granted under the Rogers law, which was declared by a ruling of the Superior Court last year to be invalid, and the curative act was put into the code to sustain the franchise. The Court says streets, municipalities, and street railway franchises are all subjects of a general nature. Such a grant must be by law which operates uniformly throughout the State. Otherwise it would be in violation of the Constitution of the State.

Cincinnati street railway stock dropped 1¼ points on the Stock Exchange to-day. The decline is equal to $225,000 on the capital value of the company.

TRANSPORTATION OF MILITARY.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 28.—The collapse of the pool on army and navy business formerly maintained by the Western roads has enabled the Government to get the transportation for its soldiers and sailors at unusually low rates. The contract for the transportation of officers and men of the navy between Chicago and the Pacific Coast for one year from next July has just been awarded to the Union Pacific, whose bid was $22.71 between Chicago and San Francisco for parties of 100 or less, $21.46 for 100 or more, and 50 cents for each meal.

The bids were opened six weeks ago, and it was found that the Rock Island's bid was the lowest for the transportation, but it wanted 75 cents for each meal, which made the total rate greater than the Union Pacific. The Rock Island protested against the acceptance of the Union Pacific's bid, alleging that the Southern Pacific had tendered its connecting line a less rate on army business than on naval business.

The question was referred by the Navy Department to the Controller of the Currency, who held that the bid should be accepted.

St. Leger Little Cigar.
Worth a dollar a box.
The very best blend of Havana Tobacco.—Adv.

Children like Piso's Cure. It is pleasant to take and cures their coughs. At druggists. 25c.—Adv.

FRANCHISE TAX LAW SUSTAINED

Upheld in Whole by the Court of Appeals.

DECISION IS UNANIMOUS

State Board May Assess This Property—Home Rule Principle Not Violated—No Impairment of Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 28.—With the concurrence of all the Judges the Court of Appeals to-day handed down a decision affirming the constitutionality of the Ford law to tax special franchises and the amendments providing for assessment of this property by the State Tax Board. The original opinion of the late Judge Robert Earl is upheld in all particulars, and the recent decision of the Appellate Division at Albany is overruled so far as it held that the provision for State assessment is in violation of the home rule principle of the State Constitution.

The decision was handed down to-day in the cases of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, the Consolidated Gas Company, the New Amsterdam Gas Company, the Twenty-third Street Railroad Company, and the Central Crosstown Railroad Company. A brilliant array of counsel attacked the law in their behalf in the recent argument, while Attorney General John Cunneen alone made the argument in behalf of the State.

The court holds that special franchises, from their nature, as well as because they frequently extend into several localities, could not be valued by local assessors. Unless they are to escape taxation in the future as they have in the past, the opinion says, "It was necessary to commit the power to officers with new functions, wider experience and greater opportunities for observation, who would be able to grasp the new scheme of taxation as a whole."

It is declared that there has been no interference with home rule because "property created by legislation and never intrusted by it to the local assessors, cannot be said to have been taken away from them." "The new property was called real estate," it is said further on, "just as it might have been termed personal property, or neutral property, without changing its nature, which was such as local assessors never had dealt with."

Objection made to the law on the ground that it permits the assessment of the tangible property in highways in conjunction with the intangible special franchises is swept aside with these words: "We regard the tangible property as an inseparable part of the franchises mentioned in the statute, constituting them a new entity, which as a going concern can neither be sold nor assessed to advantage except as one thing, single and entire."

The argument that the taxation of special franchises tends to impair the obligations of contracts under which they are granted and is contrary to the Federal Constitution is met with the opinion that it is not within the province of municipalities to "withdraw property from the taxing power of the State." It is held that the franchises were accepted with the understanding that the property thus created should be subject to State taxation like any other property. "While all attempts of the municipalities to undermine or destroy franchises by changing the terms of the grant have been promptly repressed by the courts," the opinion says, "there is no case which holds that a franchise, general or special, cannot be taxed the same as other private property."

Contentions of the corporations that the law is impracticable and incapable of execution, that the special franchises should be separately assessed with, and that the State Tax Board should adopt a rule of valuation are dismissed without special argument.

TEXT OF THE DECISION.

The opinion of the court was written by Judge Vann and was concurred in by all the Judges. It is as follows:

These appeals were argued together, and the questions of law presented are common to all the proceedings. The only questions peculiar to any case were questions of fact, which have been finally disposed of by the concurrent action of the courts below, as they united in adopting the facts as found by the referee.

The main discussion at our bar, as well as in the four opinions written by the Appellate Division, related to the question whether the statute under which the assessments were made violates that part of the Constitution which provides for home rule in certain political divisions of the State. In order to answer this question it will be useful to inquire,

(1) What does the Constitution prohibit?
(2) What does the statute command? and,
(3) What have the courts held as to the validity of other statutes relating to similar subjects?

The principle of home rule, or the right of self-government as to local affairs, existed before we had a Constitution. Even prior to Magna Charta, some cities, boroughs, and towns had various customs and liberties which had been granted by the crown or had existed through long use, and among them was the right to elect certain local officers from their own citizens, and with some restrictions to manage their own purely local affairs.

These customs and liberties, with other rights, had been so often trampled upon by the King as to arouse deep hatred of centralization of power, and we find among the many grants of the great charter that "the City of London shall have all its ancient liberties and its free customs as well by land as by water. Furthermore, we will and grant that all other cities and burghs and towns shall have all their liberties and free customs." (Cap. 13.) "All evil customs shall immediately be inquired into by twelve knights of the same county, upon oath, who shall be elected by good men of the same county," and after inquisition made "they shall be altogether destroyed by them, never to be restored, provided this be notified to us before it is done." (Cap. 48.)

After this marvelous statute, rights which before had rested largely on custom rested on law, with a guaranty against violation by the amazing covenant of King John that if he refused redress for an "excess committed" his subjects should be released from their allegiance and at liberty to make war upon him, "saving harmless our person and the persons of our Queen and children, and when it hath been redressed they shall obey us as they have done before." (Cap. 61.)

The Right of Home Rule.

The rights thus secured after a long struggle and by great pressure, although at times denied and violated by the ruling monarch, were never lost, but were brought over by the colonists, the same as they brought the right to breathe, and they would have parted with the one as soon as the other.

The liberties and customs of localities reappear on a novel and wider basis in the town meetings of New England and the various Colonies, including the Colony of New York. The right of the inhabitants of townships and manors to meet at stated times in public town meetings, elect town officers, and transact town business was well established while we were a Colony, and was recognized by different statutes enacted by the Governor, Council, and General Assembly. (Van Schaack, Chapters 1,201, 1,224, 1,419, 1,448, 1,454, 1,459, 1,460, 1,490, 1,536, and 1,562; Livingston and Smith, Chapters 43 and 654.)

The business transacted at the town meeting related to highways, care of the poor, and matters of purely local concern. It was confined to the affairs of a small district and was clearly separated from public matters of interest to the colony at large. The officers elected, generally by viva voce vote, were Supervisors, Assessors, Collectors, Constables, Commissioners of Highways, and Overseers of the Poor.

The powers and duties of these officers were regulated by statute, but the right to select them resided in the people of the locality and was stubbornly insisted upon as inviolable.

Such was the state of affairs when the first Constitution was adopted. While that instrument organized the State, it granted no rights to the people, but was their own creation, expressing the restraints that they desired to place upon themselves by preserving certain principles and methods of government which they wished to remain unalterable.

Thus the Constitution of 1777 recognized local self-government as already existing and continued and protected it, so that it could not lawfully be departed from without changing the Constitution itself. It provided that "Town Clerks, Supervisors, Assessors, constables, and collectors, and all other officers heretofore eligible by the people shall always continue to be so eligible." (Chap. 29.) Sheriffs, Coroners, loan officers, County Treasurers, clerks of Supervisors, and Justices of the peace were to be appointed. (Chaps. 26, 29.)

Thus our earliest Constitution did not create the right to elect the administrative officers of towns, but continued it as it had existed during the history of the Colony while it was under the dominion of the English crown. The only local officers mentioned by name as "eligible by the people" were town officers, and, in fact, almost all officers of other local divisions were appointed by central authority.

The second Constitution, framed in 1821, continued the right by the general clause, applicable to county, town, city, and village officers, that "all officers heretofore elected by the people shall continue to be elected; and all other officers, whose appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may be hereafter created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as may by law be directed." (Arts. 4, and 15.) Sheriffs, Coroners, and some other county officers were for the first time made elective.

The third Constitution, drafted in 1846, continued the principle and expanded the right by the following provision: "All county officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties or appointed by the Boards of Supervisors, or other county authorities, as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town, and village officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns, and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as the Legislature may direct." (Arts. 10, and 2.) The same provision was carried forward ipsissimis verbis into our present Constitution. (Arts. 10 and 2.)

Powers of Local Officers.

These and other commands of the different constitutions, when read in the light of prior and contemporaneous history, show that the object of the people in enacting them was to prevent centralization of power in the State and to continue, preserve, and expand local self-government. This was effected through a judicious distribution of the power of selecting public officers by assigning the choice of local officers to the people of the local divisions and to the people generally those belonging to the State at large.

The management of the local political business of localities, whether as large as a county or as small as a village, is intrusted to local officers selected by the communities where those officers act and through which their jurisdiction extends. The principle of home rule is preserved by continuing the right of these divisions to select their local officers, with the general functions which have always belonged to the office.

Unless the office, by whatever name it is known, is protected, as the courts have uniformly held, the right to choose the officer would be lost, for with his former functions gone he would not be the officer contemplated by the Constitution, even if the name were retained. Unless the office or officer is mentioned eo nomine in the Constitution, the name may be changed, or the office abolished, provided the functions, if retained at all, remain in some officer chosen by the locality.

Local functions, however, cannot be transferred to a State officer. The Legislature has the power to regulate, increase, or diminish the duties of the local officer, but it has been steadfastly held that this power is subject to the limitation that no essential or exclusive function belonging to the office can be transferred to an officer appointed by central authority. The office may go, but the function must be exercised locally if exercised at all.

While no arbitrary line is drawn to separate the powers of local and State officers, the integrity of the local office is protected, with its original and inherent functions unimpaired. It is interference, whether direct or indirect, with the vital, intrinsic, and inseparable functions of the office as thus defined and understood that the Constitution prohibits. (People ex rel. Wood vs. Draper, 15 N. Y. 532; People vs. Raymond, 37 N. Y. 428; People vs. Albertson, 55 N. Y. 50; Astor vs. The Mayor, 62 N. Y. 567; matter of the Mayor, 99 N. Y. 569; matter of Gertum, 109 N. Y. 170; Koch vs. The Mayor, 152 N. Y. 72; People ex rel. Burby vs. Howland, 155 N. Y. 270; People vs. Board of Supervisors, 170 N. Y. 105; matter of Brenner, 170 N. Y. 185; Allison vs. Welde, 172 N. Y. 421.)

Nature of Special Franchises.

The statute in question authorizes the assessment or valuation for the purpose of general taxation of all special franchises by a State Board of Tax Commissioners appointed by the Governor. (Laws of 1899, Chapter 712.)

The general franchise of a corporation is its right to live and do business by the exercise of the corporate powers granted by the State. The general franchise of a street railroad company, for instance, is the special privilege conferred by the State upon a certain number of persons known as the corporators to become a street railroad corporation and to construct and operate a street railroad upon certain conditions.

Such a franchise, however, gives the corporation no right to do anything in the public highways without special authority from the State or some municipal officer or body acting under its authority.

When a right of way over a public street is granted to such a corporation, with leave to construct and operate a street railroad thereon, the privilege is known as a special franchise, or the right to do something in the public highway, which, except for the grant, would be a trespass. The statute, which is an amendment of the general tax law, declares, in substance, that the right, authority, or permission to construct, maintain, or operate some structure, intended for public use, "in, under, above, on, or through streets, highways, or public places," such as railroads, gas pipes, water mains, poles and wires for electric, telephone, and telegraph lines, and the like, is a special franchise. For the purpose of taxation such a franchise is made real estate, and is "deemed to include the value of the tangible property of a person, co-partnership, or corporation situated in, upon, under, or above any street, highway, public place, or public waters in connection with the special franchise and taxed as a part thereof." (2, Clause 3.)

This includes nothing but what is in the street, directly or indirectly, and excludes power houses, depots, and all structures without the lines of the street. The taxes thus imposed are for general purposes, are collected in the same way, and used for the same objects as other taxes upon the general assessment roll.

Prior to the passage of this act general franchises had been taxed for the benefit of the State under a valuation made by a State officer, with the sanction of the courts. (L. 1896, Ch. 908, Sec. 182, 190; People vs. Roberts, 154 N. Y. 101.) Special franchises, however, had never been lawfully assessed, either by local or State authority, but were made taxable property by the act before us for the first time in the history of the State. (People ex rel. Manhattan R. R. Co. vs. Barker, 146 N. Y. 304, People ex rel. Brooklyn City R. R. Co. vs. Neff, 19 App. Div. 599, affirmed an opinion of Cullen, J., below in 154 N. Y. 763.)

Purpose of the Legislature.

The right to assess special franchises by central authority is challenged as a violation of the principle of home rule imbedded in the Constitution, and especially the right to assess the tangible property added thereto and included therein by the act, because the latter is withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the local assessors by whom it had been theretofore assessed.

Every presumption is in favor of the constitutionality of an act of the Legislature, and if the Constitution and the act can be reasonably constructed so as to enable the latter to stand, it is the duty of the courts to give them that construction. Still, it is none the less their duty to adjudge the statute void if it is in plain conflict with the real intent of the fundamental law when considered in the light of history and all its aspects. (Sweet vs. City of Syracuse, 129 N. Y., 316; Sinkler vs. Terry, 106 N. Y. 1.)

What was the situation that confronted the Legislature when it passed this statute to raise money for the support of Government?

The Governor had officially announced that "the farmers, the market gardeners, and the mechanics and tradesmen having small holdings, are paying an improper and excessive portion of the general taxes." The Legislature wished to distribute this burden in a just and equable manner, to take part of the load from those who carried more than their share and to relieve the farms from some of the effects of depreciation in value through competition with the cheap and fertile lands of the West. It found property scattered all over the State worth nearly $200,000,000, which was not taxed at all, and had never been taxed.

This property consisted wholly of special franchises, or privileges given by the State, mainly to corporations furnishing to the public transportation, water, light, and other necessities or conveniences of daily life. It had grown rapidly in extent and value during recent years. Its value rested upon the right to use in some manner the public highways of the State, but it was intangible, and doubtless for this reason had never been brought under the taxing power.

The Legislature also found certain tangible property, which was subject to taxation, situated in the public streets and used only in connection with and as a part of the intangible property not taxed, and of no substantial value except when so used.

Law Created a New System.

It found that the valuation of this new kind of property, intangible, invisible, and elusive, but of great value, would be attended with peculiar difficulties, which would require a degree of knowledge and skill not possessed by local Assessors, but belonging only to experts who had long and carefully studied the subject of taxation in all its various aspects. The problem was to place a just and adequate value upon a right capable of valuation, but which was unseen, without form or substance, and, as it were, the mere breath of the Legislature.

It was a new problem that had never arisen before during the history of the State, and it was to be solved, not to meet local needs, but an exigency of State.

How did the Legislature deal with the situation? It created a new system of taxation, brought within its range a new character of property, and assigned the duty of making the valuation to the State Board of Tax Commissioners, composed of tax experts already in office, whose sole duty related to the subject of taxation, in all its phases, throughout the entire State.

It made the Tax Commissioners assessors of this new kind of property known as special franchises, clothed them with power to compel the owners to furnish under oath, in addition to a general report containing many details, such information as they called for, authorized them to call upon the local Assessors for the facts that they could furnish, and to summon aid from all available sources, required them to give notice to the owner affected, and an opportunity to be heard, and provided a remedy for review by the courts of every assessment as soon as it was filed.

It commanded that all sums, in the nature of a tax, paid by the owner of a special franchise to a municipality for its exclusive use should be deducted from the tax imposed for local purposes, and exempted the tangible property situated in public highways and used in connection with the special franchise, from all other forms of taxation. (Sections 2, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46.)

The new kind of property was termed real estate, just as it might have been termed personal property, or neutral property, without changing its nature, which was such as local Assessors had never dealt with.

Experts Properly Designated.

The statute should be considered in the light of the circumstances existing when it was passed, which were extraordinary and unprecedented. The system thus created had never been known before, and as its main subject the act dealt with special franchises which had never been taxed before. Property unknown as the subject of taxation to the framers of any of our constitutions was brought into the system, which required new methods of valuation and the exercise of functions which had never belonged to local Assessors.

The property was sui generis, and from its nature could not be valued by local officers. Unless it escaped taxation in the future as it had in the past, it was necessary to commit the power to officers with new functions, wider experience, and greater opportunities for observation, who would be able to grasp the new scheme of taxation as a whole.

We should not be misled by the terms "valuation" or "assessment" as the simple exercise of judgment, for no work can be done without that, but should compare the intrinsic nature of the functions exercised by the local Assessors for time out of mind with those intrusted to the State Tax Commissioners, which had never been committed to any board or officer before.

The local Assessors dealt with tangible property, which could be seen and was open to the judgment of ordinary men, or with written evidence of debts or contracts the value of which could be easily computed. It was their habit to measure, weigh, and count, to learn the market value from current sales, to pass upon physical and material property which they were accustomed to own, rent, or use, and with which they were familiar in their daily life.

They saw it, knew it, and could judge as to its value. It was before their eyes and they could act upon it directly, without resort to complicated computations.

Valuation of Special Franchises.

On the other hand, the valuation of special franchises had never been attempted before, but presented a new field of action and called for the exercise of new and different functions. They could not be seen, handled, measured, weighed, or counted. They were specialties and had no market

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value. There were no sales to guide and no experience from ownership, rental, or use to rely upon.

The new property is real estate in name, but not in reality, for it is a mere privilege to do something in public streets and places not permitted to citizens generally. While local in a narrow sense, it is unconfined in its real nature, for it depends largely on the earning capacity of a going concern, frequently with several special franchises, but with no means of determining the amount earned by each.

The value depends upon so many conditions, existing frequently in localities widely separated and upon such a complication of facts and figures that the valuation cannot be safely intrusted to men of common knowledge and experience.

What greater calamity in the shape of taxation could threaten the vast interests involved than to intrust this important subject to unskilled and incompetent men, some of them willing, it may be, not only to protect their own localities at the expense of others, but to oppose corporations and favor individuals? The burden could not be distributed equally, for each local board would have its own method and theory. Uniform action would be impossible and conflict and confusion would result.

A wider view, a different kind of judgment, a balancing of localities and figures, an adjustment and equalization of burdens, and an exercise of functions not local in nature were required to meet the situation. As we said in a recent case: "It is no disparagement of the capacity and intelligence of the average Assessor to say that it would present to him a problem incapable of accurate solution and a rule of action in the performance of his official duty impossible in practice." (People ex rel. D., L. & W. R. R. Co. vs. Clapp, 152 N. Y., 490, 495.)

Tangible Property Included.

The Legislature also brought in as an essential part of the system some tangible property which has been previously assessed by local authority. No tangible property, however, was affected, except such as was situated in the public highways, and was so incidental and dependent upon the special franchises as to have no substantial value unless used in connection with them.

The relation between the intangible right to run cars in the streets and the tangible property in the rails to run the cars on is so intimate as to be inseparable in any practicable system of estimating values. Of what value are poles, strung with wires, standing in the street without a special franchise to use them to carry electricity or send the mysterious message? What is property worth, when made for a special purpose, if it cannot be used for that purpose? What are rails and ties worth, when so fastened to the land in a public highway as to be legally a part of it, without a special franchise to place and use them there as part of a railroad?

All the mains and pipes, poles and wires, rails and ties of the railroad when separated from their special franchises have no value except as firewood or old iron. Their only substantial value is the right to use them in connection with the franchise, and hence they are incidental to the franchise. As part of the franchise they are worth something, but severed from it nothing to speak of.

Suppose a street railroad company should forfeit its special franchise by a violation of the grant, what would its rails and ties be worth? They would cease to exist as rails and ties, and would become simply so much old material, and even the title would vest in the owner of the fee. The expense of grading, placing them in position, and paving around them, which is a large part of the original cost, would cease to be an investment and would be property no longer.

They are worth virtually nothing except for railroad purposes, and a railroad cannot occupy a street without a special franchise. Separate them from the franchise by taking away the street privilege, and they are destroyed. Their only value as rails and ties, as distinguished from so much old wood and iron is gone.

Taking the broad and practical view of the subject, which the Legislature had the right to take in creating the new system, they saw no assessable value worthy of notice except through the actual and constant use made of them as incidentals to the special franchises.

The value of either resides in the union of both, and can be practically ascertained only by treating them as a unit. Unless assessed together, both cannot be adequately assessed. A man of judgment, in valuing a wagon, and especially in estimating its earning capacity, does not pass upon the body, wheels, top, and tongue separately.

We regard the tangible property as an inseparable part of the special franchises mentioned in the statute, constituting with them a new entity, which as a going concern can neither be assessed nor sold to advantage except as one thing, single and entire. (People vs. O'Brien, 111 N. Y. 1; Gue vs. Tidewater Canal Company, 24 How. U. S. 257; Hammock vs. Loan and Trust Company, 115 U. S. 77; Buncombe County Commissioners vs. Tommey, 122.)

State Control of Highways.

The function of assessing a special franchise does not in its nature belong to a county, city, town, or village, for it has never been exercised by officers of such localities, but to the State, by which it is now exercised for the first time.

It is not exclusively local in character, and home rule applies only to functions peculiar to localities. It was unknown to our forefathers, who brought over primitive home rule, to the colonists who preserved it, or to the founders of the State who developed it. It is no part of local self-government as known to history or to learned Judges who have written upon home rule in the past.

It did not come within the experience of former times and was not contemplated by the framers of our Constitutions. They kept purely local affairs under local control, but this is not local in intrinsic character, for the power to be exercised is not confined to the limits of one community. While some special franchises are within a single tax district, others extend through several, and sometimes into different towns, cities, and villages. The Legislature could not make a law for each case, and in bringing the new system into operation it provided by general rule for all cases of the same general character, whether then existing or expected in the future.

Moreover, a special franchise now confined to one tax district may, by expansion, through merger, consolidation, leasing, and the like, extend into other tax districts. Such an enlargement is open to all, has been the experience of many, and may be the experience of all. The same corporation may have many special franchises, continuous or separate, yet they are all practically one, because they all belong to one system, the earning capacity of which may be ascertained, but not that of each special franchise independent of the others.

By removing a central franchise, the line is broken and the value of all seriously impaired. The combination of all into a single enterprise gives the highest, if not the only, value to each. What would a franchise in a town be worth with no right to enter a city or village? While the strength of the chain is in the links, the value of the links is in the chain.

Hence a franchise is not essentially local in character and may require action, observation, and estimate beyond the lines of a single tax district, or the accustomed jurisdiction of local assessors. An examination of the books of the corporation may be necessary in making the valuation, yet they may not be kept in the municipality of the assessor's residence.

A highway may be local, but the title thereto is not, for, whether a fee or an easement, it is held in trust for the people at large, represented by the State, which has control of the streets and of the erections therein. (People vs. Kerr, 27 N. Y., 188.)

The franchise is the right to put something in the highway and use it there, and if the right fails, the title to what was thus placed goes with the general title.

Assessment by the State.

The special franchises of a railroad in operation from a city into suburban towns may be properly treated as an aggregation, without a precise situs, as one piece of property producing a gross income, as a single subject of valuation, like all the personal property of an individual, from one end of the line to the other, although the amount, when ascertained, must be apportioned and distributed among the several tax districts affected. (Section 42.)

This can make no difference to the company, for it has only so much to pay in any event, and it shows that the work of valuation is not local, but general, in its character, and that it is a matter of central rather than municipal concern. It affects the general public rather than the people of a community.

The subject is one that local officers cannot handle, because they cannot consider it as a whole by going without their precincts, but must stop at the boundaries of their several districts. They cannot make the distribution among the localities interested in the special franchises. Local Assessors still remain local Assessors, with every accustomed function intact and unimpaired. Local self-government is untouched, and there is no invasion of local functions.

While special franchises were known when the later constitutions were adopted they were not then known as taxable property. The office of Assessor of Special Franchises was then unknown. It is not local in nature, but is a new office with new functions adapted to property of a new kind and differing in principle from any ever dealt by local Assessors.

Property created by the Legislature and never intrusted by it to the local Assessors cannot with propriety be said to have been taken away from them. The entire taxing power belongs to the Legislature, and not a dollar can be raised for local or general purposes to carry on self-government in localities or in the State, or to provide for the public safety, order, or health, except by its authority.

This supreme power should be considered in connection with the home rule provision of the Constitution, and neither should be so construed as to embarrass or cripple the other. Home rule as understood and practiced in the past, giving to localities the right to govern themselves, but not to hamper the government of the State, should be carefully protected from open attack or indirect invasion.

Shadows, however, should give way to substance, and the right to create a new system of taxation and bring in property of a new character, hitherto untaxed, with some other property incidental thereto and worthless without, cannot, as we think, be denied upon principle, and should not be withheld from the Legislature unless required by some controlling decision of the court.

Attitude of the Courts.

While it is difficult to classify all the authorities relating to the subject of home rule, the most of them fall into convenient groups. At the head of the first-class stands the celebrated judgment of Chief Judge Denio in the People against Draper, (15 N. Y., 532.) In that case the statute combined four counties into one police district, invested five Police Commissioners appointed by the Governor, acting as a board, with the Mayors of two cities in the district, with all the powers previously belonging to certain local officers of said cities respectively. The new board was authorized to appoint and control all the policemen, who were to act in any part of the district regardless of residence or county lines.

The validity of the act was upheld upon the ground that the Commissioners thus appointed were not city officers, although it was strongly challenged at the bar, and by a vigorous dissenting opinion, as a violation of the home rule provision of the Constitution.

Similar acts, creating a new system by erecting a metropolitan fire district, a metropolitan health district, a metropolitan board of excise, and a capital police district, each embracing the territory of two or more municipal divisions of the State, were also sustained, although functions formerly belonging to local officers were transferred to State officials. (People vs. Pinckney, 32 N. Y., 377; Board of Health vs. Heyster, 37 N. Y., 661; Metropolitan Board of Excise vs. Barrie, 34 N. Y., 657; People vs. Shepard, 36 N. Y., 285.)

An act, however, which established a police district consisting of a city, with a police force already organized, and "three small patches of sparsely settled territory, in all less than a square mile," was held unconstitutional as an obvious attempt to evade the restrictions relating to home rule, because it was designed for the city only, and the outside fragments could have been brought into the city if it was deemed necessary to extend police protection to them. (People vs. Albertson, 55 N. Y., 50.)

All these cases, except the last, involved the right to erect two or more separate and independent municipalities into a new civil division, to authorize officials appointed by the State to perform the duties formerly discharged by local officers and yet to leave the municipalities in full existence and untouched in all other respects.

Acts authorizing State officials to construct public buildings, parks, and highways, the expense of which was to be paid locally, have been uniformly sustained, although the power to make such improvements had been previously vested in the local authorities, and it was urged that the transfer of the power was an encroachment upon local self-government. (The People vs. Flagg, 46 N. Y., 401; Astor vs. The Mayor, 62 N. Y., 567; The People vs. McDonald, 69 N. Y., 362; The People vs. Board of Supervisors, 170 N. Y., 105.)

To the next group may be assigned statutes which, directly or indirectly, authorize the appointment of local officers by State officials, or the Legislature, or extended the terms of local officers already elected, or limited the power of local authorities in the appointment of local officers. Such legislation has been condemned as in manifest violation of home rule. (Wasner vs. The People, 2 Den., 272; Devrey vs. The City of New York, 36 New York, 449; The People vs. Raymond, 37 New York, 428; The People vs. Bull, 46 New York, 57; The People vs. McKinney, 52 New York, 374; The People vs. Crooks, 53 New York, 648; Rathbone vs. Wirth, 150 New York, 459; The People vs. Mosher, 163 New York, 32; Matter of Brenner, 170 New York, 185.)

In the People vs. Raymond, which is the chief reliance of the relators, there was an absolute overthrow of the local Assessor and the transfer of all his functions to a State officer, which, as the court held, deprived "the people of the city of a right secured to them by the Constitution."

The remaining cases decided in this court are not readily classified, but as the validity of the statutes involved was not disturbed, no analysis thereof is necessary. (The People vs. Murray, 149 N. Y., 367; Allison vs. Welde, 172 N. Y., 421; The People vs. Dunlop, 66 N. Y., 162; Matter of the Mayor, 99 N. Y., 569; Matter of McPherson, 104 N. Y., 306; Matter of Gertum, 109 N. Y., 170; The People vs. Durston, 119 N. Y., 569; Koch vs. The Mayor, 152 N. Y., 72.)

Advances by the Legislature.

When new systems have been created for the management of the indigent insane, the infliction of the death penalty, or the punishment of convicts formerly confined by Sheriffs in county jails by imprisonment in penitentiaries, no question seems to have been raised or claim made that such legislation interfered with the principle of home rule.

The absence of adjudicated cases relating to these and other subjects which might be mentioned is not without significance. It is also significant that the revisers of our present Constitution, acting but a few years ago, made no change in the home rule provision, as it indicates that they were satisfied with the subject as it had been expounded by the courts and acted upon by the people.

None of the cases cited had to do with such a peculiar situation and novel conditions as faced the Legislature when it passed the act to tax special franchises. Certain expressions of learned Judges, used arguendo, in discussing the subject of home rule, are relied upon by counsel as establishing a principle that controls this case.

Principles are not established by what was said, but by what was decided and what was said is not evidence of what was decided unless it relates directly to the question presented for decision. "General expressions," as the great Federal jurist said, "are to be taken in connection with the cases in which those expressions are used." (Cohens vs. Virginia, 6 Wheat., 264-399.)

A more specific review of the authorities is unnecessary, for it is sufficient to state that neither singly nor collectively have they so construed the Constitution as to prevent the Legislature, under the circumstances existing when it sought to promote a sound public policy by passing the act in question, from creating a new system of taxation, embracing within it a new character of property, including incidental additions, and committing the power of assessment to a State board of experts.

No Impairment of Contracts.

The remaining questions raised by the relators do not require elaborate consideration. We cannot sustain their position that the taxation of a special franchise impairs the obligation of a contract and thus violates the Federal Constitution. (Art 1, 10.) The franchises are grants which usually contain contracts, executed by the municipality, but executory as to the owner. They contain various conditions and stipulations to be observed by the holders of the privilege, such as payment of a license fee, of a gross sum down, of a specific sum each year, or a certain percentage of receipts, as a consideration or "in full satisfaction for the use of the streets."

There is no provision that the special franchise, or the property created by the grant, shall be exempt from taxation. Such a stipulation would be void, for no municipality has power to withdraw property from the taxing power of the State, or to provide by ordinance or contract that it shall be free for all time from the common burden which property generally has to bear. Taxation is the rule with every presumption to support, while exemption is an exception with every presumption against it.

The condition upon which a franchise is granted is the purchase price of the grant, the payment of which in money, or by an agreement to bear some burden, brought the property into existence, which thereupon became taxable at the will of the Legislature, the same as land granted or leased by the State.

There is no implied covenant that property sold by the State cannot be taxed by the State, which can even tax its own bonds, given to borrow money for its own use, unless they contain an express stipulation of exemption. The rule of strict construction applies to State grants, and unless there is an express stipulation not to tax, the right is reserved as an attribute of sovereignty.

Special franchises were not taxed until, by the act of 1899, amending the tax law, they were added to the other taxable property of the State. This is all that the statute does, so far as the question now under consideration is concerned. No part of the grant is changed, no stipulation altered, no payment increased, and nothing exacted from the owner of the franchise that is not exacted from the owners of property generally.

No blow is struck at the franchise as such, for it remains with every right conferred in full force, but, as it is property, it is required to contribute its ratable share, dependent only upon value toward the support of the Government. No burden is placed upon it except such as is borne by the homes of the people and money saved for support in old age.

While all attempts of municipalities to undermine or destroy franchises by changing the terms of the grant have been promptly repressed by the courts, there is no case which holds that a franchise, whether general or special, cannot be taxed the same as other private property. The relators accepted their franchises subject to the right of taxation that applies to all property in the State, and we agree with the learned referee that the special franchise tax takes nothing from the grant, exacts nothing as further compensation for the privilege, and impairs no contractual obligations.

Tribute to ex-Judge Earl.

The further contention of the relators that the act is impracticable and incapable of execution; that the special franchises should have been separately assessed; that the State Tax Commissioners adopted no rule in making the assessments; that the relators did not have a proper hearing at the time provided for review, and that due process of law was not observed in the taxation of their property after due consideration we overrule, without further expression of reasons than already appears.

In reviewing these cases we have received great aid from the strong and exhaustive opinion of the late Judge Earl, for many years a distinguished member of this court, who, acting as referee, decided them in the first instance, after full and careful consideration of all the questions involved. It was the last judicial work of that ripe lawyer and eminent jurist, and we regard his decision as one of the most able and profound judgments ever pronounced by him during his long and useful career.

The order of the Appellate Division should be reversed, and that of the special term affirmed in each proceeding, with costs.

MR. CUNNEEN'S VICTORY.

ALBANY, April 28.—Attorney General Cunneen said to-night that the decision of the Court of Appeals on the franchise tax is a victory for the people. He believes that its benefits will be far-reaching. He is pleased over his victory in the case, unaided by outside counsel, but says that he has merely performed his duty.

J. Newton Fiero has an item for $25,000 in the Supply bill for services in the case under Attorney General Davies. When Mr. Cunneen took charge of the office he dispensed with Mr. Fiero's services. Then came the reversal by the Appellate Division and the preparation of the papers to defend the constitutionality of the law by Mr. Cunneen.

TRACTION ROADS WILL APPEAL.

The corporations affected by the Court of Appeals franchise tax decision will take an appeal to the United States Supreme Court. This announcement was made by some of the attorneys engaged in the case as soon as they learned of the decision.

If no relief is afforded the corporations by the United States Supreme Court, they will have to pay the franchise tax back to the time of the passage of the law. Those corporations which engaged in the litigations now owe their tax for four years. All the revenues derived from the franchise tax go to the localities for which the assessment is made, the State receiving no part of the money.

The decision rendered by the Court of Appeals yesterday was on an appeal taken by Attorney General Cunneen from the decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the Third Department, handed down Jan. 20 last, declaring the provision in the law that the tax should be levied by the State Board of Tax Commissioners to be unconstitutional. The decision of the Court of Appeals sustains the law as a whole, asserting that when the Legislature designated the State Board of Tax Commissioners to levy the tax instead of the local Assessors there was no violation of the principle of home rule.

The case went to the Appellate Division from Supreme Court Justice D. Cady Herrick, who approved a report of the late Judge Robert Earl, as referee, declaring the law constitutional on all points raised. David B. Hill was the chief counsel for the corporations before Referee Earl and Justice Herrick. Mr. Hill did not take part in the argument before the Appellate Division. It was on the case of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company that the Appellate Division based its decision.

Since then, in the course of bringing the matter before the Court of Appeals, and in order to facilitate the final disposition of the litigation, four other cases had been added, namely, those of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, and the Consolidated Gas Company and New Amsterdam Gas Company of this city. These five test cases covered all the important questions both of law and fact involved.

On behalf of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the Metropolitan Street Railway Company and the Manhattan Railway Company, it was stated by representatives of these companies that they had prepared in advance to pay the franchise taxes by setting aside and charging in their statement every year the amount of the tax. It was also stated that the various gas companies had taken similar action in setting aside sums for the payment of these back taxes.

The earnings of Metropolitan and Manhattan stocks, it was also pointed out, will not be affected by the decision, as these stocks are guaranteed, and therefore the tax will have to be paid by the guarantor.

Charles A. Collin of the law firm of Sheehan & Collin, 32 Nassau Street, who represented the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, said yesterday afternoon that an appeal would be taken to the United States Supreme Court with all dispatch possible. He said that he could not state the exact process by which the case would be brought before the highest tribunal.

He explained, however, that throughout the trial in all of the lower courts it had been contended by him and by other counsel that the law was not only a violation of the State Constitution, but also of the Federal Constitution, and it was the latter contention that makes it appealable to the Federal Supreme Court.

The allegation of the representatives of the corporations is that the law is a violation of that provision of the Federal Constitution which says that no State shall pass a law impairing the obligation of contracts, and of the section which says that no State shall deprive any person of property without due process of law.

Mr. Collin said that the several lawyers representing the corporations would hold a conference within the next twenty-four hours and decide definitely upon the steps to be taken.

When William H. Page, Jr., of Page & Conant, of counsel for the Metropolitan Street Railway system, was seen in relation to the decision he said:

"I was one of the counsel in the case from the beginning. It is the intention, and always has been, of the companies to carry the matter to the Supreme Court of the United States, the point being that the tax is a violation of the contracts of the city and State under which the franchises were acquired."

WHAT CITY OFFICIALS SAY.

Mayor Low, Controller Grout, and Corporation Counsel Rives were all much pleased over the court's opinion sustaining the constitutionality of the law.

Mayor Low said:

"I am very much gratified that the decision of the Court of Appeals in the franchise tax matter is in the city's favor. Several months ago, after reading the opinion of the Appellate Division, I became convinced that the franchise tax law would be sustained. It is an important matter for the city in several ways. In the first place, ever since the law passed the city has paid taxes to the State on assessments approximately $280,000,000 every year upon the theory that the taxes would ultimately be collected from the corporations.

"If the law had not been sustained it would have introduced a very difficult question of accounting between the city and the State. The city will now collect the taxes for several years. Another matter which had to be considered is that if the law had been declared unconstitutional the city would have lost the assessments and taxes on $280,000,000 each year, and the debt limit would have been reduced by $28,000,000."

Mayor Low said it was probable that if the law had been declared unconstitutional many public improvements would have been delayed.

Corporation Counsel Rives said:

"I am very much pleased over the decision, but it is just what I expected. At the time that the Appellate Division rendered its decision I told the Mayor that I did not agree with the conclusions of that court, and that I believed that the Court of Appeals would eventually sustain the law. You see I had nothing to do with the matter, as, being a State measure, the Attorney General of the State has had charge of it, but I am just as pleased as if I had won the victory myself."

Mr. Rives said that the corporations which had been fighting the law had the very best of legal talent behind them, and that as they had all along held that many questions of Federal interests were involved in the law, they would very likely now appeal the case to the Supreme Court of the United States, or, as Mr. Rives expressed it, "sue out a writ of error."

Mr. Rives was not certain that this would tie up the vast amount of money the various corporations will have to pay into the City Treasury.

"But even if it did," Mr. Rives said, "what difference will it make, for the longer they postpone settling up the more interest they will have to pay when the time comes to settle up."

Controller Grout said he was highly pleased over the decision, and added that he regarded it as a piece of good fortune, as it practically saves the city over $15,000,000, whereas if the law had not been sustained the borrowing capacity of the city would be curtailed just about that sum.

The total amount of taxes to be paid by the various corporations under the decision, according to the Controller, for the years 1900, 1901, and 1902 will be $13,940,632.81, while the valuations of the properties to be taxed amounted in 1900 to $219,679,351, in 1901 to $211,334,194, and in 1902 to $220,620,155.

SLIGHT MARKET EFFECT.

So far as the stock market was concerned, the announcement that the constitutionality of the tax had been upheld caused scarcely a ripple of excitement—this for the reason that the market had been heavy in the morning and that the decision had been expected, and, therefore, had been discounted. From the low figures recorded in the morning, there was a good recovery in the afternoon, following the news from Albany, which came shortly after 2 o'clock.

Singularly enough, the stocks most affected, or popularly believed to be affected, by the decision—Manhattan, Metropolitan, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and Consolidated Gas—held steady throughout the day, declining only slightly in the morning, and, with the exception of Metropolitan, which closed down ½, closing each fractionally higher.

In the cases of Metropolitan and Manhattan it was pointed out that these stocks were in no wise affected by the decision, inasmuch as they are guaranteed their dividends in any event. That is to say, the tax will be paid not by these companies themselves but by the guarantors of their dividends, the dividends being assured, tax or no tax.

FRANCHISE TAX ASSESSMENTS.

Comparison of Levies Under the Measure Now Upheld and Under the Old Law.

The following are the figures, taken from the tax books, showing the assessments levied under the old law for 1899 and the assessments levied under the first section of the franchise tax law in 1903:

	1903.	1899.
Amer. Dist. Telegraph Co.	$110,000	$80,000
Bleecker St. Ry., (Met.)	350,000	65,000
Broadway & 7th Av. (Met.)	5,725,000	340,000
Cent. Crosstown R. R. (Met.)	570,000	35,000
86th St. R. R. (Met.)	2,090,000	425,000
Christopher St. R. R. (Met.)	700,000	34,000
Consolidated Gas	14,800,000	5,785,000
Consol. & Elec. Subway	2,725,000	850,000
Dry D. & E. B'way (Met.)	1,400,000	100,000
8th Av. R. R. (Met.)	4,000,000	500,000
Empire City Subway	3,000,000	1,125,000
42d St. R. R. (Met.)	2,600,000	130,000
Manhattan R. R.	46,000,000	25,675,000
Metropolitan Street R. R.	15,500,000	2,225,000
New York & Harlem R. R.	10,050,000	3,500,000
New Amsterdam Gas	3,575,000	1,722,000
New York Cent. & H. R.R.R.	2,910,000	1,500,000
New York Mutual Gas	2,200,000	815,000
New York Edison Co.	8,275,000	2,000,000
New York Telephone Co.	2,625,000	550,000
9th Av. R. R. (Met.)	1,550,000	280,000
2d Av. R. R. (Met.)	4,000,000	350,000
6th Av. R. R. (Met.)	3,390,000	400,000
Standard Gas Co.	2,875,000	1,450,000
3d Av. R. R. (Met.)	9,075,000	1,255,000
34th St. R. R. (Met.)	760,000	10,000
28th & 29th St. R. R. (Met.)	350,000	30,000
23d St. R. R. (Met.)	1,700,000	100,000
United Electric & Power Co.	980,000	175,000
Western Union	465,000	300,000
Central Union Gas	1,640,000	260,000
Harlem R. R. & P. C. R. R.	3,515,000	2,225,000
Manhattan Elev. (Bronx)	3,700,000	1,944,000
N. Y. & Har. R. R. (Bronx)	3,790,000	2,320,000
N. Y. & Put. R. R. (Bronx)	1,000,000	625,000
Spuyten Duyvil & P. H. R. R. (Bronx)	1,900,000	1,100,000
Union R. R. Co. (Bronx)	2,350,000	525,000
Brooklyn City & Newtown	985,000	275,000
Brooklyn City R. R.	8,750,000	2,500,000
Brooklyn Union Elevated	6,150,000	3,625,000
B'klyn, Queens Co. & Sub.	1,225,000	460,000
Brooklyn Union Gas	8,085,000	3,000,000
Long Island R. R.	1,500,000	575,000
B'klyn & Man Beach R. R.	925,000	880,000
Nassau Electric R. R.	4,780,000	1,310,000
B'klyn City R. R. (Queens)	3,500,000	600,000
Long Island R. R. (Queens)	3,500,000	3,275,000
Staten Island R. R.	1,580,000	1,575,000

The following table shows the amounts levied under the special franchise tax law in the years 1900, 1901, and 1902, as taken from the official records of the Department of Finance:

	Valuation.	Tax.
1900.		
Manhattan	$166,763,669.00	$3,748,363.22
Bronx	7,272,249.00	163,458.93
Brooklyn	39,250,552.00	911,056.12
Queens	4,036,817.00	94,548.54
Richmond	2,356,064.00	52,321.77
Total	$219,679,351.00	$4,969,748.58
1901.		
Manhattan	$160,954,387.00	$3,729,843.89
Bronx	7,466,283.00	173,018.29
Brooklyn	35,084,220.00	837,996.91
Queens	5,768,494.00	135,964.41
Richmond	2,060,810.00	48,468.34
Total	$211,334,194.00	$4,925,291.84
1902.		
Manhattan	$167,169,240.00	$3,806,492.03
Bronx	9,071,700.00	206,289.53
Brooklyn	37,522,490.00	883,102.84
Queens	5,264,900.00	122,078.65
Richmond	1,591,825.00	37,193.42
Total	$220,620,155.00	$5,049,106.47

The records of the Collector of Taxes show that in 1901 the corporations assessed under the franchise tax law paid into the City Treasury $125,000 in taxes as the result of compromises with the tax officials through the lowering of assessments. In 1902 the sum of $156,000 was paid by corporations for franchise taxes.

The following table shows the exact amount which the City of New York will receive in taxes, now that the franchise tax law is declared constitutional:

	Valuations.	Balance of Tax After Deductions.
1900	$219,679,351.00	$4,655,663.31
1901	211,334,194.00	4,586,705.26
1902	220,620,155.00	4,698,264.24
		$13,940,632.81

PATENTS IN TAXATION.

ALBANY, April 28.—The Court of Appeals to-day handed down a decision in the case of the United States Aluminum Printing Plate Company, which appealed from a decision of the State Controller that the value of its patent rights should be considered by the Controller in fixing the amount of its general franchise tax which must be paid annually to the State Treasurer.

The Appellate Division of the Third Department reversed the decision of the Controller, and the Attorney General took an appeal, which the Court of Appeals to-day decided in favor of the Attorney General's contention.

The importance of the case lies in the fact that if the Controller's action had not been upheld the State would lose hundreds of thousands of dollars annually through the exemption from taxation of patents, trademarks, United States bonds, and similar securities, themselves exempt from taxation. Attorney General Cunneen contended that while they were exempt, their possession by the corporation affected the value of its franchises and should be considered by the Controller in fixing the value of the franchises for the purposes of taxation.

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DECLARES EIGHT-HOUR LAW UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Court of Appeals Reverses Decision of Appellate Division.

Those Contracting with State or Municipality Have Right to Require More Than Eight Hours for Day's Labor.

ALBANY, April 28.—The Court of Appeals to-day declared unconstitutional the eight-hour provision of the Penal Code, (Sub-Division 1, of Section 384-H,) in the case of the people vs. the Orange County Road Construction Company, reversing the decision of the Appellate Division, Second Department, and sustaining that of Judge Beattie of the Orange County Court, who ordered the discharge of the defendant company upon its demurrer alleging that the law was unconstitutional.

The law, which is a complement of the eight-hour law provision of the labor law, passed at the same session of 1899, made it a misdemeanor for any person or corporation, contracting with the State or with a municipal corporation, to require more than eight hours' work for a day's labor.

The defendant corporation was engaged in road construction for the County of Orange, and criminal proceedings were instituted in behalf of the people for infringement of the eight-hour law. The defendant entered a demurrer, claiming that the law was unconstitutional. This demurrer was sustained by Judge Beattie, but overruled by the Appellate Division, from whose decision the defendant appealed.

Judge Cullen's opinion, in which the whole court concurs, holds that the law is not a proper exercise of the police power of the State, but unduly discriminates between different classes of contractors and between the same contractor working for the State and for a private party or for itself. It is conceded that the State has a right to protect women and children or adults from unwholesome or dangerous occupations. This law, Judge Cullen holds, does not deal with the character of work, or with age, sex, or condition of employment, nor even with the personality of the employer.

"What possible bearing," he asks, "has the fact that the employer is executing a contract for the construction of a State or municipal work? It might be constructing in the next town a road for a turnpike company or for itself. In the one case there would be no limit of the hours, and the corporation could get men to work without such limit, but in the case of State or municipal work it is made a criminal offense, despite the fact that the work and the hours might be precisely similar."

Judge Cullen condemns the law in toto. Its vice, he holds, is in its arbitrary distinction between the State and other employers. This denies the essential "equal protection" guaranteed by the law to all citizens. "An arbitrary distinction can never be justified merely by calling it 'classification,'" he says.

"It is conceded that as a general proposition, the State can make regulations at will to govern its employes, and might make violation of these regulations a criminal offense. But this law does not deal exclusively with State employes. The defendant company had no contract with Orange County, it is contended, requiring it to limit its hours to eight per day, and the indictment does not charge adequately even that the alleged violation was subsequent to the passage of the law.

The opinion discusses the various cases involving the requirement of specific performance of contracts, but nullifies this law on the points outlined above.

COMMENT ON THE DECISION.

Borough President Cantor Discusses Its Effect on City Contractors.

Lawyers and labor people yesterday were inclined to look upon the decision of the Court of Appeals as one of the most important affecting labor interests that ever have been handed down. It affects all the contract work done for the State and for every city, county, township, or village within the State. The principal effect, beyond that of adding to the working hours of laboring people, will be to cause a saving in the cost of all such contract work, as it will permit the contractors to compel their men to work ten hours a day. In the City of New York, it is figured that the enactment of the eight-hour law increased by 15 per cent. the cost of all contract work, meaning that the city has had to pay an additional $5,000,000 a year to comply with the provisions of the law.

President Jacob A. Cantor, of the Borough of Manhattan, who has been one of the advocates of the eight-hour law for municipal work, said yesterday that he hardly felt capable of speaking of the decision until he had read the full text carefully.

"As near as I can judge from the facts before me," said Mr. Cantor, "the full force of the adverse decision will fall upon the laboring classes. All of the present contracts made by the city specify that not more than eight hours a day in labor shall be exacted from any of the men engaged on the work, and the city has paid the additional cost of the work for the incorporation of such a provision.

"Of course, now that the eight-hour law has been declared unconstitutional, the city may not be able to enforce such a provision in the contracts now made, and the contractors can go ahead and work their men nine or ten hours if they wish and still will get the full amount paid by the city with the eight-hour understanding.

"I do not see at this time how the city can enforce the eight-hour provision of the contracts, although it will have to pay an unchanged amount to the contractors. If the city can find a way to enforce this provision in the contracts already made, however, it would be a good thing. I am sorry that the blow must so fall that the men who work hard for their daily hire are to be the sufferers. I long have advocated that eight hours' work a day is sufficient for laboring men, and I believe that the trend of thought of the present day is in favor of this also.

"Of course, the city no longer can require an eight-hour working day in its specifications for contracts. This will mean a saving to the city on such contracts, for the recent changes in the provisions governing the building of the Jerome Park Reservoir and of the Croton Reservoir cost the city an additional $1,000,000, as the original contracts were let before the passage of the eight-hour law. Later the Legislature gave permission to alter those contracts and pay the contractors an additional sum for the loss they would suffer by amending the contracts to cut down the working time of their men.

"The decision, as far as I can see, is confined in its effect to assessment work, where the municipality goes ahead with improvements and pays the bills, subsequently assessing in yearly installments the price of the improvements against the property owners affected. As for the city itself, it already has the power to work its men eight, nine, or ten hours, as it sees fit."

EX-WARDMAN GLENNON AWARDED A NEW TRIAL.

Court of Appeals Reverses the Appellate Division—Errors in the Charge of the Original Court.

ALBANY, April 28.—Ex-Wardman Edward G. Glennon, known as the confidential friend of ex-Chief of Police William S. Devery of the New York Police Department, was awarded a new trial by the Court of Appeals in a decision handed down to-day.

Glennon was found guilty of neglect of duty in failing to suppress a disorderly house on West Thirty-third Street, to whose espionage he had been detailed as a "plain-clothes man." He was dismissed from the force and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. From this conviction by the Court of General Sessions of New York he appealed to the Appellate Division of the First Department, which affirmed the decision. Thence the case came to the Court of Appeals. The conviction is reversed and a new trial ordered.

The opinion by Judge Cullen, with which all the Judges concur, discusses the history of the case at length. The decision of the court does not enter upon the question of the guilt of Officer Glennon, but is based upon errors in the charge of the original court to the jury. It is held that answers of the court to questions of the jury relating to the power of the officer to suppress the disorderly house were prejudicial to his case, that the jury was allowed to suppose that he had had powers of entry and arrest not permitted him by the law.

"The great fault with the charge," says Judge Cullen, "is, that so far as it discussed the defendant's powers and duties, it dealt with abstractions and generalities only, and even when the jury requested instruction as to the duty of the defendant to obtain evidence, all it received in answer to its request was a recital of the charter provision. If the defendant, acting in good faith, though vigilant in his endeavor to discover facts or proof justifying either an arrest or application for a warrant, was unable to do so, then he was not guilty, even though the place was a disorderly house. This was the vital issue that should have been presented to the jury. Had it been fairly submitted and the verdict returned against the defendant, we should not have been disposed to interfere with that judgment unless for most serious errors, but that issue was not fairly presented."

Wardman Glennon, who at one time was known as Devery's right-hand man, and, though but a plain patrolman, the most powerful member of the force next to the big Chief himself, was convicted of neglect of duty before Recorder Goff in the Court of General Sessions on Dec. 21, 1901. He was sentenced to serve six months in the penitentiary, but later got a stay of judgment pending the appeal from Justice Gaynor in Brooklyn.

The charge against him was that he had failed to suppress the disorderly house of Laura Mauret in West Thirty-third Street. The trial lasted for three days, and the jurors during that time were virtually kept prisoners at the direction of District Attorney Philbin, for fear they would be "influenced."

Glennon, who had thought himself beyond reach of criminal justice, and was very arrogant in his dealings with the particular class of women who were bled by the police during the Devery days, showed the white feather and wept copiously several times during the trial. He completely broken down as the verdict was announced.

The principal witness against Glennon was James McAuliffe, who was found dead in the street, with frightful marks of violence on his body, one Sunday morning after he had spent the night in a cell at the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station. The mystery of his death has never been cleared up. Policemen Patrick J. Darcy and George Schoeneich, who testified for the wardman, as a reward were made Detective Sergeants by Police Commissioner Murphy the next day. Later, with other of the witnesses for Glennon, they were indicted for neglect of duty. These indictments were dismissed yesterday, on the recommendation of Mr. Jerome. In commenting on their cases, Mr. Jerome said he thought Darcy and Schoeneich two of the worst policemen on the force—"the limit," as he expressed it.

District Attorney Jerome, when asked if he had anything to say in reference to the reversal of the conviction of Wardman Glennon, said that he had not yet heard on what ground the reversal was made and a new trial granted, and that he would not be prepared to make any statement until he had familiarized himself with the text of the court's decision.

James E. Mooney Falls Down a Stairway

CINCINNATI, April 28.—James E. Mooney, President of the American Oak Leather Company, the American Starch Company, and other concerns, fell down a stairway at the Grand Hotel yesterday, fracturing several ribs. He is to-day suffering from internal injuries, and his condition is considered serious.

American Pork Admitted to Turkey.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Minister Leishman, at Pera, cables the State Department that the prohibition of American pork in Turkey, which has been in effect for five years, has been removed, and orders have been issued permitting entry, after the customary inspection.

Conscience Contribution of $73.50.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Treasury Department to-day received a conscience contribution of $73.50, inclosed in an envelope postmarked Rome, Italy.

Butcher Hangs Himself in Refrigerator.

MAMARONECK, N. Y., April 28.—John Hilderbrand committed suicide to-day in the refrigerator of his butcher shop. Having saved a considerable sum of money working for others, he started in business for himself last Saturday. He lived over the shop with his wife and two children. Instead of opening the store to-day he went early to the refrigerator, mounted on a box, attached one end of a rope to a beam and the other end around his neck, and then, before kicking away the box, cut his throat from ear to ear. Temporary insanity is the explanation given.

New Chancellor of Newark Diocese.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., April 28.—The Rev. Thomas A. Wallace, rector of the Church of Our Lady, Orange Valley, who, since the recent death of Chancellor George Doane O'Neill of the Catholic diocese of Newark, has been serving as Chancellor, has been permanently appointed to that position. Father Wallace was Chancellor under the late Bishop Wigger, but resigned to become rector of the Orange church. Father Wallace will be succeeded in Orange Valley by the Rev. John F. Boylan, rector of St. Mary's Church, Franklin Furnace.

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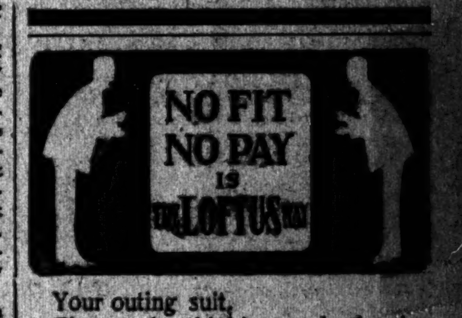

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NOT A DRUGGISTS' TRUST.

ALBANY, April 28.—The National Wholesale Druggists' Association has won by a decision of the Court of Appeals to-day its fight over the firm of John D. Park & Sons Company of Cincinnati, Ohio. The Cincinnati firm is so-called "cut-rate druggists," and also manufacturers of proprietary medicines. They brought an action against the Druggists' Association, which is an unincorporated concern composed of 125 manufacturers, jobbers, and wholesalers of drugs from Maine to California, charging that the latter conspired to prevent the sale of certain drugs to the plaintiff company because it refused to enter the combination. The Park Company therefore endeavored to break up the association.

The lower courts held that the association, under its peculiar agreements, was not a combination in restraint of trade, and the Court of Appeals to-day affirmed that decision.

Hearings by the Governor.

ALBANY, April 28.—Gov. Odell will give these hearings on bills: Wednesday, May 6, at 11:30 A. M., on Assemblyman Bostwick's bill, No. 1,793, relative to offenses in connection with the dispensing and sale of drugs and medicines; Thursday, May 7, at 3 P. M., on Assemblyman Knapp's bill, No. 1,591, relative to the charter of the City of Plattsburg.

PLANS OF THE RUSSIANS

Minister at Peking Quoted on the Manchurian Policy.

Intend to Annex the Provinces, It is Said — China Definitely Rejects the Russian Demands.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Tokio correspondent of The Times says that the Peking correspondent of the Jiji has been informed by the Russian Minister that England and Japan have no right whatever to interfere in Manchuria, where they have spent neither money nor life, whereas Russia has expended both freely for a long time.

Japan, the Minister said, should be satisfied with her position in Korea and refrain from stretching out her hand in the direction of Manchuria. Russia is weary, the Minister declared, of the troubles resulting from her present undefined status in Manchuria, and has determined to add the three provinces definitely to her empire.

The press is unanimous in denouncing Russia's policy and counsels firm resistance. Japan is about to demand Korea timber-cutting privileges at the head waters of the Yalu equal to those already granted Russia.

PEKING, April 28.—China has given Russia what the officials describe as a final and definite refusal to accept her demands regarding Manchuria.

LONDON, April 29.—In a dispatch from Tokio, the correspondent of The Daily Mail says that American war vessels are assembling at Yokohama, supposedly in connection with the Manchurian situation.

The Japanese and British Ministers at Peking have formally warned China against the acceptance of the Russian demands.

The Japanese hold proofs that Admiral Alexieff is using Chinese highwaymen at Mukden to create disorder. In conclusion the representative of The Daily Mail says that the Russian authorities are buying large quantities of provisions at Tokio.

RUSSIAN MINISTER'S TOUR.

Gen. Kouropatkine to Go to Manchuria —Twenty Gunboats for the Amur River.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 28.—The War Minister, Gen. Kouropatkine, started on a special train to-day for Manchuria. He will possibly go to Japan. A farewell breakfast was given in honor of Gen. Kouropatkine yesterday at the Chinese Legation.

Lieut. Gen. Sakharoff has been appointed Acting War Minister during the absence of Gen. Kouropatkine. The latter, who intends to make a thorough inspection of Manchuria, will be absent two months, and will visit Port Arthur, Dalny, and Vladivostok. Although the General's intention to make the trip was announced publicly some weeks ago, his departure has excited speculation, in view of the recent news from Manchuria.

The Marine Minister has decided to order the construction of twenty gunboats for the protection of the Russian frontier at the Amur River.

It was announced from St. Petersburg yesterday that advices received there from Blagovechensk, capital of the Amur Government, Russian Asia, said the Chinese merchants of the latter place were closing their business, selling out at a loss, and were emigrating to Manchuria. This and other indications, it was added, had aroused apprehensions that trouble was brewing.

GREAT BRITAIN IS WAITING.

Still in Doubt as to Russia's Position—Reinforcements for the British Asiatic Squadron.

LONDON, April 28.—Replying to a question put by Earl Spencer, the Liberal leader, in the House of Lords to-day, as to whether he could lay on the table the dispatches in regard to the communications reported to have passed between the Russian and Chinese Governments, Foreign Secretary Landsdowne said the question was now engaging the most serious attention of the Government. There was some doubt regarding the actual facts of Russia's proposals in regard to the evacuation of Manchuria, and he hoped the silence he was bound to maintain at present would not be of long duration.

The officials of the British Foreign Office to-day read with much interest the dispatch to The Associated Press from St. Petersburg, of yesterday, giving the views of the Russian Foreign Office on the eight alleged demands made by Russia on China regarding Manchuria. It was the first intimation they had received of the Russian official attitude on the subject of the Manchurian agreement. The officials here, however, declined to comment on the Russian statements, pending further advices from the British representatives at St. Petersburg and at Peking.

HONOLULU, April 28.—The British warship Amphion and the torpedo boats Sparrowhawk and Virago have arrived here from Victoria. The vessels will be convoyed to Hong Kong by the Amphitrite, which is also in the harbor. On the arrival of these vessels in Asiatic waters, the already powerful fleet which Great Britain maintains in the Orient will be strengthened. It is learned from British naval officers and sailors that Great Britain contemplates making immense additions to her Asiatic squadron and improving the Asiatic Station in many ways.

ENGLAND GETS JAPAN'S ORDER.

Warships Under New Naval Programme Will Be Ordered There.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The correspondent of The Times at Tokio says that the entente between the Cabinet and the Seiyukai has been virtually effected, but probably at some cost to the latter's solidarity. It is now likely that the Ministry will introduce a land tax bill at the next session, but that it will withdraw it out of deference to the objections of the Diet, the Seiyukai agreeing to refrain from further opposition hereafter.

All the ships provided for in the increased naval programme are to be ordered in England.

THREE FORCES AT WAR.

Bulgarians, Turks, and Insurgents in Triangular Battle—Raiders Elude Guards and Cross Frontier.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Times's Sofia correspondent says that in spite of all precautions to guard the frontier a considerable number of raiders succeeded in crossing during the last few days.

It appears that at one point a triangular conflict occurred. The Bulgarians opened fire on the insurgents, to which fire the latter replied. The Turks eventually joined, not discriminating between the combatants.

Private information states that there was obstinate fighting on Monday and Tuesday on the right bank of the Struma. The result is unknown.

The Turkish and Bulgarian officers on the frontier have frequent and perfectly friendly meetings for the purpose of concerting arrangements.

FRIENDLY CONFERENCE OF FOES

Turks and Albanians Have a Consultation at Night and Protest Friendship—Turks Plan a Raid.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Times's correspondent at Uskup says: "Hilmi Pasha informs me that the Turkish troops, marching on Monday from Verisevich, halted at night about twelve miles north of Prizren, and were received by the Albanians with acclamations of friendship.

"It is reliably stated that the Turks will march by way of Prizren on Ipek Jakova. They hope to surround, capture, and remove the malcontent Beys before the Albanians have time to resist."

CATHOLIC CLAIMS ADJUSTED.

Those Arising Out of the Boxer Outbreak and Last Summer's Disturbances Reported Settled.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Peking correspondent of The Times says that the French Legation has received a telegram from Hze-Chuan announcing that all Catholic claims arising out of the disturbances of last Summer have been settled by the provincial authorities and that the situation in the province is satisfactory.

The statement is also made authoritatively that all Catholic claims in the matter of the Boxer outbreak in 1900 in Manchuria, Mongolia, and China have been adjusted and that the slate at present is clean.

The legation considers the situation in the interior of China satisfactory.

GEN. J. FRANKLIN BELL ON CRUELTIES CHARGES.

Returning Officer Says Complaints Were Investigated—Intimates Stigma on Army Will Be Removed.

SOUTHAMPTON, England, April 28.—Gen. J. Franklin Bell, United States Army, who is on his way home from the Philippines, and who sails for New York on the North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm to-morrow, was shown to-day the cabled digests of the report of Lieut. Gen. Miles. He said:

"I must decline to make any statement or comment on the report further than to remark that all complaints made to Gen. Miles while he was in the Philippines have been thoroughly investigated by order of the War Department. In the ordinary course of events these reports of investigations probably have been forwarded to Washington."

When asked if he did not wish to say anything concerning the truth or falsity of the accusations or of the complaints of occurrences in Batangas Providence, Luzon, while he was in command there, Gen. Bell replied: "I would very greatly regret to have the American people believe that any American officers or soldiers had been wantonly cruel or inhuman in their treatment of natives. However, I have said in official reports all I care to say on that subject. I do not believe that anything I can say unofficially will change any one's opinion; nothing, certainly, would make any one who served creditably in the Philippines think that the conduct of the American army has been characterized by cruelty, nor could I change the opinion of any one who wished to believe the contrary."

When shown editorial articles from to-day's London papers commenting upon the brutality of the American army in the Philippines, Gen. Bell said:

"These comments are evidently inspired by misapprehension, and I trust that the Army may not long rest under such a stigma in the eyes of foreign nations; truth is powerful, and it must finally prevail."

REBUKES GEN. MILES.

Brother-in-Law of Major Glenn Writes the General a Letter, Replying to His Charges.

ST. PAUL, April 28.—George C. Squires, an attorney of this city and a brother-in-law of Major Edwin F. Glenn, has written an open letter addressed to Gen. Nelson A. Miles in which he replies to the structures upon Major Glenn in Gen. Miles's report upon alleged atrocities in the Philippines. The letter follows:

"Major Glenn, as you are doubtless aware, was tried something over a year ago for administering the so-called 'water cure' to a traitorous Filipino. While he was convicted and given a most absurd sentence, (one month's suspension from duty, with pay, and a fine of $50,) it is an open secret that the court which tried him on the first ballot voted unanimously for acquittal, and then, on the suggestion of some member of the court, reconsidered the vote, on the theory that an acquittal would be construed in the United States as an official approval of the 'water cure,' but every member of the court signed and attached to the findings a paper in which Major Glenn's conduct in Panay was highly commended, and the reviewing authority was requested to exercise clemency.

"On the trial of Major Glenn last January for issuing orders which, it was claimed, resulted in the killing of seven natives, the court, after a patient hearing lasting eighteen days, unanimously acquitted him, such result being reached within five minutes after the trial was concluded.

"It is a remarkable spectacle that the commanding General of the Army of the United States should attempt to besmirch the good names and records of his own brother officers and hold them up to the world as unfit for the positions which they hold. If, instead of listening to the unsupported statements of irresponsible natives, you had taken the trouble to read the sworn testimony in the last trial of Major Glenn, I think even you would have been convinced that the charges of atrocities which you so recklessly lay upon our officers, are as nothing compared to the hideous cruelties committed by the Filipinos.

"In conclusion, let me suggest that not even your prejudice against the administration or the well founded impression that you went to the Philippines to find fault with existing conditions, is a sufficient justification for the General of a great army, which has gone through untold hardships and privations, to announce to the world upon hearsay and unsworn testimony, that his brother officers, graduates of the finest of all military schools, are unworthy of the uniforms which they wear."

CONVENTS HELD BY PEASANTS.

Scenes of Wild Disorder Accompany Expulsions in France—How Food Is Supplied During Siege.

PARIS, April 28.—The dispersions of the congregations continue to be accompanied with violent agitation and disorder where every they occur. The Capucins at Marseilles are undergoing a regular siege. The convent is now encompassed by a strong force of gendarmes and policemen to prevent communication with the inmates.

Food, blankets, and mattresses are being thrown from adjoining houses into the courtyard of the convent. Inside the convent a crowd numbering about 2,500 persons, but composed mostly of women, fills the church, and the singing of hymns is mingled with prayers and shouts of "God save France!" Outside an equally large crowd of anti-clericals is singing revolutionary songs and shouting "Down with the priests!"

The monks at the abbey of Kerbeneat have barricaded themselves strongly, while the peasants of the vicinity stand on guard around the convent day and night to prevent the authorities from approaching the building to execute the orders of the court to close the abbey.

A similar state of affairs exists at Millau, where the Capucin convent is guarded by 200 peasants against the officials, while from time to time the crowds assembled around the convent and expressed themselves vigorously in favor of the monks. The authorities have not a sufficient local force to enforce the decrees.

At Versailles the Capucins appeared before a magistrate to-day and refused to answer questions. They then returned to their convent escorted by a crowd of friends shouting "Long live liberty!"

Waltham Watches

Keep time.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

DEMONSTRATION FOR FINNS.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Times's Abo correspondent says an almost impenetrable mass of people assembled at the station at Helsingfors to witness the departure of the four Finns exiled by Bobrikoff. The platform could not hold the people, who lined the railway for nearly half a mile. At many stations along the line large crowds assembled, singing patriotic songs and bidding farewell to the exiles. Two thousand waited at Abo for the departure of the steamer for Stockholm.

IRISHMEN ASKED TO PAY.

LONDON, April 28.—An appeal has been issued by the United Irish League asking Irishmen throughout the world to start immediate subscriptions to the Parliamentary fund of 1903. It is signed by John Redmond, Chairman of the league, and the Right Rev. Patrick O'Donnell, Bishop of Raphoe, and James O'Mara, Treasurers of the league election fund.

A generous response is necessary to enable the regular attendance of the Irish members and in view of the likelihood of the Irish Party gaining control of the destinies of whatever Ministry is in power.

A Rothschild Must Go to Prison.

PARIS, April 28.—The Appellate Court to-day confirmed the sentence passed on Baron Henri de Rothschild of 10 francs fine and one day in prison, for driving an automobile at excessive speed on the boulevards.

Anti-Canal Motion Fails.

COLON, Colombia, April 28.—The Deputies of the Department Assembly of Cartagena, by a vote of 9 to 8, have rejected a petition to address a memorial to the coming Congress praying that body to reject the canal treaty. The Assembly declared it possessed full confidence in Congress. The date for the meeting of Congress has not yet been fixed.

SHOT BY A POLICEMAN.

Officer Meala of Brooklyn Fires at a Fleeing Man, Who Is Dangerously Wounded.

During a row last night at Sands Street and Hudson Avenue, Brooklyn, Joseph Eberhardt, eighteen years old, of 182 Hall Street, was shot in the back by a policeman and dangerously wounded. Eberhardt, with his brother, Edward Eberhardt, twenty-two years old, of the same address, became involved in a fight with another man on the corner, and Patrolman Michael Meala of the Fulton Street Station came along and separated the men. The man with whom the Eberhardts were fighting walked off down Sands Street. The brothers rushed after him, and the fight was renewed. Meala started for Joseph Eberhardt, who ran. The policeman pursued, and when Eberhardt did not halt at his command, fired his revolver.

Eberhardt fell to the sidewalk with a cry of pain. He was picked up and carried into a drug store, where it was found that the bullet had entered his back just under the left shoulder. When he had been removed to the Brooklyn Hospital by Dr. McChesney, it was said that he was in a precarious condition. Policeman Meala has been on the force only a few months. He was off duty and in citizen's clothes at the time of the shooting.

THE CAUSE OF SMALLPOX.

BOSTON, April 28.—The announcement of the discovery of the cause of smallpox was made to-night by Dr. William T. Councilman, Professor of Pathology in the Harvard Medical School, at a meeting of the Boston Society of Medical Science. The announcement is the outcome of the investigations conducted by Dr. Councilman, Dr. George Burgess McGrath, and Dr. Walter Remsen Brinckerhoff, with the co-operation of the Boston Board of Health, during the recent epidemic of the disease in this city.

It has been determined that smallpox is caused by a micro-organism representative of the lowest form of animal life. This fact serves to relate the disease with malaria and to distinguish it from many other infectious diseases caused by minute forms of vegetable life known as bacteria.

Working for Veto of Tuberculosis Bill.

Dr. Lederle, President of the Board of Health, said yesterday that he was doing his best to prevail on Gov. Odell to veto the bill just passed, concerning a site on which to establish a tuberculosis hospital. The bill precludes the selection of a site for the tuberculosis camp, except with the consent of the Boards of Supervisors and Aldermen. This, Dr. Lederle said, would practically kill all chances of getting a site. The County Medical Society, at a meeting on Monday night, passed resolutions asking the Governor not to favor the bill.

Reduction in Flour Rate to Seaboard.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 28.—The conference of the Western and Eastern general traffic officials and managers of the lake lines, which was to have been held here to-morrow to consider the request of the Minneapolis millers and the Chicago Great Western for a reduction in the flour rate from Minneapolis and Chicago to the Atlantic seaboard, has been postponed until Thursday. It is certain that a reduction in the flour rate will be agreed upon, and a reduction in the grain rate also may be ordered.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Monday night to 12 o'clock Tuesday night.)

12:30 A. M.—55 Lewis Street; Isaac Applebaum; damage trifling.
12:40 A. M.—78½ Delancey Street; William Stern; damage trifling.
5:08 A. M.—19 to 23 West Eighteenth Street; H. Cohen & Co.; damage, $5,000.
8:15 A. M.—957 East One Hundred and Sixty-first Street; Rosef; damage, $100.
8:30 A. M.—1,493 Third Avenue; Sam Glauber; damage, $500.
10:45 A. M.—38 Baxter Street; Tony Spennell; damage slight.
12:30 P. M.—2,642 Broadway; Herman Shultz; damage slight.
12:45 P. M.—75 East One Hundred and Seventh Street; owner's name not given; no damage.
1:05 P. M.—New Custom House, Bowling Green; no damage.
5:45 P. M.—Southwest corner of Columbus Avenue and One Hundred and Eleventh Street; O. J. Gude & Co.; damage, $5.
6:10 P. M.—543 West Eighteenth Street; owner's name not given; damage trifling.
6:35 P. M.—296 Delancey Street; Daniel Reiter; damage trifling.
7:05 P. M.—252 West Twenty-third Street; Manhattan Supply; damage trifling.
7:10 P. M.—217 Canal Street; M. Pischler; damage, $2,500.
7:45 P. M.—16 and 18 Pelham Street; Isaac Resleck; damage trifling.
8:30 P. M.—169 East One Hundred and Twenty-third Street; Nicholas Ferathmi; damage trifling.
9:15 P. M.—48 Market Street; M. Solomon; damage trifling.
10:20 P. M.—503 Sixth Avenue; M. Kowlanz; damage, $25.
11 P. M.—4 Watts Street; A. Lawsen, proprietor, S. Gigles; damage, $600.

PREVENTED TRAIN WRECK.

Section Hand Saved Erie Special Bearing Officials, and Was Hurled Into a Tub of Whitewash.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 28.—A special train on the Erie Railroad containing high officials of the road, who were on a tour of inspection, narrowly escaped being wrecked at 3 o'clock this afternoon on a curve at Elmwood Avenue crossing in the suburbs. The engine was derailed and the occupants of the train were roughly shaken.

That the entire train was not derailed was probably due to the bravery of John Long, a section hand, of this city. Long covered himself with glory and whitewash. The latter was in tubs on a hand car manned by a crew which was whitewashing the mile posts along the Erie road. They had anchored the car and were at work with their whitewash brushes, when the special rounded the curve and bore down on the car.

The crew immediately took to the woods to escape the impending collision. At this juncture Long came up the track and at the risk of his life ran to the handcar and tried to remove it from the track. He succeeded in getting one truck off, when the special struck the car. Long was thrown in the air and landed in a tub of whitewash.

The officials took his name and address and he probably will be rewarded.

RAN AWAY WITH HIS SON.

Friend Who Helped Frank A. Taber Is Held in New Jersey for Kidnapping.

PATERSON, April 28.—Frank A. Taber, said to be connected with District Attorney Jerome's office, this afternoon took his four-year-old son from this city, and Detectives have gone to New York to try to recover the boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Taber have not been living together for a year and a half. The wife, with their son Raymond, has been living at 538 East Twenty-seventh Street, this city. The cottage faces on Twenty-seventh Street, and there is a rear entrance to the yard from Twenty-eighth Street. This afternoon Raymond was playing on the lawn and his mother was seated on the veranda. Mr. Taber, accompanied by Raymond Scott of Brooklyn, had arrived in this city and had hired a horse and a wagon at G. B. Snyder's livery stable. They drove up to the rear entrance of Mrs. Taber's home and entered by the back way.

The first Mrs. Taber knew of their presence was when her boy screamed and cried "Mamma." Mrs. Taber ran to the end of the veranda and saw her boy being hurried out through the rear yard by his father. The two men and the boy got in the wagon, which was driven rapidly away.

Mrs. Taber immediately consulted John W. Harding, her lawyer. When Mrs. Taber left his office she stood at Broadway and Church Street, and saw Scott driving in the wagon which had been used in taking off the boy. Mrs. Taber ran out and seized the horse by the bridle. She was dragged twenty-five feet before Arthur W. Bishop, President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and Policeman Bullock also grabbed the horse and brought him to a stop.

The policeman took Scott into custody. Scott had apparently driven Mr. Taber and the boy over into Bergen County and left them at some railroad station. He was bringing the wagon back to the stables when arrested. Justice Cooms committed him to jail, charged with kidnapping. He was held on the ground that, while the father might have a right to run away with a child, no one else had a right to help him.

SURGEON SHOOTS HIMSELF.

H. H. Haas of the Navy, Failing to Cause Death, Asks for His Pistol.

STAUNTON, Va., April 28.—H. H. Haas, Assistant Surgeon in the United States Navy, attempted suicide at a hotel here to-day by shooting. The ball entered the right temple and lodged in the left, near the surface, destroying both eyes. He was conscious when found and asked for his pistol to finish the job.

He left several letters to friends, also a request to notify T. N. Haas, lawyer, Harrisburg, that his brother was dead. His reason was: "Am in trouble; want to die." His condition is very critical. Haas was on furlough, his station being Portsmouth, Va.

KILLED BY EIGHTH AVENUE CAR.

Unidentified Man Steps from Shadows Before Motorman Sees Him.

An unknown man was killed and mangled shortly before 8 o'clock last night by an Eighth Avenue surface car on Central Park West, between One Hundred and Seventh and One Hundred ad Eighth Streets. The car was No. 1,168, north bound, in charge of Motorman James Freel, and was traveling at a lively speed. Out of the shadows caused by the trees on the sidewalk the unknown man stepped to his death, too late for the car to be stopped.

The dead man's clothing was of good quality and well made. There was nothing in them to aid in identification, and the body was first taken to the West One Hundredth Street Police Station, and afterward to the Morgue. The police description is: Five feet 10 inches in height, 180 pounds' weight, fifty-five years old, black hair, bald on top of the head; black stubby mustache and chin whiskers; dressed in a black coat and vest and brown trousers, black derby hat, black and white striped shirt, and laced shoes. The motorman was arrested.

THE STAND OF THE A. A. U.

Secretary Sullivan Calls Attention to Fact That Organization Does Not Control College Athletics.

The question has been asked as to what the Amateur Athletic Union will do in relation to the competition of R. B. Hyatt of Yale and O'Connell of Columbia at the recent intercollegiate meeting held in Pennsylvania under the auspices of the University of Pennsylvania. It will be remembered that the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union declared Hyatt a professional for having competed in a game of basket ball against a team that had as one of its players a professional athletic instructor. O'Connell was suspended for having played basket ball against an unregistered team. Secretary James E. Sullivan of the Amateur Athletic Union said yesterday:

"I think it is about time that it is thoroughly understood that the Amateur Athletic Union, nor any of its branches, make no claim whatever to control intercollegiate sport or athletic events wherein colleges compete among themselves. The Intercollegiate Amateur Athletic Association is a member of the Amateur Athletic Union, and according to its terms of alliance it does not agree to enforce the suspension of the Amateur Athletic Union for technical infractions of the rules. The Amateur Athletic Union is the National governing body of athletic sports, other than college, and in no way does it desire to interfere with the plans or regulations of a college meet. In fact, they can allow any one to compete as long as they live up to their requirements. The qualification of these two men will affect them if they desire to compete in outside athletic games. It will debar these men from games given by the athletic clubs, and they will be ineligible to compete in the annual championships of the Amateur Athletic Union or any of its branches. The Amateur Athletic Union cannot and shall not endeavor to control these men while they are competing for their colleges in college games."

AGAINST THE BAILEY BILL.

Col. A. Pope, speaking last night of the Bailey Automobile bill, which awaits the signature of the Governor, said that it was an absurdity, a creation in contradiction to common sense, and a hinderance to the development of important industries in the State.

"We don't object to reasonable regulations as to speed and the right of the road," said Col. Pope, "but the law as awaiting the Governor's signature would make the automobile slower than the ordinary means of public transit.

"There was a fearful outcry against the steam engine when it was first run, the idea at the time being that it would imperil life by scaring horses. The locomotive made it possible for us to be as great to-day as we are. Then there was an outcry against the bicycle. Horses were frightened at that.

"The old alarm is sounded with the popularity of the automobiles, and there is as senseless a crusade against them as there will be some time when people will fear that the airship may disturb atmospheric conditions, ruin the crops, and threaten the public safety through the possibility that some one may fall out of his airship, scare a horse to death by his tumble, and possibly make a dent in a good road.

"The legislation against the automobile is distinctly class legislation, in the sense that it compels the man in his automobile to move at a speed far below that of a good horse, well driven, and far less than that of trolley cars in the great cities.

"The day is coming, and it is not far off, when the horse will be banished from the cities and all traffic will be done by automobiles. In time the same thing will be true in the country. The machine will take the place of the animal. The only delay in the universal use of the automobile is in restrictive and unreasonable legislation."

Savable Won at Long Odds.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 28.—Savable, John A. Drake's Futurity winner, showed his class at Cumberland Park to-day. The son of Salvator was big and fat, and the books laid 20 to 1 against him. He came from the rear and bested J. Sidney Walker in a pretty contest through the stretch. The day was ideal, the crowd large, and the betting lively.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

NEWARK, N. J., April 28.—Fire at 6 o'clock to-night completely ruined the japanning building of the Hugh Smith Leather Company's plant at Central Avenue and Hoyt Street. The loss was about $20,000.

MARSHALLTOWN, Iowa, April 28.—Fire at Melbourne, a village near here, nearly wiped out the business portion of the town to-day. Only three buildings on Main Street escaped. The total loss was [illegible], with insurance of $22,350.

HELENA, Mont., April 28.—Fire to-night almost totally destroyed the Montana Club building, entailing a loss of $100,000, with insurance of $75,000. It started in the seventh story, and is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. Two attempts were made to burn the building last week.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—J. O. Bernhardt's dyeing and finishing works, in the northeastern section of the city, were destroyed to-day by fire of unknown origin. The loss is estimated at $25,000.

WE DELIVER All paid purchases of $5 or over to the nearest freight stations in all the New England States and in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

Simpson Crawford Co.

Sixth Ave 19th to 20th Sts

ANNOUNCEMENT: On Thursday and Saturday of this week, at 12:30, 1:15 and 2:00 P. M., in our Restaurant on the Eighth Floor, MONSIEUR LE CHEVALIER LOUIS LE GUILLE, the renowned tenor, late with the Adelina Patti Opera Co., will render selections from popular and favorite Operas.

ANOTHER SALE OF ODD CHAIRS, DIVANS & ROCKERS

Fifth Floor.

It did not take us long last Wednesday to dispose of a great quantity of Odd Chairs, Divans and Rockers.

We now repeat the offerings—but in some instances the values are even greater.

The assortment is broader than last week's, as more makers are represented.

The Odd Chairs and Divans are in latest designs, mahogany finish or solid mahogany. Coverings are finest silk damask, silk tapestry, Verona, Persian and brocaded velours.

PARLOR CHAIRS with Upholstered Seats. At $3.50, sold regularly at $6.00 and $7.00.

PARLOR CHAIRS with Upholstered Seats, highly polished. At $5.00, sold regularly at $8.00 and $10.00.

ARM CHAIRS; some with crotch mahogany backs; very handsome. At $8.00, sold regularly at $12.00 and $16.00.

ARM AND SIDE CHAIRS, mahogany finish and solid mahogany. At $10.00, sold regularly at $16.00 and $20.00.

DIVANS; highly polished frames, rich upholstering, large assortment. At $12.50, sold regularly at $20.00 and $25.00.

The Rockers are full third under regular prices. They come in highly polished oak or mahogany finish; designs are the latest carved backs. Made from thoroughly seasoned woods, with saddle shaped seats—very comfortable and durable.

Rockers or Chairs with arms:— At $2.25; regularly $3.50.

Rockers or Chairs with small brace arms:— At $2.00; regularly $3.00.

NEVER SUCH CUT GLASS OFFERINGS.

Fourth Floor.

To-day's sale of Cut Glass is important to every householder, as the best goods only are comprehended, while prices are very nominal.

The cuttings are deep, artistic and brilliant. If you've the making of wedding presents in mind, you should not let this opportunity slip by.

Cut Glass Sugar and Cream Sets; regular price $3.50....$2.25
Cut Glass Oil Bottles; regular price $1.50....95
Cut Glass Wine Decanters; reg. price $2.50....$1.50
Cut Glass Berry Bowls, 8-inch size; regular price $6.00....$3.50
Cut Glass Berry Bowls; reg. price $8.00....$5.00
Cut Glass Celery Trays; reg. price $6.00....$3.75
Cut Glass Handled Bonbon Dishes, 6-inch size; regular price $2.50....$1.50
Cut Glass Water Pitchers; regular price $5.00....$2.45

Tapestry PORTIERES a Third Off

And Other Valuable Upholstery News.

Fourth Floor.

There are nine hundred pairs of the Portieres, all new and desirable styles, which we bought at interesting price concessions. We have divided them into three lots for quick distribution, and you are to choose Wednesday

At $2.95, $4.85 and $8.90 the pair.

Nottingham Lace Curtains; a special offering of 22 small lots at about 1-3 less than usual prices; pair, $1.50, $2.45 and $3.15

Sofa Cushions; covered with figured satin, in rich and artistic designs; well filled with first quality silk floss; each....$1.50

5 Piece Slip Covers; made from heavy, durable damask in Belgian and Jacquard stripes, finished with shrunken binding. 25 yards material allowed, and we would emphasize that this quantity is necessary, yet sufficient to cover a 5 piece suit; our workmanship is of the very best....$7.50

Cecilian PIANO PLAYERS, ALL PRACTICALLY NEW, VERY MUCH UNDERPRICE.

Piano Hall, Fourth Floor.

Ever since the day we opened our Piano Department we have had an ever increasing demand for the Cecilian. We also rented a number of them for the winter months, and as that season is over, we have now in our warerooms a limited number of these beautiful self-players which have been used from three to six months only.

These we shall dispose of at a reduction of $25.00 to $50.00, and as a further inducement we will also offer

A FEW USED UPRIGHT PIANOS

At Prices Ranging from $100 Upward.

So this will be an exceptional opportunity to purchase Piano and Player together.

We will arrange for monthly payments in accordance with your desires, so it will be an easy proposition for you to take advantage of this offer.

To know the Cecilian is to buy it—and we want every prospective purchaser of a Piano Player to call and see the instrument or send for our booklet on the subject.

A SALE OF SUMMER HOME UTENSILS.

Basement.

UNPARALLELED REFRIGERATOR OFFER

$10.00 FOR REFRIGERATORS WORTH UP TO $17.00.

$15.00 FOR REFRIGERATORS WORTH UP TO $24.00.

This represents one of the largest transactions made in Refrigerators, and includes hundreds of different styles and sizes; all are brand new, just finished and are mostly of the celebrated "Alaska" and "Jewett" makes—both names are favorably known for making the best standard goods for over a quarter of a century.

The lots we offer for to-day are irregular and the quantity of the sizes limited, so we advise early choosing, as these ice boxes cannot be duplicated anywhere at almost double our price.

GARDEN HOSE.

Best goods obtainable; all 1903 make and fully warranted.
Our "Extra" Garden Hose, 25 ft. length....$1.25
Our "Guarantee" Garden Hose, 25 ft. length....$2.00
Our "Favorite" Garden Hose, 25 ft. length....$2.50
Our "Wire Bound" Garden Hose, 25 ft. length....$2.50

GARDEN IMPLEMENTS.

Fine Steel Spades....39
Shovels, best quality....39
Malleable Garden Rakes....12
"ACME" Garden Rakes....19 & 25
Cast Steel Garden Rakes....45
Spading Forks, "D" Handle....65
Manure Forks, 4 prong....40
Ladies' Garden Hoes....10
Trowels....4, 5 & 10
Shrubbery Pruners....10, 25 & 29
Grass Hooks....15 and 20

MOTH PREVENTATIVES.

Moth Balls, per lb....4
Camphor Flakes, per lb....5
Oriental Camphor, per lb. box....15
Packing Camphor, per lb....18
Ta Na Camphor, per lb. box....18
Tarine Oakum Sheets, 5 x 7, per 100 sheets....24
Tarine Sheets, per dozen....45
Business Suit Moth Proof Bag....37
Overcoat Moth Proof Bag....52
Ulster Moth Proof Bag....72

GO-CARTS at $4.98 & $8.

We received two more carloads of these celebrated Heywood "Automobile" Go-carts with the latest reclining devices. The name of "Heywood" on Go-carts is enough. They are the "Brewster" for baby vehicles.

The goods which we offer to-day are the best and lowest priced and cannot be duplicated anywhere at double our price.

GAS COOKING STOVES AND GAS RANGES.

500 of them in assorted styles and sizes. Regular value up to $1.45; for this sale, choice at....79
"CORT" GAS COOKERS—large ovens, three burner top....$5.75
"CORT" GAS RANGES—asbestos lined, double oven, $9.95
"DIAMOND" GAS RANGES—very satisfactory....$12.75
"FAVORITE" GAS RANGES—the best steel range....$15.00
STEEL OVENS FOR GAS OR OIL—Value up to $2.50; 350 will go on sale at....$1.58

"PENNSYLVANIA" LAWN MOWERS.

Finished in the very best manner; runs easier, cuts faster, thereby cutting every spear of grass instead of pushing or matting it down; finest knife steel blades; dust-proof bearings; easily adjusted:—

10-inch	14-inch	16-inch
$5.50	$7.95	$9.00

For high grass:

15-inch	21-inch
$12.75	$18.00

Other Lawn Mowers as low as....$1.98

WEDNESDAY SALE OF GROCERIES.

Sixth Floor.

HAMS—Armour's Mild Sugar Cured Hams, lb....14
CREAM—Anglo-Swiss Superb, can....9
TEA—Oolong, English Breakfast, Ceylons, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, or Japans, 50c. and 60c. values, 5 lb. caddy, $2.00; lb....45
TEA—English Breakfast, Ceylons, and Japans, all 45c. values, 5 lb. caddy, $1.50; 3 lb. caddy, $1.00; lb....35
COFFEE—"Stuart" Ideal Blend Mocha and Java, dry roast, roasted fresh every day, 3 lbs., $1.00; lb....35
COFFEE—Sample Mixed dry roast Mocha and Java, ground medium or pulverized, 5 lbs., $1.00; lb....22

UNEEDA BISCUIT—2 pkgs....5
BAKING POWDER—"Cameron," purity guaranteed, 5 lb. can, 85c.; 2½ lb. can, 45c.; lb....19
SPICES—Mixed Pickling Spices, 14 different varieties, lb....22
GELATINE—Cooper's, pkg....5
OATS—"Royal Stuart" Steam Cooked Rolled White Oats, pkg....9
CHEESE—New York State Full Cream, mild or sharp, lb....16
PRUNES—Large Santa Claras, 10 lb. net, wood box, family size....75
CANNED MEATS—Armour's Roast Beef or Corned Beef, lb. can....11

SUGAR—Havemeyer & Elder's best Granulated, 5 lbs....23
SALMON—Blood-red Alaska, 1 lb. tall can....10
OLIVES—Fancy Large Queens, quart Mason jar....29
MOLASSES—Refined New Orleans, ½ gal. screw-top can....33
BAKED BEANS—Plain or with tomato sauce, 3-lb. can....8
SALAD OIL—Superfine, large quart bottle....25
CURRANTS—"Royal Stuart," recleaned, lb. pkg....5
MUSTARD—Colman's Imported English, ¼ lb. can....11
CORN—Paxton Canning Co.'s Sweet Sugar Corn, doz. $1.15, can....10

SOAP—Armour's Tar or Floating White Flotilla, cake....3
PEAS—"Cameron" Early June Garden Grown, 2 lb. can, doz. $1, can....9
LIMA BEANS—"Royal Stuart" Midget Limas, 2 lb. can, doz. $1.35, can....12
APRICOTS—"Elk" Brand California, 2½ lb. can, doz. $1.25 can....11
PEARS—Southern Grown Bartletts, 2½ lb. can, doz. $1.15, can....10
PEACHES—Silver Crown California Sliced Lemon Cling, 1 lb. tall cans, doz. $1.15, can....10
BORAX—Absolutely Pure Powdered, 1 lb. pkge. 10c., ½ lb. pkge....6

The Wanamaker Store — The Wanamaker Store — The Wanamaker Store

The Day of Fifty Rare Bargains Is Here Again

Greater Than the Parent Movement That Stirred Up New York's Enthusiasm a Year Ago -:- -:-

A hundred Bargain Offerings qualified for this great event, but space limitationsconfine this announcement to fifty brief stories, and the favored fifty are the choicest and strongest offerings New York has seen this year.

The telegraphic brevity of statement only emphasizes their public value and importance.

Here is merchandise so timely and desirable as to need no description, at prices so stirring as to need no argument.

Every line is intensely important. Every bargain will interest its thousands.

Special Offering No. 1

Men's $3 and $3.50 Hats, $1.75

A fine assortment of Men's Soft and Derby Hats, in black and the new browns; this season's best blocks; all sizes; regular $3 and $3.50 qualities, at $1.75 each.
Annex Store, 770 Broadway.

Special Offering No. 2

$1 and $1.50 Shirts at 60c

300 dozens of Men's $1 and $1.50 stiff-bosom Shirts, in handsome patterns; present season's styles, including plenty of black and white combinations. Cuffs attached or detached. Ninth street aisle.

Special Offering No. 3

Boys' $5 Suits at $3.25

Two hundred Double-breasted Jacket Suits, with two pairs of trousers; made of all-wool fancy cheviots in spring weight; silk-sewed throughout; handsome up-to-date styles; sizes for 8 to 16 years. Splendid offering.
Second floor, Ninth street.

Special Offering No. 4

Girls' $12 and $13.50 Suits, $7.50

Fifty handsome, stylish Tailored Suits of plain and mixed cheviot, in popular shades; mostly blouse coats; trimmings of silk and braid. Sizes 14 to 18 years. Reduced from $12 and $13.50 each, to $7.50 a suit.
Second floor, Ninth street.

Special Offering No. 5

85c to $1.25 Silks at 40c

Thirty styles of natural color and fancy Pongees, 7 styles of checked Louisine, 20 styles of Fancy Striped Silks, all desirable for shirt-waist suits, separate waists or dresses. The large proportion of white silks, natural pongees and checks made this a most tempting offering. Rotunda.

Special Offering No. 6

$3.25 Sun Umbrellas, $1.85

Attractive Sun or Rain Umbrellas, of extra quality all-silk; handsome natural wood handles. In black, navy blue, garnet, green and brown, with fancy border. Worth $3.25, at $1.85 each. Broadway.

Special Offering No. 7

Women's $2.50 Umbrellas, $1.50

Women's extra quality Union Taffeta Umbrellas, with attractive pearl-and-silver, horn-and-silver and natural wood, silver-trimmed handles; worth $2.50, at $1.50 each. Broadway.

Special Offering No. 8

50c Summer Gloves, 35c

Two seasonable, attractive sorts of Women's Gloves—
Pure silk; 2-clasp; black and white, stitched with white or black.
Milanese lisle; 2-clasp; black and white.
All regularly 50c, now 35c pair.
Under-Price Store, Basement.

Special Offering No. 9

10c Ribbons at 5c a Yard

Louisine Ribbons, 3¾ in. wide, in light blue, rose, turquoise, mais, violet and cardinal, combined with white. Also Corded Striped Taffeta Ribbon, in plain colors and pompadour stripes, 3 in. wide. 5c a yard.
Under-Price Store, Basement.

Special Offering No. 10

Wanamaker-Reliable Shoes
At $1.50 a Pair

The remainder of lines not to be re-ordered. The best women's shoes for $3 in the world, now at half price. Some sizes missing.
Main floor, Fourth avenue.

Special Offering No. 11

Women's $2.50 and $3 Shoes, $1

Four hundred pairs Kid Button and Lace Boots same as those sold at $1.80 and $1.90 in our last shoe sale. Half a dozen styles; sizes complete in the lot, but not in any one style.
Basement.

Special Offering No. 12

Children's $1.50 Shoes at 50c

About three hundred pairs of small lots; discontinued lines from our Main floor store. Mainly narrow widths, in sizes from 6 to 8. Basement.

Special Offering No. 13

35c Lawn Ties at 15c

Imported from Belfast, made with rows of fine plaits; hemstitched border; in light blue, pink and black.
Under-Price Store, Basement.

Special Offering No. 14

Women's $4.50 Hats at $3

One hundred stiff Trimmed Hats, brand-new from our own workrooms. Trimmed for this occasion; no two exactly alike. Smart new shapes, trimmed with ribbons, quills and wings. Stylish hats for everyday wear.
Second floor, 10th st.

Special Offering No. 15

Women's $30 to $42 Suits, $18.75

About sixty stylish Tailor-made Suits of canvas, cheviot, checked mohair and plain cloths; most of them prettily trimmed; some with unlined skirts, others silk-lined throughout; blouse or Eton jackets. Splendid collection.
Second floor, Broadway.

Special Offering No. 16

$4.50 and $5.50 Wrappers, $2.50

Cashmere in solid colors, rose, navy blue, red, green and black. Some trimmed with satin ribbon, others with braid or velvet. Second floor, Tenth street.

Special Offering No. 17

$2.50 and $2.75 Nightgowns, $1.50

Nainsook and cambric, in seven styles, trimmed with lace edging and insertion, or handsome embroidery, and ribbon-trimmed. Broken sizes, but all sizes in the lot. Second floor, Tenth st.

Special Offering No. 18

$3.25 to $5 Petticoats at $2.50

White Petticoats of Cambric, in six styles, trimmed with point de Paris lace edging, or handsome embroidery. Second floor, Tenth street.

Special Offering No. 19

$6.50 Silk Petticoats at $4.75

Brand new Petticoats cut in the very best shape; made of excellent taffeta silk in solid colors—violet, cerise, purple and black; deep circular flounce.
Second floor, Tenth street.

Special Offering No. 20

Babies' $1.50 to $2 Dresses, 75c

A variety of Dresses for babies and children, of white lawn or nainsook, or colored lawn, percale, chambray or gingham. White dresses in sizes for three months to 5 years. Colored dresses in sizes 2 to 5 years.
Tenth street, elevator counter.

Special Offering No. 21

38c Stockings at 25c

Women's fast black Lisle Thread Stockings, in a variety of openwork designs; also plain fast black Lisle Thread Stockings, double soles and high-spliced heels. Also 75c allover openwork Lisle Thread Stockings at 50c a pair. The openwork extends almost to the rear seam of the stocking, a variety of pretty patterns in all black, also pure white or tan. Broadway.

Special Offering No. 22

Diamond Rings Under-Price

Women's superb rings, with diamonds and other stones in combination, 30 per cent. under-price. Diamonds with opals, $7.50, $12.50; with amethysts, $10.50; with turquoise, 2 stones, $9; 3 stones, $15; with pearls, $20, $21, $27; with opals, cluster, $24. Broadway and Tenth street.

Special Offering No. 23

Gilt Clocks Under-Price

Charming Gilt Desk and Boudoir Clocks, with American movements; guaranteed, of course; $1.50, regularly $2.50; $2.50, regularly $4 and $4.50. Basement.

Special Offering No. 24

$7.50 Lamps at $3.75

Large Decorated Lamps in half-high shapes. Hand-painted decorations of roses, iris, poppies, etc., on light and dark shaded grounds. Complete with 12-inch globes. Basement.

Special Offering No. 25

Refrigerators Reduced One-third

Also Ice-chests; of hardwood or well-seasoned pine; well grained and varnished. Lined with galvanized iron or zinc. Thoroughly insulated.
Refrigerators, $4.85 to $18.15; worth $6.50 to $19.75.
Ice-chests, $2.85 to $5.25; worth $4.25 to $7.85.
Basement.

Special Offering No. 26

$6.50 and $7.50 Portieres, $4.25

Armure Portieres, pretty figures, narrow tapestry borders, in Persian designs and colors, appliqued on solid colors. Others in floral designs, in colors, fringed top and bottom. Third floor.

Special Offering No. 27

$2 Curtains at $1

100 pairs of Damascus striped Curtains, so desirable for summer hangings and Oriental furnishings. Size 2 feet 3 inches by 9 feet. $1 a pair. Third floor.

Special Offering No. 28

40c to 50c White Goods, 28c Yd.

Beautiful new white goods from Manchester, in 20 handsome styles of figures and stripes; light, medium and heavy weights; regularly sold at 40c and 50c a yard; for this sale 28c yd. Broadway.

Special Offering No. 29

12½c Dimities at 6c

20,000 yards of fine Printed Dimities, in forty attractive patterns, floral designs and figured stripes, mostly on white grounds. Made to sell at 12½c; today at 6c a yard. Fourth avenue.

Special Offering No. 30

$17.50 Dinner Sets at $12.50

102 pieces of fine Austrian china, including soup tureen and three large platters; new shapes, fluted edge, spray flower decoration in pink, handles traced in gold. Never previously sold for less than $17.50, today at $12.50.
Basement.

Special Offering No. 31

$15 Dinner Sets at $8

Fine American porcelain, 100 pieces, including soup tureen and three large platters. Two fine floral decorations; all handles gilt. Good $15 value, though previously sold as a special offering at $10; today at $8.
Basement.

Special Offering No. 32

$15 Smyrna Rugs at $10

Smyrna Cotton Rugs of extra fine quality, in handsome Oriental effects; 6x9 ft., regularly $16, now $10 each. Also 7 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., worth $25, at $16.50 each. Third floor.

Special Offering No. 33

$4.50 Pictures at $2.25

Landscape etchings in ten choice subjects; heavy panel mats with gilt and oak frames; 22x40 in.; just half price today. Fifth floor.

Special Offering No. 34

8c Muslin at 6c a Yard

This is an excellent quality of full yard-wide bleached muslin. It is almost identical in quality and finish with a better known brand that sells at 9c a yard. This we sell regularly at 8c; today 6c yard.
Under-Price Store, Basement.

Special Offering No. 35

Valenciennes Laces at Half Price, or Near It

500 pieces of lace and insertion, worth 25c and 30c a piece, today at 15c for piece of twelve yards.
Seven hundred pieces, worth 40c and 50c, at 25c for piece of 12 yards. Broadway.

Special Offering No. 36

Women's Handkerchiefs
At 15c, worth 25c and 35c

Women's Hemstitched and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, in twenty attractive styles; of fine, firm, sheer linen; regular 25c to 35c qualities at 15c each.
Under-Price Store, Basement.

Special Offering No. 37

50c Veilings at 20c

Chenille and Velvet-dotted Veilings in Tuxedo meshes; all-black, black-and-white and white-and-black. Under-Price Store, Basement.

Special Offering No. 38

$20 Box Couches at $12

Box or Wardrobe Couches, 6 ft. long, 30 in. wide; best of upholstery; 32 steel springs; spring edges, rounded corners; all hair-filled box. Top has self-opening attachment, and couch does not require moving from wall to open; best casters and each couch made to individual order with choice of covers of best denim, plain colors, or Oriental or fancy drapery cloths, $12 each.

Special Offering No. 39

$20 Mattresses at $15

Mattresses of pure black South American horsehair, full size, 54 in. wide; 1 or 2 parts, 40 lbs.; regularly $20, today $15. Smaller sizes at proportionate savings.
Fourth floor.

Special Offering No. 40

$4 Blankets, $3 a Pair

Blankets of fine white wool, long staple, on cotton warp; for full-sized beds. Reduced from $4 to $3 a pair.
Third floor.

Special Offering No. 41

$2 Bedspreads, $1.50

Handsome white satin-finished Marseilles Bedspreads, a variety of handsome patterns, for full-sized beds. $2 quality, now $1.50 each. Third floor.

Special Offering No. 42

$1.50 Honeycomb Spreads, $1.10

Large, white Honeycomb Bedspreads of good quality, in Marseilles effects. Reduced from $1.50 to $1.10. Third floor.

Special Offering No. 43

$1 Silkoline Comfortables, 65c

Summer Comfortables, filled with white cotton; covered with handsome silkoline; for double beds. Regular $1 value at 65c each. Third floor.

Special Offering No. 44

80c Table Linen at 65c

This is an excellent quality of snow-white bleached Irish Table-linen, equal to many linens that sell at $1 a yard. Imported by us as a special value at 80c; today at 65c a yard; and the limit of selling is 6 yards to a customer.
Fourth avenue.

Special Offering No. 45

$2 Napkins at $1.65 a Dozen

Choice patterns in bleached Irish Napkins; size 20x20 inches. Good quality, though previously sold by us at $1.85; now $1.65 a dozen.
Fourth avenue.

Special Offering No. 46

$3 Towels at $2.50 a Dozen

Bleached German Hemstitched Huckaback Towels, 20 x 38 in. Our own unmatched $3 quality at $2.50 a dozen; six for $1.25. Fourth avenue.

Special Offering No. 47

10c Glass Toweling at 7c a Yard

Absolutely all-linen Checked Glass Toweling, 17 in. wide, that was unmatched at 10c a yard, today at 7c a yard. Fourth avenue.

Special Offering No 48.

$15 Go-Carts at $10

These are brand-new Bloch Go-carts, which are the best made. All have green gears, bicycle tubing, pushers, porcelain handles, rubber tires, the famous Bloch adjustment, fine reed bodies, three patterns. $15 Go-carts at $10. Also $22.50 Go-carts at $15. Annex Store, 770 Broadway.

Special Offering No. 49

Enamel Ware at Half

Imported Double-coated Enamel Ware Saucepans, blue outside, white lining; "run of the kiln"; sizes 2½ to 6 quarts; formerly low-priced at 42c to 80c, now 28c each. Basement.

Special Offering No. 50

Enameled Tea and Coffee Pots

Quadruple-coated porcelain enameled lining, colored outside; patent modern handles, tinned covers. Some with slight defects in outside enamel. Sizes 2 to 5 pints. Formerly 75c to $1.10—35c each. Basement.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

DEDICATION OF THE HUNTINGDON LIBRARY

Distinguished Visitors Witness Exercises at Hampton Institute.

Dr. Hadley, President of Yale, and Booker T. Washington Make Addresses —Negro Students Seen at Close Range.

Special to The New York Times.

FORT MONROE, Va., April 28.—Students and educators from all over this country and even from England are gathered here to-day to attend the commencement exercises of the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, which will take place to-morrow. This is the parent of all educational institutions which have been established in the South for the purpose of bringing the negro out of his ante-bellum surroundings by fitting him for using his hands and brains together for his struggle of life. The name of the institute describes its aims, and it is, with the exception of the Tuskegee Institute, the largest and most famous of these seats of learning.

The principal feature of to-day's exercises was the dedication of the Huntington Library, a splendid building erected through the generosity of the late Collis P. Huntington. On the stage was assembled the choir of 600 voices made up of negro and Indian students, and in front of these were seated the most distinguished of the visitors. Gov. Daniels occupied a conspicuous seat. Near him were Booker T. Washington, President Hadley of Yale, President Ogden of the Conference for Education in the South, and half a hundred others, principally Northerners. The front rows of the body of the house were occupied by the white people, and back of these was a great gathering of negroes, there to take pride in the best work of their kin.

The principal speakers were Dr. Hadley and Mr. Washington. Dr. Hadley spoke briefly, his subject dealing with the library in a college as applied to the new Huntington building. He said in part:

"The dedication of a school library is always a noteworthy event. For a library has its best use in connection with a school, and a school, however devoted to the industrial arts, has its culminating development in the really intelligent use of the library. In a school or college it is understood better than anywhere else that a library is something more than a playground, and something more than a mere symbol of learning. For students are not in danger of regarding books as means of amusement on the one hand or as a sort of magic apart from the means of daily life on the other; they understand that a book is an instrument or tool for doing work for others just as truly as a hammer or a plow. The chief difference is that tools like hammers and plows are used by the hand, while tools like books are used by the brain and the heart, but the underlying principle is the same in either instance, to give the student more power to serve his fellow men.

"The student who takes up the instrument of agriculture or carpentery or any other line of manual work learns to do what he is taught. His studies in the class room are at the same time arranged to teach him to do it intelligently. But no pupil in the time of his school course can learn more than a small part of what the world has known concerning the uses of his tools. If, however, he has acquired a habit of reading books he gains the possibility of insight into the knowledge which is furnished by the whole world, he is able after he leaves the college to find out the application of each new principle which the world discovers. Through the aid of reading he is enabled to practice through life not only the things which he has been taught in his early years but more advanced ones.

"Books do still more than this. We know how useless is mere technical training without the moral lessons that go with it—lessons in perseverance and truthfulness and unselfishness. In these matters also books give us a wider vision than can be furnished by any one teacher or group of teachers, however inspiring. The library enlarges the student's view of morals in the same way and with the same success that it enlarges his industrial vision and his technical powers and gives him higher ideals without making him a whit less practical."

MR. WASHINGTON'S ADDRESS.

Booker T. Washington followed, and his address drew forth almost continuous applause from whites and blacks together. This most distinguished graduate of Hampton Institute moved his hearers with an appeal for mutual toleration, co-operation, and sympathy between the two races in this country.

"We do not ask for amalgamation," said he, "but we do ask friendly interest, co-operation, and help. In considering the negro, let there be more of the possible and less of the impossible. More of what the colored race has done and less about what it has failed in. We ask for trust and confidence, and we will repay it." And the Governor of Virginia, seated on the stage behind the speaker, joined vigorously in the applause.

Mr. Washington, in the course of his remarks, said:

"In a strong and peculiar manner Mr. Huntington was the friend of the oppressed of all colors and creeds. He was too great to permit his sympathies to be bounded by color or nationality. The red man, the yellow man, the black man, were the races that most closely touched his sympathies, because, as he often expressed, he felt that they had not been given the great American chance.

"Not many miles from here, at Newport News, where he built his great shipyard, he proved by word and act that any man, regardless of his color, should be given the opportunity of earning his daily bread and encouraged to enjoy the fruits of his labor. Never shall I forget a little incident that he related to me just before he passed from earth. He said in his characteristic manner that it was one of those little touches in human nature that made life worth all that he had put into it. As he was passing through his great shipyards, and as he went from one piece of machinery to another, he finally came to a giant machine being operated by a mechanic of my race with strong and brawny hands. Without ceasing his work for a second, without even looking up, he said in whispered tone, 'Mr. Huntington, you are trusting my race here, and we shall not disappoint you.' In this pregnant but simple remark Mr. Huntington said there was compensation enough for all that he had tried to do for the race.

"What a lesson there is in this simple occurrence! This black man was doing his best because some one was wise and brave enough to have faith in him—to trust him. What an era of progress and good feeling would open up before our country if there were more who would place the negro in a large degree upon his honor, more who would give him the chance to secure that development and conservatism which come as a result of responsibility being placed upon one! I wish we might open a new chapter for the black man and in it let us hear more of the possible and less of the impossible, more of race success and less of race failure, more of things permitted and less of things forbidden, more of race righteousness and less of race crime, more of what the race has done and less of what it has failed to do. Hold before any people continually a catalogue of weakness and failures and you break its spirit and discourage it. Hold before it the element of hope, of triumph, of reward, and you make of it a loyal, useful portion of any community. Never did we have a finer example of the truth of this contention than in the case of the trust imposed in the black people by the white people of the South during the civil war, when husbands and sons were absent in battle, and when no white woman suffered harm or went without food.

"The foremost and dominant strain in the life of Collis P. Huntington was his interest and faith in what the world calls the weaker races—this applied in a special degree to the Indian, the Chinaman, and the negro, but he was no less interested in the weak of his own race whether in the North or South. In some of his public addresses we may get further insight into the warm and sympathetic nature of this great and rare man. In an address in California before the chiefs of the Southern Pacific Railroad he said:

"'If we deny to the individual, no matter what his creed, color, or nationality, the right to justice which every man possesses, there will be no enduring National prosperity and National decline will surely follow. The deeds which uplift or degrade human character measure the life of a nation. As we do to the backward races so they will do to us, and if we treat them justly and kindly, be assured they will pay us in kind.' Thus he spoke and thus he acted.

"In the highest degree the nature of Mr. Huntington was constructive, not destructive. He possessed the mold and temperament of a statesman. He realized that it required little ability and was a sign of narrow vision for one merely to decry a race, to find merely its weak points—to find out how not to do. No one to-day who rides in the palace cars in safety, comfort, and even luxury across the continent on one of our great transcontinental lines of railway which were the conception and completion largely of the brains and energy of Mr. Huntington, can fail to bow down and reverently pay homage to him as one of the great princes of the earth. And yet in much of this effort which has brought such untold benefits to millions of his fellows he had to pay the price of misrepresentation, of being misunderstood, and often abused. It required a man of iron build and a prophet's faith and vision to conceive and execute after his manner. It was his mission to turn the uninviting, the rough, the uncouth, into throbbing, useful life.

"I have said that it seemed to be a portion of Mr. Huntington's divine mission to turn the rough and uninviting into the beautiful and useful. For those of us who remain to continue the work which he so wisely began, and here my appeal is to you, white men of the North and white men of the South, and to the members of my own race, Mr. Huntington set an example which it will repay us to follow. Here and all about us in this beautiful and inviting Southland are millions of people who, in their exterior at least, seem to be rough and uncouth. In body, in mind, and in soul they may represent the raw and unfinished material. It is our duty to take this material and make unskilled hands into wealth-producing hands, to change undeveloped minds into high thinking, to change rough character into helpful and loving service.

"The solution of the great race problem is not in the abuse of the South by the North, not in the abuse of the North by the South; not in condemning the negro, not in the negro cursing the white man; not in colonization, but it is in honest, sympathetic co-operation between the races. Working singly and apart, we can do little toward the just and wise solution of the serious race problem now about us, but working sympathetically, hand in hand, each race supplementing the other, we can be feet and eyes to each, and with this object in view and in this spirit may we dedicate the Collis P. Huntington Memorial Library Building to truth, usefulness, and to permanent and lasting peace between the races and between the North and South."

At the conclusion of the addresses the audience adjourned to the new library, a handsome structure in another part of the ground, and the delivery of the keys of the institution to the Trustees was made.

THE INSTITUTE INSPECTED.

The visitors spent a busy morning to-day inspecting the various departments of Hampton Institute, and got a view at close range of what is being done for the negro here.

Several hundred of them, together with other students from different sections of the South journeyed to the institute early in the day and first paid a visit to the John G. Whittier School, situated near the institute grounds and considered part of it, as, although the State furnishes the funds for the maintenance of the school, the insitute furnishes the teachers from among its graduates, and has sole charge of the direction of the school.

In this school are nearly 400 pupils, culled from the negro youth of Virginia.

The studies of the ordinary school are prosecuted, but additional features place it in the same category with the Tuskegee or the Hampton Institute. Here the pickaninny is taken at the earliest teachable age and placed in the kindergarten, where his mind is gently directed and disciplined in preparation for the larger work. There is a large farm connected with the school, and the pupils are given a course in agriculture.

Here are taught in special classrooms the various useful arts. Here was seen a big kitchen, in which a class was being instructed in everything connected with the preparing and serving of food. In other classrooms were carpenter shops, machine shops, dressmaking, plain sewing, lacemaking, basket weaving, and the rudiments of scientific agriculture. A room was devoted to teaching the art of good housekeeping, and this room was fitted up with beds and other articles of furniture, which the students were trained to keep in order. Every article of furniture in these rooms, even to the mattresses on the beds, was made by the students.

Several hours were spent in observing the scholars at work, after which the visitors moved on to the institute, which is situated amid surroundings of inspiring natural beauty. In this great institution are 800 pupils, about seven-eighths of whom are negroes of both sexes, and here were to be observed the most modern efforts in negro education. In spacious classrooms were lecturers on all of the various branches of applied science designed to fit a boy or a girl for immediate application to the ordinary work of life. Each department is designed to furnish a basis for higher study. Here are given courses in the commonly accepted studies in the various branches, but the departments of greatest immediate interest to the visitors were those of agriculture and manual training. In the trade schools the visitor came upon shops where were being taught carpentry, painting, bricklaying and plastering, wood turning, upholstering, blacksmithing, steam engineering, tinsmithing, tailoring, shoemaking, harnessmaking, wheelwrighting, and printing.

These rooms were taken up with boys, but there were many classrooms, such as the chemical laboratories, &c., where girls and boys were working together. Then there were rooms where girls were being instructed in laundering, sewing, housekeeping, and many other branches of education.

One of the most attractive features of the institution to the Northern visitors was the discipline maintained everywhere. The noon hour brought with it an inspiring exhibition. The male students were marched out in battalion formation, and to music furnished by the student band escorted the girls of the entire school across the campus from the classrooms to Virginia Hall, in which are the female living quarters and the general dining room. In front of the great dining hall, the male escorts drew up in soldierly array and saluted the girl students as the latter filed into the building. The boys then marched into the same hall and each took a seat opposite a student of the opposite sex.

The visitors were entertained at luncheon by the Faculty of the institute, and at 1:30 o'clock, to a lively tune by the band, they gathered in front of the quaint old colonial residence of the President, and the students marched by in a body, after which the visitors fell in behind and proceeded under the shaded avenues of lindens and elms to the gymnasium, a spacious building handsomely decorated with flags and bunting, in which took place the dedication exercises of Huntington Library.

SUDDEN GOLD SHIPMENTS.

Philadelphia Bank Arranged for Sending $500,000 to Europe—A South American Engagement.

Half a million dollars in gold was exported from this city yesterday for account of the Merchants' National Bank of Philadelphia. The gold was in bars, and was sent by the steam Kaiser Wilhelm II., which sailed at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. It is understood that the shipment was a special transaction. A certain individual in Paris, it was stated, wanted the gold, and the Philadelphia Bank got the order by bidding for it.

This is the first time that gold exports have been arranged by a Philadelphia banking house. The transaction was concluded in record time. The Assay Office in this city was not notified until 10:30 A. M. that the export was to be made. This left only a few hours for the weighing and packing of the gold in bags and for its transfer to the steamer.

After this gold shipment was announced there were reports of further shipments. One of $2,000,000 was ascribed to the National City Bank, but James Stillman, President of that bank, said that shipments had not even been considered.

Bankers were puzzled as to just where the profit on the Philadelphia transaction came in, until the explanation was made that it was a special transaction. Exchange was easier yesterday, demand sterling being quoted at $87.65 to $87.70, which was about 5 points lower than Monday's quotations.

The last gold shipped to Europe was sent on Aug. 6, 1902, when $500,000 was sent to Germany.

George O. Gordon, agent of the London and River Plate Bank, Limited, announced the engagement of $500,000 gold for shipment to Buenos Ayres to-day.

N. W. Harris Returns from Abroad.

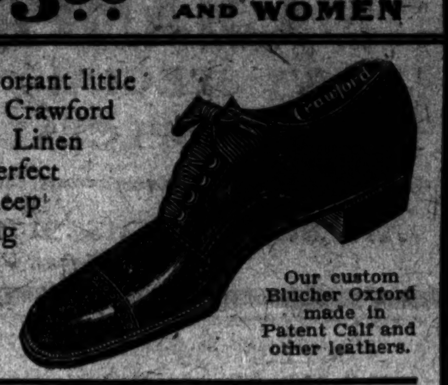
N. W. Harris, head of the banking house of N. W. Harris & Co. of New York, Chicago, and Boston, has just returned from abroad after an absence of over a year.

Crawford Shoe

FOR MEN $3.50 AND WOMEN

There's a heap of important little differences between the Crawford and other $3.50 shoes. Linen linings, Solid Heels, Perfect finish, Eyelet Stays that keep the eyelets from hurting the foot.

Hundreds of others. Ask the salesman about them.



Our custom Blucher Oxford made in Patent Calf and other leathers.

STORES.

New York.
93 Nassau Street, cor. Fulton.
825 Broadway, near 12th Street.
54 W. 23d St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
1363 Broadway, near 36th Street.
150 West 125th St., near 7th Ave.

Brooklyn.
189 Broadway, cor. Driggs Ave.
433 Fulton St., near Smith St.

Mail Order Dept., 140 Duane St., N.Y.

FASHION BOOK FREE. MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

DECISION FOR ACCUSED MEN IN POOLROOM TEST CASE.

Court of Appeals Orders Discharge of the Stedekers — Lawyer Steinhardt's Contentions.

Benjamin Steinhardt, counsel for Leon Stedeker and Samuel Stedeker, who were indicted under Section 351 of the Penal Code on a charge of occupying and keeping a place for the recording of wagers, received word last night that the Court of Appeals had decided the case in favor of the accused and had ordered their discharge. To keepers of poolrooms the decision is a signal triumph following a serious setback.

After the raid upon the alleged poolroom of the Stedekers, in Liberty Street, and the subsequent action of the Grand Jury, Mr. Steinhardt entered a demurrer on the ground that the section under which his clients were indicted made bookmaking a felony, while Section 343 made it only a misdemeanor, and that, therefore, the former section was unconstitutional in that it established two different penalties for the same offense.

Judge Foster of the Court of General Sessions allowed the demurrer, and District Attorney Jerome, under whose auspices the raid had been conducted, took an appeal to the Appellate Division, which reversed Judge Foster. It was then said that his order had been made by express agreement with the District Attorney's office for the purpose of obtaining a ruling by the Appellate Division and to create a precedent, and Mr. Jerome declared that Mr. Steinhardt's intention to appeal to the higher courts would not deter him from placing all the poolroom cases upon trial as soon as possible. Mr. Steinhardt and Mr. Dos Passos, however, took the case to the Court of Appeals, where it was fully argued.

Mr. Steinhardt said last night that he had not received the full text of the decision of the Court of Appeals, and so could not tell upon what particular point or points the court had acted.

There were three points, however, on which he said he had based his contention. These were that his clients were held in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution; another that it was in violation of the State Constitution, because the law permits the making of the bets at the race tracks but not outside of them, while the third question raised was that the particular act under which they had been indicted was so drawn that it provided no penalty for the offense charged.

CALLED MR. WHITNEY FRIEND.

Harry A. Fayaux, who it is said used the names of Harry Payne Whitney, W. L. Elkins, and P. A. B. Widener to acquire money from the unsuspecting, was held by Magistrate Cornell in the Centre Market Police Court yesterday on a swindling charge. Fayaux, who is rather handsome and wears gorgeous attire, wanted it understood that there was a "Doctor" to his name, and that he lived at 213 West Twenty-second Street.

This is a boarding house, where the residents say that on evenings when he declined alleged invitations to dinners in the "Four Hundred" and stayed home, Fayaux held them spellbound with his stories regarding the magnificent coups on the Stock Exchange he had engineered by means of some inside tips from Mr. Whitney and the other men.

John W. Hurtwell, a merchant, who lived at the Twenty-second Street boarding house, was singled out by Fayaux as a special object of consideration. Mr. Hurtwell was struck by a Broadway car a few days ago and so badly injured that he had to be taken to the hospital.

Fayaux called on Hurtwell there. He showed him, the merchant says, several letters purporting to have been written by Mr. Whitney, advising him to buy a railroad stock. He induced Hurtwell, it is alleged, to give him $1,800 to invest. A few days later Fayaux returned and told Hurtwell he had been very successful, and incidentally remarked that his college fraternity was to have a dinner. Hurtwell says he then loaned him a diamond ring worth $300 because Fayaux thought it would be nice to wear on the occasion. That was the last he saw of him until he met him in court yesterday.

When Hurtwell was well enough to leave the hospital he laid the matter before Inspector McClusky. Fayaux had entertained his fellow-boarders with stories about his father's large estate near Philadelphia. It did not take the police long to trace him there. Inspector McClusky says his father is a musician, living at 2,403 Reese Street in that city, and that young Fayaux used to play the trombone in a band. According to the Inspector, Fayaux had obtained $2,750 from one Revelle Smith on his tip stories.

MRS. FAIR LEAVES HOSPITAL.

The woman who registered at the Fifth Avenue Hotel as Mrs. A. R. Fair of San Francisco on April 8 and who was taken from there to Bellevue on Monday night was released from the hospital yesterday and is supposed to have left the city.

While here Mrs. Fair, who had returned from a sojourn in Cuba and Florida, acted in an eccentric manner, and Dr. A. B. Finch was called to attend her. On his recommendation she was sent to Bellevue, where she gave the name of Nettie Creighton and claimed a residence in San Francisco.

Yesterday about noon a well-dressed man, who refused to give his name, called at the hospital and requested to see Miss Creighton. She declined to see him there, and asked the hospital authorities to suppress her name so that her friends in California would not learn of her being in Bellevue.

The names Fair and Creighton suggested a possibility that she might be Nettie Craven, who figured in the Senator Fair estate litigation. She denied that she was the Fair estate claimant, and he denial is borne out by the fact that the Nettie Craven of Fair estate fame is more than sixty years old, while the Bellevue patient is not more than forty.

Mrs. Fair was taken from the hospital by House Detective Mulholland of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and he left her on West Twenty-third Street. Her baggage was taken in an outside wagon to the Pennsylvania Ferry.

Hahnemann Hospital Nurses Graduated.

Hahnemann Hospital's sixth class of trained nurses was graduated last night, and there was a reception given in their honor. Mrs. Clark Bell, who is Chairman of the Executive Board of the Woman's Auxiliary, presided. The Rev. T. H. Mathiews presented diplomas to Margaret W. Worth, Annie M. Baxter, Jessie C. Chubbuth, Annie C. Patterson, Cornelia C. Swinnerton, Annie B. McClay, Ada V. Overton, and Bessie M. White.

Police Captain White Retired.

Capt. Timothy F. White of the Newtown Police Station was retired on half pay yesterday by Commissioner Greene, the order not to go into effect for twenty days, during which time he gets a leave of absence. The Captain, whose retirement was recommended by the Board of Police Surgeons on account of deafness in one ear, has served twenty-seven years in the department. Gen. Greene also retired Patrolman John J. Barrett of the Church Street Station, on the advice of the surgeons that he was insane.

CARPENTERS' UNION THREAT.

Brotherhood Secretary Says Strike Will Spread Through the Country, If Recent Decision Is Rejected.

The fight against the Amalgamated Carpenters' Society by the Brotherhood of Carpenters is to be extended all over the United States and Canada, if the decision lately reached at the convention of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor is not accepted. This announcement was made yesterday by Frank Duffy, General Secretary of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, who came here from Indianapolis as a special emissary of President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor to insist on the acceptance of its terms.

"This plan was concurred in by William D. Huber, General President, and William B. MacFarland, representing the Brotherhood of Carpenters, and by Thomas Atkinson, Thomas Barrow, and John Coleman, the accredited representatives of the Amalgamated Carpenters' Society," said Mr. Duffy yesterday evening. "Under this decision all strikes are to be declared off, the status of affairs before the strikes in this city to be resumed and amalgamation of the two bodies effected by a committee of five from each, which shall select an eleventh man as umpire.

"The Board of Building Trades will be asked to accede to this decision. The Amalgamated Carpenters' Society, I have been told, has refused to accept this decision. If it insists on its refusal, I shall so report to Mr. Gompers. The union will then be suspended by the American Federation of Labor, and the fight against the Amalgamated Society will be fought to the bitter end throughout the United States and Canada. There cannot be two carpenters' unions in this country."

SHOT IN CROWD OF STRIKERS.

Hudson River Tunnel Workman Wounded One of the Men Who Had Attacked Him.

William Blerser of 262 Erie Street, Jersey City, a non-union man who has been employed in the Hudson River tunnel since Saturday last, was on his way to work at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon when he was attacked by a dozen of the striking compressed air workers just outside the tunnel grounds in Jersey City. The strikers threw stones at him, but as he succeeded in dodging the missiles, they closed in on him and knocked him down. They were proceeding to kick him when he drew a revolver and fired three shots into the crowd. Only one took effect, however.

The bullet struck William, alias "Red" Sweeney, in the thigh, inflicting a flesh wound. It was sufficient to disperse the crowd, and when the police arrived they found no one but Blerser. Sweeney was afterward arrested at his home, 180 Sixteenth Street, and eight others were arrested later at neighboring saloons. They were Toni Somaski, Frank Durkee, William Allen, Frederick Martin, James Dollard, Neil Brower, and Edward Orgory, of Jersey City, and Edward Wechon of Corona, L. I.

Blerser could not identify any of them except Sweeney.

After Sweeney's wound had been dressed he was locked up on a charge of assault. The others were committede as disorderly persons. Blerser was not held, Chief Murphy being satisfied that he acted in self-defense.

RODE WHEEL OVER PALISADES.

Joseph Lippe Is Believed by the Weehawken Police to Have Chosen That Method of Suicide.

Joseph Lippe, fifty-six years old, of 223 East Seventieth Street, this city, while riding a bicycle, went over the Palisades near the West Shore Railroad yard at Weehawken yesterday morning, and was fatally injured. When picked up he was still breathing, but he died while being taken to the North Hudson Hospital. The body was identified by his daughter, Henrietta.

Mr. Lippe dropped a distance of about one hundred feet, and almost every bone in his body was broken. The bicycle was smashed. Although the man's daughter declares she knows no reason why the man should commit suicide, the Weehawken police are of the opinion that the man deliberately ended his life.

The Assistant Yard Master of the West Shore Railroad told the police that he saw Mr. Lippe riding rapidly straight for the edge of the Palisades. It was broad daylight at the time, and the man could hardly have been unaware of the danger. The police discovered Mr. Lippe's identity from papers in his pockets, and notified the family. It is said that he was seen about the vicinity Monday afternoon.

BOY FORGER USES TELEPHONE.

Tells Doubting Bank Official to Pay Him the Value of a Check.

As he wanted "Spring clothes because everybody else was wearing them," a small orphan named Abraham Gapner, employed as an office boy in the musical publishing house of Charles P. Harris, at 31 West Thirty-first Street, attempted yesterday afternoon to have a check belonging to Mr. Harris cashed at the National Park Bank. When the cashier suspected something, the boy volunteered to return to his employer and have the latter straighten matters out by telephone. A few minutes later the bank official, taking down the telephone receiver, heard some one say:

"This is Mr. Harris. Pay the check to Abraham Gapner, my boy."

In the meanwhile, however, Detective Bernard of the department store whence the check was sent to Mr. Harris, appeared on the scene, and when the boy returned to the bank he was arrested. According to the detective, Abraham confessed that he found the check in Mr. Harris's mail, indorsed it with Mr. Harris's name, and finally used the telephone to instruct the bank officials to pay the amount to himself. The check was for $26.34. The boy lives with a Mrs. Michaels, at 451 East Eighteenth Street.

Will Sign Abattoir Bill.

Mayor Low said yesterday that he would approve the bill passed at the last session of the Legislature providing for an abattoir at Thirty-ninth Street and Eleventh Avenue, though he added that he was in favor of putting all the slaughter houses off Manhattan Island. The Woman's Health Protective Association opposes the bill. The acceptance of the bill was on the agreement that the Butchers' Association of New York would agree to remove the abattoir at the end of ten years, if such an arrangement could be made.

THE METROSTYLE PIANOLA

A PIANOLA WITH A NEW EXPRESSION DEVICE WHICH IS SO IMPORTANT THAT ITS INVENTION ALMOST RIVALS THAT OF THE INSTRUMENT ITSELF.

THE METROSTYLE PIANOLA is as great an advance over the old type, as it, in turn, was over anything that preceded it.

It serves the double purpose of recording on a piece of music the exact interpretation of the composer or greatest living exponent, and then guiding another to the perfect reproduction of such interpretation.

The influence of the Metrostyle Pianola will be felt in the world of music as long as the piano shall be played, for hereafter not only will the *works* of great composers be preserved, but what is equally important, their own *interpretation* of these works.

More important still, in view of the fact that so few people are musicians or pianists, an utter stranger to music can play the Metrostyle Pianola and render these wonderful interpretations as well as the best pianists or musicians themselves could.

To all who would care to hear a Moszkowski Waltz played with Moszkowski's authoritative interpretation over his own signature; an interpretation of Chopin by Paderewski; or a Beethoven composition by Bauer, a cordial invitation to visit our warerooms and listen to the Metrostyle Pianola is extended.

(NOTE)—The individuality of each player is preserved in the Metrostyle Pianola, as in the ordinary type. The interpretation is not arbitrary, the rendition may be varied at the will of the performer.

The price of the Pianola is $250.
Pianola with Metrostyle $300.
Purchasable by moderate monthly payments.

The AEOLIAN COMPANY
AEOLIAN HALL
362 Fifth Avenue, near 34th Street.

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LAUTER CO. .... Newark

ON TRIAL FOR BLACKMAIL.

H. C. Wilson, ex-Chief Clerk of Harbor Board, Accused of Extorting Money for Use of Boats.

Mayor Low may be called as a witness for the prosecution to-day in the case of Henry C. Wilson, a civil engineer, and formerly Chief Clerk of the Army Harbor Board in this city, whose trial on a charge of attempted extortion was begun yesterday before Judge Warren W. Foster in the Court of General Sessions.

Wilson was arrested last November with Dr. Benjamin T. Whitmore, who was head of the scientific department of the firm of Parke, Davis & Co., wholesale druggists, at 90 Maiden Lane.

Henry A. S. Martin, President of the Water Front Improvement Company, of 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, took the stand yesterday. The company of which he is President was engaged to fill in some cribwork at Riker's Island with city ashes. The work was done under the supervision of Commissioner Woodbury, who, to facilitate operations, had obtained the loan, rent free, to the department of five army boats, which were idle in this port.

Mr. Martin testified that on Oct. 16 he received a letter from Dr. Whitmore to the effect that the boats would be taken away by the Government unless the company would agree to pay $20 a day for the use of them, and also pay $5,000 for the time they already had been employed. In the course of the negotiations which followed, Mr. Martin said he had several conversations with Dr. Whitmore, who said he represented Mr. Wilson, the defendant. Wilson, Dr. Whitmore told Martin, was a man with a "wonderful pull," who surely would succeed in having the use of the boats withdrawn unless the money was forthcoming. Accordingly $4,500 was paid.

The defense, according to George Gordon Battle, counsel for the two men, is that they were doing amateur detective work themselves for the purpose of finding out whether anything had been paid for the use of the army vessels, when they were arrested.

TRAIN KILLS ANOTHER SON.

Mrs. Turney Stricken a Second Time—Angry Crowd Threatens to Tear Up Eleventh Avenue Tracks.

Frank Turney, a thirteen-year-old boy, of 790 Eleventh Avenue, was killed in front of his home yesterday afternoon by a New York Central Railroad freight train. Twelve years ago his parents saw another of their sons die the same death two blocks further down the avenue. In consequence of this latest calamity a crowd of neighbors gathered before nightfall, and there was some talk of an impromptu organization to tear up the tracks.

The little boy had been in the candy store of Mrs. Tinker, in the basement of his own house. He wanted to buy some sweets for his sister Nelly, eight years old, who was coming from school. After leaving the store he ran across the street to speak to a boy friend. As he returned a few minutes later the train struck him, and when his body was taken into the house it was mangled beyond recognition. Some said he had tried to jump aboard the caboose.

Mr. and Mrs. Turney, the parents, said the same train had killed three persons within six weeks.

"We have to live here, and we can't watch the children all the time," said the father. "The railroad can keep people off the passenger cars that don't pay their fare, and I don't see why they can't keep people off the freight cars. They run those cars through the streets much faster than the law allows."

The crowd that gathered after the accident finally scattered. One of the men, who had been talking excitedly, said:

"Why not tear them up now and throw the rails into the river? That'd show 'em a lesson."

"We'll do it some night," said another.

Alexander Drake, engineer on the train, was not arrested.

"AL" ADAMS A SICK MAN.

Prison Physician Finds Him Suffering from Several Diseases.

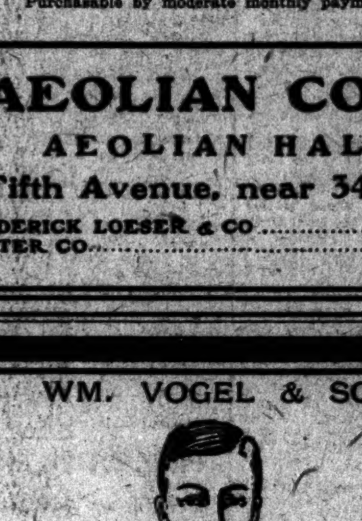
OSSINING, N. Y., April 28.—"Al" Adams, the "policy king," will do little hard work while he remains at the Sing Sing Prison. Dr. Irvine, the prison physician, to-night expressed his condition in a few words:

"His age is sixty years, but he is much older than his years."

Adams, or rather No. 129 as he now is, will for the greater part of his period in prison report daily to the hospital, and may at any moment become a permanent inmate of the hospital. While Dr. Irvine does not say so in his report, the physical condition of the prisoner indicates that Adams may not live out his sentence. Adams, according to the prison doctor, suffers from diabetes, the arteries are diseased, he is subject to paralysis, having had one stroke, and he suffers from tuberculosis of the right lung and of the throat.

In accordance with the doctor's findings Adams has been assigned to the Hospital Corps.

WM. VOGEL & SON.



Smart, Swagger Spring Overcoats sharply reduced in price

'Tis an early day to speak of reductions in spring overcoats—but the past few weeks of activity have depleted several lots of fine overcoats, so we have grouped

$28, $25 & $22 Overcoats and Reduced them to $19.

They're the smartest overcoats of the season—Paletots, Paddocks, genuine Cravenettes in gray and light shades; medium length overcoats, silk lined and silk to edge, of dark gray and rich, soft finished black and Oxford materials, and short Covert topcoats in all the new shades of covert—silk lined, made with our "Concave" Shoulder and "closefitting" collar. On sale at $19.

WM. VOGEL & SON,
Broadway. Houston St.

BEST & Co
LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR

Correct Shoes For Children.

Combining comfort, quality and style.

As in all other wear, we are never content with providing anything short of the best in children's shoes. They reach perfection in leather, workmanship, shape and fit.

We carry the largest and most varied assortments adapted to the needs of children for "school," "play" or "dress" wear.

Invariably the lowest prices for quality in shoes, for either boy or girl.

60-62 West 23d Street.

Steamship Accident Explained.

A. E. Johnson & Co., General Passenger Agents of the Scandinavian-American Line, received a cable dispatch from the Copenhagen office with reference to the accident which compelled the Oscar II. to put into Azores Feb. 18 last, as follows: "It has been ascertained by the now completed survey held by underwriters and the Bureau Veritas in Glasgow that the accident was caused by the steamer in a storm striking a submerged wreck or other floating object, bulging some plates, starting rivets, damaging bilge keels, bending propeller blades, and breaking the engine bedplate."

Dr. Leopold Hibbe Acquitted.

Dr. Leopold Hibbe of 23 Stuyvesant Street, who has been on trial before Recorder Goff on a charge of manslaughter, was acquitted yesterday. He was accused of having performed a fatal operation on Agnes Lynch, a chorus girl, known as "Fay Ransom" on the stage. Hibbe's brother, Henry F. Hibbe, was convicted on the same charge, and is now awaiting sentence. Dr. Hibbe's counsel merely claimed that he could not be convicted, as the principal in the case already had been found guilty.

DEALERS RAISE PRICE OF BEER BY THE PINT

Free Lunches Are Also to be Abolished May 1.

Lindinger Issues a Circular, Which Makes Trouble in the Organization, and Then Stays Away from the Meeting.

President Fritz Lindinger did not preside over a meeting of the Wine, Liquor, and Beer Dealers' Central Association, held yesterday, at which the price of beer by the pint was raised, and free lunches were abolished. The meeting took place in Terrace Garden. Mr. Lindinger's absence was regarded as significant and only secondary in importance by the liquor dealers to their decision of radical changes in their business, to go into effect May 1.

There was some talk of opposition to Mr. Lindinger's re-election at the association's next annual meeting, according to statements of those who attended yesterday's meeting, the reason being that in a circular letter which he sent to the liquor dealers and which became public before the meeting, he made this statement:

"The Republican machine pounded us, and the Democrats tried to help us."

After the meeting the dealers made this statement:

"We still make the claim that we are business men, conducting a legitimate business, not politicians, nor do we intend going into politics.

"We are compelled by the force of circumstances, self-preservation, high license, prices of commodities, &c., to abolish a practice that has been carried on for a number of years, namely, the giving away of free lunches of every description; also to charge 15 cents for a pint of beer or ale, the same quantity as is now sold for 10 cents. This will take effect on the 1st of May.

"We have received assurances that nearly all those who are not members at present will join our organization within this week, and that the dealers in Manhattan and the Bronx will be a unit in this matter.

"It is not meant by this action that we are working in a retaliatory character. We have no axe to grind, nor will we as a body grind the axes of other people. Our determinations to-day were unanimous."

To this formal statement was added as regards the future conduct of the business of the liquor dealers that they will keep crackers on their bar; crackers but no cheese. Crackers only will be free. Lunches are to be provided—cheap lunches, at 5, 10, and 15 cents each.

The agitation which Mr. Lindinger caused in the ranks of the liquor men by his lengthy, and as they aver unauthorized, statement stirred up the liquor men little less than did the problem of what to do because of the high license. They said they had had trouble enough before columns of his "stuff" appeared in the newspapers, and referred to it as "Lindinger's dream—his night dream."

In this statement, aside from the political pointers which he gives them, their President says, among other things, after addressing them as brothers:

It seems to be the wish of the majority of our district associations to "get at" the up-State farmer legislators who pass laws at Albany year after year, to the detriment of the people who live in cities. Neither the Mayor of the city, nor the Governor of the State has any other use for you except to burden you with taxes, and you know it. Will you let them in the future?

Here is one instance where "might makes right," and we have lived to see the disgraceful spectacle of the Governor of a great State taking an active part in a caucus—"but whom the gods would destroy they first make mad."

After suggesting that the liquor men ally themselves with other trade organizations—grocery men, real estate men, brewers, butchers, &c.—he suggests that they establish headquarters, install a manager, clerks, and typewriters, and goes on suggesting as follows:

Distribute literature and circulars, requesting everybody to abstain from using New York State products.

Ask all fair-minded people not to spend their vacation in any New York State resorts.

Stop giving away free lunch, especially cheese.

Agree upon uniform prices for drinks.

Have a certificate or badge for each member of our association, agreeing to live up to this agreement.

Brewers must stop using New York State hops.

Notify all dealers (merchants) not to handle any New York State products.

Publish a list of all men refusing to live up to our just demands from time to time and deal with them accordingly.

Other trades and all right-thinking men should be asked to contribute to this fund.

Encourage men who have our interest at heart to assist us.

Get a test case on the constitutionality of the entire Raines law. Follow up Judge McCall's decisions.

President Lindinger's reason for sending out his statement early in the day was:

"You see, as presiding officer I don't get much chance to talk—much chance to express my ideas. So I thought I would send out this circular."

He said about that time that he wanted to raise $100,000 to provide "the sinews of war." After the meeting he was said by his brother to be out of town.

His position as presiding officer at the meeting was filled by Martin J. Kane, a saloon keeper at Third Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street. He was non-committal, saying he would not "criticise his superior officer."

Peter McGinn, ex-State and ex-County President of the association, said:

"I was an officer for many years, but managed to keep out of print. Lindinger had no right unofficially to give out such a statement as appears in the papers today. I do not care to say more."

The meeting was the largest which the liquor dealers have had for many months, there being about 500 representatives of local associations present. They freely admitted that they had had a spirited meeting, and admitted, also, that they had decided to ignore officially Lindinger's pointers.

Several of those who expressed themselves, but would not be quoted, said that President Lindinger could easily be radical in his views, because his place was one which did not impose the necessity upon him of keeping his place open in the evening nor expose him to the temptation of violating the Sunday law.

LAXNESS IN BOILER SQUAD.

Policemen, at Hearing of Accused Member, Tell of the Method of Conducting Business.

The hearing in the case of Policeman George Baker of the boiler inspection squad, charged with changing the records to enable John Miller of 1,122 Intervale Avenue, Bronx, to operate an engine in the subway, was resumed yesterday before Magistrate Mayo in the Centre Street Police Court. Miller, who never passed the examination for an engineer, admits that he paid $100 to Baker, through Herbert Hoeiter, another engineer. Miller, Hoeiter, and John Verry, a third engineer, have been arrested in connection with the scandal.

Several policemen formerly attached to the bureau told of the methods of examination and registration of engineers which have obtained there. The first witness was Policeman Patrick Beckingham, who said he served as examiner on Jan. 23, 1903, the date appearing on the certificate Miller said he obtained.

Beckingham testified that he was often in the habit of applying a rubber stamp bearing his signature to as many as 200 blank certificates at a time.

"What did you do with the certificates you had stamped in blank?" asked ex-Assistant District Attorney Unger.

"I placed them on a shelf. They were accessible to any one in the office."

Q.—When are the signatures of the Sergeant in command placed on the certificates? A.—After the papers were filled out Officer Baker applied the Sergeant's stamp to them.

Q.—Had Baker authority to sign the Sergeant's name? A.—I don't know about the authority, but that was the system.

Q.—Can you tell by the books that you examined a particular man on a certain day? A.—No, sir.

Policeman Breen said it was his duty to keep the renewal and transfer book of engineers' and firemen's licenses. Breen identified two of the entries in the book on Jan. 23, 1903, as having been made by Baker.

"How did he come to make those entries if you were in charge of the book on that day?" asked Assistant District Attorney Krasel.

"That is more than I can understand," witness replied. "His desk was close to mine, and I could not prevent him from making entries if he chose to."

John Miller, father of the young man, who has admitted he bought the certificate, testified that on Jan. 22 Hoeiter called at his house and demanded $10 toward the $100 in advance. The balance was paid when the certificate was obtained.

Commissioner Greene has transferred every policeman attached to the bureau to out-of-the-way precincts, and it was intimated yesterday that before the present examination has been brought to a close evidence will be brought out strong enough to warrant the finding of indictments against several policemen and other persons who have acted as go-betweens.

KAISER WILHELM II. SAILS.

Many of the Grau Opera Stars on Board—Alvarez Says He Will Sing in Paris Next Winter.

A record crowd witnessed the first departure from American shores of the Kaiser Wilhelm II. yesterday afternoon some few minutes past her schedule time, (4 P. M.) Hundreds lined the first finished of the new steel piers of the North German Lloyd Line at Hoboken, and heads were to be seen in most of the windows along the Hoboken streets near North River.

United States and German flags were everywhere in evidence, and of all sizes, as were bouquets of roses, pansies, and ferns. There were the usual leavetakings, though in the presence of a larger crowd, and the ship's band seemed to play overtime in order to be thoroughly in with the spirit of the occasion.

When the liner, with 900 passengers aboard, steamed past the Battery the wall was lined with spectators. The ship's colors were dipped again and again, and there was a round of salutes.

The sailing was preceded several hours before by a breakfast given on board by Frank A. Munsey to a number of friends.

Probably the largest single contingent on board was that of opera singers. A large part of the artists who have been with Maurice Grau the past season sailed for their homes in Europe. Among them were Mrs. Gadski-Tauscher, Miss Marie Stephani, Antonio Scotti, Prof. and Mrs. Stengel-Sembrich, Jacques Bars, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Salignac, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Dufriche, Robert Blass, Mr. and Mrs. Von Bardeleben-Scheff, Albert Reiss, Anton Van Rooy, Marcell Journet, and Conductor Philip Flon.

David Bispham, another of the operatic stars to sail, went on board among the last.

"I'm off for a blowout," he said. "My opinion is that I have earned a holiday. I shall do no work at all this Summer. Oh, why, as to my voice, I will say it was never in better condition." Mr. Bispham said that he had made no engagement for next season. He will return in September, and appear at the Maine festival, and so bring up to the regular season.

Albert Alvarez, the tenor, who also sailed, said he should not sing in America next season. "I shall be in grand opera in Paris," he added. Asked as to when he would return, the answer was: "I may never return."

The stateroom of Madame Sembrich was notable in that flowers were everywhere in evidence.

Ex-Secretary of State Frederick Cook and Mrs. Cook were among the passengers. The Rev. F. Felten, a retired German minister of Newark, was on board with his wife. They are going to Germany to pass the rest of their lives. Other passengers were Gen. Baden-Powell, who was booked under the name of Col. R. S. Stephenson; Truxtun Beale and his bride, Lionel F. Mapleson, Robert Treat Paine, 2d, Charles F. Ziegler, R. H. Stearns, Jr., Max Staats, Frederick C. Train, Mrs. Livingston, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Miss Beatrice Mills, Miss Gladys Mills, Mr. and Mrs. E. Newberger, Louis Rowe, Mrs. C. A. Spreckels and Miss Spreckels, Mrs. John H. Coyne, Howard Conkling, Mrs. W. N. Cowles, and Charles S. Husted.

PROHIBITION HALL BURNED.

Incendiarism Suspected in Destruction of Great Auditorium at Prohibition Park, S. I.

[illegible] accounted for only by the theory that it was of incendiary origin destroyed the great Prohibition Auditorium at Prohibition Park, S. I., early yesterday morning. The loss of $20,000 is just met by the insurance.

When the blaze was discovered by Benjamin Funk the firemen were busy on two burning barns at Mariners' Harbor, two miles away, and the delay that ensued gave the flames time to spread from the Auditorium to the dwellings of William Lee and John Daley. Both of these houses were consumed, adding another loss of $1,000.

The Auditorium was a two-story frame structure owned by the National Prohibition Company. It was built twelve years ago and had a seating capacity of 20,000, making it the largest building of its sort in this part of the country, with the exception of the Auditorium at Ocean Grove. It was the scene of many great religious and political gatherings, and President Roosevelt, while a candidate for Governor, addressed a tremendous meeting from its platform. The building was unoccupied, and there was no fire or light near it so far as known. This, together with the fact that it was but one more of the many unexplained fires that have occurred along the North Shore within the last few months, gives the blaze a suspicious aspect.

MENDELSSOHN'S "ELIJAH" SUNG

Concert by the New York Festival Chorus in Carnegie Hall.

A chorus of 500 voices, called the New York Festival Chorus, under the direction of Tali Esen Morgan—a chorus with many ramifications in Greater New York and its vicinity—gave a performance of "Elijah" last evening in Carnegie Hall that engaged the close attention of a large audience. The New York Festival Chorus attracts little notice outside its ranks during the season, but it has evidently worked to good purpose, for there were many commendable points about its singing of Mendelssohn's oratorio. Not much can be said of the quality of its tone as a whole, which is deficient in distinction and nobility; in simple forte passages it has a certan sonority, but there is not much variety of nuance, and it makes little pretense of entering into the subtleties of choral singing.

The sopranos are somewhat acrid and the tenors are few in numbers, though they are zealous and make their numbers count for all they are worth. The whole chorus, indeed, sings with vigor and energy, and in many places last evening its attack was not without decisiveness. If its singing lacks elasticity and sweep, it is partly on account of the hard and fast methods of the director, whose beat is inelastic and whose conception of the music has little of dramatic fire and expressiveness. The chorus, at the close of the first part, "Thanks be to God," was one of the choral portions that went with real vigor—and it is one that can scarcely fail of some sort of effect.

The solo singers comprised Marie Zimmerman, soprano; Alice Sovereign, contralto; Evan Williams, tenor; Gwilym Miles, basso, with Grace Underwood in the brief passages allotted to the youth. Mr. Hans Kronold played the 'cello obbligato. Mr. Miles, the one upon whom the most important burden fell, was by far the most competent and gave a broad, dignified, and really artistic performance of the music of Elijah, airs and recitatives. He was much hampered by the orchestral accompaniment that Mr. Morgan provided for him, which was wooden and sluggish in the extreme. Marie Zimmerman sang the soprano arias intelligently. Alice Sovereign, though displaying a voice of agreeable quality, seemed scarcely at home in the requirements of the contralto part in "Elijah."

As for Mr. Evan Williams, it was fortunate that the tenor has so little to do in this oratorio, for he was in distressingly poor voice, so hoarse that it seemed even in the beginning as if he could hardly continue. Continue he did, however, and used his skill and resource in vocal technique to eke out what voice he had and to cover deficiencies in a highly creditable way. It was a misfortune that the audience was deprived of the beauty and artistic dignity of Mr. Evans's singing when it is at its best.

Christ Church, New Brighton.

In THE NEW YORK TIMES's report of the laying of the cornerstone of Christ Church, New Brighton, published in the Monday issue, it was stated that the church had been given to the congregation by Mrs. H. Eugene Alexander. She asks that this error be corrected, as the church was given by Mrs. Louis T. Hoyt in memory of her husband. The church will cost $80,000 when completely furnished instead of $75,000, and there will be but one central tower, and not two, as stated.

NOTES OF CURRENT PLAYS

Edmund Russell's Hamlet Is Quite Harmless.

Clara Morris's "Miss Multon" at the Murray Hill.

A correspondent is curious as to why "The Starbucks" was lately called a dramatization of the bookworm disease. As it was written, the word was not "book," but "hook." It was the proofreader who made it "book." By hook or by book the lethargy is much the same in its effects; but in the case of the poor white trash of Mr. Opie Read's bucolic effort the odds are considerably in favor of the book.

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"The better the play, the better the deed," is no doubt the motto of Mr. Edmund Russell's Hamlet, disclosed yesterday afternoon at Wallack's Theatre. When people write or lecture about Hamlet there is sometimes occasion to be disturbed. (As we have not heard nor read Mr. Russell's lectures, the remark is obviously not directed at him.) But when they recite it in the theatre, Shakespeare cannot be quite distorted or effaced. This much can be said for Mr. Russell's reading, that it was not in any way violent or extreme. It worked no irremediable violence to anybody. So wherefore be pugnacious? Why should the spirit of mortal be rowed? There was a large audience, and it had the appearance of homogeneity. Women prevailed, and they bore the outward and visible signs of cult, if not of cultivation. One could imagine them en masse at a Persian Morning swathed in Oriental costumes, eating pink and amber candies and inhaling punk, while they listened rapturously to Mr. Russell's reading from Omar. In the boxes were dark-skinned Orientals in gown and turban, or in jacket and fez. Everybody seemed pleased, and after the play within the play there was protracted applause and a little speech from Mr. Russell. It was all perfectly lovely, and it will be repeated next Friday afternoon.

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As a representation of the Melancholy Dane, of course, much was to be desired. Mr. Russell has considerable more breadth of beam than the ideal Hamlet, so that his movements inclined to the undulating, while his downsittings and uprisings seem labors of premeditation. His face is enveloped in flesh that detracts from its mobility. With movement, gesture, and facial expression thus narrowly circumscribed, there was little chance of filling the eye with the image of the ideal Prince, little hope of projecting upon the inner vision that marvelous interplay of wit and melancholy, love, hatred, and philosophy, that make up the character of the greatest protagonist in intellectual drama. And Mr. Russell's voice on the stage is as unimpressive and as inflexible as his outward and visible manifestations. It is thin, querulous, and lacking both in masculine force and emotional power. The history of the stage is filled with instances of players who have shone in rôles of the inner meaning of which they remained to the end of their days profoundly ignorant. Here is an instance of a man who, though he may know much, can act little or not at all. The actors seldom attempt to write essays upon the characters they assume. Why should the man of ideas try to act his essay? For once, by comparison, the actor shines in the white robe of modesty.

Was that matter of Hamlet's hose an attempt at new and deeply imaginative stage business? A commotion among the ladies in the front rows—little shrinkings of the shoulders, downcast brows, and furtive glances at one another—called the attention of duller masculine eyes to the fact that Hamlet's sable unmentionables were ripping down the seam, quite in the manner commented on by the fair Ophelia:

"As I was sewing in my closet,
Lord Hamlet, with his doublet all unbraced,
No hat upon his head, his stockings fouled,
Ungartered, and down gyved to his ankle,"
&c.

Is the rip in Hamlet's hose to be taken as a scholarly adherence to the folio text, a subtle trait of portraiture, significant of the keen intelligence of the actor? Or was it merely due to the fact that Hamlet was too fat and his hose too scant of breadth? At the beginning of the next act the hose were whole. But here again one is confronted with an alternative, for may not this have been intended as an illustration of the fact that when Hamlet went to see Ophelia she was sewing? It is such trivial traits of character drawing that reveal to us the creative genius of the actor. Looking forward to the star-crossed passions of these lovers, their turbulent lives and their violent deaths, this little scene of intimate domestic felicity, so delicately and reticently woven into the play, has a pathos too deep for tears.

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Taking advantage of the present prominence of the name of Miss Clara Morris, Mr. Donnelley has put on at the Murray Hill Theatre her version of "Miss Multon," the play from the French of MM. Nus and Belot, in which she was wont to flood the theatre with tears. It is distinctly a play with a date. The formal, stilted speeches, the prevalence of soliloquy, the elementary unindividualized characters, the unremitting procession of heartrending situations—all this take one back at a bound to the days when (Broadway not yet having become jaded, nor even quite sophisticated) a primitive expression of the primitive emotions was still popular, and the cry of the astute manager was "heart interest," and then "heart interest," and again "heart interest."

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It would be easy to poke fun at this theatrical milestone. But it is perhaps better worth while to point out that with all its surface artificiality "Miss Multon" is still in essentials an admirably constructed drama. The story of an erring wife who, swayed by the passion of maternal longing, creeps back to the home she has desecrated in order to be with her children is fundamentally dramatic, and the French playwrights relate it in a series of scenes in which the clash of opposite emotions is incessant. M. Brunetière had not then formulated his canon of the dramatic struggle, but the play is in this respect as aptly constructed as if it had had the benefit of his personal supervision. One after another, from her former husband and his present wife to her children, Miss Multon meets each member of the household in an encounter from which she cannot escape, and during which she is, in the nature of the case, bruised and lacerated until she dies in the end, shattered in body and in mind. False as the play is in most superficial details, its essence is that of pure tragedy. Given an actress of Miss Morris's power, the effect upon ingenuous souls must have been overwhelming.

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Laura Hope Crews is of course not Clara Morris; but she is a sound and sincere actress in many fields, and denoted her part with all requisite force. As the husband Edwin Holt played as usual with authority and vocal command, which, if they tended toward a fixed manner, were still of marked effect. Robert McWade, Jr., was the crusty and kind-hearted Dr. Osborne, and played with his usual skill and effect. It was not a piece to bring out the full strength of Mr. Donnelly's company individually or collectively; but the fact was shown again, as it has been so often shown before, that the actors at the Murray Hill have become one of the features of the art life of the metropolis.

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When managers and actors insist on rewriting successful plays, from Shakespeare to the latest imported farce, it does little good to remonstrate that they have impaired or ruined their artistic value. The actor-manager replies that he is giving the public what it wants, which is of course a natural and a reputable thing to do. But does the public want garbled and distorted plays? The stage history of "Alt Heidelberg" shows pretty conclusively that it does not. This play was one of the few great German successes of the past ten years. During its first year it was given 1,250 representations in over one hundred theatres, and it has since maintained its popularity.

At the Berliner Theatre it lately passed its three hundredth performance. It was one of the greatest successes ever achieved at the Irving Place Theatre. With such a record of success behind it one would have thought that a wise manager would have let it alone. But when it was produced here at the Princess Theatre Mr. Aubrey Boucicault, for some inscrutable reason, cut out entirely the second act, which in the German theatres had proved the most popular. The play, far from approaching its German successes, scarcely escaped being a downright failure. It is possible, of course, that a play which succeeds in one language will fail in another, but this does not seem to be the case with "Alt Heidelberg." It was produced in London some months ago in a faithful translation, and, as Mr. William Archer relates, it has scored one of the emphatic successes of the season. It is probable that every stroke of the American adaptor's pen cost the Messrs. Shubert hundreds of dollars, even as it robbed the playgoing public of the legitimate delight which the London public is taking in the piece. The incident is the best possible text for a sermon addressed to managers on the folly of hewing and hacking at the work of proved playwrights, which sermon, as it has been preached a thousand times before unheeded, is here omitted.

MRS. GRANT AND MR. HUHN.

Mrs. Amy Grant and Mr. Bruno Huhn gave a performance yesterday afternoon in Mrs. Osborn's Playhouse that was out of the usual circle of entertainments of the late season. It was a melodramatic reading—a reading of poetry, for which illustrative and interpretative music has been supplied. This form of art is not much favored in this country, but it has a recognized standing in the works of some of the great composers, as Beethoven, Schumann, and Mendelssohn; and of late years some of the younger men have been dabbling in it. Grieg wrote such music for Bjornsterne Bjornson's poem of "Bergliot;" Richard Strauss tried it a few years ago for Tennyson's rather sentimental story of "Enoch Arden;" Max Schillings, one of the ambitious younger dramatic composers of Germany, who aspires to the mantle of Wagner, has done the same for a poem by Ernst von Wildenbruch, "The Witch's Song."

These three productions were included in the programme furnished by Mrs. Grant and Mr. Huhn, the music being in each case allotted to the piano, which was played by Mr. Huhn. The piece by Schillings, the only one that was unfamiliar, was the least interesting; the music strives for striking dramatic expressiveness, but is deficient in definiteness and certainty of outline and in real fertility of invention. Mrs. Grant gave an English version of her own of Von Wildenbruch's poem. Grieg's music to "Bergliot," less detailed in its dramatic intention, is effective in its gloomy simplicity. Strauss has been the most successful of any of the modern writers of melodrama, and he has suggestively carried out an interesting scheme in his "Enoch Arden" music, which is full of variety, color, and expressiveness.

Mrs. Grant reads with intelligence, but ineffectively because of her insufficient expertness. Her performance was, in fact, somewhat amateurish; but she appears to have powers that greater experience can develop to good advantage. Mr. Huhn made much of the music.

NEWS OF PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

Maxine Elliott Said to be Going on a Cruise as Emperor William's Guest—"Du Barry" in Berlin.

Maxine Elliott, it is said, has accepted an invitation from Emperor William of Germany to be the guest of himself and the Empress on a yachting cruise with the imperial yacht, the Hohenzollern, in the Baltic. Miss Elliott last Summer took a long trip in Europe with a party, among whom were several well-known Americans. It is said that it was during this trip she met the Emperor, and the invitation for the cruise grew out of this acquaintance.

Miss Elliott will retire from the N. C. Goodwin company at Cleveland May 9, and return to New York, the company continuing its tour until July 11. She will spend a couple of weeks at her home in West End Avenue previous to her departure for Europe. Next season she returns to star alone in "Her Own Way," by Clyde Fitch.

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David Belasco's "Du Barry" is to be produced at the Theater des Westens in Berlin next Friday, and United States Ambassador Charlemagne Tower has accepted an invitation to occupy the state box on that occasion. Madame Helene Odilon, who will appear as the star in this presentation, goes to the German capital direct from the Volkstheater, Vienna, where she has been successfully playing "Du Barry" since Nov. 8. The German Emperor has expressed his desire to see "Du Barry" later on. This Berlin production will mark the first presentation in Germany of a play by an American author. Mr. Belasco's latest play, "The Darling of the Gods," now at the Belasco Theatre, has been secured by Beerbohm Tree, and will be produced at His Majesty's Theatre in London next season. Mrs. Leslie Carter will go to England at the end of the coming season, appearing in the Belasco play in London and Paris.

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Twenty young men, graduates of a school of acting, were engaged last week to appear as stock brokers and speculators in "Skipper & Co., Wall Street," which Frank McKee will produce at the Garrick Theatre next Monday. Mr. McKee advised these young men to visit the Stock Exchange and Wall Street and select some notable figure to be used as a model in "making up." At the dress rehearsal yesterday afternoon nine and a half pairs of twins, all looking alike, were introduced as the Wall Street mob. Each of the young men had been to Wall Street in search of a model, and nineteen out of the twenty appeared at the rehearsal made up as John W. Gates.

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Antonio Maiori, the Italian actor, is the latest candidate to honors as Hamlet and will produce it at the Grand Theatre, Grand and Chrystie Streets, May 4.

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Bettina Girard, who played the rôle of Madge in the New York production of "Old Kentucky" and who was seen in light opera productions several years ago, will star in a new Japanese opera which will be put on at the Madison Square Garden roof June 20. William Pincus wrote the book of the opera.

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Charles B. Dillingham yesterday engaged Beverly Sitgreaves to be leading woman for Julia Marlowe in "The Fools of Fortune," by H. V. Esmond. Miss Marlowe will open her next season with the Esmond play. Frank Worthing will continue as her leading man.

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Jacob P. Adler, the star of the People's Theatre, will open his tour as Shylock, with an English-speaking cast, in Philadelphia May 9 at the Academy of Music.

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Stuart Robson was reported well yesterday, and Dan Arthur, his manager, hopes that with several months of rest at his Summer home, near Navesink, N. J., the veteran actor will recover from his attack of acute indigestion. Mr. Arthur says that at any rate Augustus Thomas will continue to arrange the dramatization of Mr. C. D. Gibson's pictures, "The Education of Mr. Pipp."

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"Robert Emmet," the play which Brandon Tynan put on successfully at the Fourteenth Street last Fall and later abandoned because of lack of time in the road theatres, will be seen at the Great Northern Theatre, Chicago, commencing May 24. Robert Conness will take the title rôle.

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Klaw & Erlanger's production of "Ben Hur" will close its season at Hartford, Conn., Saturday, May 23, with the record of having been presented in four seasons over 1,070 times in 131 weeks in 31 cities. The receipts have aggregated over $2,500,000.

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John J. McNally is at work on his new farce for the Rogers brothers, "The Rogers Brothers in London." Klaw & Erlanger will make this the most elaborate production in which they have yet presented these comedians. It will be the opening attraction at their New Amsterdam Theatre in the Autumn.

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The first, and apparently the only, performance to be given by the New York theatres for the benefit of the Consumptive Actors' Home, which is to be built in Colorado or Arizona, will take place at the Victoria Friday afternoon, with a special performance of "Resurrection."

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Jamison Lee Finney, who plays the leading rôle in a "Fool and His Money" at the Madison Square, was taken suddenly ill late yesterday afternoon, suffering from a slight form of pleurisy. His part was played last night by Earl Brown, a member of the cast.

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Wilton Lackaye has been engaged by William A. Brady to star next season in a dramatization of Frank Norris's novel, "The Pit." Channing Pollock and Mr. Brady are to make the dramatization. Mr. Lackaye is also to appear still later as Othello.

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Barney Reynolds, the spry Scotch servant of "There and Back," at the Princess Theatre, was sixty-six years old yesterday, and the company presented him an air rifle and a boy's bicycle. George Arliss, the author of the farce-comedy, who plays the Minister of War in "The Darling of the Gods," also had a birthday anniversary yesterday. Mrs. Arliss, his wife, a member of the "There and Back" company, celebrated the event by having installed as her birthday present to her husband a telephone in her own dressing room at the Princess connecting with her husband's dressing room at the Belasco. She had the bill for the telephone sent to Mr. Arliss.

Thomas Orchestra Re-engaged.

CHICAGO, April 28.—The Trustees of the Thomas Orchestral Association at a meeting to-day decided to engage the services of the orchestra for another year, during which time renewed efforts will be made to secure the balance of the $750,000 necessary to put the association on a permanent basis.

A DROLL STORY.

We have all laughed about the primitive people who rode to mill, a rope across the horse's back, with a sack of flour tied on one end and a stone on the other to balance it. Thought it merely a droll fiction until travelers in remote regions reported seeing transportation conducted in that manner, even in our own times. Tell one of those natives that he is wasting half his own time and half his horse's strength and he replies that he has never seen grain carried any other way, and doesn't care for any new ideas.

"Incredible stupidity," you say. "Impossible to find anything like it in this intelligent land."

Don't be too sure of that. I rode down town with a neighbor who was in a bad temper—complained that his breakfast was late and badly cooked. When I learned that the cooking in his house was still done over a coal fire, I gave him an up-to-date tip. I told him that with a gas range he would get quicker and better cooking, save half the expense and get rid of all soot, ashes, dirt and discomfort. But he seemed to be afraid of "new-fangled ideas," and is still wrestling with coal bills and half-cooked meals. What do you think?

CLEVELAND MEN SOUGHT FOR TAMMANY COMMITTEES.

Plan to Get Consent of John G. Carlisle, Daniel S. Lamont, and Charles S. Fairchild to Serve.

It was stated at Tammany Hall yesterday that several new names will appear on the committees to be appointed at the meeting of the General Committee of the organization on Friday. It is said that among the committeemen, provided they consent to serve, will be such pronounced Cleveland adherents as ex-Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle, ex-Secretary of War Daniel S. Lamont, and ex-Secretary of the Treasury Charles S. Fairchild. Another person mentioned is ex-City Controller Ashbel P. Fitch, who was nominated by the Republicans on the city ticket with Gen. B. F. Tracy in 1897.

Another feature of the gathering will be the attempt of ex-Chief W. S. Devery to be recognized as the executive member from the Ninth Assembly District.

Leader Charles F. Murphy yesterday refused to discuss the reports in circulation, but some of the Tammany men in his confidence asserted several changes would be made in the committee membership, and that there was reason to believe short shrift would be made of what was known as the anti-Croker faction in the organization.

Leader Murphy dined at the Democratic Club last night with Senator P. H. McCarren as one of his guests. It was declared the event was entirely social in its character.

The Devery district captains will hold a meeting to-morrow night to formulate a plan of campaign. It is said they will make a fight for the recognition of Devery, and in the event of failure will suggest Dr. W. J. Stewart, Chairman of the district committee, for executive member.

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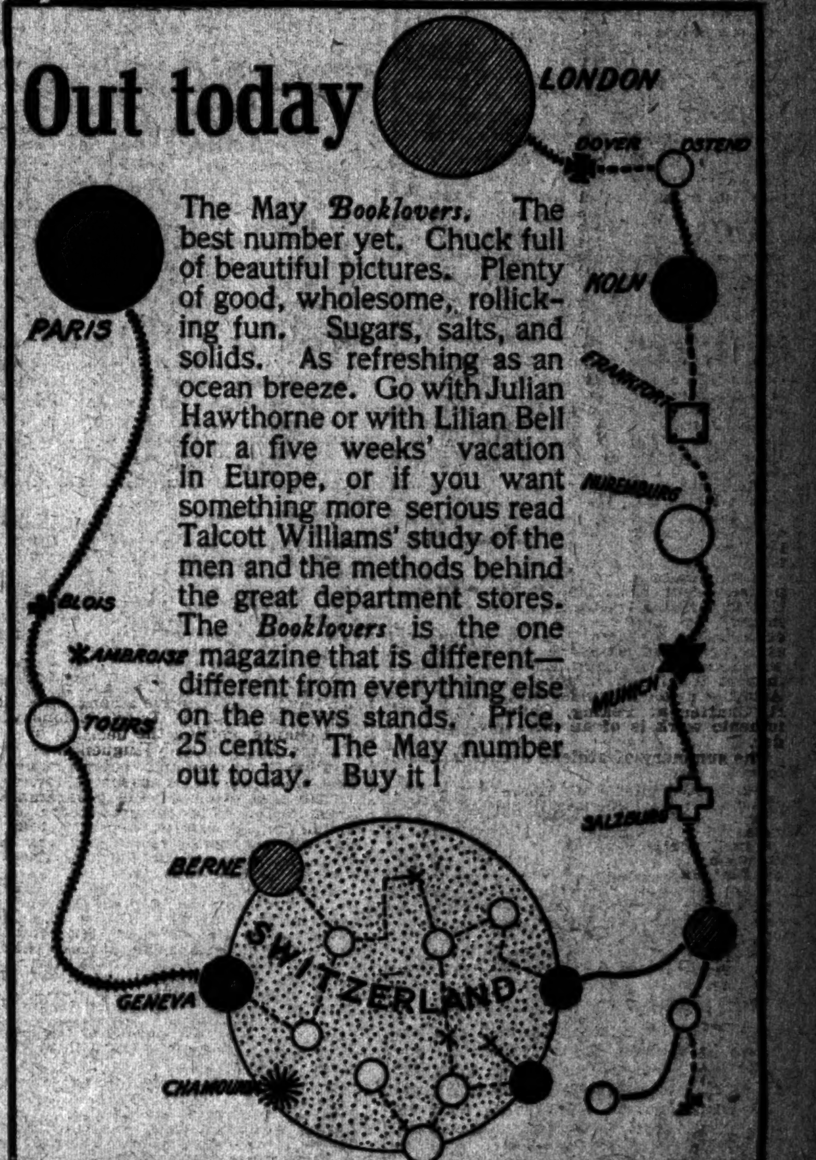

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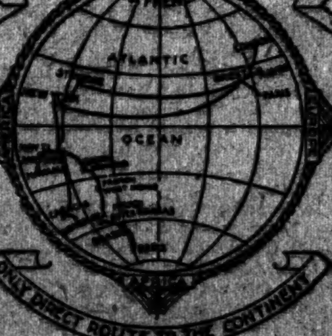

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MILITARY SHOW ACCIDENT

Private Gomme Run Over by War Automobile During Drill.

Gen. Francis V. Greene Reviews Troops in Madison Square Garden—New Athletic Records Made.

The Military Show at Madison Square Garden last night was not all imitation warfare, for a member of the engineer corps taking part in the pontoon bridge drill was run over by the big war automobile filled with soldiers and painfully hurt. He was Private Frank Gomme, Company G, Twenty-second Engineers, N. G. N. Y., and stumbled while hurrying off the newly constructed bridge. He was the last man off, and the wheels of the big automobile, which came along just then, passed over him. An ambulance was called and he was taken to Bellevue, where it was said that his injuries were not serious.

The accident created intense excitement among the soldiers in quarters in the rear of the Garden. Several of the Twenty-second Regiment men fought with others to keep them away from the injured man.

Detective Sergeant Burke was examining the injured man when Adjt. De Rusi of the Twelfth Regiment tried to push him away. Burke struck the officer several times. Col. Dyer of the Twelfth Regiment separated the men.

There was a rush of soldiers after Gomme while he was being carried out, all being curious to know how seriously he had been hurt. Dr. Smith of one of the regiments pushed his way through the crowd, shouting for the men to fall back and give Gomme some air. At this, a cordon of Twenty-second Regiment men, comrades of Gomme, formed a line about their fellow soldier. Men of other regiments resented being kept away, and several scrimmages resulted. Finally officers took a hand and made the crowd disperse.

The excitement was high within the quarters, but as it all took place out of the sight of the big audience the excitement did not spread to the latter.

Gomme is twenty-five years of age and lives at 18 Irving Place.

A feature of the second night was the breaking of two records in the athletic events. F. A. Onderdonk, Twenty-second Regiment, did the second heat of the sack race in 0:26 1-5, and H. V. Valentine, Twenty-third Regiment, established a new military record for the mile—4:52 2-5.

If there was any doubt as to the popularity of the Canadians, it was dispelled last night when they marched into the ring on the second review. The Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles met with the same sort of reception as did the famous Kilties of last year. They were greeted with a volley of cheers, and when they drew up in line to salute the reviewing officer of the night, Major Gen. Francis V. Greene, they were plainly pleased with their reception, so much so that the drummers did their best to beat holes in the sheepskins.

The review was even more of a spectacle than on the opening night, as half again as many troops participated. In the review were detachments of United States troops, United States sailors and Marine Corps, the Forty-third Regiment, Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles, National Guard and Militia of New York, including detachments from the Eighth, Ninth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Forty-seventh, Sixty-ninth, Seventy-first, Regiments; First and Second Batteries, First and Second Signal Corps, First and Second Naval Battalions, and the First and Fourth Regiments, N. G. N. J. Brevet Brig. Gen. John G. Eddy, Forty-seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., commanding.

The drill of the torpedo detachment, Thirteenth Regiment, Heavy Artillery, N. G. N. Y., was a skillful exhibition of placing electrical harbor mines and submarine explosives so as to prevent the entry of hostile ships into a harbor.

The regulars again came in for unstinted praise. Lieut. Alexander S. Williams of the United States Marine Corps, who was badly injured by bolomen in the Philippines, commanded his men in a finely executed street riot and extended order drill. He was followed by Capt. E. V. Bookmiller's men of the Ninth Infantry, United States Army, who fought under Major Gen. Adna R. Chaffee at Peking, China. Their calisthenic work is of an unusually high order.

The summary of athletic events is as follows:

100-Yard Dash, Handicap, Final—Won by J. F. Horr, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery, (7 yards;) second, L. Robertson, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery, (5 yards;) third, E. Spitser, Eighth Regiment, (6 yards.) Time—0:10 4-5.

880-Yard Run, Novice, Trials.—First Heat—Won by A. W. Tripp, Twenty-third Regiment; second, James Kearsy, Twelfth Regiment; third, M. R. Johns, Jr., Twenty-second Regiment Engineers. Time—2:16 4-5.

Second Heat—Won by R. C. Sampson, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery; second, R. B. Bristow, Twenty-second Regiment Engineers; third, H. F. Breslen, Twelfth Regiment. Time—2:20 4-5.

Third Heat—Won by John Nanry, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery; second, R. A. Kurka, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery; third, Frank Warner, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery. Time—2:25 2-5.

440-Yard Run, Handicap, Trials.—First Heat—Won by W. H. Dawson, Twenty-second Regiment Engineers, (24 yards;) second, H. A. Sedley, Jr., Twenty-second Regiment Engineers, (12 yards;) third, A. J. Amm, Seventy-fourth Regiment, (20 yards.) Time—0:53 3-5.

Second Heat—Won by J. F. Horr, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery, (28 yards;) second, R. Eachert, Twelfth Regiment, (28 yards;) P. C. Maurer, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery, third. Time—0:52 4-5.

Third Heat—Won by H. L. Hillman, Jr., Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery, (9 yards;) second, W. Stanley Twenty-third Regiment, (25 yards;) third, A. Schroedet, Eighth Regiment, (24 yards.) Time—0:54 3-5.

Fourth Heat—Won by O. D. Dewitt, Twenty-third Regiment, (28 yards;) second, A. R. Moore, Seventy-fourth Regiment, (22 yards;) third, F. Umstadter, Eighth Regiment, (25 yards.) Time—0:53½.

Fifth Heat—Won by L. Robertson, Thirteenth Regiment Heavy Artillery, (27 yards;) second, R. B. Lawrence, Seventy-fourth Regiment, (18 yards;) third, C. J. Clarke, Twenty-second Regiment Engineers, (18 yards.) Time—0:54 2-5.

Sixth Heat—Won by O. F. Luders, Twenty-second Regiment Engineers, (28 yards;) second, G. A. Layng, First Regiment, New Jersey, (28 yards;) third, E. Harrison, Twenty-third Regiment, (25 yards.) Time—0:53 4-5.

One-Mile Run, Military Championship—Won by H. V. Valentine, Twenty-third Regiment; second, W. E. Grady, Twenty-second Regiment Engineers; third, J. D. Rust, Seventy-fourth Regiment. Time—4:51. This breaks the military championship record for the mile of 4:52 2-5, made by W. F. McLaughlin, Twenty-second Regiment of Engineers.

Sack Race, 176 Yards, Scratch, Trials.—First heat—Won by W. J. Wheeler, Twenty-second Regiment Engineers; second, P. Umstadter, Eighth Regiment. Time—0:29 3-5.

Second Heat—Won by F. A. Onderdonk, Twenty-second Regiment Engineers; second, A. Schroeder, Eighth Regiment. Time—0:26 1-5.

The programme at the matinée to-day will consist of:

Exhibition drill by St. Francis Xavier College, New York City, under command of Cadet Captain Linus Keating.

Drill by Forty-third Regiment, "Duke of Cornwall's own regiment," Canadian militia, Major S. Maynard Rogers commanding.

Exhibition drill by Columbia Institute, New York City, Cadet Lieut. W. H. Carpenter, Jr., commanding.

Music drill by the Second United States Cavalry, Capt. L. M. Brett commanding.

Exhibition drill by the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York City, W. H. Van Tassell, military instructor, commanding.

Drill by the Ninth United States Infantry, Capt. E. V. Bookmiller commanding.

Exhibition drill by the Hudson River Military Academy, Nyack-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., (mounted battery drill,) Cadet Lieut. E. W. Bliss commanding.

The children from the charitable institutions will be the guests of the Military Athletic League at the matinée.

The programme this evening will consist of:

Review by Brevet Major Gen. George Moore Smith, the review being commanded by Col. William F. Morris, Ninth Regiment, N. G. N. Y.

Exhibition drill by the Forty-third Regiment, Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles, Canadian Militia, Major S. Maynard Rogers commanding.

Music drill by the Second Cavalry, United States Army, Capt. L. M. Brett commanding.

Drill by United States Marine Corps.

Sabre drill by First Battery, N. G. N. Y., Capt. L. Wendel commanding.

Drill by First Naval Battalion, Naval Militia, New York, Lieut. Irving Blount commanding.

Drill by Ninth Infantry, United States Army, Capt. E. V. Bookmiller commanding.

Rough riding by Second Cavalry, United States Army, Capt. L. M. Brett commanding.

Drill by the Twenty-seventh Light Battery, United States Army, Capt. J. F. McMahon commanding.

Bridge building by the Third Engineers, United States Army, Capt. M. L. Walker commanding.

100-yard dash, military championship, trials.

220-yard hurdle, military championship, trials.

880-yard run, handicap, trials.

440-yard run, handicap, final.

Obstacle race, two laps, scratch, trials.

Tug of war, trials.

FAST TIME ON NEW TRACK

Plater Galloped Six Furlongs in 1:12 4-5 for Columbus Stakes.

Other Races on the Jamaica Course Run in Surprising Figures—Three Favorites First.

The official time announced for races run on the new Jamaica race course yesterday caused horsemen to open their eyes in astonishment. When the smart three-year-old Plater finished six furlongs in a gallop, an easy winner of the Columbus Stakes, in 1:12 4-5, or within a fraction of a second of the world's record on a circular track, there was some speculation as to whether the new course might not be a trifle short, or the watches of the timers a little slow, for it seemed next to impossible for even so good a horse as Plater to run so fast over a track that was deep in dust and so soft that it gave way under the hoofs of the horses, letting them go through the top soil without affording good foothold.

The track managers gave assurance that the course had been properly surveyed, however, and the timers were sure of their watches, so when other races were run in time approximately equal to the performance of Plater, horsemen reached the conviction that the old records will be in serious danger when the Jamaica course has settled and been worked into the condition that it should attain with proper attention. In all its raw newness it was singularly fast in spite of soft earth and dust, for a race for maidens, three years old, at six furlongs, was won in time only a second slower than Plater's race, and the two-year-olds in the third race ran four and a half furlongs in 0:54 4-5.

Following the gala occasion of the opening day there was a marked decrease in the attendance, though the grand and field stands were comfortably filled. The weather was clear and almost summerlike, and the racing was spirited, with results fairly satisfactory to the crowd, as post favorites won the last three races and a well-backed second choice took another event. The feature of the programme was the race for the Columbus Stakes, selling, for which six of the ten three-year-olds named on the card went to the post, Plater, ridden by H. Michaels, the top weight and favorite at odds on. Plater had all the early speed that distinguished him last season, and, bounding to the front at the lifting of the barrier, raced in the lead all the distance. He won pulling up through the last furlong three lengths in front of Minotaur, who, hard ridden at the end, got up in time to beat Sweet Alice a half length for second money. The winner was entered to sell for $2,000, and quite a crowd gathered at the judges' stand in expectation of seeing Plater bid up, but his owner retained him without any advance. Plater is the second stake winner that A. L. Aste has claimed out of selling races from David Gideon, the other having been Jack Point, winner of the Brighton Handicap.

W. C. Daly was not so fortunate as Aste when he won the selling six furlongs for horses ridden by jockeys who had never ridden a winner, with Locket, for Locket entered to sell for $1,000, was bid up by G. H. Whitney, and it cost Daly $305 to retain the colt. O'Brien, a new apprentice in the Daly stable, rode Locket, and, taking him to the front early in the contest, kept him there to the end, and was first in approved Daly style, well off, before Torchlight, second.

Grand Opera, formerly in the stable of C. H. Mackay, and unbeaten this year, carried the colors of "Pittsburg Phil" (G. E. Smith) to his fourth straight win in the mile and seventy yards condition race, Grand Opera, favorite at 3 to 1 on, and ridden by Shaw, making all the running, and winning by a length and a half, though he was tiring fast at the finish. The real interest for bettors in this race was in the contest for second place, for there was a head-and-head struggle among three horses for the place, W. C. Daly's Colonsay, a 50 to 1 chance, getting the decision by a narrow margin from The Huguenot.

Julius Fleischmann's colors made their first appearance this season yesterday, and in the last event of the programme, six furlongs for maidens three years old, the Cincinnati turfman earned a victory with the well-tried colt Stroller, who was backed into the place of favoriate by the stable following. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling allowances; scale from $2,500 down to $500; four and one-half furlongs.

The Columbia Stable's Woodshade, br. g., by Hastings-Woodnymph, 99 pounds, (Haack,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1....1
Foxhall P. Keene's Wizard, ch. g., 104, (Gannon,) 2 to 1 and 4 to 5....2
R. A. Smith's Silent Water, b. f., 99, (Larson,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1....3

Time—0:55 1-5. Won handily by two lengths; a half length between second and third. English Plan, Excentral, Heritage, Miss Nancy, Grand Vitesse, Mimon, Calyx, Moothen, and St. Roche also ran. Value to the winner, $680; winner trained by D. Hanna.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; ridden by jockeys who had never ridden a winner; selling allowances; scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; six furlongs.

W. C. Daly's Locket, ch. c., 4 years, by Halma-Token, 108 pounds, (O'Brien,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1....1
August Belmont's Torchlight, 4, 106, (E. Jackson,) 13 to 5 and even....2
James McLaughlin's Blue and Orange, b. c., 3, 91, (W. Miller,) 2 to 1 and 4 to 5....3

Time—1:14 2-5. Won easily by three lengths; a neck between second and third. Maru, Miladi Love, Silver Plush, De Reszke, and Lady Brockway also ran. Value to the winner, $630. Winner trained by D. Carter.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds, special weights, with allowances; four and a half furlongs.

W. L. Oliver's Hazelwood, b. c., by Puryear D.-Hazel Mc., 107 pounds, (Shaw,) 3 to 1 and even....1
Sydney Paget's Valour, ch. g., 104, (T. Burns,) 8 to 5 and 4 to 5....2
The Goughacre's Stable's Interlude, b. c., 107, (Haack,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1....3

Time—0:54 4-5. Won, ridden out, by two lengths, three lengths between second and third. Pistol, Graziola, and Fair Order also ran. Value to the winner, $610. Winner trained by owner.

FOURTH RACE.—The Columbus Stakes, for three-year-olds, selling allowances, scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; six furlongs.

A. L. Aste's Plater, b. g., by Henry of Navarre-Invermay, 113 pounds, (H. Michaels,) 1 to 2 and out....1
Frank Farrell's Minotaur, b. c., by Eon-Mermaid, 106, (Hoar,) 12 to 1 and 3 to 1....2
The Pleasance Stable's Sweet Alice, ch. f., by Flying Dutchman-Hermitage, 101, (H. Callahan,) 10 to 1 and 2 to 1....3

Time—1:12 4-5. Won easily by three lengths, a length between second and third. Kickshaw, Ringdove, and Right and True also ran. Value to the winner, $1,400. Winner trained by owner.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, non-winners of $1,500 in 1901 or 1902, special weights, with allowances; one mile and seventy yards.

G. E. Smith's Grand Opera, blk. c., 4 years, by Wagner-Bonnie Bird, 114 pounds, (Shaw,) 1 to 3 and out....1
W. C. Daly's Colonsay, ch. c., 3, 89, (Creamer,) 50 to 1 and 8 to 1....2
James Rowe's The Huguenot, ch. g., aged, 100, (Gannon,) 4 to 1 and even....3

Time—1:46. Won cleverly by a length and a half, a head between second and third. Zoroaster, Rosanco, and Gaviota also ran. Gaviota and Rosanco pulled up. Value to the winner, $680. Winner trained by W. Smith.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, three years old, special weights; six furlongs.

Julius Fleischmann's Stroller, b. g., by Ornament-Promenade, 109 pounds, (J. Martin,) 2 to 1 and 4 to 5....1
J. W. Smyth's Mart Mullen, b. c., 112, (Beauchamp,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1....2
W. S. Fanshawe's Black Hussar, b. c., 112, (T. Burns,) 12 to 5 and 9 to 10....3

Time—1:13 4-5. Won ridden out by three lengths, two lengths between second and third. Mennenfield, Cloth of Gold, Twin Rose, Adele Harding, Calcutta, Sir Roche, Snowdrift, Spring Silk, Lady Knighthood, Ravelment, and Blue Jay also ran. Value to the winner, $700. Winner trained by Thomas Welsh.

Entries for Jamaica Races To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs. St. Barnaby, 113 pounds; Clorita and Kilogram, 110 each; Faraniss and Tribes Hill, 108 each; Andrattus, 107; Ben Howard, 106; Roue, 105; Captain R., 100; Singing Nymph, 96, and Wax Candle, 91. Apprentice allowance claimed for Ben Howard, Captain R., Singing Nymph, and Clorita.

SECOND RACE.—For fillies, three years old, special weights, with allowances; five and a half furlongs. Rosetint, Gloriosa, and Ladylike, 111 pounds each, and Wilhelmina and Helen C. S., 106 each.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and seventy yards. McWilliams, 111 pounds; J. H. Sloan, 110; Brisk, Lee King, and Alsike, 107 each; Courtenay, 106; Flara, 105; Griffiths, Attilla, Oclawaha and The Talisman, 103 each; Mosketo, 102; Justice, Meistersinger, and Ernest Parham, 101 each; Animosity and Annie Grace, 100 each; Dark Planet, 95; Hist, 89; Squanto and Louise Elston, 85 each, and Cloche d'Or, 84. Apprentice allowance claimed for Annie Grace, Animosity, Justice, Squanto, Louise Elston, Mosketo, Meistersinger, and Ernest Parham.

FOURTH RACE.—The Rosedale Stakes, for fillies two years old, special weights, with allowances; five furlongs. Petunia, 114 pounds, The Lady Rohesia, Miss Eugenia, Silver Dream, Sterling Belle, Wardelle, Termagant, Cyprienne, M. Theo, and Panopa, 107 each.

FIFTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Numeral, 116 pounds, Andy Williams, 114; Hunter Raine, 111; Flying Buttress, 107; Tommy Foster and Circus, 102 each; Silurian, 100; Alan, 98, and Ben Battle, 93.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, two years old, selling allowances; five furlongs. Amelia Richardson and Magic Flute, 105 pounds each; Sailor Knot and Charlie Miller, 102 each; Evelyn Arnold, 101; Extralaw, The Bowery, and Symphony, 97 each; Australina, 96, and Dixie Paradise, 94. Apprentice allowance claimed for Symphony, The Bowery, Dixie Paradise, Australina, and Extralaw.

LAKEWOOD POLO TOURNEY.

Westchesters Defeated Local Experts in Opening Game Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 28.—The blue flag of the Polo Association was flung to the breeze from the Georgian Court polo grounds this afternoon, marking the opening of the Spring tournament of the Lakewood Polo Club. The first game in the series for the Herbert trophies was played between the second team of the Country Club of Westchester and the Lakewood second team. The Westchester players, who were handicapped at twelve goals, yielded four goals to their opponents to make the handicaps even, and won the game by over five goals.

The net score was 12½ goals for Westchester and 7¼ for the Lakewood team. Howard C. Brokaw captained the Westchester team. Those who wore the scarlet and white with him were J. Insley Blair, J. C. Cooley, Jr., and Eugene S. Reynal. The yellow and black colors of the Lakewood team were carried by W. S. Jones, J. A. Rawlins, Seward Cary, and Henry M. Earle, Captain. H. L. Herbert, Chairman of the Polo Association, was referee, and four periods were played.

The Lakewood team got the ball at the throw-in and started it up the field. Westchester's interference was not very effective, and the sphere was carried well up in Lakewood territory. Seward Cary, by a well-directed drive, scored the first goal. The time was one minute. The Lakewood players fell back after this spurt, and Westchester tallied six goals in quick succession. Rallied by Capt. Earle, the Lakewood team pulled itself together and scored two goals at the end of the period.

In the second and third periods the Lakewood team was shut out altogether. Howard C. Brokaw of the Westchesters scored the two goals that were made in the second period and Eugene S. Reynal tallied the only goal made in the third. The Lakewoods lost half a goal in the second period and a quarter of a goal in the third for making safety plays. Both teams put more vim and snap into their work in the final period. Lakewood tallied one goal, while the visiting team piled up four. For a foul made by Cooley, the Westchesters were penalized half a goal. The summary:

Westchester 2d, 12½.		Lakewood 2d, 7¼.	
1. E. S. Reynal	3	1. W. S. Jones	2
2. J. I. Blair	3	2. J. A. Rawlins	1
3. J. C. Cooley, Jr.	3	3. Seward Cary	3
Back, H. C. Brokaw	3	Back, H. M. Earle	2
Total	12	Total	8

Goals earned—Westchester, 13; Lakewood, 4. Allowed by handicap—Lakewood, 4. Lost by penalties—Westchester, ½; Lakewood, ¾. Earned goals for Westchester—E. S. Reynal, (5,) J. F. Blair, (4,) J. C. Cooley, (2,) H. C. Brokaw, (2,) Earned goals for Lakewood—Seward Cary, (2,) J. A. Rawlins, (2.) Referee—H. L. Herbert. Timekeeper—E. W. Elliott.

Mrs. Sherman Buys Steam Yacht Ardea.

The steam yacht Ardea has been sold, through the agency of Gardner & Cox, for Clarkson Cowl to Mrs. Maud Sherman of this city. The Ardea was built in 1897 by T. S. Marvel & Co. of Newburg from the designs of Gardner & Cox and she is unique among steam yachts of her class on account of her spoon bow. She is 94 feet long over all, 77 feet on the water line, 14 feet 1 inch beam, and has a draught of 6 feet.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

New York National League Team Keeps Up Its Winning Streak.

Local baseball patrons are well pleased with the continued good work of the New York National League team. By beating the Philadelphians yesterday the Polo Ground aggregation secured a firmer hold on first place in the National League pennant race, while the champions from Pittsburg lost a game in St. Louis. The Brooklyn team fell back into sixth position through the victory of the Boston men, and Capt. Kelley's Cincinnati players still are at the bottom of the list, with two games won out of ten played.

New York's American League representatives are not hitting the ball in their battle for supremacy with the other American League teams, and this fact has caused a good deal of worry to their admirers in this city. Griffith's men were beaten again yesterday by the champion Athletics of Philadelphia, who shut them out the previous day. Their failure to win either game is rather discouraging to their local partisans, who are making great preparations to welcome them to their new grounds, on Washington Heights, to-morrow. The Detroit team still leads in the American championship struggle, but it received its first setback on its home grounds by the Chicago players yesterday. Philadelphia and Chicago are next in the order of merit, with Boston and Washington tied for fourth place. New York is sixth, with St. Louis and Cleveland on even terms at the end of the second division, each having won one out of four games.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues, respectively:

New York, 12; Philadelphia, 7.
Boston, 4; Brooklyn, 2.
St. Louis, 4; Pittsburg, 2.
Cincinnati, 9; Chicago, 4.

Philadelphia, 7; New York, 3.
Chicago, 6; Detroit, 4.
Boston, 11; Washington, 4.
Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York Won a Heavy Batting Game from the Philadelphias.

Hard hitting was the feature of the baseball game between the New York and Philadelphia teams at the Polo Grounds yesterday, and over 6,000 persons enjoyed it immensely. The local team won out by a score of 12 to 7, although the visitors made as many hits as the winners. Each side had 15 safe hits to its credit, but those of the New Yorks came at opportune times when men were on bases. The spectators gave vent to their feelings in royal style, and when Bresnahan's home run in the fifth added 4 runs to the home team's score, the enthusiasm was unbounded, and the demonstration which followed proved that interest in the game has not flagged in the least among the patrons of the game in this city.

Taylor pitched the first four innings, and part of the fifth for New York, but he got mixed up in the signals with Catcher Bresnahan on balls and strikes and in dumb show disputed the umpire's ruling. O'Day interpreted the mute pitcher's suggestive shrug, followed by other gesticulations, as a direct contradiction of his judgment, and he promptly ordered Taylor out of the game. Cronin filled the vacancy, but during the remainder of this inning and the two following innings the newcomer was batted out of the box, eight safe hits being made off him, and McGinnity pitched the last two.

Philadelphia scored a run in the first half of the opening inning, and then there followed a batting rally by the New Yorks. They had no difficulty in locating the ball, and played havoc with McFetridge's curves until they had tallied 5 times. Philadelphia added 2 in the fourth but in the following inning Bresnahan proved to be the right man in the right place and clinched the victory. With one man out in this inning, Dunn and Lauder played the hit-and-run game, and Gilbert filled the bases after being hit in the ribs by McFetridge. Then Bresnahan stepped up to the plate and picked out a nice waist-high ball, which he drove over the right field ropes for a home run and scoring the other three. New York added another run in the sixth, and the visitors found Cronin for 3 runs in the seventh and got another off McGinnity in the eighth, but just to make assurance doubly sure the local batsmen tallied twice in their half of this inning, which ended the run getting. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Thomas, cf.	1	2	1	0	0
Barry, lf.	2	3	1	0	0
Wolve'n, 3b.	0	0	2	4	0
Keister, rf.	1	2	0	0	0
Br'shear, 1b.	1	2	9	0	1
Hallman, 2b.	0	3	4	0	0
Hulswitt, ss.	0	0	2	2	0
Zimmer, c.	1	1	5	3	0
McFet'ge, p.	1	2	0	2	1
Total	7	15	24	11	2

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Browne, rf.	1	1	4	0	0
Van H'n, cf.	2	2	0	0	0
McGann, 1b.	1	1	9	0	1
Mertes, lf.	1	2	0	0	0
Dunn, ss.	2	2	5	4	0
Lauder, 3b.	1	1	1	2	2
Gilbert, 2b.	2	3	5	4	0
Bres'han, c.	2	2	3	3	0
Taylor, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Cronin, p.	0	0	0	1	0
McGin'ty, p.	0	1	0	1	0
Total	12	15	27	15	3

Philadelphia ....1 0 0 2 0 0 3 1 0— 7
New York ....5 0 0 0 4 1 0 2 .—12

Earned runs—New York, 7; Philadelphia, 3. First base on errors—New York, 2; Philadelphia, 3. Left on bases—New York, 10; Philadelphia, 9. First base on balls—Off Taylor, 2; off Cronin, 1; off McFetridge, 6. Struck out—By Taylor, 1; by Cronin, 1; by McFetridge, 3. Home run—Bresnahan. Three-base hit—Mertes. Two-base hits—Gilbert, Bresnahan, McFetridge. Sacrifice hits—McGann, Lauder. Stolen bases—McGann, Dunn, Bresnahan. Double plays—Dunn, Gilbert and McGann; Wolverton and Brashear. Hit by pitched ball—By McGinnity, 1; by McFetridge, 1. Wild pitch—Taylor. Umpire—Mr. O'Day. Time—Two hours.

BOSTON, 4; BROOKLYN, 2.

Hanlon's Brooklyn baseball team went down in defeat before the Boston contingent at Washington Park yesterday, the visitors winning by a score of 4 to 2. It was not an interesting contest by any means, as it was devoid of any saving features. Pittinger and Evans were the pitchers and the former was hit safely eight times, while the Bostons only got five hits. Had Evans put the sphere across the plate with any degree of steadiness the New England representatives might have hit it more frequently. The Brooklyn pitcher's delivery was wild, as a rule, and he gave no less than seven bases on balls, three of which led up to as many runs. The opportunity to begin the circuit of the bases for the other run was given to Boston when Evans hit a batsman with the ball. Boston's run-getting ceased after the sixth inning and the Brooklyn men scored a run in the seventh and another in the eighth inning. There was some very clever base running on both sides, and Jacklitsch made the only error in the game, a poor throw to second base.

Vickers pitched in the ninth inning for Brooklyn and showed a good deal of control, combined with great speed. He struck out one man and the other two were disposed of on easy catches. The score:

BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Strang, 3b.	0	1	1	3	0
McCr'die, rf.	0	2	0	0	0
Sheck'd, lf.	0	2	2	0	0
H's'h'ld'r, cf.	0	0	2	0	0
Doyle, 1b.	1	1	15	1	0
Dahlen, ss.	0	1	2	5	0
Jackli'ch, c.	0	1	4	2	1
Jordan, 2b.	0	0	0	4	0
Evans, p.	0	0	1	2	0
*Ahearn	1	0	0	0	0
Vickers, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Total	2	8	27	19	1

BOSTON.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Dexter, cf.	2	1	3	1	0
Tenney, 1b.	0	1	9	0	0
Aubrey, ss.	0	0	0	4	0
Cooley, lf.	0	0	6	0	0
Carney, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Bonner, 2b.	0	1	3	2	0
Grem'g'r, 3b.	2	1	2	1	0
Kittridge, c.	0	1	3	2	0
Pittinger, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Total	4	5	27	12	0

*Ahearn batted for Evans in eighth inning.

Boston ....1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0—4
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0—2

Earned runs—Brooklyn, 1. Two-base hits—Kittridge, Jacklitsch. Sacrifice hits—Tenney, (2,) Kittridge, Strang. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Boston, 7. Stolen bases—Dexter, Cooley, (2,) Pittinger, Strang, McCreedie, Sheckard, (2,) Doyle. Double play—Dexter and Greminger. First base on balls—Off Evans, 7; off Pittinger, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Evans, 1. Struck out—By Evans, 2; by Vickers, 1; by Pittinger, 2. Time of game—1 hour and 55 minutes. Umpire—Mr. Moran.

CINCINNATI, 9; CHICAGO, 4.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 28.—The Cincinnati team broke its losing streak to-day by winning from Chicago by a score of 9 to 4. It looked like Chicago's game up to the sixth, when Cincinnati tied the score and in the seventh made six runs. Ewing not only pitched a good game, but batted well. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	.	9	11	3
Chicago	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	4	8	2

Batteries—Ewing and Bergen; Lundgren and Kling.

ST. LOUIS, 4; PITTSBURG, 2.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—St. Louis took the second game of the series from the Pittsburgs to-day in a masterly fashion, winning all the way. McFarland held the champions down to five hits. Doheny pitched an excellent game, but his two errors gave St. Louis three runs. A pretty one-hand catch by Wagner in the eighth inning was the feature of the game. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	.	4	7	0
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	5	3

Batteries—McFarland and Weaver; Doheny and Smith.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	7	2	.778	St. Louis	6	5	.546
Pittsburg	7	4	.637	Brooklyn	4	5	.444
Chicago	6	4	.600	Philadelphia	3	8	.273
Boston	6	5	.546	Cincinnati	2	8	.200

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Philadelphia in New York.
Boston in Brooklyn.
Pittsburg in St. Louis.
Chicago in Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia Again Scored a Victory Over New York—Boston Beat Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—The bats of the champion baseball team resounded with the sharp crack of victory to-day. It was a clean-cut victory, that read Athletics, 7; New York, 3. Not only did the champions defeat the all-star New York combination in the second game of the series, but played a game interesting to the 6,135 spectators.

The batting of the champions was opportunely hard. In a single inning they opened such a terrific bombardment on the curves of Pitcher Howell that he was obliged to relinquish his position on the firing line to a younger associate. The particular inning that witnessed a fusillade of Quaker base hits was the third. In the second the Athletics gave some indication of what was to follow by making a single and a double which was good for an earned run. In the succeeding inning, however, they brought joy to the bleachers by the best exhibition of sequential hitting that has been seen on the local diamond this Spring. In addition, it was long hitting and aroused the spectators' enthusiasm to the highest pitch as players followed each other at the bat and runs came across the plate at every crack of the bat.

The history of the third inning reads this wise: Waddell, the first man up, was thrown out at first by Courtney. Hartsel lined out a double to left. Hardly had the New York outfielders taken their positions again when Davis smashed a terrific liner to right centre, Hartsel walking across the plate and the batter racing around to third. While the spectators were still cheering Davis, Lave Cross placed a pretty double down left line and Davis leisurely sauntered home. Then there was a halt in the batting matinée. Seybold was an easy out on a high fly to Courtney. Murphy caught the slugging contagion and drove the ball over Davis's head for three bases, scoring Cross and racing home himself when Conroy allowed the return throw to get away from him. Pickering thought to take the infielders by surprise and bunted, but was thrown out by Howell.

This was the beginning and the ending of the champions' batting matinée. In the succeeding inning they faced a stranger in fast company, Wolf by name, and the work of the youngster gave every indication of promise. But two singles were registered against his delivery during the five innings he occupied the centre of the diamond, and had he not been so generous in the way of bases on balls and been properly supported, the Athletics would not have scored after the festive third. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
A. Davis, lf.	2	1	4	0	0
Keeler, rf.	0	1	2	0	0
Fultz, cf.	0	1	0	0	1
Williams, 2b.	0	1	0	3	0
Ganzel, 1b.	0	1	15	0	0
Conroy, 3b.	0	0	0	2	2
Courtney, ss.	0	0	1	5	0
O'Connor, c.	0	0	2	0	1
Howell, p.	1	0	0	2	0
Wolfe, p.	0	0	0	3	1
Total	3	5	24	15	5

PHILADELPHIA.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hartsel, lf.	2	1	2	0	0
H. Davis, 1b.	1	2	8	0	0
L. Cross, 3b.	1	1	2	1	0
Seybold, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Murphy, 2b.	2	1	1	2	0
Pick'ing, cf.	0	1	2	0	0
M. Cross, ss.	1	0	3	4	0
Schreck, c.	0	0	8	4	0
Waddell, p.	0	1	0	1	0
Total	7	7	27	12	0

New York..............1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Philadelphia ....0 1 4 1 0 0 1 0 .—7

Earned runs—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 3. Two-base hits—Hartsel, L. Cross, Pickering, Fultz. Three-base hits—H. Davis, Murphy. Stolen bases—Hartsel, H. Davis, M. Cross. Double play—M. Cross and H. Davis. Left on bases—New York, 2; Philadelphia, 4. First base on balls—Off Wolfe, 1; off Waddell, 5. Struck out—By Wolfe, 2; by Waddell, 7. Time of game, 1 hour and 25 minutes. Umpires—Caruthers and Hassett.

CHICAGO, 6; DETROIT, 4.

DETROIT, April 28.—The Detroits met their first reverse to-day, Chicago outplaying the locals at all stages, and batting Kitson freely with men on bases. Green's hitting and a one-handed catch by Crawford were features. Carr was put out of the game for wrangling with the umpire. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	6	10	1
Detroit	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	4	8	3

Batteries—Patterson and McFarland—Kitson and Buelow.

BOSTON, 11; WASHINGTON, 4.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—"Cy" Young had his usual speed to-day, and Washington never had a chance. Boston hammered the ball to all corners of the lot and won as they pleased. A catch by Parent and the batting of Young and Ferris were noteworthy. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	9	2
Boston	1	1	0	4	0	3	2	0	0	11	13	2

Batteries—Townsend, Lee, Drill, and Clarke; Young and Criger.

CLEVELAND, 6; ST. LOUIS, 3.

CLEVELAND, April 28.—The American League season opened here to-day in the presence of nearly 20,000 people, the largest crowd ever present at a ball game in Cleveland. Temporary bleachers erected in right field fell, several persons being hurt. Cleveland won by bunching hits. Errors gave St. Louis its last two runs. The batting of McCarthy and Anderson and the fielding of Bay and McCarthy were features. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	.	6	13	5
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	11	1

Batteries—Joss and Bemis; Powell and Kahoe.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	4	1	.800	Washington	3	3	.500
Philadelphia	5	3	.625	New York	2	4	.333
Chicago	3	2	.600	St. Louis	1	3	.250
Boston	4	4	.500	Cleveland	1	3	.250

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Philadelphia.
Boston in Washington.
Chicago in Detroit.
St. Louis in Cleveland.

MANHATTAN, 6; WILLIAMS, 5.

At Jasper Oval yesterday afternoon Manhattan defeated the Williams College baseball team in an interesting game of twelve innings by the score of 6 to 5. Though the visitors outbatted the local collegians, having made eighteen hits to twelve by Manhattan, they were unable to save themselves from defeat. In the twelfth inning a very serious accident happened to O'Hara, Manhattan's centrefielder, who while stealing second stumbled and broke his leg.

The principal features of the game were the fielding of Doughty for Williams and the batting of Mullins and fielding of Rocke, Mullins, and O'Hara for the Manhattan team. The score:

MANHATTAN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
O'Hara, cf.	3	0	3	0	0
Rocke, ss.	0	1	6	3	0
Mullins, 2b.	0	3	3	8	0
Cotter, 1b.	0	1	11	0	1
Duff, c.	0	2	9	1	0
Zim'rm'n, 3b.	0	0	3	0	1
Fitzhenry, lf.	2	2	0	1	0
Krebs, rf.	1	2	1	0	0
Minahan, p.	0	1	0	0	0
McPhillips, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6	12	36	13	2

WILLIAMS.	R	1B	PO	A	E
B. Mears, p.	1	1	1	1	1
Watson, 1b.	1	2	10	0	1
Durfee, cf.	0	2	2	1	0
Nesbitt, 3b.	1	2	4	2	1
McCarthy, c.	2	2	2	1	0
Doughty, lf.	0	3	6	0	0
West'rv'lt, rf.	0	3	0	0	0
Neild, 2b.	0	1	5	2	1
H. Mears, ss.	0	2	3	5	0
Total	5	18	*34	12	5

*Out for interference.

Manhattan .....1 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 1—6
Williams .....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0—5

Earned runs—Manhattan, 4; Williams, 1. Two-base hits—Fitzhenry, Doughty. Sacrifice hits—Mullins, Cotter, Fitzhenry, McPhillips, Westervelt. First base on balls—Off Minahan, 3; off McPhillips, 1; off Mears, 11. First base on errors—Manhattan, 5; Williams, 2. Struck out—By Minahan, 3; by McPhillips, 5; by Mears, 2. Stolen bases—O'Hara, (3,) Rocke, Mullins, Duff, (2,) Fitzhenry, Krebs, (3.) Double plays—Mullins and Cotter; H. Mears and Watson. Passed balls—Duff, McCarthy. Hit by pitched ball—O'Hara, Duff, Neild. Time of game—Two hours and fifty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Cullen.

COLUMBIA, 18; DICKINSON, 4.

Columbia's baseball team yesterday won a decisive victory from the Dickinson College nine in its last home game of the season at South Field yesterday. The score was 18 to 4. Columbia played an excellent game, making but two errors. Good fielding and pitching were also exhibited; once Dickinson had three men on bases, with no men out, and yet failed to tally. Columbia's batting was but fair, several runs being scored on errors by Dickinson. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Dickinson	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	4	6	10
Columbia	0	2	5	1	1	3	0	6	.	18	16	2

Batteries—Spencer, James, and Woolf; Grant and Frambach.

HARVARD, 11; EXETER, 0.

EXETER, N. H., April 28.—Exeter lost a six-inning contest with Harvard this afternoon, 11 to 0, because of inability to hit Coburn and very loose fielding. The game was called at the end of the sixth inning to allow Harvard to catch a train. It was the poorest game Exeter has played this season. Score by innings:

							R.	H.	E.
Harvard	2	0	1	3	1	4	11	11	1
Exeter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10

Batteries—Coburn and R. Kernan; Helm and Cooney. Umpire—Mr. Shinnick.

Scores of Other Games.

At Binghamton—Binghamton, 6; Ilion, 0.
At New Haven—Jersey City, 8; New Haven, 1.
At Bridgeport—Newark, 11; Bridgeport, 2.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 15; Albany, 8.
At Annapolis—St. John's, 3; Annapolis, 2.
At Washington—Georgetown, 15; Villanova, 9.
At Middletown, Conn.—Wesleyan, 12; University of Vermont, 7.
At Utica—Utica, 3; Syracuse, 2.
At Hanover—Dartmouth, 10; Bowdoin, 9, (ten innings.)
At Hartford—Hartford, 15; Trinity, 6.

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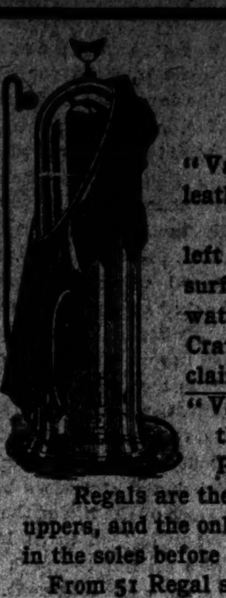
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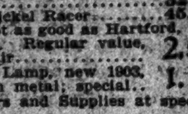
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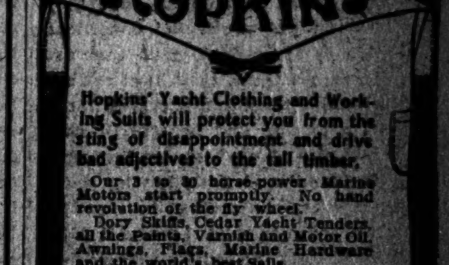
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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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RUSSIA'S "TRIAL BALLOON."

On the 23d of April the world was startled by the publication in a dispatch from Peking of a new series of conditions laid down by Russia as conditions precedent to her carrying out of her solemn agreement to evacuate Manchuria. On the 27th of the same month, the world is less reassured than puzzled by an official "démenti" from the Russian Foreign Office, setting forth that four of the eight demands reported were never made by Russia, and that the other four, like the report of Mark Twain's death, were "grossly exaggerated."

What is mankind to make of this? The original and circumstantial report of the Russian demands had looked authentic enough to excite every Chancellery in Europe and America. Protests began to pour in from all the Powers, France and Germany only excepted. Great Britain and the United States promptly protested, officially and unofficially, against so cynical a breach of faith. Japan was reported to be mobilizing, and China, if possible, to be immobilizing, against the enforcement of the new Russian demands. All these things had been for four days perfectly known to the Russian Foreign Office. The Russian Foreign Office is well known to be a very wideawake place. The censure of foreign publications is intended to debar from the perusal of them only unofficial and not in the least official Russians. And, four days afterward, after all this commotion had been excited, the Russian Foreign Office issues the "démenti" which is not a denial.

Of course, a just and self-respecting nation would not have had a moment's hesitation in the face of such a report that it had outrageously broken faith. As soon as it became apparent that a false report was making international mischief, the authorities of such a nation, charged with the conduct of its international affairs, would indignantly deny that they had imposed any subsequent conditions whatsoever to the execution of their solemn international agreements, and would indignantly proclaim their intention to carry out those agreements, in the spirit and in the letter. Russia does nothing of the kind. Because Russian public opinion is negligible or non-existent, the Russian officials generalize from it to the "opinions of mankind," to which they never take the trouble to show a "decent respect." The very causes which enable them to deal with their own countrymen disable them from dealing with foreigners. They think that any untruth that serves its purpose for a day is good enough, forgetting that they are all the time making a "reputation" in respect to "truth and veracity." Even in denying that they have imposed the particular conditions to keeping their pledged word that are charged against them, they in effect admit that they are imposing conditions. Mankind naturally and necessarily concludes that they have been sending up a "trial balloon," and that, having satisfied themselves concerning the currents of the upper air, they have pulled it down again. But what the Russian statesmen, clever as they are, appear not to understand, is that every one of these disreputable operations costs their country reputation, and that the net result of a long series of such "smart" operations is the conviction, on the part of mankind, that Russian assurances cannot be trusted, not even if, by some miracle, they should happen to be exactly true. The Russian statesmen are very well educated. How curious that none of them should seem to have read the old Aesopian fable, "Puer Mendax," of the boy who was not believed, even when he was speaking the truth?

LARGE FIGURES.

The first impression of the general reader from the account of the profits and operations of the syndicate financing the United States Steel Corporation is that the profits are enormous; and they are, but they are not greater in proportion to the operations completed and the obligations assumed than are the profits in many transactions of which the public never hears and which would not be regarded as extraordinary if they were fully known.

When we read that a cash subscription of $25,000,000 has resulted in the repayment of that amount and in the additional payment of $46,000,000 in cash and $4,000,000 of stock, with only a million of outstanding obligations remaining, the results seem extreme. But the subscribers pledged themselves, if it became necessary, to furnish $200,000,000, and the stock, common and preferred, of the corporation undertaken amounted to $1,100,000,000, with bonds for a little over $300,000,000. The total capitalization, therefore, was $1,400,000,000, and the fund to be provided by the syndicate was only a little over 14 per cent. of that sum. The insurance thus provided was not undue, and the return to the corporation would not be called inadequate were the figures of the magnitude to which the public mind is accustomed.

In a sense, the whole transaction is speculative from the start. So are nearly all industrial enterprises compared with the standard of purely safe investment. Money is kept by investment, but it is not made in any large degree by investment. It is the impatience for considerable profit, the delight in the struggle necessary to attain it, the stimulation by difficulty and even by risk, that are the motive forces of modern business life, as they were of the life of the "gentlemen adventurers" of three hundred years ago who opened the path to the development of our continent. The business world has advanced so rapidly within the last generation that the general imagination cannot readily keep pace with it, and finds it not easy to think in millions where hundreds of thousands appeared large to our fathers. But though the scale has changed, the actual operations and the principles guiding them are not essentially different.

THE FRANCHISE TAX SUSTAINED.

The alternating current of the law, darting now this way, now that, at one moment denying and at another affirming identically the same principles in identically the same application, has finally reached the point of declaring the special franchise tax law to be valid and constitutional. In the proceedings begun by the taxed corporations contesting the constitutionality of the law, Judge Earl, the referee appointed by Judge Herrick at Albany, found the law constitutional, and so reported to the court. Judge Herrick approved the finding pro forma, and passed it up to the Appellate Division, which, in an elaborate opinion written by Chief Justice Charles E. Parker, decided that that provision of the law which gave to the State Board of Tax Commissioners the power to fix the valuation of special franchises was in violation of the Constitution, thereby reversing Judge Earl. The Court of Appeals now reverses the Appellate Division, and sustains the law throughout.

The point around which the contest chiefly raged was that made by ex-Senator Hill in his argument before the referee. That argument was based upon the home-rule clause of the Constitution, declaring that officers hitherto elective by the people shall continue to be elected. This principle has been carefully guarded in all revisions of the organic law, indicating a settled purpose to retain in the hands of the people the control over certain governmental functions. Prominent among these is the assessment of property for the purpose of taxation. Mr. Hill argued that the power of assessment has been uniformly retained in the hands of officers whose authority was derived from the people whose property it was their duty to assess. The ex-Senator declared that there had never been a time since Magna Charta when any Anglo-Saxon community had suffered this right of assessment to be exercised by any other person than one who owed his appointment to its will. The franchise tax law undeniably transferred to State officers, the State Board of Tax Commissioners, to wit, the power to assess property for the purpose of local taxation. The principles laid down in Mr. Hill's argument had the outward seeming of sound law. They were so accepted, at any rate, by the Appellate Division in the Third District, which decided that the transfer of the power of assessment to the State Board was an invasion of local rights. The reasoning of that court was that the Legislature was not called upon to say anything about assessors in the act. In declaring that the special franchises should be taxed as real estate it brought into existence a new form of property. But it is the function of the local assessors to fix the valuation of all forms of property, and they would naturally have proceeded to exercise their powers in respect to these new sources of taxation. Moreover, certain tangible property, wires, poles, mains, and so forth, was included and taxed as part of the special franchise. Justice Parker declared himself unable to understand how the Legislature got the power to withdraw this tangible property from local assessment by merely requiring it to be assessed with the intangible right to use it. The Appellate Division, therefore, declared this provision of the act to be unconstitutional and void.

It may be permitted to recall with mingled amusement and sympathy that passage of his opinion in which Judge Parker declared that the court over which he presided did not "enter as a pioneer upon the consideration of this question." "Every principle involved in it," says the decision, "has been settled by the Court of Appeals, and we do no more than recognize and enforce such principles in their application to this case." No man on earth ought to be more wary than Judges of affirming with this degree of positiveness that certain principles have been affirmed by or are acceptable to another court. For now comes the Court of Appeals declaring that the Legislature, in creating a new system of taxation, embracing a new kind of property never taxed before, had the right to intrust to State officers the power to assess it. Mr. Hill, with his unbroken line of Anglo-Saxon practice from Magna Charta, fares ill at the hands of the court, but not quite so badly as the learned Justices of the Appellate Division. It would seem that the highest court has fixed its gaze with great intentness upon the all-compelling transformation that is wrought by changing a name. The poles and wires and rails, and the intangible right to use the same, now declared to be real estate, are, of course, local real estate. It certainly does rip that long line of Anglo-Saxon precedent clean in two, right back to Magna Charta, when the right of assessment over this property is given to a State officer; and it would seem that in order to strip from the local assessors all their power over taxation it would be necessary only, by piecemeal or altogether, to give new names to the forms of property now taxed, and appoint the State Board of Tax Commissioners to assess the same.

However this may be, the decision of the highest court is another great triumph for Mr. Roosevelt, who has had so many that this may hardly attract his attention. The franchise tax law was his law, or he made it his by calling the Legislature in extra session to amend it according to his suggestion. To this city and to other cities in the State the decision is important also, as the corporations will now have to pay the taxes they have withheld pending the litigation. In the entire State more than $18,000,000 of taxes have been thus kept in the suspense account. In this city the taxes levied for 1900, 1901, and 1902 now payable under the decision amount to $14,944,146. But as the total valuation of the special franchises in the city amounts to $222,620,155, assessed as real estate under the law, the decision confirms the capacity of the city to borrow $22,000,000 more than it would have been able to borrow had the matter gone the other way. The debt limit is increased by 10 per cent. of the assessed value of the special franchises.

The principle laid down by Gov. Roosevelt in his message to the extra session of 1899, "that a corporation which derives its powers from the State should pay to the State a just percentage of its earnings as a return for the privileges it enjoys," is now firmly established in our political and economic system. It will hardly be further contested. That some more just system of fixing valuations under the franchise tax law may be reached is to be expected, however. The State assessors now fix valuations arbitrarily, and the courts have held that they may not be required to disclose their method. There is in such a system too much room for ignorance and favoritism. Some proper method of arriving at valuations must be adopted before the operation of the law will cease to be attended with friction.

TWO MUNICIPAL VIEWS.

It is interesting to note that the Municipal Art Society, at its annual meeting, reaffirmed its original proposition that the municipal buildings should be erected in a series extending, on the north side of Chambers Street, from Elm Street to Broadway, and that the Hall of Records, now nearing completion, should form one wing of the proposed pile, and should, as in that case it naturally must, determine, in a general way, the architectural style and treatment of the remaining buildings.

The determination is the more interesting because it takes account of the Mayor's recent adoption of Commissioner Lindenthal's recommendation that the necessity of making a large and open plaza as the terminal of the various lines of traffic that are to centre at the west end of the existing East River Bridge should be taken advantage of for the erection of a large and tall building, over the required plaza, for the uses of the municipality, in fact, for a "municipal skyscraper." Without doubt, each disputant has a good deal to say for himself. What the Mayor has to say is mostly on grounds of convenience, cheapness, and promptness in supplying the municipal needs. What the Municipal Art Society has to say for itself is mainly upon the grounds of dignity, beauty, and monumental character in the buildings to be erected for the use of the city. In fact, we have little doubt that each disputant is in the right from his own point of view. Nor will we consciously allow the circumstance that this journal committed itself to the project now advocated by the Municipal Art Society, before the Mayor had made Mr. Lindenthal's project practical by adopting it, to influence our opinion. At the same time, it may be proper to suggest that the "pride of paternity" may, unconsciously, have influenced each of these disputants. We are inclined, and not without evidence, to believe that the Mayor exaggerated the costliness of acquiring, and building upon, the sites now occupied by the buildings between the Hall of Records and Broadway. And we call the attention of both controversialists to the suggestion, which apparently has not attracted the attention of either, that has been made by an eminent architect, that additional room for municipal purposes might be obtained by the erection of a municipal office building on the land to the north of Reade Street and to the east of Broadway, that is now occupied by cheap erections which are evidently and in any case doomed to a speedy demolition. And, evidently, the question ought to be considered with reference to Mr. Bloomingdale's project, to which we have had pleasure in giving publicity, that the city should re-enter and condemn the whole triangle, or rather trapezoid, bounded by Park Row, Centre and Worth Streets.

But to begin to discuss any such question as this, of which there are many in Manhattan, and many more in Greater New York, is to begin to see the great desirableness of a municipal department, to which they might all be referred, and which should be able to report upon any or all of them with expert knowledge, with disinterestedness, and with authority. That desideratum is supplied in the measure, now pending before the Board of Aldermen, for the appointment of a commission to replan the city. It is a very great municipal object that that commission is meant to fulfill—perhaps looking to the future, the very greatest of municipal objects. By all means, let us have such a commission, even though, at the beginning, it should have to rely upon the interest of public-spirited citizens to defray its current expenses. That is really the only satisfactory way out for the dispute about the new municipal buildings, and for many other disputes that may ultimately be of even far greater importance.

THE ROAD TO SING SING.

It is worth remembering in the general sense of relief and satisfaction at the actual arrival of "Al" Adams within the walls of our best-known prison that his road thither would have been hopelessly blocked had it not been for the efficient work of Capt. Norton Goddard and Theron G. Strong in shaping and pressing the statute under which Adams was convicted.

It will be recalled that a very urgent effort was made to modify the law, so that the possession of policy slips should not in itself cause the presumption of violation of the law against the game of policy. This effort in some incomprehensible manner secured the support of some men prominent in the prosecution of other forms of viciousness, and their reputation and influence came near accomplishing the object of the gamblers. There is no room for doubt as to what were the real motives of the latter class, however tender we may be toward those who aided them. It was due to the energetic action, the ample information, and the convincing arguments of the gentlemen we have named that the law was put in a shape to reach the vile offenders under it. Of these unquestionably the vilest was Adams. An attempt has been made by his counsel to arouse public sympathy by assertions that the prisoner was inhumanly treated. Had there been any solid basis for his plea that Adams was physically unfit to be moved, his counsel would not have contented himself with utterances to the reporters on the platform of the railway station.

On the face of it, of course, an elderly man, in rather feeble health, who has been accustomed for many years to the comforts and the luxuries of wealth, suffers more keenly in being carried off in a prison van than does the "tough" in whose life this is but an incident. But in all reason is it not a little late for Adams or his friends to call attention to that fact? When a famous Frenchman was asked to show humanity to murderers, his answer was, "Que Messieurs les assassins commencent." If it were possible to put Adams to torture by the most ingenious processes of the Orient, his suffering could not be made to equal that which, in his sordid greed, he has inflicted on untold thousands of obscure, ignorant, and helpless victims. Fortunately for him, modern law does not torture. If it did, he would have no logical plea for mercy to submit. Years ago, when this murderer of the peace of the poor might have "commenced," he hardened his heart and coldly proceeded to earn the utmost penalty outraged law can impose. All he really gets is equality of treatment with offenders of infinitely less desert.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—A new form of "practical politics" has been invented by the Filipino Federal Party. It has decided to send to this country, and to support while here, about 250 students—ambitious and promising young natives with a desire to enter one or another walk of professional life, and to do so with an educational equipment best calculated to meet the conditions imposed upon the islands by American rule. These boys are to choose their own work, but care will be taken that they are divided properly by their selections, and that law, pedagogy, engineering, agriculture, and medical and veterinary science shall all have followers. It is the intention to send over only fifty students this year, of whom six are to study medicine. Several universities and colleges have offered to give them free instruction, and the Federal Party will provide each of them with $425 a year for expenses during two years. The amount is not large, but in the circumstances it will probably suffice. Commenting upon this plan, The Medical Record says it shows that the Filipinos are at last waking to the needs of the islands, and adds: "It is true that the proposed instruction of six medical students yearly will do but little toward satisfying the medical necessities of the Philippines, but they will form a nucleus among the Filipinos standing for a higher medical education among the native physicians than has heretofore been attained. This is most important, for American physicians can never come in touch with the great mass of the people of the Philippines by reason of difference of race, language, and customs, and the Filipinos must look for their medical attention to physicians drawn from their own ranks. This patriotic action of the Federal Party is much to be commended, especially as such high purpose by a political organization was scarcely to be expected." The Record urges the American medical colleges, as a patriotic duty, to do all they can for these students, and the advice might well be extended to educational institutions of other kinds, though there is little danger that the young Filipinos will lack either welcome or assistance—perhaps they will get too much of both for their own good.

—We grieve to learn from a somewhat impassioned letter sent to us from Ponce, and an inclosed page of The Porto Rico Eagle, that our recent remarks about the attentions paid to the President's daughter while she was in the island are hotly resented there. The resentment is due to an entire misunderstanding of the grounds on which we based our criticism—a misunderstanding that read into our words a charge of servility against the islanders and a denial of the reality of their republicanism. As a matter of fact, what we did was to intimate, as gently as we could, that it was a mistake to pay formal and official honors to a member of the President's family, since to do so was to impute to that member a representative and governmental capacity of which she does not possess a trace. Our correspondent indignantly declares that "it was our duty to receive Miss Roosevelt with politeness and respect," and The Eagle devotes the better part of a column to proving the Puertorriqueños, while a courteous people and especially courteous to women, have ever been free from a weakness for monarchical ceremonies and distinctions, and even when the Infanta Eulalia visited the island left to the Governor and his subordinates the task of paying her such attentions as she did not deserve merely as a feminine guest. But it was the fact that, while the President's daughter was thus treated, she was also the recipient of attentions from municipal and other officials, as officials, just as the Infanta was, that caused us to indulge in warning and advice. It is hardly supposable that we should protest against displays of politeness and respect to a young lady in every way worthy of both, or that we should blame the Porto Ricans, in their individual capacities, for making such displays. We did not call or think them servile; we simply noted the circumstance that they had recognized authority where none existed.

—Hamlin Garland, writing in Harper's Weekly, commends the course of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for using, when he makes allotments of land and in similar cases, the actual Indian name of the person affected, instead of the usual translations of these names into English. Mr. Garland says that these translations have often been inaccurate, and he instances the not very terrible example of a Cheyenne name meaning "Many Magpies," which some ignorant Texan turned into "Heap o' Birds." He complains, too, that the translated forms do not lend themselves readily to use as family names, while the Commissioner intends to use that of the head of each domestic group as the "last name" of each of its subordinate members. The innovation may be a convenient one, but surely it is a violation of Indian custom, and hardly consistent with the objects of the Sequoya Leaguers and others who advocate the preservation and recognition of aboriginal words and ideas. As for real Indian names, few of them can be more than approximated by English tongues or the English alphabet, and those that have escaped translation, like Tecumseh, Osceola, and Tammany, are compromises of almost no use to students of language. As for names like "Sitting Bull," "Young Man Afraid of His Horses," and "Lone Wolf," they have a certain picturesqueness of their own, and are perhaps more really Indian, despite their occasional inaccuracies, than the substitutes for them which Commissioner Jones is laboriously collecting. However, Mr. Garland's intentions are highly commendable. "It is the design," he says, "of those assisting in this matter to enrich our English speech with as many of the melodious and beautiful sounds of the Sioux, Algonquian, and other native languages as possible. The Algonquian, especially, has much of the music and the picturesque quality of the Japanese. The Commissioner's assistants can be trusted to preserve in every possible way the native and characteristic nomenclature of the red race."

NEW HAVEN RAILROAD'S TAXES.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter signed "Fair Play" in your Sunday issue, concerning the New Haven Railroad, does not cover one-half the ground, although very good as far as it goes.

This corporation has had pretty much its own way in Connecticut, legislative and otherwise. The laws of the State require that railroads shall be taxed on the average market value of their stock during certain months of the year. The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad has for years paid a tax on its stock, putting the value at 145 when the average market value has been for those months somewhere about 200. This State has been defrauded of some $30,000 or $40,000 of taxation for many years, and the State records and the stock market reports will establish this truth.

It is not enough that this concern is regardless of the comfort of the traveling public. Its charges are outrageous. It has debauched our Legislatures. It has cheated the State in many ways, besides the matter of taxation, and indeed the slimy coil of the serpent is over all. JUSTICE.

Westport, Conn., April 27, 1903.

E. H. Vizetelly's Career.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to thank you for the notice that appeared in your issue of yesterday of the death of my brother, Edward H. Vizetelly. It is with regret that I find probably the most adventurous event in his career omitted. This was his presence in Alexandria during the bombardment by the British fleet. Throughout the bombardment my brother kept a diary of the events as they occurred, registering them hour by hour. It was here that he met his uncle, whose namesake I am, twenty years after the Franco-Prussian war, and before the latter, Frank Vizetelly, set out with Hicks Pasha's ill-fated expedition from Khartoum.

FRANK H. VIZETELLY.

New York, April 27, 1903.

NUGGETS.

Varied.

"What experience have you had as a cook?" asked Mrs. Dinsmore of the applicant for the situation.

"Twinty places in three mont's, Mum," replied Bridget proudly.—Judge.

Inconsistent.

The guard who yells "Kape off the grass!"
An Irishman, I ween—
Should hardly give us so much "sass"
For "wearin' of the green."
—Philadelphia Public Library.

Merely Conscientiousness.

"Don't you think that actors are sometimes a little egotistical?"

"It isn't egotism," answered Mr. Stormington Barnes, "it's conscientiousness. We want to feel that we are giving the public its money's worth when it comes to see us."—Washington Star.

As It Is Spoke.

She—You say your automobile has been acting strangely all day?

He—Yes; it has stopped I don't know how many times.

She—And what are you putting the oil on it for?

He—To stop it stopping.—Yonkers Statesman.

Paid What He Could.

Everbroke—I want to pay you something on account.

Tailor (rubbing his hands)—Ah, I'm glad to see you.

Everbroke—Yes, I want to pay you a compliment on your artistic way of dunning. Sh—not a word—you deserve it. Good morning.—Kansas City Journal.

THE EGOTIST.

From The St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Thrice blessed is the Egotist
Who fancies him creation's lord,
And holds that in the scheme of things
He, only he, is Heaven's ward.

Sweet consolation's in the thought
For all the ills that him pursue;
His egotism, in effect,
Makes all his fond delusions true.

For him the skies are blue above,
For him the scented zephyrs blow,
For him the minstrel birds do sing,
And mighty rivers rise and flow.

The splendid heavens oft unroll
Their starry scroll for his delight,
And Nature whispers to his soul
In all the voices of the night.

Though pains may rack his mortal frame,
Though under foot his hopes are trod,
He welcomes all, as kindly tests
To prove him worthy of his God.

Oh, splendid and sublime self-love!
Ambition, hope, and friendship fail,
But thy fair light still leads the soul
Serene, unconquered, through the vale!

PRICE OF SILVER RISING.

Now Almost 54½ Cents Compared with 48 in December—Explanation of the Advance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Since the last Government purchase of silver last Thursday silver has gone up 2 cents, and Treasury officials are beginning to apprehend further advances in the price. Yesterday 475,000 ounces were bought by the Director of the Mint at an average of .5446 cents an ounce. Some was bought at 54½ cents and some at .54375 cents. The average is 5 cents above what was paid when the first purchases were made on account of the new coinage for the Philippines.

The increase in the price was unexpected by Treasury officials. The danger is that silver may go above the coinage value of the new silver coins to be provided for the Philippines. When that occurs the coins will be sold as bullion, and will fail to do their duty as means of exchange for which they are just now most urgently needed. The advance is not likely, it is said, to cause the island Government any serious losses in values. But it is only needed that silver should go up 5 cents more an ounce to cause the hoarding of pesos in the Philippines.

The explanation given at the Treasury of the advance in price is that it is caused by the purchases to provide the 5,000,000 of new pesos for the Philippines. The Government must have this amount on hand before any are issued for circulation.

The history of the silver market shown in Government purchases is of interest in this connection, especially since January, 1902. In that month 56 cents an ounce was paid the first week, and this had dropped to 55 cents in the last week. This figure continued until the second week in March, when the price dropped another cent, and remained firm until the third week in April, when it went down to 52 cents. The first of June 53 cents was paid, and the figure was the same in August, and then came the sensational drop—September, 52; October, 51; November, 50, down to 49 and 48 in December, around which figure the price has been hovering until the purchases were begun for the Philippines at 49 cents.

HEARING IN THE WRIGHT CASE.

Argument in the Supreme Court For and Against the Extradition of the Alleged Swindler.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—In the United States Supreme Court the hearing in the extradition case of Whitaker Wright was begun to-day, Samuel Untermyer appearing for Wright, Charles Fox representing the British Government, and Solicitor General Hoyt the United States. The case comes here on appeal from an order of the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York, dismissing writs of habeas corpus and certiorari issued on Wright's petition and denying his application for release on bail.

Mr. Untermyer, speaking for Wright, contended that the complaint does not state sufficient facts to constitute any crime which is extraditable within the meaning of any of the treaties between the United States of America and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Solicitor General Hoyt had just begun his argument when the court adjourned for the day. He appeared especially for the purpose of presenting this Government's view of the applicability of the treaty to cases similar to that of Wright's, but did not appear, strictly speaking, against Wright.

GEN. BALDWIN EXONERATED.

War Department Investigation Shows That He Said Nothing Derogatory to Negro and Filipino Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Col. Mills of the Inspector General's Department, who went to Denver to investigate the interview said to have been given by Gen. Baldwin, in which the latter spoke in an improper manner of the Filipino and negro soldiers, has reported to Secretary Root that the interview never took place, and that the man who reported it has been discharged from the paper which published it.

It appears from Col. Mills's report that Gen. Baldwin did have an interview when he first arrived at Denver, and it was this interview to which he referred when he subsequently stated that he was misunderstood if he was interpreted as saying anything reflecting upon the Filipino or colored soldiers. Col. Mills's report is supported by a great many affidavits and much testimony, which has been presented to the Secretary of War.

PORTRAIT OF GEN. WOOD.

A Work by Sargent Hung in the Corcoran Art Gallery.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—A portrait of Gen. Leonard Wood by Sargent has been hung in the Corcoran Art Gallery, and is attracting much attention. It is a half length, with the subject in full uniform. There is good drawing in the face lines and the modeling is done in a fine, masterful way. The expression is characteristic of the President's friend and the work is pleasing.

The portrait hangs next to that of Prince Henry, which was a gift to Miss Roosevelt on the occasion of the Prince's visit last year.

BARONESS HENGELMULLER HURT

The Austro-Hungarian Ambassador's Wife's Ankle Sprained—To Sail Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Baroness Hengelmüller, wife of the Ambassador from Austria-Hungary, is confined to her home with a badly sprained ankle, which resulted from a mis-step in her dining room Sunday evening. The accident is distressing, as the passage of the Ambassador and family is engaged on the Campania, sailing from New York on Saturday.

The Baroness, who bears her sufferings with great fortitude, believes she will be able to make the journey, and has already provided herself with a pair of crutches which, under the most favorable conditions, she will be obliged to use for six weeks to come. During that time the Ambassador and wife are expected to participate in numerous functions, both in London and Paris.

The new First Secretary of the Embassy, Baron Giskra, will arrive in Washington May 11, and will have charge of the business of the Embassy during the five months the Ambassador will be abroad.

POWER OF HISTORIC SITES.

Society for Their Preservation Urges a Park Around the Jumel Mansion.

A memorial addressed by the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment urges early action upon the proposed ordinance for a park for the preservation of Washington's Headquarters, known as the Morris or Jumel Mansion. Included in the communication is a new statistical table, showing the number of visitors who go to see notable historic shrines.

Independence Hall, Philadelphia, has 1,000,000 visitors every year; Carpenter's Hall, Philadelphia, 22,000 to 25,000; Faneuil Hall, Boston, 32,423, not counting Bostonians; Old State House, Boston, 18,401, exclusive of Bostonians; Plymouth Rock, Mass., 30,000; Washington's Home, Mt. Vernon, Va., 75,000; Washington's Headquarters, Morristown, N. J., 12,000, and Washington's Headquarters, Newburg, N. Y., 90,000.

In furtherance of the society's work there has been issued a forty-page historical brochure by R. P. Bolton, entitled "Washington's Headquarters, New York," and containing a portrait of Washington, a view of the mansion, and a map of the proposed park.

GREAT MONOLITHS OF ST. JOHN'S

Trustees Announce Names for Granite Memorial Stones in Episcopal Cathedral.

The Trustees of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine met yesterday afternoon at 113 West Fortieth Street, and afterward George Macculloch Miller, the Secretary, announced that a decision was reached upon the names of the six great granite monoliths which are to be part of the great structure. They will be memorials, as follows: One given by Mrs. Richard Auchmuty in memory [illegible] Mrs. John D. Jones in me[illegible] husband, one by Mrs. Shaw M[illegible]ory of her husband, one by [illegible] Dean Hoffman in his me[illegible] Bishop Potter in memory [illegible] the Right Rev. Alonzo Potter, [illegible] John Jacob Astor in memory [illegible] Grace Church, through [illegible] Huntington, presented to the [illegible] what is to be known as The Book of Remembrances, an elaborately bound volume in which will be kept forever the names of all contributors of money or other valuables to the cathedral. The Building Committee showed drawings of the choir, as it will be when completed. The church will seat 5,000 persons.

HELIOS-UPTON COMPANY FAILS.

Receivers Appointed in Boston for the Concern—Its Debts Exceed $235,000.

BOSTON, April 28.—Norman W. Bingham, of Somerville, and Edward Davis, of Philadelphia, were to-day appointed by Judge Colt in the United States Circuit Court receivers of the Helios-Upton Company, a New Jersey corporation with places of business at Peabody, Philadelphia, and Chicago, and engaged in the manufacture of electrical appliances.

The receivers were appointed in a suit brought by King Upton of Salem, a creditor with a claim exceeding $76,000 and the largest stockholder in the corporation. The debts of the company, it is alleged, exceed $235,000, and it is unable to pay them promptly.

The receivers, who are appointed to conserve the interests of the creditors and the stockholders, are authorized and directed to carry on the business. Each gave a bond for $25,000.

EARL OF YARMOUTH HERE.

With His Bride He Will Sail on the Celtic To-day.

The Earl of Yarmouth and his bride, who was Alice C. Thaw of Pittsburg, are at the Lorraine, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, and will sail for Europe on the Celtic to-day.

The bridal couple reached here yesterday morning, and the Countess spent the day with dressmakers.

The Earl said last evening that he regretted leaving America so soon, and also regretted that occasionally the papers had used him pretty hardly. He said he had no definite plans.

He was asked whether he intended to follow the traditions of the Hertford family and take an active interest in Liberal politics with a view of official advancement.

"Dear me, no," he smilingly replied. "I never expect to be Premier."

ART NOTES.

At Berlin the seventh exhibition of the "Secession" is held in a special building erected for the progressive painters of Germany in the flourishing suburb Charlottenburg. Although the Munich artists have refused to send works this year, there is a strong contingent of Russian, Scandinavian and French pictures and three large pieces by Giovanni Segantini, representing in sombre tones "Nature," "Life," and "Death." Official Berlin and the Fine Arts Academy were absent from the opening reception, but the Mayor of Charlottenburg had the courage to grace by his presence the annual show of a set of artists who are under the ban of imperial disapproval. Max Liebermann, the President of the Secession, shows a portrait of himself, and Walter Leistikow a number of panoramic landscapes in his own "primitive" style. Hans Baluschek depicts the low life of Berlin, and Ludwig von Hofmann has a "Leda and the Swan," a "Europa on the Bull," and "Adam and Eve After [illegible] Paradise." Among the French exhibitors are Rodin, Toulouse-Lautrec, Blanche, Helleu, Monet, and Forain. Among the Russian Impressionists is Maliavine, who shows Russian fishwives in bright [illegible] colors; they are laughing among themselves and typify robust, devil-may-care life.

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A little exhibition of American [illegible] has taken the place of the Japanese [illegible] in the gallery of the Taft-Belknap Company, 1 East Fortieth Street. Here are Abnaki rugs from New Hampshire and parti-colored spreads and table cloths from Berea College, Kentucky. Newcomb College sends fine embroidered [illegible] piano spreads from New Orleans, and the "blue and white" textiles from Deerfield, Mass., are not absent. Very attractive in material and design are the hangings by Miss Ross of New York. Textiles like pottery are engaging more and more the attention of trained artists.

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The fifth annual exhibition of modern art at Venice has been opened in the presence of royalty in the galleries of the Giardino Pubblico. A new thing is the offer of three prizes on the part of the municipal government of Venice—not for the best pictures or sculptures, but the best accounts of the exhibition. Fifteen hundred lire ($300) will go to the best article or series of articles in Italian, French, German, English, or Spanish; 1,000 lire ($200) to the "second best," and a consolation prize of $100 will be decreed to the third-rate article. The city fathers believe in publicity; they take their lives in their hands by thus encouraging the art critic.

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A sale of tapestries and pictures at Rome belonging to Prince Centurione includes a full-length portrait of the Marchese Spinola by Van Dyke, said to have been painted during the Flemish artist's sojourn in Genoa just before Spinola went to Madrid. There is also a portrait of Marchesa Francesca Spinola by the French Court painter Rigaud. The Spinola portraits are said to have entered the Centurione family by the way of intermarriages and inheritance.

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The Thomas Jefferson Memorial Association of the United States will erect at Washington, D. C., a building in the purest classic style, somewhat after the Parthenon, in which will stand a statue of the famous President. It will be a regular octostyle temple, with fluted Doric columns, triglyphs, and stylobates, pediments full of statuary, and the interior arranged as a hall for the meetings of the association. The architecture selected is a compliment to Jefferson's own taste; he chose the classic for the buildings of the University of Virginia.

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The dances which Miss Lole Fuller will give to-night before an exclusive audience of members of the Arts Club are indicative of the return of the dance to its ancient place among the arts. The inane dances of the ballet in Italian opera and the acrobatic feats of the young ladies on the vaudeville stage are remarkable from the physical side; they represent industry and endurance. Miss Fuller has been striving for something more than mere curiosities of the dance; she has been trying to accompany the music of great composers with movements that translate the feeling and thought in fine music into the sphere of human movement. The piano soloist, Mr. Ward Stevens, will lead the music in this part of Miss Fuller's performance, she translating Beethoven or Chopin into motion.

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The reception hall of the new Sorbonne in Paris will have as decoration a large mural painting by J. J. Weerts, now shown at the Salon of the younger men, formerly the Champ de Mars Salon. It is a chapter of gayety from Paris before the invention of printing. Once a year the officers of the University of Paris used to make a joyous progress through the streets, headed by musicians and accompanied by buffoons. The objective point was Saint Denis and the excuse for the procession was the purchase of parchment and materials for writing to be used during the scholastic year. M. Weerts shows the Lord High Rector and heads of the various faculties, the different "nations" into which the scholars were divided, the heralds, trumpeters, and players on mediaeval instruments, the banners, and ribald students. Gringoire the jester rides an ass and is dressed to represent the female fool, "La Mère Sotte." The background shows the wonderful overhanging housefronts of mediaeval Paris, with their high gables and quaint carving and paintings, the booths, and other thoroughfares of the old streets. This procession is in several large panels, and will occupy the circuit of the reception hall.

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The Munich "Secession" will hold its ninth annual in the Royal Exhibition building, the Glas-Palast, on the Königsplatz. Unlike the Berlin organization, it is patronized by the King, and pictures are bought from it to find a place in the Pinakothek. Fritz von Uhde is still President, and Franz Stuck, Lenbach, and Dier are prominent members. This is to be an international show; it will open June 1 and close Oct. 31.

COMMITTEE CHARGES AGAINST ICE TRUST

Investigation Plan Outlined and Inspection Tour Projected.

Inventory of the Company's Holdings Surprises the Committee by Reason of Its Magnitude—Talk of a Holding Company.

The committee appointed to investigate alleged irregularities in the American Ice Company's management gathered at the City Club last night and laid out a plan of operation.

The members are John A. Sleicher and A. C. Nickerson of this city and G. Clem Goodrich of Baltimore. Mr. Nickerson, who has offices at 31 Nassau Street, was selected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Fire Commissioner Thomas Sturgis.

The charges in substance are:

First, that the American Ice Company sold a large amount of bonds at a price other than that reported to the stockholders.

Second, that there was an issue of bonds sold to pay dividends not actually earned.

Third, that unnecessarily liberal commissions were paid for the sale of the bonds to the injury of the stockholders.

Fourth—That the American Ice Company took in the Knickerbocker Steam Towage Company at an excessive price in the interest of a few insiders in the management of the former.

Fifth—That men in the American Ice Company management were also at the head of an independent ice company, and used their power in the American to develop and enhance their holdings in the independent company.

In addition there are general charges of mismanagement.

The charges are made by Lawyer Frederick Winston, acting for John E. McDonald, the horseman, and by John J. Bright of Boston.

Another person making allegations is Daniel J. Kelly, whose name has been prominent in the boodle cases in Missouri in connection with the alum bill. Mr. Kelly is said to be in the South by his wife, who was making inquiries yesterday relative to the progress made in the ice company investigation.

Some three weeks ago Chairman Sleicher of the committee called on the officials of the American Ice Company for copies of their balance sheets for the last three years, and also for an inventory of the company's holdings, with the valuations. The inventory was delivered to the committee last evening. Its magnitude surprised the members, but, as no values were attached, the document will be returned for correction. No balance sheets were forwarded.

It was stated that the members of the committee will leave in a few days on a tour of inspection of the properties of the American Ice Company in Boston, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, along the Penobscot River in Maine, and along the Hudson River.

Chairman Sleicher would not discuss the charges or their nature, but said that the ice company officials had entered an emphatic denial, and that with regard to the allegation of excessive commissions the officers of one interested bank had corroborated the denial. It is understood that no documentary evidence has been forwarded to sustain the charges made.

One report yesterday was that a holding company was to be formed with a capital of $5,000,000, to control the voting power of a majority of the American Ice Company stock for twenty-five years, and that all the patent rights of the Hammond Ice Company, covering the territory along the Atlantic seaboard, would be turned over to the holding company, which would contract to buy the entire output of the Hammond Company for a like period.

Another story was that the American Ice Company would issue $900,000 in scrip to pay the accumulated dividend which would be redeemed by the holding company, which is to guarantee future dividends on the preferred stock.

Mr. Goodrich said after the meeting at the City Club that the officials of the American Ice Company had made no attempts to hinder the work of the committee, but seemed inclined to furnish all information asked for. While he would express no opinion of the charges he said the magnitude of the ramifications of the ice company surprised him. He expected that many weeks would be required for a thorough investigation, and said that had he known of the vast amount of work to be done he would have declined to serve on the committee. The company, he thought, was very much in the position of a dog that had been given a bad name.

TAKES A THIRD HUSBAND.

Reported Marriage of Mrs. Cameron-Wilson to W. P. Bradford.

BABYLON, L. I., April 28.—Mrs. Annie Carll Cameron-Wilson and William P. Bradford, according to relatives, have been married, and are now on their way to Europe on their wedding trip. Where and on what date the marriage took place is not announced.

Mrs. Bradford is only thirty-four years old, but has had considerable matrimonial experience. She was the daughter of the late Harvey Carll and granddaughter of Oby Snedicor, Superintendent of the South Side Club for many years. While still in her teens she married Edward Cameron, a wealthy New Yorker, who a few years later shot himself at his country home, at West Islip. Subsequently the widow married Ralph M. Wilson of New York.

Mr. Bradford some years ago married Mary Jones of New York. These marriages were both broken not long since by divorces obtained in Dakota.

MRS. FRANK D. WHITE HURT.

Jaw and Leg Broken by Runaway in Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., April 28.—Mrs. Frank D. White, whose husband is a wholesale pie baker in New York City, and who lives in Primrose Avenue, was thrown from her carriage this afternoon. Her jaw and one of her legs were broken.

At the time of the accident Mrs. White was driving along Grand Street, and was between Summit Avenue and Vernon Place, when the horse became frightened and ran away. It made a sharp turn and overturned the wagon, throwing Mrs. White to the ground.

Moving Church Blocks Street All Day.

Traffic for two blocks in Willis Avenue in the Bronx was at a standstill yesterday on account of the moving of the Congregational Church of North New York from its former position in One Hundred and Forty-third Street, near Willis Avenue, to the corner of the avenue and One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street. The trolley wires had to be got out of the way, and the church filled up the street so that no passing was possible. When the building came to the corner of One Hundred and Forty-third Street considerable difficulty was experienced, because the street was too narrow and the church too broad. However, the place of worship managed to squeeze through. The moving began early in the morning. It is expected that the task will be finished to-day and there will be the usual worship next Sunday.

Odd Election Case Decided.

HACKENSACK, N. J., April 28.—Legal circles in this county are all worked up over a ruling made by Justice Mahlon Pitney of the Supreme Court in the Fairview contested election case. It is in effect that the legal presumption is that an illegal vote cast at an election was cast for the majority. John York and Rudolph Schlatter ran for Councilman at Fairview. Schlatter on the face of the returns had a majority of 1. York entered a contest. John Vogels at the hearing admitted that he had voted, but had not been naturalized. He claimed he was not able to recall how he had voted at the election. He was questioned by lawyers and court, but stuck to this claim. Justice Pitney decided the election was a tie, the legal presumption being that Vogels had voted with the majority.

Luncheon to Dr. Kohler.

Mrs. Leventritt, wife of Justice David Leventritt of 34 West Seventy-seventh Street, gave a luncheon yesterday to the Rev. Dr. Kaufmann Kohler, late rabbi of the Temple Beth-El and who is now President-elect of the Hebrew Union College. [illegible]

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

The sailing of the Kaiser Wilhelm II. was the most notable event of yesterday, and many persons were on the pier to see the voyagers depart. Mrs. Ogden Mills and the Misses Mills were among the passengers. They are to go to London, and thence to the Continent. Many of the grand opera artists also sailed on the liner. To-day Mr. and Mrs. J. Laurens Van Alen, Center Hitchcock and his mother, Mrs. Hitchcock, will be among those sailing. Otherwise, with the exception of the coaching parties and the polo at Lakewood, there are no events scheduled.

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No date has yet been set for the wedding of Miss Magdelaine Richmond, daughter of Mrs. David Richmond, and Henry A. Wilmerding, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Currie Wilmerding of Flushing, L. I. The engagement was announced a few days since.

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The wedding of Miss Ellen Drexel Paul, daughter of James W. Paul, Jr., and Paul Denckla Mills is to be celebrated at St. Martin's-in-the-Field, Radnor, on Saturday, May 23.

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Miss Sophy Griswold Marshall, whose marriage to Julien Jacquelin Mason will be celebrated on May 9, will give a luncheon to her bridesmaids on Tuesday, May 5. There has been a change in the attendants at the wedding. Miss Emma Wagner Taylor has been placed in mourning, and Miss Felicia Farley will take her place as one of the bridesmaids. Joseph D. Mason has been obliged to go abroad, and Arthur Skelton Wily of Richmond, Va., will fill his place. Miss Ethel Stetson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Wilkinson Stetson, will be the maid of honor.

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Miss Amy Baker will give her annual recital this afternoon at Sherry's, and will be assisted by Felix Hughes, baritone.

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Mr. and Mrs. George Crocker and Miss Emma Rutherford have returned from a seven weeks' absence in California, and Miss Alice Rutherford and her brother, Walter Rutherford, are also back from their yachting cruise in Southern waters. Mr. and Mrs. Crocker and their family will go to their country place at Darlington in a couple of weeks, and probably will have a cottage at Newport for the season there.

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At the Fencers' Club on Tuesday, May 5, there will be a "Ladies' Foil Competition" for a medal which will be presented to the winner by the club. It will be the first competition here by women for a prize trophy, and the competitors entered are all well known in society. Those who have entered are Miss Enid B. Alden, Miss Rosalie G. Jones, Miss Katharine G. Pratt, Miss Betty Collamore, and Miss Enid Locke. These are the late members of the club, and for that reason the medal is called the junior prize. There also will be a championship competition for a pair of foils by experts. The young women who have entered for this last are Miss Cornelia V. R. Delafield, Miss Margaret Stimson, Miss Louise F. Jackson, Miss Adelaide B. Jackson, and Mrs. George Elbridge.

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Several prominent families will be placed in mourning by the death of Miss Julia de Lancey Coster, which took place yesterday at St. Adresse, Westchester, N. Y. Miss Coster was the sister of Henry A. Coster, who married Miss Coles. The funeral will take place on Friday at St. Peter's, Westchester.

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Alfred Vanderbilt has booked the coach Pioneer to-day. He and Mrs. Vanderbilt expect to return to Newport for the week-end.

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Mrs. E. J. Berwind is booked to sail to-day on the St. Paul. Among her fellow-passengers will be Winthrop Ames, Mrs. John Carstairs, Theodore N. Vail, and Lloyd Osbourne, the stepson of the late Robert Louis Stevenson.

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The last meeting of the Tuesday Evening Bridge Club was held yesterday at the residence of Mrs. William Walton Rutherfurd, 16 East Seventy-fourth Street.

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Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, the authoress, is stopping at the Florence and will remain there until her departure for Europe.

Boxes for "As You Like It."

Boxes have been purchased by the following for the open-air presentation of "As You Like It" which is to be given under the management of Mrs. James Speyer at the Columbia University grounds May 14 in aid of the University Settlement Kindergarten:

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt,	James Stillman,
Mrs. George Jay Gould,	George G. Haven,
Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborne,	James Speyer,
Mrs. Andrew Carnegie,	Charles B. Alexander,
Mrs. Henry B. Hollins,	Mrs. Frederick Cromwell,
Mrs. Archer N. Huntington,	Mrs. A. S. Juilliard,
William C. Whitney,	Mrs. Frederick F. Thompson,
Victor Morawetz,	Clarence Mackay,
	T. Jefferson Coolidge.

Mr. Morgan's Purchase of Dodge House.

The recorded transfers yesterday showed that J. Pierpont Morgan paid $500,000 for the William E. Dodge property, adjoining his residence at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street. The Dodge house, a four-story stone structure, stands on a plot 65 feet 10 inches front by 157 feet in depth.

SOCIETY AT NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 28.—Colonel and Mrs. Reginald Norman have given up the Barrett cottage on Catherine Street, which they have occupied during the past Winter, and are occupying their new villa at Block Point Farm, Portsmouth.

Miss Fanny Foster of Boston has arrived at her cottage on Leroy Avenue.

William A. Duer has arrived here for a few days inspecting the Pinard cottage, which he will occupy this Summer.

Mrs. Florence A. Livingston of New York has arrived at her cottage on Gibbs Avenue.

Mrs. E. H. G. Slater is expected at her cottage on the Cliffs early next month. She will have as her guests Miss Gwynne of Washington.

Joseph Harriman and family have arrived at the Dresser cottage on Bellevue Court for the season.

Mrs. Seth H. Brownell and the Misses Brownell have arrived at their Summer residence, near Third Beach, for the season.

Mrs. W. H. Sands is arranging for the early opening of "Tower Top" for the season.

Mrs. A. C. Dulles will arrive at the Acosta cottage at Ochre Point Friday.

William N. Murray, who owns a cottage at Price's Neck, near Ocean Avenue, is at the Robinson, arranging for the opening of his cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Hamilton, Jr., arrived this evening.

WILLIAM R. HEARST MARRIED.

Bride of the Newspaper Owner and Congressman Is Miss Millicent Willson of This City.

William Randolph Hearst and Miss Millicent Willson, daughter of George W. Willson, President of the Advance Music Company of this city, were married in Grace Church at 11 o'clock yesterday morning in the presence of about thirty relatives and friends of the bride and bridegroom. Bishop Potter officiated.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Anita Willson, and Mr. Hearst's best man was Orrin Peck, the California artist. Mr. Willson gave away his daughter. The church was decorated with American beauty roses and apple blossoms. The bride wore a pearl gray cloth dress, with a hat of old lace and pink roses. The party went from the church to the Waldorf-Astoria, where a wedding breakfast was served. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Hearst sailed on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. for a three months' tour abroad.

Among the many gifts received by the bride were a set of magnificent emeralds from Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, mother of the bridegroom, and a rope of pearls, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mr. Hearst, owner of The New York American, The New York Evening Journal, Das Morgen Journal, The Chicago Examiner, The Chicago American, and The San Francisco Examiner, is the recently elected Representative in Congress from the Eleventh District of New York. He is thirty-nine years old, and is the son of the late Senator George Hearst. He was born in San Francisco. He bought The New York Journal in 1896, and started The Chicago American in 1900. Mrs. Hearst is twenty-one years old, and was born in New York. The engagement between Mr. and Miss Willson dates back some two years.

WEDDINGS OF A DAY.

Parke—Phyfe.

Miss Julia Floyd Phyfe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James William Phyfe of 246 West Seventy-third Street, was married last evening to Norman Hulick Parke of Scranton, Penn., in the West End Collegiate Church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Parke of Pittston, Penn., grandfather of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Henry Evertson Cobb, pastor of the church. Miss Jessie Phyfe, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Helen Parke, Miss Katherine Green, Miss Jeanne Dimmick, Miss Katharine Morgan, Miss Mamie Bloomer, Miss Helen Card, Miss May Durland, Miss Marjorie Dodd, Miss Anna McIntyre, Miss Leila Whitney, Miss Nana Sturgis, Miss Helen Howard, Miss Florence Hoyt, Miss Alice Phyfe Bebee, Miss Ethel Leverich, Miss Clara Alling, and Miss Elsie Trippe. The best man was M. Grier Parke, brother of the bridegroom, and the ushers were Ross P. McClave, Forest Pearson, S. Crozier Robinson, Joseph Chapman, Thomas S. Kingman, George H. Lathrope, Frank I. Linen, Harold A. Waters, S. Lammott Belin, Raymond B. Little, John H. Huffey, Chase Andrews, Leland Ross, P. A. Moore, Dr. William E. Parke, E. Norton, and Frederick B. Huffey.

Wadleigh—Fincke.

In the First Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, at noon yesterday, Miss Julia Hutchinson Fincke, daughter of the late Col. Charles L. Fincke, was married to the Rev. Henry Rawle Wadleigh, until recently curate in the Church of the Incarnation, Manhattan. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. L. Mason Clarke. The maid of honor was Miss Clara Packard and the bridesmaids Miss Clara Ogden, Miss Marion Low, Miss Ethel Eames, Miss Florence Baylis, Miss Edith Rawle, Miss Bertha Stockwell, Miss Anna Cutter, and Miss Alice Gibb. Miss Ruth Callender was the flower girl. The best man was the Rev. Carroll Perry of Garrisons, N. Y., and the ushers were John Osgood Platt of Philadelphia, Othan G. Guerlac of Paris, France; Dr. Vanderpoel Adriance of Manhattan, Francis W. Rawle of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Francis Lee Whittemore of Providence, R. I. Mr. Wadleigh has accepted a call to Greenfield, Mass.

Boyd—Newton.

Special to The New York Times.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., April 28.—Miss E. Estelle Newton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Newton, was married to Pliny Arthur Boyd in Westminster Presbyterian Church at 8 o'clock to-night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Herbert Boyd of Amesbury, Mass., a brother of the bridegroom, who was assisted by the Rev. George A. Paull, pastor of the church. Miss Helen Vandeveer Newton, a sister of the bride, was the maid of honor, and Charles Allen Boyd, a brother of the bridegroom, was best man. The bridesmaids were the Misses Alice and Florence Duncan, Mary G. Oakes, and Frances Merchant of Bloomfield, Elizabeth C. Bennett of Bay Ridge, and Miss Florence O'Connor of Brooklyn. The ushers were Morris C. Boyd and Alfred B. Van Liew of Bloomfield, Herbert Miller of Providence, William Slade of Washington, A. Warren Armington of Boston, and Nathan Tufts of Fitchburg, Mass.

Kleinhaus—Wiedenmayer.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 28.—Miss Helene Wiedenmayer and Louis C. Kleinhaus were married at the home of the bride's father, George W. Wiedenmayer, 151 Passaic Avenue, at 8 o'clock to-night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin, pastor of the Park Presbyterian Church. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attended by Miss Lucille Zeller of Chicago as maid of honor, and her bridesmaids were Miss Charlotte Voget, Miss Hattie Kleinhaus, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Meta Wackenhuth, and Miss Marion Van Wagenan, all of this city. The best man was Hugo Kleinhaus of this city, brother of the bridegroom, and the ushers were Augustus and Joseph Wiedenmayer, brothers of the bride, and Louis Haffelfinger and Leonard George.

Chase—Ward.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 28.—Miss Mary Camilla Ward and Robert Garfield Chase were married at St. Stephen's Episcopal Church at 8 o'clock to-night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. E. A. Wasson, rector of the church, and the attendants were Miss Helen Louise Ward, sister of the bride, as maid of honor, and Harold George O'Donnell of New York as best man. The bridesmaids were Miss Jessie Larter, Miss Ethel Ward, Miss Bessie Day of this city, and Miss Eleanor B. Williams of Plainfield. The ushers were L. H. Conklin, Ward B. Chamberlin, and Jack Crawford of New York.

Noble—Shaw.

Miss Bessie P. Shaw, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Shaw of 637 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, was married to Newton S. Noble of Morristown, N. J., at the Church of the Incarnation, Brooklyn, at 6 o'clock yesterday, in the presence of many relatives and friends. The maid of honor was Miss Mary Chance Shaw, sister of the bride, and Amos Dennison Moss of Akron, Ohio, was best man. The bridesmaids were Miss Henrietta Jones and Miss Sophia Lane, and the ushers were Edgar Morris of New York, John Converse of Philadelphia, Harold Gaskell of Akron, Ohio, and Frederick Ford of Morristown.

Brickner—Abrahams.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 28.—Dr. Walter M. Brickner and Miss Perla Abrahams were married to-night by the Rev. Isaac P. Mendes at the residence of the bride's mother, in this city. The bride was attended by Miss Nell Abrahams, maid of honor, and the Misses Eva Nathan of Charleston, S. C.; Blanche Mohr, and Lilly Falk of Savannah. Edmund H. Abrahams was best man. A reception followed the ceremony. Dr. and Mrs. Brickner will be at home to their friends in New York City on May 7 at 30 West Ninety-second Street.

How—Keating.

Mrs. Fanny Barnum Keating, daughter of Theodore Barnum of Buffalo, was married yesterday at noon in Grace Church Chantry to James How, son of John L. How, also of Buffalo, by her uncle, the Rev. Frederick Burt Avery of East Cleveland, assisted by the Rev. Charles Thomas Walkley of Grace Church. After the ceremony a wedding luncheon was served at the Waldorf-Astoria. Howard Laverack of Buffalo was the best man.

Kelsey—Lewis.

Special to The New York Times.

DEFIANCE, Ohio, April 28.—The wedding of Miss E. M. Lewis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Lewis, to Robert Goodenow Kelsey was celebrated here this evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 616 Holgate Avenue, Bishop W. A. Leonard of Ohio officiating. Mr. Kelsey is a graduate of Hamilton College, class of '98, a member of the D. K. E. fraternity, and of several prominent clubs in the city, among others the Republican and D. K. E. Clubs.

Daggett—Brown.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 28.—Mrs. Eliza Williams Brown of this city and Homer M. Daggett, Jr., of Attleboro, Mass., were married this afternoon at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Newell C. Fulton. After a short trip Mr. and Mrs. Daggett will reside in Attleboro, at the old Daggett homestead. Mrs. Daggett is prominet in the Presbyterian Church and in the National Woman's Relief Corps. Mr. Daggett is a street railroad man.

Carle—Skiddy.

The marriage of Robert W. Carle and Miss Adele W. Skiddy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Skiddy, was celebrated yesterday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church by the Rev. Dr. David H. Greer.

IN THE SHOPS.

Those nice little plaited baskets in the shape of the Boston bag can be had now for 25 cents. They have handles similar to those of the Boston bag, and to fasten the bag there is a loop with a pierced shell attached on one side and on the other a plain loop, which buttons over the shell. These baskets are of feather weight, have a special name if one could remember it, and have been expensive, costing from less than $1 up to considerably more, according to size. They are now to be found in one of the shops at the low price.

***

Strawberry designs are to be seen on almost everything. One of the most impossible places in which they are found is dark blue veiling, the strawberries in natural colors being scattered over it.

***

In some of the fancy imported twilled flannels there are embroidered figures, small flowers in different colors, pale blues, pale pinks, &c., and the omnipresent strawberry is there also, the little red berries being sprinkled over the white ground.

***

Lawns in pretty colors are to be found for 12 cents a yard. There is a tan, which is delightful, pinks, and blues, and a green which will make up into a charming gown for the right person, but which is a little too green in the piece. The lawn is fine in quality, and thirty-two inches wide.

***

A pretty soft silk which is called silk vesting, and has small raised self-colored figures, is $1 a yard.

***

Linens of rather a rough effect come in different colors, and can be had for 16 cents a yard. They are excellent for shirtwaists or suits.

***

Shirtwaist patterns come in different colored linens, blue and pink, rose and red, with more or less elaborate patterns in the drawn work in white.

***

Linen canvas shirtwaists with embroidery in the Russian cross stitch cost $10.75.

***

Suede belts are always good, and a pretty gray one up town has a silver buckle, simple in shape, but in repoussé work. Another gray belt has a plain flat gilt buckle, a tan one has a red gold one, and a beautiful green suede has the red gold also.

***

Enameled white furniture made in fancy shapes has the centre of the back and the centre of the seat upholstered with one of the pretty flowered cotton taffetas. The effect is excellent.

***

Old hickory furniture is out for the Summer—tables and chairs with tops, seats, and backs in woven splints and settles with backs and seats of heavy slats. In the hickory the bark is on the wood. A settle which costs $9 has high supports at either side, and there is a narrow top made of three bark-covered limbs of the hickory for shade.

***

A round card table in the mission furniture is useful and of convenient shape. There are three solid legs and a slender fourth, which is drawn out when the table is to be used for card playing. When it is not in use the leg is folded under, and half of the round top, which has hinges in the centre, is raised, like old-time tables. The table can be set against the wall. In the front there are two small doors opening on either side, one showing inside four shelves for as many packs of playing cards, and the inside of the other disclosing cases into which fit the poker chips. It is one of the best tables of the kind made.

***

A nice little coat for a small boy is made of white broadcloth, with large white pearl buttons on the double-breasted front and a small dark blue collar—the regular coat collar.

***

A pretty, Quakerlike hat is of heavy dull-gray straw with a wide rim and low crown, and on the top, facing out from the centre on the sides, are two birds, like pigeons, also in gray. This is the only trimming on the hat, with the exception of gray ribbons underneath.

***

Now is the time to begin to look for bargains. There are some excellent ones to be found in both cottons and silks.

PUTNAM FAMILY LITIGATION.

Suit Involving Tarrytown Estate Begun to Test Will of Mary Putnam Bull.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., April 28.—Lawyer Robert M. S. Putnam of New York City has commenced proceedings in the Supreme Court to contest the validity and obtain a judicial construction of the will of his aunt, Mary Putnam Bull, who died at Tarrytown, April 1, 1895, leaving an estate of nearly $1,000,000. She was a great-granddaughter of Gen. Israel Putnam. The Tarrytown property, valued at $100,000, reverted to Lawyer Putnam upon the death of his father, Supreme Court Justice John R. Putnam of Saratoga Springs, but there are many conditions attached to this and his other legacies.

One was that he should not marry without his parents' consent, but with this he was able to comply. Others attaching to the Tarrytown estate, however, are that Lawyer Putnam shall never sell nor rent it. He is also forbidden to ever fell any trees upon it, unless it be absolutely necessary, nor shall the oil paintings of the testatrix and her husband ever be removed from the house. He is instructed to keep it as a sort of memorial home for the Putnam family. Defendants named in the action by Lawyer Putnam are his brothers, John Risley Putnam of the Imperial Customs of China, now living at Foo Chow; Lieut. Israel Putnam, United States Army in Manila, and William Clement Putnam, Elizabeth Putnam, Benjamin R. Putnam, Henry St. Clair Putnam, Edward K. Putnam, of Davenport, Ia.; George R. Putnam, United States Coast Survey, and Charles M. Putnam of Chicago, children of Charles and Gideon Putnam, brothers of Mary Putnam Bull.

Lawyer Putnam asks the court to exclude the persons named from any interest in this real estate, and to eliminate the cloud upon the title, if any exists.

MONUMENT TO CONFEDERATES.

Statue Will Be Unveiled at Baltimore on Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 28.—The Confederate Monument on Mount Royal Plaza in this city will be unveiled next Saturday by the Maryland Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States. The memorial has been erected through the efforts of the Maryland Daughters of the Confederacy to commemorate the valor of Maryland soldiers.

Miss Margaret Lloyd Trimble, great-granddaughter of Major General Isaac R. Trimble, and Miss Nannie Young Hardcastle, great-granddaughter of Admiral Franklin Buchanan, will draw the veil from the bronze statue representing an angel bearing a laurel wreath in one hand and with the other supporting a wounded soldier. The design is by F. Wellington Ruckstuhl, the New York sculptor. After the unveiling the Daughters will heap flowers about the base of the statue.

Capt. G. W. Booth, First Vice President of the society in Maryland, will present the monument to the city, and Mayor Hayes will accept it. Major Gen. Andrew C. Trippe, Commander of the Maryland Division, United Confederate Veterans, will introduce the orator of the day, Capt. McHenry Howard.

ROCK ISLAND IN A SUIT.

Minority Stockholder Demands an Examination of Its Books.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 28.—Mandamus proceedings to compel the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad to permit an examination of its stock books and corporate records were filed to-day in the Circuit Court through J. H. Lewis, attorney for Clarence H. Venner of Venner & Co., Boston.

The plaintiff avers that he brings the suit in behalf of himself and the minority stockholders of the Rock Island system. A bill for injunction against the road was filed by Venner several months ago, and it is still pending.

The present petition charges that the company has declined to let the stockholders see the books or to know anything concerning the dealings of the corporation. The petitioner charges further that there have been schemes afoot to change the relation of the Rock Island stock, making it liable for the debts of different railroad companies throughout the country which the Rock Island is trying to purchase.

MISSISSIPPI TRAFFIC WAR.

Southern System to Have New Orleans-St. Louis Service.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 28.—Announcement that the Mobile and Ohio, which is a part of the Southern Railway system, is to enter New Orleans with its passenger trains direct from St. Louis, portends the sharpest competition for railroad traffic that has been witnessed in the South for years. The entrance is to be effected over the New Orleans and Northeastern line of the Queen and Crescent route, which the Southern dominates between Meridian, Miss., and New Orleans, a distance of 195 miles.

The inauguration of this service July 1 means direct competition between the Illinois Central and the Southern for the St. Louis-New Orleans passenger traffic. There is only two miles difference in length in the two routes, the slight advantage belonging to the Illinois Central.

Following this within another year or so, the Frisco system will have its line in operation from New Orleans to St. Louis, and the various lines will all be bent on capturing their share of the passenger traffic between the two largest cities on the Mississippi River.

Dr. Gottheil's Memory Honored.

A service in memory of the Rev. Dr. Gustav Gottheil, late Vice President of the Federation of American Zionists, was held last night in the First Roumanian Synagogue, at 93 Rivington Street. The service was well attended and the speakers were the Rev. Dr. A. M. Radin, the Rev. H. Masliansky, I. D. Morrison, and J. De Haas. Dr. Radin said that Dr. Gottheil "gave up his life for the Jewish people—not of this city, but of all the world—and died in a blaze of glory such as few men had ever known."

DEATH OF DR. G. D. BOARDMAN.

Distinguished Philadelphia Preacher, Author, and Lecturer Passes Away After a Long Illness.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—The Rev. George Dana Boardman, one of the best-known Baptist preachers in the country, died in Atlantic City, N. J., to-day, after a long illness.

George Dana Boardman was born in Tavoy, Burmah, in August, 1828. His father, of the same name, was a missionary from this country to India, and his stepfather was Adoniram Judson, the famous pioneer American missionary. Young Boardman was only six years old when he started out alone for this country on a merchantman sailing from an Indian port. During the entire nine months of the journey across he was subjected to great abuse by the rough crew of the vessel, and once the ship was almost captured by a band of Malay pirates, who were beaten off only after sharp fighting.

Entering Brown University in 1846, the young student became disheartened, and decided to go to the West. In Missouri he read law and engaged in mercantile pursuits for two or three years, but then he changed his residence to New England. After studying medicine in Massachusetts for a few months, he re-entered Brown, and in 1852 was graduated from that institution. After his brief experience with law, medicine, and business, however, he had decided to become a minister of the Gospel, and three years after his departure from Brown he was graduated at the Newton Theological Institute.

Marrying Ella W. Corell of Albany, N. Y., he went to serve as pastor at Barnwell Court House, S. C., choosing the South because the climate was recommended by his physicians as beneficial to the pulmonary trouble from which he suffered. After only a five months' stay, however, he was called to the pastorate of the Second Baptist Church of Rochester, N. Y.

There he remained until May, 1864, when he went to Philadelphia, taking charge of the First Baptist Church. There he stayed thirty years, beloved by his own congregation and honored by all his fellow-citizens. While in his high position at Philadelphia he made many trips to foreign countries and wrote books descriptive of his travels. In 1880 he was chosen President of the American Baptist Missionary Union. He was a trustee of the University of Pennsylvania and a member of the American Philosophical Society. In 1894 he resigned his charge and was made pastor emeritus. In June, 1899, he founded a perpetual lectureship in the University of Pennsylvania called the Boardman Foundation in Christian Ethics. In November of the next year he delivered the first lecture in the series.

After his resignation most of his time was given up to travel and authorship. In 1898 he wrote one of his most well-known books, "The Kingdom." He attended the Peace Conference at The Hague, and while in Europe then contracted a severe case of bronchitis. Among his important works are "The Creative Work," "The Model Prayer," "The Divine Man," "The Problem of Jesus," "The Coronation of Love," "The Ten Commandments," and "Disarmament of Nations." On Wednesday evenings from 1865 to 1880 he delivered 981 lectures, comprising a complete exegesis of the Bible, a work said never to have been accomplished previously.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Gen. Edward Olcott Shephard.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 28.—Gen. Edward Olcott Shephard, a well-known lawyer of Boston, died suddenly of apoplexy this morning at his home in Newburyport. He was taken sick soon after his arrival from Boston and died within fifteen minutes after being stricken.

He was the son of the Rev. John W. Shephard and was born at Hampton, N. H., Nov. 25, 1835. He was a graduate of Amherst, class of '60, and for two years afterward was Principal of the High School at Concord. He enlisted in Company C, Thirty-second Massachusetts Volunteers, in 1862, and participated in the battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, second Bull Run, Antietam, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, and Petersburg, and also in every battle of the Fifth Corps of the Army of the Potomac down to the surrender at Appomattox. He was wounded and captured while in command of the brigade skirmish line at the second battle of Hatcher's Run and was incarcerated in Libby Prison until paroled. His valor won promotions and he rapidly advanced to the offices of Captain and Major, and was brevetted Lieutenant Colonel.

After the war he studied law with Harvey Jewell, William A. Gaston, and Walbridge A. Field, the ex-Chief Justice. He was admitted to the bar in 1867 and became a member of the firm of Jewell, Gaston & Field in 1871.

Prof. Josiah Willard Gibbs.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 28.—Josiah Willard Gibbs, Ph. D., LL. D., Math. D., Professor of Mathematical Physics at Yale University, and a scholar of international fame, died suddenly at his residence here to-day. He had been sick for several days, but his illness was not supposed to be of a serious nature. His death was due to heart trouble.

Josiah Willard Gibbs, whose father, of the same name, was a famous philologist and Biblical scholar, was born in New Haven, Conn., on Feb. 11, 1839. After graduating from Yale in 1858, he pursued special studies in mathematics, and took the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1863, subsequently spending three years as a tutor in the college, and then going to the universities of Paris, Heidelberg, and Berlin. In 1871 he became Professor of Mathematical Physics in Yale, a position he continued to hold. Along with his regular duties he did a great deal of lecturing at various other institutions. His work was principally in the development of graphical and analytical methods in thermo-dynamics, and for his researches the American Academy of Arts and Sciences gave him its Rumford medal.

In 1879 he was elected a member of the academy, and he was Vice President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science in 1886. His publications include many standard works on his chosen subject, and in late years he had been especially noted for his system of vector notation, simpler than that of the quaternians and more approximating to the German notation. Williams College and Princeton both honored him with the degree of Doctor of Laws, the latter in 1896.

Alfred Eugene Mudge.

Alfred Eugene Mudge died at his home, 15 Crooke Avenue, Flatbush, yesterday from typhoid fever. He was born in 1845 at Hartland, Mich., and was graduated from the Ann Arbor University in the class of '66. Mr. Mudge began his practice as a New York lawyer in 1870. In 1882 he became First Assistant Corporation Counsel in Brooklyn under John A. Taylor, and continued with him through the administration of Mayor Low. He held the same post during the administration of Mayor Schieren and Mayor Wurster. He was a member of the Lincoln Club of Brooklyn, an honorary member of U. S. Grant Post, and a member of Ridgewood Council, Royal Arcanum. A widow and four children survive him. A son, Alfred E. Mudge, Jr., returned home from Cornell University a short while ago, suffering from the same malady that caused his father's death. Mr. Mudge attended him constantly, but both the physician who attended them and members of the family declare that the elder Mr. Mudge did not take the fever from his son, and they believe his attack to be a coincidence. Funeral services will be held at Mr. Mudge's home to-morrow afternoon, the services being conducted by the Rev. Dr. G. L. Hunt, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Alexandria, Va.

Irving M. Scott.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—Irving M. Scott, who for many years was Vice President and General Manager of the Union Iron Works, died at his home, in this city, this afternoon. He had been in poor health from kidney trouble for some time.

Irving Murray Scott was the builder of the battleship Oregon and others for the United States Navy, and was widely known as an authority on the construction of war vessels, his advice being sought at various times by different European Governments. He was prominent in California in manufacturing, in politics, and in educational work. He was born of Quaker parentage at Hebron Mills, Baltimore County, Md., in 1837, and was educated at the Milton (Ind.) Academy and the Baltimore Mechanics' Institute. After being employed in factories in Baltimore and other cities and becoming an expert draughtsman and engineer, he went to California. He designed the machinery for working the famous Comstock mines, and invented many machines. He was President for several terms of the Mechanics' Institute and of the Art Association of San Francisco, Regent of the University of California, and a Trustee of the Leland Stanford, Jr., University.

John G. Westfall.

John G. Westfall, one of the law clerks in the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, died in the home of his sister, at 1,029 East One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street late Monday night. He was for many years a law clerk in the office of the late ex-Judge Samuel Jones. Ten years ago he was appointed court officer in the old Court of Common Pleas. On the creation of the Appellate Division he was transferred there. He was a bachelor and about fifty years old. His home was at 1,492 Lexington Avenue, but since he had been ill, which was for several months, he had been staying at his sister's home in the Bronx. For many years Mr. Westfall was a member of the Tammany Hall General Committee.

Gov. De Forest Richards.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 28.—Gov. De Forest Richards died at his home in this city at 8 o'clock to-day of acute kidney disease.

Col. De Forest Richards had been a resident of Wyoming for fifteen years. He was born in Charleston, N. H., in 1847, and was educated in the New England States. He went to Alabama as a young man, and remained there eighteen years, engaged in mercantile business. During his residence in Wyoming he was identified actively with the business interests of the State. He was President of several concerns. For several years he was at the head of the State militia.

Obituary Notes.

SIDNEY PRICE died Monday night at New Germantown, N. J., aged seventy-eight years. He was a wealthy harnessmaker. He served all through the civil war. Two children survive him.

VIRGIL C. GILMAN died yesterday at his home in Nashua, N. H., aged seventy-six years. He was Mayor of Nashua in 1865, and for years had been one of the most prominent citizens of the place.

THOMAS B. ALLEN, a well-known caterer, is dead at his home, 74 Newton Street, Newark. He was sixty-two years old. Mr. Allen succeeded his father in the confectionary business more than thirty-five years ago. He is survived by a widow and one son.

GEORGE A. SHEPARD died yesterday at his home, in Salem, Mass., aged fifty-one years. He was paying teller of the Naumkeag National Bank, with which institution he became connected when a boy. Mr. Shepard was well known as a musician, having been organist of the Tabernacle Congregationalist Church of Salem for twenty years.

DAVID L. WEBSTER died yesterday at his residence, 334 Beacon Street, Boston, aged ninety years. He established himself in the leather business in Boston in 1835, and the business has been continued to this day under the name of Webster & Co. In 1871 and 1872 he was a member of the Boston Common Council, and in 1876 he served in the Legislature as representative.

WILLIAM F. D. CRANE, who for several years was President of the Orange Camera Club, died yesterday morning at the residence of his father, Thomas S. Crane, 24 Reynolds Terrace, Orange, from pneumonia, after an illness of two weeks. He was thirty-eight years old, and unmarried. Mr. Crane was a graduate of Cornell, and was a member of the Society of Electrical and Mechanical Engineers.

Col. MOSES P. ROSS died in this city yesterday. He served all through the civil war in the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Regiment, New York Volunteers, (Orange Blossoms,) and was Commander of Andrew Williams Post, No. 394, G. A. R., several years. He also was a member of the Memorial Committee of the Commanders and Quartermasters' Association, the Anderson Zouaves' Association, Seventy-first Regiment Veteran Association, and Ashland Lodge, Knights of Pythias. Funeral services will be held at the New York State Arsenal, Seventh Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street, to-morrow evening. The interment will be at Chester, N. Y.

Business Notices.

Otranta — E & W — Otranta
A new collar

MARRIED.

BURNETT—RALLI.—April 28, 1903, at the Church of the Transfiguration, by the Rev. George C. Eccles, Julia Townsend Lawrence Burnett to Constantine Ralli.

KIP—DE PEYSTER.—April 25th, at the residence of her father, Col. Johnston L. de Peyster, Tivoli, N. Y., by the Rev. Lawrence T. Cole, Warden of St. Stephen's College, Carola de Peyster to Garrett Bergh Kip.

PARKE—PHYFE.—On April 28, 1903, in the Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church, West End Avenue and 77th Street, by the Rev. Henry Evertson Cobb, D. D., Norman Hulick Parke to Julia Floyd Phyfe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Phyfe of 246 West 73d Street.

PLATT—THOMPSON.—At Troy, N. Y., April 28, Angelica Schuyler Thompson of Troy to Elbert Scranton Platt of Waterford, N. Y., by the Rev. H. R. Freeman, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church.

WILLARD—GUTHRIE.—On Monday, April 27, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the Rev. William M. Grosvenor, Ella Fuller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Guthrie, to Eugene Sands Willard, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Willard.

DIED.

COSTER.—At Westchester, N. Y., on Tuesday, April 28, Julia De Lancey, daughter of the late Daniel J. Coster.
Funeral service at St. Peter's Church, Westchester, on Friday afternoon, May 1, at 3:15 o'clock. Train for Westchester leaves 3d Av. and 129th St. at 4:45. Relatives and friends are kindly requested not to send flowers.

FORSHAW.—On Sunday, April 26, George Forshaw, Sr., at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. E. F. Pease, 283 West 12th St.
Funeral services Church of St. John the Evangelist, corner West 11th St. and Waverley Place, Wednesday at 9:30 A. M.

KERNOCHAN.—On Saturday, April 25, in the 68th year of his age, Henry P. Kernochan, son of the late Joseph Kernochan.
Funeral from his late residence, No. 243 State St., Albany, on Thursday, April 30th, at 10 A. M.

NORTHERMAN.—On Monday, April 27th, John W. Northerman, at his residence, 510 Classon Av., Brooklyn.
Baltimore papers please copy.

OPENHYM.—On March 30, 1903, Adolphe Openhym, aged 49 years.
Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 352 Riverside Drive, on Wednesday, April 29, at 10 A. M. Personal friends and relatives are invited to attend. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH.—Entered into rest April 27, 1903, Sinai, widow of William Smith.
Services at her late residence, 2,421 85th St., Bensonhurst, N. Y., Wednesday evening, April 29, 1903, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

THOMSON.—Entered into rest April 28, 1903, Martha Thomson, widow of the late Samuel Thomson, at her residence, 326 West 33d St.
Funeral services at 2 o'clock Thursday.

TUCKER.—On Sunday, April 26, Estelle C., wife of A. C. Tucker.
Funeral services will be held at her late residence in Upper Nyack, N. Y., on Wednesday afternoon, the 29th inst., at 3:15, on the arrival of the 1:30 P. M. train from Chambers St., New York. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

WHITE.—On Monday morning, April 27, Victoria A., wife of the late Thomas Perkins White.
Funeral from her late home, 431 Clinton St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, 29th, at 2:30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

The gift of a
LOVING CUP
is usually associated with some special occasion of obligation or sentiment, and the selection of a thoroughly appropriate and artistic design is of prime importance. The Gorham Co. have in stock at all times examples of the best models of both classic and contemporary design.
The GORHAM CO.
Silversmiths and Goldsmiths, Broadway and Nineteenth Street, 21-23 Maiden Lane, New York.

CARPET CLEANING J. & J. W. WILLIAMS
Tel. 366 Columbus. Est. 1875.
353 West 54th St.

Funeral of Charles S. Baylis.

Funeral services were held yesterday over the body of Charles S. Baylis at the residence of his brother-in-law, Edwin S. Williamson, 1,023 Broad Street, Newark. The interment was in Greenwood Cemetery. Mr. Baylis died in Cairo, Egypt, on March 20. He lived almost entirely abroad, although he had interests here, being a Director in several banks and trust companies. He also retained his membership in the Hamilton Club. His father, David S. Baylis, was President of the Brooklyn Savings Bank for many years, and his uncle, Abram Baylis was a Wall Street banker. Charles S. Baylis's first wife was the sister of the late ex-Gov. Ludlow of New Jersey. She died in Rome. His second wife, a Miss Monel, survives him.

Charity Organization Appeal.

The Charity Organization Society appeals for $600 to place a refined American couple in a permanent home. The husband, because of advanced years and poor health, is incapacitated for work. His wife, an invalid, seventy-four years of age, has struggled to earn enough at sewing for their support, but is no longer able to do this. Any money sent for them to the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, will be duly and publicly acknowledged.

The society acknowledges the receipt of the following contributions in response to recent appeals: "A Friend E.," $120; "E. D.," "F. H. B.," and "Montclair," $10 each; "H. B." and "Miss M. H. B.," $5 each; Mrs. H. P. Howell, $4, and "C. L. S.," $1.

DEATHS REPORTED APRIL 28.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
ABRAMOWITZ, Nathan, 73 E. 3d	43	27
BENGOUGH, Richard, 183 W. Houston St.	63	[illegible]
BLANK, Edwin H., 301 W. 118th	26	[illegible]
BELLICK, Lizzie, 300 E. 112th St.	3	[illegible]
BRANDMAN, John, 3,030 3d Av.	41	[illegible]
BIASETH, Marie, 142 W. 25th St.	61	[illegible]
BYRNE, Patrick, 313 E. 24th St.	1	[illegible]
BARTLETT, Abbie H., 109 W. 48th	70	[illegible]
BURDEWICK, Herman, 418 E. 83d	74	[illegible]
BUDOFF, Charles, 220 E. 36th St.	9	[illegible]
CLINTON, Edward, 228 W. 47th St.	67	[illegible]
CLAREY, Elizabeth, 220 E. 122d St.	64	[illegible]
CONLEY, John, 69 Bedford St.	78	[illegible]
COHEN, Zippe, 226 Henry St.	45	[illegible]
CASTAGNA, Mary, 312 Mott St.	1	[illegible]
CARROLL, Mary J., 127 Greenwich	72	[illegible]
COREY, Mary, 333 W. 36th St.	76	[illegible]
CATALANA, Charles, 142 Cherry St.	4	[illegible]
CROSBY, Mary, 225 E. 21st St.	73	[illegible]
CONDRON, Harry, 230 E. 22d St.	42	[illegible]
CLARK, Eliza, 140 W. 66th St.	46	[illegible]
CAPEZZO, Dominick, 3 Franklin St.	1	[illegible]
CROSBY, Viola E., 415 W. 24th St.	1	[illegible]
CLANCY, Charles, Bellevue Hosp.	29	[illegible]
DWYER, George A., 249 Avenue B	1	[illegible]
DAVIDSON, John, 60 Lexington Av.	38	[illegible]
DICKS, Chin, 132 Pell St.	35	[illegible]
DAY, Charles, 638 E. 13th St.	31	[illegible]
FLAM, Jeanette, 207 West 84	1	[illegible]
FARRISH, Theodore, 273 W. 146th	1	[illegible]
FALVEY, Jeremiah, 151 Fulton St.	65	[illegible]
GRAY, Joseph, 339 E. 36th St.	40	[illegible]
GRADY, Ellen, 187 W. 80th St.	70	[illegible]
GREY, Gertrude, 271 W. 117th St.	5	[illegible]
HOGENCAMP, Mathias, 202 W. 79th	84	[illegible]
HENKLE, Annie, 1,889 2d Av.	64	[illegible]
HENRY, George, 502 9th Av.	62	[illegible]
HENDERSON, Walter, 330 W. 49th	1	[illegible]
KADISH, Mary, 7 Eldridge St.	1	[illegible]
KING, Dave, 225 Avenue B	1	[illegible]
LEOPOLD, Elizabeth, 637 E. 13th St.	34	[illegible]
LANGTON, Peter, 661 1st Av.	24	[illegible]
LAMONICA, Pasquale, 44 Oliver St.	23	[illegible]
LEWIS, Margaret, 158 E. 118th St.	63	[illegible]
LANGBERG, Pincus, 451 Grand St.	33	[illegible]
LLOYD, F., 679 3d Av.	64	[illegible]
LARAMEE, Mary, 411 W. 41st St.	85	[illegible]
LARNEY, Ann F., 1,160 2d Av.	71	[illegible]
MUGNI, Frank, 863 Lexington Av.	60	[illegible]
MYERS, Eleanor, St. Vincent's Hosp.	24	[illegible]
MARTIN, Ann E., 510 W. 126th St.	45	[illegible]
MILLER, Mary A., 302 W. 114th St.	80	[illegible]
MENDELSON, Samuel, 188 Broome	6	[illegible]
McCARTHY, Ann, 130 Ridge St.	63	[illegible]
McPEAK, Rose A., 591 Greenwich St.	59	[illegible]
McGUINNESS, W. P., 412 E. 18th St.	1	[illegible]
McDONALD, Mary, 331 11th Av.	69	[illegible]
NAEDILI, Jacob, 468 W. 34th St.	40	[illegible]
NESS, Sigmund, 522 1st Av.	73	[illegible]
NAUGHTON, Patrick, 62 Morton St.	63	[illegible]
O'NEIL, Ann, City Home for Aged	61	[illegible]
OPENHYM, A., 352 Riverside Drive	52	[illegible]
OLIVER, Maggie, 250 W. 53d St.	33	[illegible]
PETERSON, Hulda, 239 E. 33d St.	31	[illegible]
POSTEL, Frances, 54 W. 117th St.	49	27
RICHTER, Conrad, 11 Bowery	60	[illegible]
RAHLHAGEN, Otto, 454 W. 24th St.	46	[illegible]
RUFALLER, Isaac, 186 Ludlow St.	9	[illegible]
ROGERS, Lizzie, City Home for Aged	75	[illegible]
RILEY, Mary, 151 W. 62d St.	2	[illegible]
SHERIDAN, Mary M., 429 W. 45th	57	[illegible]
SARGOUSSE, Jean, 317 W. 33d St.	47	[illegible]
SCHAEFER, George, 641 5th St.	3	[illegible]
SAUSONE, Francis, 123 W. 90th St.	43	[illegible]
STARK, Moses, 147 Essex St.	1	[illegible]
STARKEY, Robert, 546 W. 43d St.	62	[illegible]
SOMMER, W. C., 201 Convent Av.	34	[illegible]
STREICH, Rosa, 115 Broome St.	1	[illegible]
SAGE, Margaret, 347 E. 24th St.	52	[illegible]
SAUERBORN, Vincent, 409 E. 46th	8	[illegible]
UBER, Fannie, 78 Lewis St.	63	[illegible]
WALSH, James, 504 W. 36th St.	32	[illegible]
WEBB, Walter, Gouverneur Hosp.	27	[illegible]
WALDMAN, Mary, 607 E. 11th St.	53	[illegible]
WARD, Edward, Mill's Hotel No. 2	55	[illegible]

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
BERKOWITZ, Fanny, Lebanon Hosp.	28	[illegible]
CORCORAN, Pierce, 705 E. 161st St.	40	[illegible]
DAVIS, Maria P., 629 E. 141st St.	68	[illegible]
FOWLER, John P., 1,263 E. 179th	45	[illegible]
HARTMAN, W. H., Riverside Hosp.	5	[illegible]
HAYES, Edward J., St. Joseph's Hos.	20	[illegible]
HUNTER, J. H., St. Joseph's Hosp.	81	[illegible]
ISAACSON, Laura M., 1,827 Vineyard Place	1	[illegible]
KRAUS, Yetta, Featherbed Lane and Marcher Av.	80	[illegible]
MARINO, Mary, King's Bridge	34	[illegible]
MOORE, Eleanore, 587 E. 140th St.	73	[illegible]
RATOWSKY, Fanny, 717 E. 140th	67	[illegible]
REDDISH, James, Seton Hosp.	96	[illegible]
SCHAEFFER, Marcus, St. Joseph's Hospital	44	[illegible]
SHEEHAN, John, 4,066 3d Av.	54	[illegible]
YUNG, Frank, 1,994 Bathgate Av.	60	[illegible]

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
ALBRECHT, Charles H., 307 Harmon	1	[illegible]
ADDOR, Charles L., 39 Henry	60	[illegible]
BAUER, Dorothea, 1,003 Willoughby Av.	65	[illegible]
CRUISE, William H., 90 North 5th	1	[illegible]
CAVANAGH, F. P., 106 Adelphi St.	57	[illegible]
CURTIS, Isaac H., 191 Arlington Av.	47	[illegible]
CONNOLLY, John, M. E. Hosp.	74	[illegible]
DEWEY, Charlotte A., 211 South 2d	74	[illegible]
DUERR, Catherine, Ger. Evan. Home	86	[illegible]
FINN, Thomas, 733 Dean St.	1	[illegible]
FITZGERALD, M. A., St. Peter's Hos.	37	[illegible]
FAGH, Carl J., 425 Hicks St.	40	[illegible]
FRIES, James S., 60 Bay 32d St.	56	[illegible]
FREEMAN, Jennie M., Bushwick Hosp.	24	[illegible]
GUNDLACH, Bertha, 13 Maujer St.	71	[illegible]
GRIER, William, 250 Miller Av.	4	[illegible]
HUBEL, Kate, 1,697 Pitkins Av.	1	[illegible]
HERS, Paulina A., 451 Hancock St.	1	[illegible]
HILL, George W., 233 Hewes St.	1	[illegible]
HERMAN, Elizabeth, 34 Skillman Av.	37	[illegible]
KOPESKA, August, foot of 4th St.	16	[illegible]
LOWERY, Eliza, 566 Bedford Av.	62	[illegible]
LONG, Philip, 42 Spencer St.	1	[illegible]
LOCKE, Maria A., 87 Winthrop St.	14	[illegible]
LANE, Anna, 278 Devoe St.	29	[illegible]
LESTER, Thomas, 60 McDougal St.	60	[illegible]
MAGEE, Loretta V., 494 Hart St.	24	[illegible]
MACKEY, James S., 449 41st St.	49	[illegible]
NILSON, Adelaide G. E., 164 Albany Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
NORTHEMAN, J. W., 510 Classon Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PADIAN, Mary J., St. Mary's Hosp.	37	[illegible]
QUINN, Samuel, St. Mary's Hosp.	51	[illegible]
RIMPO, Louisa, 396 5th Av.	11	[illegible]
RASMUSSEN, Geo., St. Peter's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
REILLY, Owen, 192 Withers St.	71	[illegible]
LAUER, Margaret, 351 Linden St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SMITH, Mary, 58 Douglass St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHMIDT, Bertha, 18 Clinton Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHILLING, Harry, 513 Marcy Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STORCH, Hyman, 435 Rockaway Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SERVEN, John, 778 Franklin Av.	37	[illegible]
THON, George, 675 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WILSON, William, 198 13th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WERNER, John, 260 Ellery St.	1	[illegible]
WYNNE, Catherine, 494 Henry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Special Notices.

A.—A.—Caswell, Massey & Co.
CREAM OF CUCUMBERS
for the skin. Immediate in effect. All dealers.

Rely Upon Platt's Chlorides
for all household disinfecting purposes.

Amusements.

THIS WEEK ONLY.
THE GREAT
MILITARY TOURNAMENT
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.
Management Military Athletic League
TO-NIGHT Review by Major General GEORGE MOORE SMITH of U. S. Troops, Sailors and Marine Corps, 69th Regiment, Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles, Canadian Militia, National Guard of N. Y. and N. J. Signal Corps, 1st and 2d Batteries and Naval Battalions.
Drill by 43d Reg., Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles, Canadian Militia, Musical Ride and Rough Riding by 2d U. S. Cavalry, Drill by U. S. Marine Corps, Drill by 9th U. S. Infantry, Artillery Drill by 27th Light Battery, U. S. A., Bridge Building by 3d Engineers, U. S. A., Sabre Drill by 1st Battery, N. G. N. Y., Drill by 1st Naval Battalion, Naval Militia, N. Y.
NEW PROGRAMME EVERY NIGHT.
Athletic Events Begin 7:30 o'clock, followed by Review and Military Programme.
ADM., 50 CENTS. Res. Seats, $1.00, $1.50.
SPECIAL MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON AT 2.
Admission $1.00. Boxes only reserved.
Exhibition Drill by St. Francis Xavier College, N. Y. City, and by Columbia Institute, N. Y. City, and by New York Institution of Deaf and Dumb, and by Hudson River Military Academy; also Drill by 43d Reg't, Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles, Canadian Militia, Music Drill by 2d U. S. Cavalry, Drill by 9th U. S. Infantry.
Next Matinee Saturday at 2 P. M.
ENTIRE MILITARY PROGRAMME.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Matinee To-day—Prices 50c. to $1.50. Henry W. Savage Presents GEORGE ADE'S Hit, The SULTAN OF SULU. Music by Alfred G. Wathall. MATINEE FRIDAY | EDMUND RUSSELL in HAMLET.

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE. Evgs., 8:15. Mat. Saturday, 2:15. THIS WEEK AMELIA BINGHAM MRS. JOHNSON. NEXT WEEK—JOSEPH JEFFERSON. Presenting, Mon., Tues. & Thurs. Evs. & Sat. Mat., "Rip Van Winkle;" Wed. & Fri. Evgs., "The Rivals;" Sat. night, "Cricket on the Hearth" & "Lend Me 5 Shillings." Seats ready. Mail orders received if accompanied by Postal or Express Money order, and self-addressed stamped envelope.

EMPIRE THEATRE. Broadway and 40th St. LAST WEEK OF JOHN DREW. Evgs., 8:20. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:15. JOHN DREW | THE TUNNEL OF THE NIGHT AND THE HUMMING BIRD. Saturday—Last Night of the Present Empire.

CRITERION THEATRE. B'way & 44th St. Evgs., 8:30. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:15. TO-NIGHT, 225TH TIME IN NEW YORK CHARLES HAWTREY A MESSAGE FROM MARS.

GARDEN THEATRE. 27th St. & Mad. Av. Evgs., 8:30. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:30. THE 15TH CENTURY MORALITY PLAY. EVERYMAN.

Madison Square Theatre, 24th St., nr. B'y. Evgs., 8:20. Matinee Thursday at 2:15. Last Week of Geo. Broadhurst's Greatest Comedy, A FOOL AND HIS MONEY.

GARRICK THEATRE, 35th St., near B'way. Last 4 Evgs., 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:15. ANNIE RUSSELL in MICE & MEN. NEXT MONDAY SEAT SALE 9 A. M. TO-MORROW. A Comedy of New York Life, by SKIPPER & CO. WALL STREET. INTRODUCING MACLYN ARBUCKLE.

NEW SAVOY THEATRE, 34th St. & B'way. Last 4 Evgs., 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:15. HENRY MILLER THE TAMING OF HELEN. NEXT MONDAY SEAT SALE 9 A. M. TO-MORROW. The Original Comedian, EZRA KENDALL. As Joe Miller. THE VINEGAR BUYER.

KNICKERBOCKER THEA. B'way & 38th. 8:00 P. M. sharp. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:00. Klaw & Erlanger's Colossal Production of MR. BLUE BEARD 114th time To-night.

Mendelssohn Hall, Thurs. Aft., Ap. 30, at 3. Piano Recital | ONLY APPEARANCE! BLOOMFIELD-ZEISLER. Management.....Henry Wolfsohn. Res. Seats $1 and $1.50 at Ditson's, 867 B'way.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Evs. 8. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2. Special Prices Wed. Mats., 50c. to 1.50. George's New Musical Comedy Success PRINCE OF PILSEN.

MENDELSSOHN HALL. THIS AFTERNOON. FAREWELL RECITAL. GABRILOWITSCH. Seats, $1, $1.50, at Ditson's. Everett piano used.

PROCTOR'S 23d St. COMEDY & VAUD. SHOWS, 25c. 50c. EVERY AFT. & EVE. Res. 75c. Big All-Star Vaudeville. Only A Shop Girl. | 5th —The— Cherry Pickers 125th St. Big Vaudeville. 58th St. Week of

CIRCLE 60th and Broadway. 2:15—Daily—8:15. McINTYRE & HEATH—NAT. M. WILLS AND OTHER ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE ACTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC 14th St. & Irving Pl. LAST 2 WEEKS. THE SUBURBAN. Prices 25, 50, 75, 1.00. Mats. to-day & Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15.

MAJESTIC GRAND CIRCLE, B'way & 59th St. Ev. 8. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2. WIZARD OF OZ. Evgs. and Sat. mat. REDUCED SEATS, 1.50 with Montgomery & Stone.

Manhattan Broadway & 53d St. Ev. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat. THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET

THE DEWEY E. 14TH ST. Tel. 6234—18. Matinee To-day. RICE & BARTON'S GAYETY CO. BURLESQUE & VAUDEVILLE.

DALY'S THE OPIE READ'S COMEDY. at 8:15. Last Week STARBUCKS. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

EIJOU B'way 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. Saturday, 2:15. MARIE CAHILL In NANCY BROWN.

PRINCESS B'way & 29th. Mats. To-mor'w & Sat. Evgs., THERR & BACK. Keep audience laughing at E. EVANS & HOPPER all evening.—Herald. 8:00—"THE MAN WHO STOLE THE CASTLE."

HERALD SQ. THEATRE. Evgs., 8:10. Mats. To-Day & Sat. GRACE GEORGE in Pretty Peggy

14th Street Theatre, Near 6th Av. Mats. Wed. and Sat. THE 4 COHANS in Their BEST Play, HUNNING FOR OFFICE

GRAND— Matinee To-day, 25c-50c. DE WOLF HOPPER

KEITH'S B'way and 14th. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30 PRICES 25c. and 50c.

AMERICAN 42d St. and 8th Av. Next Week Resurrection | BARBARA FRIETCHIE

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH. Wonderful Electric Theatre, Aft. & Ev.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St. MATINEES EVERY DAY 25c. MISS MILTON.

H&S Hurtig & Seamon's W. 125th. Mat. Hallen & Fuller, Midgeley & To-Carlisle & the Great Alexis | day

WEST END Mat. To-day. | "SHORE ACRES."

BASEBALL: Polo Grounds, To-day, 3:30 P. M. PHILADELPHIA vs. NEW YORK. Adm. 50c.

The Turf.

METROPOLITAN JOCKEY CLUB
BIG RACES TO-DAY AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL TIME TABLE TO-DAY.
Trains leave E. 34th St., N. Y., via L. I. R. R.: 12:40, 12:60, 1:00 (Parlor Cars), 1:10, 1:30, 1:50 P. M. Fare (incl. Grandstand) 50c. Brooklyn, Flatbush Av. 12:40, 1:00, 1:20, 1:45 P. M. Bedford Av., 12:46, 1:06, 1:26, 1:51 " E. New York, 12:56, 1:15, 1:35, 2:00. All trolleys to Jamaica connect with the track, also to Grand Stand, $2; Adm. to Field Stand, 75c.

RELIANCE AT NEWPORT

Transferred to Syndicate Yesterday and Will Go Into Commission To-day.

Set of Mainsail Improved and Extra Outfit Ordered from Ratsey—Ratsey Sails for Columbia, Too.

BRISTOL, R. I., April 28.—It was expected that the Reliance would go formally into commission to-day after being turned over by her builders, the Herreshoffs, to the cup syndicate, but the workmen had not finished putting on the final touches and the yacht was towed to Newport about sunset. The Reliance, however, was transferred to the syndicate during the day, and it is expected that Mr. Iselin will hoist his private signal on her off Newport to-morrow. Before turning her over Designer Herreshoff went on board the Reliance and held a conference with Mr. Iselin. He made a thorough inspection of the spars, sails, and all racing gear in order to assure himself that everything was in ship shape before turning her over to her owners.

The syndicate which built the Reliance consists of Clement A. Griscom, Elbert H. Gary, J. J. Hill, William B. Leeds, Norman B. Ream, William Rockefeller, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Henry Walters, and P. A. B. Widener.

The yacht will carry a large number on board while she is racing this season. They will be Manager C. Oliver Iselin, Woodbury Kane, Herbert C. Leeds, Newberry D. Thorne, Dr. Monahan, Capt. Charles Barr, First Mate George Petersen, Second Mate Chris Christiansen, a boatswain, carpenter, rigger, two sailmakers, three quartermasters and fifty seamen. The tender Sunbeam has a complement of thirty, including officers.

The principal work on the boat to-day was the fixing of her mainsail, and by hauling out the head considerable fullness was gained at the luff. Several of the battens were taken out and shortened, and then the sail was hoisted. It set considerably better than on Sunday, much of the looseness along the leach having been taken up. The clubtopsail, which was used on Saturday, and which is one of the small ones, was also set for a few minutes. Mr. Herreshoff and Mr. Iselin went on board and made a careful inspection of both sails, after which they were lowered and the mainsail furled and covered. By this time it was well along toward night, and the wind being ahead and somewhat light, it was decided to have the Reliance towed to Newport by the Sunbeam. Before the tender left several sails and spars were carried out from the loft, and at 6 o'clock a line was sent aboard the Reliance, and the two boats proceeded down the bay.

After the work done on it yesterday it is believed that the set of mainsail, which was excellent for a first trial, will be even better. It is much heavier than the mainsails of Constitution or Columbia. The owners of Reliance, however, are taking no chances, as it is said on good authority that a complete outfit of sails has been ordered from Ratsey & Lapthorn, the famous English sailmakers, who have a loft on City Island. These will be used on Reliance only in the event of the Herreshoff sails proving unsatisfactory. Ratsey & Lapthorn have just completed a suit of sails for Columbia.

The winch which hauls in the mainsheet has proved its worth in the trials held thus far. The men now work in safety, whereas, by the old way they had to stand up to their knees in water on the lee deck whenever there was a blow. The mainsheet man has formulated a signal system for giving orders. He stands on the after deck directly over the men at the winch. One stamp of the foot is given, and all hands lay to. Two stamps on the deck mean "avast heaving," and the clutch holds the gear. The main sheet can be let off from the deck.

The Reliance will remain at Newport until May 10, when she will go to Glen Cove for her first race with the Constitution and the Columbia. In the meantime, weather permitting, she will be given daily trials.

BRITISH YACHTSMEN SHOCKED.

Reliance's Sunday Spin the Cause—Newspaper Deprecates Sunday Cup Races.

LONDON, April 28.—British yachtsmen are disturbed by the fact that the Reliance went out for a trial spin on Sunday. The evening News says that it "trusts none of the international races will be fixed for a Sunday, or Sir Thomas Lipton may lose by feeling compelled to scratch."

Much interest is manifested here in the published report from the United States that Ratsey & Lapthorn, the English sailmakers, who have an establishment at City Island, N. Y., have been given orders for suits of sails for the Reliance, Constitution, and Columbia.

Walthour Won Cycle Race.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 28.—Bobby Walthour defeated Nat Butler in two straight five-mile heats here last night. Walthour made the first heat in 7:23 1-5 and the second in 7:31 3-5.

Doherty Brothers Tennis Champions.

LONDON, April 28.—The Gentlemen's Doubles in the covered courts lawn tennis championship games to-day resulted in the Doherty brothers retaining the championship, defeating Gazelet and Hillyard by 3 to 6.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

First Lieut. Robert E. Wood, Third Cavalry, is detailed as recorder of the examining board at Fort Assiniboine, vice First Lieut. R. E. McNally, Third Cavalry, relieved.

Major George H. G. Gale, Ninth Cavalry, is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Inspector General's Department.

Major George H. G. Gale, United States Cavalry, Inspector General, will proceed to Manila to relieve Major Hobart K. Bailey, Inspector General.

Capt. Lucien G. Berry, Artillery Corps, is detailed as a member of the examining board convened at Fort Sheridan, vice Capt. Samuel E. Allen, relieved.

Capt. Hamilton S. Hawkins, United States Cavalry, will proceed to Denver for duty as an assistant to the Chief Commissary of the Department of Colorado to relieve Capt. Frank A. Cook. Capt. Cook will proceed to Omaha for duty as an assistant to the Chief Commissary of the Department of Missouri.

Capt. Douglas Settle, United States Infantry, will proceed to San Francisco and report to the Commissary General for instructions.

Capt. Harry E. Wilkins will report in person to the Commissary General of the Army for duty as an assistant in his office.

Navy.

Capt. C. H. Stockton is ordered to London for duty as Naval Attaché, June 1.

Commander J. S. Briggs is detached from the New York Yard, May 4, and ordered to command the Baltimore.

Lieut. Commander W. L. Rodgers is ordered to Coaster's Harbor Island, May 1, for duty in connection with the Naval War College.

Assistant Surgeon R. R. Williams is detached from the Decatur and ordered to the Chauncey.

Assistant Surgeon J. H. Holloway is detached from the Franklin and ordered home to await orders.

Amusements.

VICTORIA 42 St. B'way & 7 Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. to-day & Sat. Last 4 Nights Blanche WALSH in RESURRECTION. NEXT MON., MAY 4TH DAVID BELASCO will present WARFIELD in "THE AUCTIONEER." Seats Selling.

BELASCO THEATRE Mat. Saturday, 2. To-night, 15th time. EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY, MAY 7. DAVID BELASCO presents THE DARLING OF THE GODS. BLANCHE BATES in

Spring Piece Theatre. Last week but one Fortnosy Operetta Co. Last 4 times, DIE PUPPE. Next & last week, "THE GEISHA."

STAR Lex. Av. & 107th St. Mat. to-day, 25c. TRACY, THE OUTLAW

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Arrivals—Vicksburg at Shanghai, Peoria at Norfolk.

Sailings—New York, Marblehead, Boston, and Ranger from San Diego for cruise and San Pedro; Alert from San Diego for cruise; Essex from New London for Hampton Roads; Wyoming from Santa Barbara for Mare Island; Mayflower from Washington for Southern drill grounds; Restless and Siren from Norfolk for Southern drill grounds.

The Marietta has been ordered out of commission at the Boston Yard.

WEEKLY CROP REPORT.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The following is a summary of the Weather Bureau's weekly crop report:

Nearly the whole of the country east of the Rocky Mountains experienced unseasonably low temperatures during the week ended April 27, and while the rainfall in the central valleys has been light, considerable areas receiving no appreciable amount, farm work has made very slow progress in consequence of wet soil and low temperatures. The drought in Florida and in the Central and West Gulf States, especially in the last-mentioned sections, has grown more serious, and over large areas the ground is too dry for germination of seeds. More favorable conditions prevailed in the States of the Upper Missouri Valley, and, while absence of rain in New England and the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic States permitted farm work, the weather was too cool for growth of vegetation. In the Rocky Mountains and Pacific Coast districts the week was the most favorable of the season, although portions of California need rain.

As in the previous week corn planting has made slow progress, more particularly over the central and eastern portions of the corn belt and in the Middle Atlantic States, but better progress has been made in Kansas and Nebraska, and preparations for planting have been vigorously carried on in Iowa and portions of Illinois. In the Southern States corn has suffered from low temperatures, and in the Central and West Gulf districts from drought also.

While the condition of Winter wheat continues very promising, a slight deterioration is indicated in the central and eastern portion of the wheat belt as a result of excessive moisture and low temperatures. Rust and insects have appeared in some counties in Southern Missouri and in the southern portions of Kansas, and the crop would be benefited by rain. On the Pacific Coast the outlook continues favorable, except in Washington, where much Winter wheat was killed.

Spring wheat seeding is well advanced over the northern portion of the Spring wheat region, and under favorable conditions will be completed in the central districts during the coming week. Satisfactory germination and good stands are reported from South Dakota and Iowa, but cool weather has retarded germination in Minnesota and Wisconsin. In the Northern Rocky Mountain districts and on the North Pacific Coast seeding is progressing favorably.

In the Missouri and Central Mississippi Valleys oat seeding has been well advanced, but in the Ohio Valley much seeding remains to be done. Germination of the early sown in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Illinois has been unsatisfactory. In Texas the crop is much in need of rain.

East of the Mississippi River early cotton has been injured by cold, and much replanting will be necessary. Planting in this part of the cotton belt has progressed rapidly except in Mississippi, where, as in the districts west of the Mississippi, planting, although well advanced, has been largely suspended during the past week on account of heavy rains. Germination has generally been good throughout the cotton belt, and the central and western districts are in urgent need of rain.

Tobacco plants continue plentiful and healthy, though backward in Kentucky. No transplanting has yet been done, except in the Carolinas, where plants are ready for setting in Tennessee. In North Carolina the plants are not starting well, and in South Carolina stands are being impaired by worms and injury has been caused by hailstorms.

The past week has been very unfavorable to fruit in the States east of the Mississippi River, frosts being general on the 23d and 24th, and extending as far south as the northern portion of the Central and Eastern Gulf States, with more or less damage to earlier varieties.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Robinson, J. M. Norton, Company, Louisville, Ky.; C. Weinstock, cloaks, suits, and waists; 72 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Root & McBride Company, Cleveland, Ohio; F. A. McReynolds, carpets; 72 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; S. C. Pierson, cloths and clothing; Hotel Navarre.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; T. J. Mooney, fancy goods and stationery, Broadway and Tenth Street; St. Denis Hotel.

Mosby, Wilkinson & Anderson, Richmond, Va.; J. H. Wilkinson, notions, laces, white goods, and furnishing goods; St. Denis Hotel.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; W. W. Everett, housefurnishing goods, 458 Broadway; St. Denis Hotel.

Rose-Runin, Company, Rutland, Vt.; W. C. Smith, laces and fancy goods; Hotel Albert.

Mears & Hagen, Scranton, Penn.; W. H. Hagen, dry goods; Hotel Albert.

Willmore & Williams, Scranton, Penn.; R. J. Williams, carpets; Hotel Albert.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; G. S. Pomeroy, millinery; 2 Walker Street; St. Denis Hotel.

Hannifin, P. R., Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; P. R. Hannifin, dry goods; Hoffman House.

Epstein, J., Baltimore, Md.; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery and underwear; Hoffman House.

Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; W. H. Sullivan, cloaks; 57 White Street; Hotel Albert.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; W. F. Finlayson, gloves, 480 Broome Street; Victoria Hotel.

Murphy & Robinson, Knoxville, Tenn.; G. W. Murphy, millinery; Hoffman House.

Briscoe, Daniel, Brother & Co., Knoxville, Tenn.; D. Briscoe, carpets, 258 Church Street; Hoffman House.

Nathan, M., Johnstown, N. Y.; dry goods; Hoffman House.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; M. H. Newmeyer, hosiery, laces, and jewelry, 402 Broadway; Grand Hotel.

Filene, William, & Sons, Boston, Mass.; A. L. Filene, dry goods; Victoria Hotel.

Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; B. S. Bush, cloaks, suits, and waists, 16 East Eighteenth Street; Victoria Hotel.

Connelly & Wallace, Scranton, Penn.; H. C. Wallace, dry goods; Victoria Hotel.

Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; L. Kaufman, cloaks, suits, and waists; 648 Broadway; Hotel Savoy.

Mark's, A., Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Carl Mark, millinery, ribbons, laces, ladies' and infants' wear; Hotel Imperial.

Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; W. W. Sisson, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; G. W. Freeman, boys' clothing; 480 Broome Street; Hotel Netherland.

Ritts-Kimball Company, Boston, Mass.; J. Murphy, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.

Mahelenie Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks, suits, and waists; 459 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; F. E. Flint, cloaks, suits, infants' wear; E. S. Lowe, silks; 57 White Street; Hotel Navarre.

Donaldson, William, & Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; C. E. Wigginton, china and glass ware; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Imperial.

Field, Markham & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. Williams, ladies' neckwear; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Earlington.

Moch, Berman & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; C. Moch, woolens; Hotel Manhattan.

"Emporium, The," San Francisco, Cal.; T. C. Copeland, cloaks; 108 Worth Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Carter Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; T. Keely, domestics and linens; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA.—P. A. B. Widener, Philadelphia; William Du Pont, Orange, Va.; Col. John T. McGraw, Grafton, West Va.; L. A. Watres, ex-Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania; E. S. Cramp, Philadelphia.

HOLLAND.—George A. Driggs, Waterbury, Conn.

IMPERIAL.—Capt. H. N. Coates, United States Army; Sprague Burden, Jr., Fall River.

GRAND.—Judge Burr Mattice, Oneonta; Col. W. F. Hallstead, Scranton.

PLAZA.—The Rev. Robert Gordon McGregor, Orange.

FIFTH AVENUE.—Archbishop John Ireland, Minnesota; Prof. Gamgee, LL. D., F. R. S., London.

HOFFMAN.—Gen. Julius Stahel, Washington.

NORMANDIE.—Col. A. Manotas, Colombia, South America.

NAVARRE.—Col. A. L. Mills, United States Army; Capt. C. B. Hagadorn, United States Army; Capt. G. L. Blakeley, United States Army; Capt. C. H. Echols, United States Army; Capt. F. H. Hope, United States Army.

EVERETT.—The Rev. Filsmaurice, Philadelphia; the Rev. S. B. Spaulding, Philadelphia.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sun rises	5:08	Sun sets	6:53	Moon rises 9:20

High Water This Day.

	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	8:44	Gov. Isl'd	9:00	H. Gate 10:56
	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	9:08	Gov. Isl'd	9:20	H. Gate 11:22

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) APRIL 29.

Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Arapahoe, Charleston and Jacksonville	3:00 P. M.
Celtic, Liverpool	3:30 A. M. 7:00 A. M.
Cincinnati, Jamaican-Republic and Turks Island	12:30 P. M. 3:00 P. M.
El Monte, New Orleans	*1:00 P. M. 3:00 P. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk	3:00 P. M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	6:30 A. M. 10:00 A. M.
Sabine, Galveston	3:00 P. M.
Silvia, Newfoundland	10:00 A. M.
St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A. M. 10:00 A. M.
Terence, Argentina	12:30 P. M.

THURSDAY, APRIL 30.

Blucher, Plymouth and Hamburg	9:00 A. M.
Cearense, Barbados and Brazil	1:00 P. M. 3:00 P. M.
Daggy, Yucatan	12:00 M. 3:00 P. M.
El Dorado, Galveston	3:00 P. M.
Gessner, Kurfuerst, Bremen	12:00 M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	3:00 P. M.
La Touraine, Havre	7:00 A. M. 10:00 A. M.
Monterey, Cuba, Yucatan, &c	8:00 A. M. 11:00 A. M.
Pomeranian, Glasgow	12:00 M.
Pretoria, Bermuda	8:00 A. M. 10:00 A. M.
Sailer, Prince, Argentina, Uruguay, &c	1:00 P. M. 3:00 P. M.

FRIDAY, MAY 1.

Iroquois, Charleston and Jacksonville	3:00 P. M.
Niagara, Mexico via Tampico	12:00 M. *3:00 P. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	3:00 P. M.
San Marcos, Brunswick and Mobile	3:00 P. M.
Saratoga, Central America via Colon	9:30 A. M.

SATURDAY, MAY 2.

Altai, Fortuna Island, Jamaica, &c	9:30 A. M. 12:00 M. *10:30 A. M.
Athos, Haiti and Santa Marta	9:30 A. M. 12:00 M. *10:30 A. M.
British Empire, Antwerp	
Campania, Liverpool via Queenstown	6:00 A. M. 9:30 A. M.
Caracas, Porto Rico, Venezuela, &c	9:30 A. M. 12:00 M. *9:30 A. M.
Columbia, Glasgow	8:30 A. M. 12:00 M.
Colorado, Hull	
Comus, New Orleans	3:00 P. M.
Etona, Argentina, Uruguay, &c	10:00 A. M. 12:00 M.
Lampasas, Galveston via Key West	3:00 P. M.
Maracas, Grenada and Trinidad	10:00 A. M. 12:00 M.
Minnetonka, London	9:00 A. M.
Monroe, Norfolk	3:00 P. M.
Morro Castle, Cuba via Havana	10:00 A. M. 1:00 P. M.
Olinda, Cuba via Havana	12:00 P. M. 3:00 P. M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	8:00 A. M. 10:00 A. M.
Weimar, Naples	8:00 A. M. 11:00 A. M.

MONDAY, MAY 4.

Apache, Charleston and Jacksonville	3:00 P. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk	3:00 P. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Fort Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at 6:30 P. M. (the connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Thursday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 11:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., Sundays at 11:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Mondays at 11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 11:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., Sundays at 11:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 P. M.) Registered mail closes at 5:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China, and Philippine Islands via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May 8, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Doric. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after April 25 and up to May 19, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Sonoma. If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 9:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M. and 6:30 P. M.—on days at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Hawaii, China, Japan, and Philippine Islands via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May 11, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Nippon Maru. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May 13, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Olympia. Mails for Australia (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May 8 and up to May 22, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Aorangi. Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May 13, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand, and Philippine Islands via San Francisco, the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) APRIL 29.

Citta di Milano, Naples April 17.
El Valle, Galveston, April 23.
Hamilton, Norfolk, April 28.
Iroquois, Jacksonville, April 26.
Koenig Albert, Genoa, April 19.
Lampasas, Galveston, April 22.
Naupilia, Stettin, April 8.
Nicolai II., Copenhagen, April 17.
Oceanic, Liverpool, April 22.
Prinz Wilhelm II., Bremen, April 21.
San Juan, San Juan, April 22.

THURSDAY, APRIL 30.

Deutschland, Hamburg, April 23.
El Dia, New Orleans, April 25.
El Sud, Galveston, April 24.
Menominee, London, April 20.
Neckar, Bremen, April 18.
Pretoria, Plymouth, April 20.
Yucatan, Colon, April 23.

FRIDAY, MAY 1.

Boston City, Swansea, April 17.
Denver, Galveston, April 23.
Grenada, Port of Spain, April 23.
Horatio, Para, April 19.
La Savoie, Havre, April 25.
Monroe, Norfolk, April 30.
Norge, Copenhagen, April 15.
Washington, Naples, April 11.

SATURDAY, MAY 2.

Jamestown, Norfolk, May 1.
Umbria, Liverpool, April 25.
New York, Southampton, April 25.

Arrived.

SS Jamestown, Tapley, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.

SS Lombardia, (Ital.) Canzone, Genoa April 13 and Naples 15th, with mdse. and passengers to Hirsch, Feltman & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 1:10 P. M.

SS Erna, (Ger.,) Hadherring, Kingston, &c., April 18, with mdse. and passengers to J. E. Ryan & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 3 P. M.

SS Morro Castle, Downs, Havana April 25, with mdse. and passengers to James E. Ward & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 4:15 P. M.

SS Kennebec, Critchlow, Georgetown, S. C., April 24 via Fortress Monroe 27th, with lumber to the Atlantic Coast Steamship Co.

SS Benefactor, Beesch, Philadelphia, with mdse. to W. F. Clyde & Co.

SS Bovic, (Br.,) Kerr, Liverpool April 17, with mdse. to the White Star Line. Arrived at the Bar at 10:04 A. M.

SS George W. Clyde, Rich, Georgetown, S. C., April 23 via Wilmington, N. C., 25th, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde & Co.

SS Coronda, (Br.,) Le Gauter, Buenos Ayres &c., March 20, with mdse. and passengers to Norton & Son. Arrived at the Bar at 4 A. M.

SS Vortigern, (Br.,) Fairweather, Cardenas April 12 and Matanzas 23d, with sugar to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at 10 P. M. 27th.

SS Adria, (Br.,) Beaven, Huelva April 9 and St. Michael's 14th, with iron pyrites to Bowring & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5:30 A. M.

Steam yacht Arcturus, Davis, Southampton April 6 and Fayal 14th, to Rutherford Stuyvesant.

Sailed.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., (Ger.,) for Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

SS Algonquin, for Charleston and Jacksonville.

SS Monroe, for Norfolk and Newport News.

SS El Cid, for Galveston.

SS Goldsboro, for Philadelphia.

SS City of Augusta, for Savannah.

SS Georgic, (Br.,) for Liverpool.

SS Dorothy, for Norfolk.

SS Umbria, (Ital.,) for Genoa and Naples.

SS Aurania, (Br.,) for Liverpool.

SS Fri, (Not.,) for Maracaibo.

SS Hustin, (Nor.,) for Banes via Gibara.

SS Ethelwold, (Br.,) for Port Antonio.

SS Manna Hata, for Baltimore.

Notice to Mariners.

BEEDY ISLAND RANGE FRONT LIGHT STATION.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 110, No. 508; List of Beacons and Buoys, Fourth Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 31.)

Located on the lower end of Beedy Island, Delaware, westerly side of the Delaware River.

Notice is hereby given by the Lighthouse Board that on or about May 25, 1903, the characteristic of the light at this station will be changed so that the light will show as a fixed light without eclipses, the sectors of white, red, and partially obscured light to remain as at present, excepting that the easterly edge of the red sector will be shifted from N. ¼ E. to N., and will then cut Dredged Channel Midway Buoy, No. 17A, a black spar, on the westerly edge of the new dredged channel.

SCHOONER LEDGE RANGE LIGHT STATION.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 114, Nos. 524 and 525; List of Beacons and Buoys, Fourth Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 36.)

Front Light.—Located on the northerly side of the Delaware River, about ½ mile below Lewes Creek, and to the eastward and near the mouth of Crum Creek, Pennsylvania.

Rear Light.—Located about 1¼ miles NE. by E. ½ E. from the preceding.

Notice is hereby given that on or about May 18, 1903, the order of the rear light at this station will be changed by changing from a reflector to a range lens, without other change, and on or about May 19, 1903, a similar change will be made in the front light.

Bearings are magnetic and given approximately.

OLD CHESTER BREAKWATER GAS BUOY.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 54, No. 26; List of Beacons and Buoys, Second Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 24.)

Stationed off the outer end of the breakwater making off to the westward from Eastern Point, entrance to Gloucester Harbor.

Notice is hereby given by the Lighthouse Board that on or about May 1, 1903, the characteristic of the light shown from this buoy will be changed from fixed white to fixed white during periods of 5 seconds separated by eclipses of 5 seconds' duration.

By Cable.

LONDON, April 28.—SS Calabria, (Br.,) Capt. Briggs,

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

VITTORIO GHIGGERI.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Vittorio Ghiggeri, dealer in crockery and cutlery at 180 Prince Street, show liabilities of $4,455 and no assets.

LEON KRAMER.—Leon Kramer, a clerk, of 588 Tenth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $795, all contracted at Salamanca, N. Y., in 1897, and no assets.

WILLIAM HALL.—William Hall, manager, of 204 Ninth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $780 and no assets. There is only one creditor, Charles Hartung of Wyckoff, N. J., who obtained a judgment against Mr. Hall as surety for rent.

M. F. & J. D. HULTSLANDER.—Moses F. and Joseph D. Hultslander, who composed the firm of M. F. & J. D. Hultslander, grocers, at Walden, N. Y., have filed a petition in bankruptcy here, with liabilities $4,594 and no assets. The debts were contracted thirteen years ago, and the firm made an assignment on Jan. 31, 1891.

DAVID AUERBACH.—David Auerbach of 111 West One Hundred and Eleventh Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,022 and nominal assets of $5,900, due him by Max Hartman for money loaned in 1898. All the liabilities were for accommodation paper for Hartman & Co. of 82 Cortlandt Street.

BAILEY RESTAURANT COMPANY.—At a meeting of the creditors of the Bailey Restaurant Company, which had restaurants at 104, 469, 542, and 1,233 Broadway, held yesterday at the office of N. S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, at 68 William Street, Edward G. Benedict, the receiver, was elected trustee, and his bond was fixed at $10,000. The liabilities are $51,657 and assets $15,460.

ABRAHAM GREENBERG.—Abraham Greenberg, manufacturer of clothing at 28 East Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,108 and nominal assets of $2,642, consisting of stock, $100; fixtures, $200, and accounts, $2,342. Among the creditors are Robert Levine, $899; H. Hensler, $294; American Woolen Company, $171, and the Standard Woolen Company, $152. He was for fifteen years in the meat business and started in the clothing line three years ago.

NATHAN FRISCH.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Nathan Frisch, dealer in carpets and oilcloth at 190 Stanton Street, by the following creditors: Adolph Altman, $200; Moritz Weisberger, $250, and Max Finkelstein, $200. It was alleged that he transferred while insolvent a portion of his property to Alden Sampson & Sons, creditors, to prefer them. The business was established fifteen years ago, and he bought out his employer there in August, 1898, and carried a stock of about $5,000.

PETER DOOLEY.—Peter Dooley, a plumber, of 403 West Fifty-ninth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $45,247 and no assets. All the debts except $110 were contracted between April 1, 1899, and Sept. 30, 1900, while he was associated with William Christie (but not as a partner) in building a six-story warehouse, 31 and 33 West Fifteenth Street, the title to which was in Mr. Dooley's name. The property was sold under foreclosure about two years ago for $193,000. Among the creditors are the Masons' Supplies Company, $6,800; Rapp & Spiedel, $5,000; Henry S. Northrop, $2,500; R. Gill & Sons, $3,500, and the Mulhearn Steam Company, $3,000. He owes the Commissioner of Jurors $110 on a judgment obtained against him for failure to serve on a jury. He has been in the plumbing business ten years.

Attachment Against a Vice Consul.

Deputy Sheriff Plunkett has received an attachment for $387 against Haakon Skattum, Vice Consul for Sweden and Norway at Nice, France, in favor of Herman Ra[illegible] of this city, for money loaned (£400) at Nice on Feb. 27, which was to be repaid the next day, but was not. Mr. Skattum has been on a visit to this city, and, it is said, sailed for Europe yesterday, but the Sheriff served the attachment upon him before he left.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, April 28, the first name being that of the debtor:

ACIERNO, Flora—G. Acierno	$2,560
ANTHONY, Jacob C.—Solidarity Watch Case Company	48
BRYAN, Mabel C.—J. Claflin and another	35
BAKER, George H.—Henry O. Shephard Company	871
BARNETT, William, and Philip J. Dunn—People of the State of New York	1,000
BENEDETTI, Rosa, Joseph, Livoli, Angelo [illegible]—People of the State of New York	1,000
BENNESON, William, and John Rosoff—J. Glaser	229
BRODERICK, Mary A.—Bronx Company	376
CRATER, George E., Jr.—G. O. McFarland	367
CARROLL, Richard J.—W. N. Dietch	387
COXE, Lewis A., and William J. Simons—E. H. Steele, executor	114
DOE, John, and Morris W. Sheldon—M. Goldberg	1,157
DUNLAP & CO.—W. Young, costs	308
GEBHARDT, Augusta, and Joseph Konrad—S. Mantel	215
GWYNN, St. Charles B.—W. C. Sampson	232
GALLETTO, Rocco—W. R. Levy	312
GITSKY, Martin—Acker, Merrall & Condit	88
HOFFMAN, Mayer, and Samuel J. Ruth—H. S. Hardie and another	200
HEBBLETHWAITE, Frank H.—J. Wanamaker	2,557
IRONMONGER, Oscar—D. A. Moran, costs	13
JOSIAS, Herman—M. S. Hill	206
JAMES, Morgan T.—G. B. Leonard	128
KRAUSS, Amelia—S. Appel	215
LINTHWAITE, William J.—J. Thomson	2,100
LEYER, Arthur L.—J. Jacobs	2,595
MARGOLIES, Barnet—D. Dober	17
ORNE, Benjamin—W. W. Sanders	307
PORTUGADOFF, John—United Electric Light and Power Company	34
PARTOFER, John E.—A. Gordon and another	125
PEPPER, De Leon—Simpson-Crawford Company	266
PIERCE, Edward F.—L. P. Faccini	30
ROBINSON, George W.—Importers and Traders' National Bank of New York	24,764
STARLING, Martin—H. Greenberg and another	132
SACHS, Solomon—C. Weiss	15
SMITH, George H.—N. Coleman and another	41
THE MOORE COMPANY—H. Liebeskind	625
TALLMAN, Nathan E.—J. Claflin and another	107
THOMAS, William E.—Acker, Merrall & Condit	74
TOOE, Martha E.—I. A. Lahey and another	185
TROEGER, J. Frederick R.—J. Joseph	29
VIGGIANO, Frank—F. W. Cullinan, Com.	809
VOSBURGH, Myden A.—H. Kaltenhorn	107
WARD, C. Montague, and Mary—M. F. Howieson	50
WARNER, Frank—M. E. Mahan	218

Schoolship St. Mary's Coming Cruise.

The schoolship St. Mary's sailed yesterday for Glen Cove, L. I., where she will remain three weeks. On board were sixty-five boys, chosen for the annual cruise of six months. After a short cruise up the Sound, the ship will start on the cruise, which will include stops at Queenstown, Cherbourg, and Madeira. The term for the boys is three years, so different ports are selected each year. When the boat left her dock, at the foot of East Twenty-fourth Street, about 100 friends and relatives of the boys had assembled to wish them bon voyage.

FEDERAL COURTS.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Supreme Court of the United States:

661—Whitaker Wright, appellant, vs. William Henkel, United States Marshal, &c.—Leave granted to file brief herein on behalf of the United States.

270—Johnson Blackfeather, principal chief, &c., appellant, vs. the United States.—Submitted.

264—The Board of Commissioners of Stanley County et al., petitioners, vs. W. N. Coler & Co.—Argument continued for the respondents and concluded for the petitioners.

661—Whitaker Wright, appellant, vs. William Henkel, United States Marshal, &c.—Argument commenced for the appellant and continued for the appellee.

Call for Wednesday: 661, 266, 267, (and 268,) 278, 279, 282, 285, 286, 288, and 289.

Calendars for Wednesday, April 29.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Wallace, Lacombe, Townsend, and Coxe, JJ.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. in Room 124, Post Office Building.
180—Allis Co. vs. Standard National Bank.
129—Hills Bros. Co. vs. United States.
140—Baker vs. same.
98—Aquarama Co. vs. Old Mill Co.
146—Newhall vs. McCabe Co.
148—Matter of the C. L. Hallenbeck.
146—Reed Mfg. Co. vs. Smith & Winchester Co.
155—Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co. vs. Phoenix Ins. Co.
156—Bennett vs. The Minnehaha.
163—Thomson-Houston Co. vs. Wagner Elec. Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Ray, J.—Opens in Room 48, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Jury calendar.
287—King vs. Penn. R. R. Co.
99—Hendricks vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.
98—Nutting vs. Worthington.
100—Rogers vs. Haebler.
101—Hubacher vs. Schwarzschild, &c. Co.
122—F. R. Patch Mfg. Co. vs. Volkenning.
123—Wettendorf vs. Mail.
124—Crews vs. Haebler.
125—Campbell vs. Moffat.
97—Webb vs. N. Y. & Cuba Mail SS. Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Opens in Room 48, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.
78—Chelsea Jute Mills vs. Britain SS. Co.
80—Smith vs. Britain SS. Co.
83—Ross Iron Works vs. SS. Ethelwold.
85—Hall vs. N. Y. & Texas SS. Co.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, April 28.—The Court of Appeals to-day handed down the following decisions:

Parke's Son Company, appellant, vs. National Wholesale Druggists' Association; Matthie, appellant, vs. Arents; Matthie, appellant, vs. Globe Fire Insurance Company, New York; New York County National Bank, respondent, vs. American Surety Company; Adler, respondent, vs. Aron; Barlow, appellant, vs. Gillet; Kennett, appellant, vs. Hopkins and another; Nelson, respondent, vs. Hatch; Bell, respondent, vs. New Jersey Steamboat Company; Person, respondent, vs. Stall and another; Kelley et al.; Nevins, respondent, vs. Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Railway Company; Dunlop, appellant, vs. James and another; Flaherty, appellant, vs. Carey et al.; Grossmayer, respondent, vs. Order of B'nai B'rith; Podmore, administrator, respondent, vs. South Brooklyn Savings Institution.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Stephens, appellant, vs. New York, Ontario and Western Railway Company; Ludwig, respondent, vs. Metropolitan Street Railway Company.—Judgments reversed, new trials granted, costs to abide events.

City Trust, Safe Deposit, &c., Company of Philadelphia, respondent, vs. the American Company; White, appellant, vs. New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company; Carruthers, appellant, vs. Diefendorf.—Orders affirmed and judgment absolute ordered on the stipulation, with costs.

People ex rel. Metropolitan Street Railway Company, respondent, vs. State Board of Tax Commissioners, appellant; People ex rel. Coney Island and Brooklyn Railway Company vs. same; People ex rel. Brooklyn City Railroad Company vs. same; People ex rel. Consolidated Gas Company vs. same; People ex rel. New Amsterdam Gas Company vs. same; People ex rel. Twenty-third Street Railroad Company vs. same; People ex rel. Central Crosstown Railway Company vs. same.—Order of Appellate Division reversed and judgment of Special Term affirmed, with costs.

People, respondent, vs. Orange County Road Construction Company.—Judgment of Appellate Division reversed and that of County Court sustained; demurrer and discharge of defendant sustained.

People, respondent, vs. Glennon.—Judgment of conviction reversed and new trial granted.

People ex rel. McLaughlin, vs. Board of Police Commissioners of Yonkers et al.—Judgment reversed and proceedings dismissed, with costs.

People ex rel. United States Aluminum Printing Plate Company, respondent, vs. Knight, Controller.—Order reversed and determination of Controller affirmed, without costs.

Mabley, respondent, vs. German Bank of Buffalo.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed, without costs, in any court, and the fund awarded to appellant.

Di Lorenzo, appellant, vs. Di Lorenzo.—Order reversed and judgment of Special Term affirmed, with costs to plaintiff in Appellate Division and in this court.

People, respondent, vs. Stedeker and another.—Order reversed and that of General Sessions affirmed and defendants discharged from custody.

Casear, appellant, vs. Robinson and another.—Judgment reversed and that of Trial Term affirmed, with costs.

New York Calendars — Wednesday, April 29.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
1—Conover vs. Rowe.
2—Tanenbaum vs. Lippmann.
3—Witmark vs. Tams.
4—In re Nason-Ryder Co.
5—Hine vs. McDonald.
6—Smith vs. Dollard.
7—Allen vs. Corn Exchange Bank.
8—Allen vs. Home B'k.
9—In re Demarest.
10—Darby vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
11—Purdy vs. Seiferd.
12—Same vs. same.
13—Same vs. same.
14—In re West 18th and West 23d Sts.
15—Swanick vs. Young.
16—White vs. Beveridge.
17—Van Norden vs. Hansen.
18—Fountain vs. Disbrow.
19—Rossman & Bracken Co. vs. Parsons.
20—Morrison vs. Wright.
21—Raymond vs. Security Trust & Life Ins. Co.
22—Byrne vs. Byrne.
23—In re Levy.
24—Coy vs. Lynch.
25—Flanagan vs. Mayor, &c.
26—Ford vs. same.
27—McAnany vs. same.
28—Flewellin vs. same.
29—Foley vs. Phelps.
30—Forchner vs. Mayor, &c.
31—Fox vs. same.
32—Francisco vs. same.
33—Gore vs. same.
34—Fullam vs. same.
35—Gillies vs. same.
36—Goldberg vs. same.
37—Glatt vs. same.
38—McCloskey vs. Board of Education.
39—Pittsburg Milling Co. vs. Banker.
40—Bill vs. Miller.
41—Dunn vs. Uhren.
42—In re Riverside Drive and Parkway.
43—Rosebault vs. Hall.
44—Kubik vs. Kubik.
45—Adams vs. Dina.
46—Hughes vs. Hughes.
47—In re Norcross-West Marble Co.
48—Moore vs. Caldwell.
49—Same vs. same.
50—Sunshine vs. Levin.
51—Kraft vs. Griffon Co.
52—Nicoll vs. Glover.
53—Lawrence vs. Maack
54—O'Neill vs. O'Neill.
55—In re East 182d St.
56—Dodge vs. La Bau.
57—In re Lehmann.
58—In re Bouvere.
59—Acierno vs. Acierno.
60—Fuld vs. Gebhardt.
61—Smith vs. Greacen.
62—Rand vs. Iowa Cent. Ry. Co.
63—Miller vs. O'Connor.
64—Hughes vs. Hughes.
65—McCaffrey vs. Corbitt.
66—H. E. Taylor & Co. vs. Rooney-Westbury Elec. Lamp Co.
67—Hammond Typewriter Co. vs. Century Paper Supply Co.
68—In re 127th and 128th Sts. School Site.
69—Baxter vs. Greene.
70—Byrne vs. Byrne.
71—Ihlenburg vs. Hawke.
72—Borzon vs. Kopelowitz.
73—Cont. Wall Paper Co. vs. Krause.
74—N. Y. Life Ins. Co. vs. Heagan.
75—Leithauser vs. Leithauser.
76—McCauley vs. Cantor.
77—Oposnauer vs. Pelser.
78—Nelson vs. Crossman
79—Bernheimer vs. Schmid.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Calendar clear. Motions.
Preferred causes.
2810—Wilson vs. Lyons.
2725—Schieck vs. Donohue.
General calendar.
1586—Sheehan vs. Martens.
1187—Douglas vs. Street
1887—Rehwinkel vs. Kaufman.
1018—Linton Pharmacy vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1019—Marx vs. same.
2081—Martin vs. Badeau
2062—Monatiquot R. E. Co. vs. same.
1818—Duncan vs. N. Y. & H. R. R. Co.
1575—Knebel vs. Knebel.
2001—Hunter vs. Hunter
2005—Schonfeld vs. Wohlrat.
2080—Moffat vs. Fischer
2083—Frost vs. Hussey.
Undefended divorces.
1538—Whitney vs. Whitney.
2863—McEwen vs. McEwen.
2864—Isaacs vs. Isaacs.
2865—Zuffal vs. Woodward.
2867—Curley vs. Curley.
2869—Grossman vs. Grossman.
2870—Goodwin vs. Goodwin.
2874—Meyers vs. Meyers
2876—Head vs. Head.
2880—Merriman vs. Merriman.
2882—Jewell vs. Jewell.
2885—Sampter vs. Sampter.
2886—Jaffe vs. Jaffe.
2894—Schreiber vs. Schreiber.
2301—Jackson vs. Jackson.
1673—Norton vs. Norton.
2223—Abbott vs. Abbott.
2472—Davis vs. Davis.
2320—Smith vs. Smith.
2067—Ward vs. Ward.
1976—Benson vs. Benson
2304—Lundgren vs. Lundgren.
2306—Mestayer vs. Mestayer.
2840—Phillips vs. Phillips.
2828—Barth vs. Barth.
2830—Collins vs. Collins.
2831—Dessoir vs. Dessoir
2832—Piemental vs. Piemental.
2837—McKenna vs. McKenna.
2838—Lentz vs. Lentz.
2839—Winkler vs. Winkler.
2842—Fuermann vs. Fuermann.
2845—Bruner vs. Bruner
2846—Matzanke vs. Matzanke.
2849—Palemberg vs. Palemberg.
2851—Friedman vs. Friedman.
2327—Freyer vs. Freyer.
1682—Hamann vs. Hamann.
2853—Wellbacher vs. Wellbacher.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 2099.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.———, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Clarke and Krotel for the People.
1—Joseph Trapani.
To fix a day for trial.
1—Joseph Lichman.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on.
Inquest—10546—Biederman vs. Levor.
10791—Delaney vs. Byron.
6235—Foleron vs. Foleron.
10595—Bruner vs. Fidelity Mutual Life In. Co.
10740—Kornbloom vs. Philippsborn.
10640—Shapiro vs. Feist.
10948—Murphy vs. Wells.
10166—Kelcher vs. Board of Education.
9839—Goldberg vs. Goldberg.
10780—Tanenbaum vs. Oppenheim.
7793—Wilson vs. L. & N. R. R. Co.
10200—Maroney vs. May.
10601—Sieker vs. Beyer.
9293—Lowther vs. Schmitt.
10176—Nugent vs. Lynch.
9474—Guccione vs. Lucsione.
10483—Brumberg vs. Lang.
10466—Decker vs. Spreckn.
10605—Maples vs. Wellhurn.
10269—Norman vs. Ellas
10749—Ridley & Sons vs. Powell.
10349—Janeway vs. Burn.
9129—Moran vs. City of N. Y.
10742—O'Callaghan vs. Coler.
6387—Wever vs. City of N. Y.
11229—Murphy vs. Murphy.
9104—Wanzor vs. Sturgis.
8802—McKelvey vs. Morris.
10762—Nat. Starch Co. vs. Warden.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part III. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V., and VII., for trial.
2441—Broessel vs. Morse.
2373—Diamond vs. Am. Surety Co.
2317—Herald vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2421—Shea vs. same.
2422—Same vs. same.
1842—McLean vs. Webb.
3084—Goodkind vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3036—McGrotty vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2476—Glass vs. same.
1488—Coleman vs. same.
2439—Hertlein vs. Early.
2466—Lasher vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2347—Wood vs. same.
2324—Donahue vs. same.
1462—Jarvis vs. Amer. Forcite Powder Mfg. Co.
3784—Gallagher vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
7481/2—Murphy vs. Feltstein.
701—Evans vs. Elec. Vehicle Co.
2233—Stein vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2324—Carroll vs. same.
2324—Fischer vs. same.
2626—Blum vs. same.
2686—Murphy vs. Allison.
2404—Patten vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1781/2—Learned vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2387—McCurran vs. Armstrong.
5207—Thompson vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1743—Palmer vs. same.
2410—Gallagher vs. Hirsch.
10065—Kaufman vs. Judah.
2048—Van Schaick vs. Taylor.
2378—Nichols vs. Coleman.
10360—Guttentag vs. Whitney.
2232—Hopedale Elec. Co. vs. Elec. S. B. Co.
1701—Reilly vs. Lee.
1544—Hall vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
8044—Ficke vs. same.
2090—Siebald vs. same.
2290—Carpenter vs. N. Y. Eve. Journal Pub. Co.
2021—Morrello vs. Rittmaster.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 3110.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Parts VI., IX., and XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar.—To be called in Part VIII. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VIII., X., XI., and XII., for trial.
2823—Samuel vs. Wanamaker.
9520—Drestan vs. City of New York.
9452—Beck vs. same.
9536—Chovey vs. same.
1882—Ogden Lumber Co. vs. Busse.
1690—Oppenheimer vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
2182—Sommerfeld vs. Brady.
1971—Whaples vs. Fahys.
2318—Gray vs. Ryan.
2364—Keim vs. Reed
2365—Same vs. Reed Mfg. Co.
8771/2—Edwards vs. Calloway.
9847—Loeser vs. City of New York.
2957—Seligman vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
3073—Valoross vs. Stromberg.
3068—Melody vs. Horwitz.
10256—People, &c., vs. James McCreery & Co.
10264—Lyons vs. N. Y. Edison Co.
1429—Chemical National Bank vs. Sobbey.
1745—Donnell vs. Grace.
1264—Reilly vs. Hanson.
1775—Kleber vs. Union Ry. Co.
991—Baldwin vs. Mitchell.
1815—Rheinold vs. Diamond Point Mills Pen Co.
1816—Stevenson vs. City of New York.
1827—Krug vs. Darragh.
1843—Hale vs. City of New York.
1873—Faber vs. Hewlett
1877—Sterck vs. Trefturth.
1897—Ract vs. Amer. Brew. Co.
1901—Tognola vs. Hoppe
1916—Gudebrod Bros. Co. vs. Guichard.
1927—Socialistic Co-op. Pub. Assn. vs. Peterson.
8249—People, &c., vs. Seraphine.
1960—Frenkel vs. Simon Schey & Co.
1970—Gluck vs. same.
1979—Cornell vs. Byrne.
1985—Keller vs. N. Y. Commercial Co.
1987—Lynch vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
1996—Leopold vs. Friedlander.
2004—Egbert vs. Hanford Produce Co.
2017—Haynes vs. Edison Elec. Illum. Co.
2018—J. H. Labaree Co. vs. Crossman.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Stover, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House. Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M. Michael Flanagan, Adolph Frankel, Catharine Mackintosh, Alida Van Schaick. At 11 A. M. Grahams Polley. At 2 P. M. Joseph Gatchel.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fitzgerald, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Contested will. 1907—Anna Maria Raith.

CITY COURT—General Term—Adjourned until May 28.

CITY COURT—Special Term—McCarthy, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—O'Dwyer, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.
2223—Cullen vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
802—Hirtenstein vs. Davega.
2216—Gunn vs. Met. St. Ry.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
1490—Hinck vs. Union Ry. Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes:
6585—Brill vs. Norkett.
6573—Noble vs. Caldwell-Easton Co.
6607—Wellbrock vs. Hinsiage.
6562—Mulhearn Steam Heating Co. vs. Poole.
6407—Corn vs. Miller.

Highest number reached on regular call, 2685.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Parts III. and V.—Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—McMahon, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Smyth for the People.
1—William E. Dobson.
2—Casper Nagell.
3—Frank Gilfeather.
4—Henry Brown.
5—Norah Montgomery.
6—Pasquale Pinto.
7—Henry Devine, Joseph Rossel.
8—Harry Cohen.
9—Michael J. Cassidy, Thomas Murray.
To fix a day for trial.
1—John Warren, William Hogan.
2—Chas. Britton, alias Henry Watson.
3—Bridget Grogan, Jeremiah Murphy.
4—Edward Smith, John Ryan.
5—Katie Reilly.
6—Vincent Hendrickson.
7—Joseph Lattman.
8—John E. Johnson.
Pleadings.
1—Michael J. McCarthy.
2—John Breslin.
3—Joseph Martin, Charles Roberts.
4—James Kelly, John Brown, Harry Wright.
5—Harry Wright.
6—George Thomas.
7—William J. Pick.
8—Edward W. Wilson.
9—William Booker.
10—Hyman Schirmer, Samuel Cohen.
11—George Monroe.
12—Antonio Bonifatti.
13—Julian Rochlitz.
14—Pietro Statino.
15—James McCall.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Nott and Iselin for the People.
1—Henry Miller, alias George Engle.
2—John Wilson.
3—Nicholas Braun, John Fay.
4—Ignatz Schneider.
5—Anderson Riley.
6—Peter Sylvester.
7—Rene Durant.
8—Morris Levy.
9—Martin Mercer.
10—Frank Moray.
11—Daniel M. Ferrand.
12—Kalman Kassel.
13—Robert A. Graff.
14—Eugene Schureman.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Foster, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Sanford and Train for the People.
1—Benjamin T. Whitmore, Henry C. Wilson.
2—Samuel Roberts.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Thorne for the People.
1—Thomas Williams.
2—Charles Lawrence.
3—Walter Bennett.
4—Michael Stein.
5—Thomas Paivler.
6—William Mars.
7—Harry Falk.
8—Charles Schirmer.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J.—Trustees of fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen of Protestant Episcopal Church vs. Emma Johnson et al.—John L. Lockwood, Jr.

CITY COURT—McCarthy, J.—Bertha Ehrich vs. Philip Wolber—J. Sherman Moulton.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Weisel vs. Schwarz—David L. Weil. In re Delle—Daniel F. Cohalan. Marx vs. McBride—George H. Engel.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Butterly vs. Deering (two cases)—Roger A. Pryor.

SUPREME COURT—MacLean, J.—Harris vs. Levin—M. Warley Platzek. Metropolitan Savings Bank vs. Green—Champe S. Andrews. Whitehead vs. Russell—Edward J. Maxwell. Equitable Life Assurance Society vs. Treskow—Moses H. Grossman.

Brooklyn Court Calendars—Wednesday, April 29.

NOTICE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department.—The next term of this court will begin on Monday, May 25, 1903. The printed cases or papers on appeal must be filed with the Clerk for said term on or before Saturday, May 16, 1903. Cases at this term cannot be set down by stipulation for argument on a day certain, but must be disposed of when reached on the day calendar.

JOHN B. BYRNE, Clerk.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department—Goodrich, P. J.; Bartlett, Woodward, Jenks, and Hooker, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. Court opens at 1 P. M.
81, N. E.—Cain vs. Collier.
215—Kapella vs. Nichols Co.
327—Ellis vs. Thomas.
290—Harris vs. Harris.
358—Johnston vs. L. I. Improvement Co.
374—Maurer vs. Grimm.
273—Brautingham vs. Printing Telegraph News Co.
286—Drummond vs. Board of Supervisors.
300—Seventeenth Ward Bank vs. Smith.
331—Brightson vs. Claflin Co.
301—Baird vs. Cody.
302—Fiser vs. Cody.
303—Vollkommer vs. Cody.
351—Fitzpatrick vs. B. H. R. R.
348—Matter of Lawlor.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Gaynor, J.; Part II., Dunwell, J.; Part III., Herrick, J.; Part IV., Cochrane, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
7016—Battam vs. Van Brunt St. R. R.
7039—Frank vs. Met. St. R. R.
7044—Dalton vs. B. H. R. R.
7051—Linders vs. B. H. R. R.
7026, 7060—Rudnick vs. same.
7064—Agresta vs. Stevenson.
7238—Martin vs. Press Pub. Co.
7119—Ciletti vs. B. H. R. R.
7120—Boenig vs. Met. St. Ry.
7128—Wilhelm vs. Meody.
7136—McElroy vs. Brown Realty Co.
7139—Blank vs. Adler Veneer Seat Co.
7145—Eggolt vs. B. H. R. R.
6601—Small vs. Horgan & Slattery.
7140—Weisbratten vs. Neff.
7150—Risedorf vs. B. H. R. R.
7159—Lamonte vs. Met. St. R. R.
7162—Ackerman vs. City of New York.
7166—Lippman vs. B. H. R. R.
7169—Lambert vs. Met. St. R. R.
7170—Wirths vs. Kimble
7172—Meyers vs. B. H. R. R.
7174—Wagner vs. same.
7204—Gold vs. Erie R. R.
7207—Brady vs. B. H. R. R.
7211—McLaughlin vs. Robbins Co.
7214, 7215—Christiansen vs. B. H. R. R.
7216—Ficer vs. Lacker.
7223, 7225—Richard vs. Smith.
7226—Minet vs. Gunn.
7228, 7248—Dahl vs. B. H. R. R.
7229—Hanley vs. Rolf.
6640—Straub vs. Met. St. R. R.
3942—Bolton vs. Nichols.
6662—Gaines vs. Fidelity & Casualty Co.
6361—Currey vs. B. H. R. R.
5620—Ruppert vs. Bossart.
5598—Goetz vs. City of New York.
6094—Frank vs. City of New York et al.

The following cases, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. Causes will not be set down for days upon the call.
7244—Brause vs. Greenberg.
7247—Mayer vs. Met. St. R. R.
7251—McKenna vs. B. H. R. R.
7253—Lofsten vs. same
7257—Pierce vs. same.
7260—Perlmutter vs. same.
7263—Murphy vs. Met. St. R. R.
7266—Hanahan vs. Met. St. R. R.
7270—Hanwacker vs. Thorley.
7272, 7273—Rosenberg vs. B. H. R. R.
7274—Silverman vs. same.
7275—Shagrin vs. same.
7276—Beck vs. same.
7277—Ehrlich vs. same.
7278—Carlin vs. same.
7283—Hannify vs. Met. St. R. R.
7284—Litzko vs. B. H. R. R.
7287—Grenau vs. same.
7289—Fischer vs. same.
7290—Weissman vs. same.
7291—Coughlin vs. Dagnon-McLean Co.
7297—Gallo vs. Algood.
7305—Carney vs. City of New York.
7306—McGee vs. Flatbush Gas Co. et al.
7308—Martin vs. Union Railway.
5729—McGough vs. City of New York.
5132—Schiffman vs. McKane.
7311—Kleinbub, Jr., vs. B. H. R. R. et al.
7317—Gallagher vs. Met. St. R. R.
7322—Gillen vs. McAllister.
7323—Stern vs. B. H. R. R.
7326—Neuman vs. Long Island R. R.
7327—Minden vs. Met. St. R. R.
7330—McManus vs. Grissman.
7333—Joffe vs. Schmidt.
7342—Freely vs. B. H. R. R.
7342—Kevlin vs. City of New York.
7343—Williams vs. B. H. R. R.
7344—Stowe vs. Childs Unique Dairy.
7348—Nevins vs. Ward.
7350—Cohnfeld vs. B'klyn Heights R. R.
7351—Leo vs. Stubenbord.
7352—Green vs. B. H. R. R.
420—Lauro vs. Genesee Fruit Co.
6990—Falk vs. City of New York.
5845—Lynch vs. same.
7355—Zirk vs. B. H. R. R.
7356—Becker vs. Bruggeman.
7357—Skill vs. B. H. R. R.
7361—Levin vs. Anneberg.
7362—McDonald vs. B. H. R. R.
7363—Wright vs. same.
7364—Kilduff vs. Coney Island & B'klyn R. R.
7365—Duffy vs. B. H. R. R.
7367—Lord vs. Gibb.
7368—Maron vs. Quinn.
7369—McCormack vs. City of New York.
7371—Edison Electric Co. vs. same.
7372—Citizens' Electric Co. vs. same.
7373—Municipal Electric Co. vs. same.
7374—Selkirk vs. Bramm.
7375, 7376—Rose vs. B. H. R. R.
7378—Mooney vs. Met. St. R. R.
7380—Johnston vs. B. H. R. R.
7382—De Silva vs. same.
7384—Rosenberg vs. 3d Av. R. R.
7385—Coughlin vs. B. H. R. R.
7388—Jacques vs. City of New York.
7390—Kricker vs. Press Pub. Co.
7391—Maguire vs. City of New York et al.
7392—Gordon vs. Manhattan R. R.
7395—Monahan vs. Krantz.
7396—Postick vs. B. H. R. R.
7398—O'Connor vs. Starrett Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7399.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Smith, J.—Day calendar. Opens at 10 A. M.
405—Biehn vs. Thill.
2230—Caputa vs. Caputa.
2100—Lyon vs. James.
2283—Haug vs. Carroll.
1244—Reeve vs. Hall.
2142—Coote vs. Williamsburg Savings Bank.
2215—Eppig vs. Stradel.
1154—Warren vs. Sup. Council A. L. of H.
2150—Viggiano vs. Viggiano.
2129—Goldstein vs. Bloom.
2221—Sancton vs. Sancton.
181—McCann vs. City of New York.
2162—Barnet vs. Colonial Spring Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Marean, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Criminal Calendar—Aspinall, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. The People vs. Beecly. Same vs. Stevenson.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Crane, J.—Opens at 10 A. M.
323—Evans vs. Parker.
595—Ancher vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
600—Connelly vs. Probst.
601—Heedles vs. B. H. R. R. Co.

Referees Appointed—Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Marean, J.—Rea vs. New York and Rockaway Railroad—Samuel T. Maddox, to sell. In re Oest—George H. Perry, to inquire. Carberry vs. Carberry—Frank X. McCaffrey, to sell. In re Williamson & Harkness—William H. Greene, to make and state accounts. Gignoux vs. Sumner—Ralph H. Sheppard, to sell.

Westchester County Court Calendar.

Day calendar for April 29.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.
31—Delobaes vs. Peter Conley Mfg. Co.
331/2—Kent vs. Carroll.
41—Crawford vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.
42—Haulenbeek vs. Curtis.
43—Chambers vs. Webster.
45—Taylor vs. Norris.
108—Hermann vs. Hermann.
46—Reardon vs. Beck.
47—Silverstone vs. Engel.
48—Lynch vs. Van Tassell.
49—Blanchard vs. Savarese.
51—Chambers vs. Webster.
55—Easton vs. Secord.
56—Farrell vs. West. Elec. Ry. Co.
57—Day vs. Union Ry. Co.
61—Murphy vs. Hancock Ins. Co.
64—Hirshkind vs. Sheehan.
65—Murphy vs. Met. Life Ins. Co.
66—Reynolds vs. Emerick.
67—Reynolds vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.
68—Clark vs. Broderick.
70—Carmody vs. La Roche.
71—Mulligan vs. Carroll.
73—McCabe vs. N. Y. & Stamford Ry. Co.
80—Storm vs. Village of Dobbs Ferry.
82—Cothran vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
85—Riley vs. Empire Ins. Co.
86—Hanna vs. Swan.
88—Corning vs. Matthews.
89—Mackrell vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.

Queens County Court — Wednesday, April 29.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Dickey, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
267—Sampter vs. Edelsvard et al.
1304—Sadlo vs. Volkening.
1275—Volkowsky vs. Mahnken.
1008—Rock vs. N. Y. & N. S. R. R. Co.
1545—Worthley vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
1546—Same vs. same.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. Causes will not be set down for days upon the call.
1377—Walpers vs. N. Y. Elec. Light & Power Co.
1566—Windmuller vs. Standard Distill. Co.
1381—O'Rourke vs. Schmidt.
1247—Hauser vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
805—Wood vs. Wyeth et al.
1430—Benish vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
55—Davrin vs. City of New York.
149—Luning vs. Met. St. R. R. Co.
1510—Roode vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
1591—Same vs. same.
560—Faber vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
1476—Motylenski vs. N. Y. Sugar Refining Co.

Highest number reached on general calendar, 1302.

Spring and Summer Resorts.

NEW YORK.

Health and Pleasure

during the hot summer can be had at moderate cost

IN THE MOUNTAINS

of Orange, Sullivan, Ulster and Delaware Counties, N. Y., on the New York, Ontario & Western Railway. Physicians heartily recommend this region as one of great natural beauty and absolute healthfulness. 2,000 feet above the sea, with Pure Air, Pure Water, Pure Milk. No Malaria or Mosquitoes and within three hours' ride from New York. Send 6 cents for postage to the undersigned, or call and get free at offices below the SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED BOOK, "SUMMER HOMES," of 200 pages. It gives list of over 900 Hotels, Farm and Boarding Houses, with their location, rates of board, facilities, attractions, &c.

On May 29th and 30th Excursion tickets at reduced rates will be sold at 425 Broadway, 1354 Broadway and Ferry offices, giving an opportunity of personally selecting a summer home, and also enjoying a day's fishing in this delightful region. Tickets good returning up to Monday, June 1.

IN NEW YORK: 113, 141, 165, 425, 1354, 1370 Broadway; 3 Park Place; 287 4th Av.; 245 Columbus Av.; 153 East 125th St.; 273 West 125th St.; 182 5th Av.; ticket offices Franklin and 42d St. Ferries.

IN BROOKLYN: 4 Court St.; 860 Fulton St.; 98 Broadway; Eagle Office.

J. C. ANDERSON,
General Passenger Agent, 56 Beaver St., N. Y.

Long Island.

EDGEMERE HOTEL
EDGEMERE, LONG ISLAND, N.Y.
OPENS JUNE 25TH.
ADVANCE ENGAGEMENTS NOW BEING MADE
For Booklets, Diagrams, &c., apply to
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Care of RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,
25 Union Square.

Dutchess County.

THE DUTCHER HOUSE,
PAWLING, DUTCHESS CO., N. Y.,
Will Open for Guests May 1.
For information address R. C. LOVERIDGE, Manager, Pawling, N. Y.

Catskill Mountains.

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C. E. LELAND, Mgr. Buckingham Hotel, 5th Ave. & 50th St., N.Y.

Spring and Summer Resorts.

NEW JERSEY.

Atlantic City.

HOTEL IROQUOIS.
South Carolina Av. and Beach. Capacity 400. Rooms singly and en suite, with bath. Elevator. Sun parlors heated. Table and service unsurpassed. Special Spring rates, $10 to $17.50 weekly. $2.50 and up day. Write for booklet.
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HOTEL PONCE DE LEON.
Virginia Av. and the Beach. Capacity 300. Elevator, steam heat, baths, &c. Spring rates, $10 to $15 weekly; $2 up daily. Booklet.
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Direct Ocean front. Atlantic City, N. J. American and European plans. Open throughout the year. Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. Music. N. Y. Representative, 3 Park Place, 11:30 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Hotel Imperial 9 to 10 A. M., 3:30 to 6 P. M. Telephone 6050 Cortlandt.
C. R. MYERS.

Magnificent New
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Adjoining Boardwalk. Capacity, 600. Special, $15 up, weekly; $2.50 daily; $5.00 over Sunday, including Sea Water Baths, Swimming Plunges, Orchestra, Automobile. Booklet. New York Office, 289 4th Ave. 'Phone 1749 18th; also 3 Park Place.

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THE GARDEN HOTEL
Open throughout the year. American and European Plans. The only hotel in Atlantic City employing white service throughout.
W. I. FINCH, Prop. H. J. PEARSON, Mgr.
Personal representative, Hotel Netherland this week only.

THE ST. CHARLES,
on the Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.
Open throughout the year. Luxurious and modern. Capacity, 400. 50 private baths with sea-water attachments, showers, &c., attached to single rooms and suites. Magnificent sun parlor overlooking Boardwalk and Beach. Golf privileges. Write for booklet.
NEWLIN HAINES,
Formerly of the Chalfonte.

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Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City. $8, $10, $12.50, $15 weekly; $2, $2.50 daily during May and June. Unobstructed view. Elevator, steam heat; hot and cold baths free. Capacity 300. Table and service the finest. Booklet.
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HADDON HALL,
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This well-known hotel remains open throughout the year. Golf, yachting, driving, riding, the ever famous boardwalk, &c. Illustrated Booklet. N. Y. office, 289 4th Av. 'Phone 1749—18th.

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Remains open throughout the year. Every known comfort and convenience for Winter guests. Golf privileges. Running water in bedrooms. TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.
D. S. WHITE, President.

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South Carolina Av. and Beach. Finest location. Modern high-class hotel; capacity, 350. Rooms en suite, with private bath. Elevator, sun parlor, &c. Excellent cuisine. Special Spring rates.
BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL COLUMBIA,
Directly on the Boardwalk.
Every room ocean view. Unexcelled in appointments. Elevator, etc. Reduced Spring rates. Booklet. R. R. JOHNSTON.

THE LORAINE.—On the Beach, St. Charles Place. Fresh and sea water baths. Elevator. Special Spring rates.
SAML. WAGNER & SON.

ACME. Kentucky Av., near Beach; comfortable family house; modern improvements; terms reasonable. Mrs. G. W. Stoddard.

THE BREXTON, Corner Pacific and Michigan Avs. Special Spring rates. J. A. MYERS.

HOTEL SEABRIGHT.
Rhode Island Av. 2d house from beach. Steam heat. O. C. MILLER.

Long Branch.

THE CHALVIN, 2nd Av., Long Branch, two blocks from Ocean, new house, newly furnished; ample grounds; plenty shade.

NEW ENGLAND.

Connecticut.

EDGEWOOD INN,
Edgewood Park,
Greenwich (On-the-Sound) Conn.
Will Open Wed., May 27, for the Summer season.
A beautifully located Resort Hotel for select patronage. All rooms en suite with private baths and strictly modern conditions and furnishings. Careful service in all departments.
A new casino for indoor amusements; superior stable equipments and "auto" quarters; golf links; tennis courts; good music, and a multitude of well-kept walks and drives through picturesque country. Easy distance from popular Golf and Yacht Clubs.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.
At Laurel-in-the-Pines, Lakewood, N. J., until May 15.

New Hampshire.

A Summer Outing for Boys.
CAMP ALGONQUIN,
ASQUAM LAKE, HOLDERNESS, N. H.
EIGHTEENTH SEASON
Opens June 26. For information and circular address EDWIN DeMERITTE,
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PENNSYLVANIA.

Delaware Water Gap.

Delaware House. Water Gap, Pa. (Open all year.) Improvements. Cuisine excellent; boating, fishing, golf. Booklet. John Yarrick.

Mountain House. Water Gap, Pa. (Now open.) Highest, coolest elevation. Large rooms. Superior table. Booklet. Mrs. HAUSER & SON.

Stroudsburg.

Highland Inn. Stroudsburg, Pa. Enlarged. Refurnished. Electric lights. Steam heat; golf; opens May 1.
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Highland Dell. Capacity 150. Elevation, 1,300 ft. Refurnished, modernized. Cuisine, service first class; golf. J. F. FOULKE, near Stroudsburg, Pa.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.
St. Paul..Apr. 29, 10 AM | Phila...May 13, 10 AM
New York.May 6, 10 AM | St. Paul..May 20, 10 AM

RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Vaderland.May 2, 10 AM | Zeeland..May 16, 10 AM
Kroonland.May 9, 10 AM | Finland..May 23, 10 AM
Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway, N.Y.

CUNARD LINE.
TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.
From Pier 51, North River.
Campania.May 2, 9:50 AM | Etruria..May 23, 2 PM
Umbria..May 9, 2 P. M. | *Aurania.May 26, 3 P.M.
Ivernia..May 16, 9 AM | Campania..May 30, 9 AM
*Do not carry saloon passengers.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents,
29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
New Twin-Screw steamers of 12,500 Tons.
NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE.
Sailing Wednesday at 10 A. M.
Ryndam.......Apr. 29 | Potsdam.......May 20
Noordam......May 6 | Statendam.....May 27
Rotterdam....May 13 | Ryndam........June 3
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

WHITE STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Celtic....Apr. 29, 7 AM | *Victorian.May 12, 6 A.M.
Oceanic....May 6, 2 PM | Teutonic..May 13, Noon
Cymric.....May 8, 3 PM | Germanic.May 20, Noon
*Liverpool direct, $40 and up. 2nd class only.
Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS
by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured.
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25 Union Square,
'Phone 6060—18 St. New York.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO NAPLES—GENOA.
Nord America.........................May 12
Cabin, $55 & up. Dining saloon on promenade deck
Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 29 Wall St.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West.
Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26 N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M.
H. B. WALKER, Vice Pres. & Traffic Manager.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

North German Lloyd.
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken
Kronprinz.May 12, 4 PM | Kaiser...June 16, 10 AM
Kaiser.....May 19, 10 AM | K.Wm.II..June 23, 2 PM
K.Wm.II..May 26, 4 PM | Kronprinz.July 7, 2 PM
Kronprinz.June 9, 3 PM | Kaiser...July 11, 10 AM
THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS
S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."
707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER.
SAILS APR. 28, MAY 26, JUNE 23, JULY 21.
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.
Kurfuerst.Apr. 30, noon | Kurfuerst..June 4, noon
*Neckar...May 9, 10 AM | Bremen...June 11, 11 AM
Luise......May 14, noon | Luise....June 13, 10 AM
Friedrich...May 21, noon | Friedrich.June 25, 10 AM
Barbarossa.May 28, 11AM | Barbarossa.July 2, 11AM
*To Bremen direct.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
From Pier 24, ft. of Amity St., Brooklyn.
†Weimar...May 2, 11 AM | †Weimar.June 13, 10 AM
K. Albert...May 9, 3 PM | K. Albert.June 20, Noon
Lahn.......May 16, 11 AM | Lahn.....June 27, 10 AM
P. Irene....May 23, 2 PM | P. Irene...July 4, 1 PM
Hohenzollern.June 6, 2PM | Hohenz'n.July 18, 11AM
†Naples, Genoa only.
OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N.Y.
Louis H. Myer, 45 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.
FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service
Bluecher, Apr. 30, 9 AM | Waldersee, May 16, 9AM
Deutschland, May 7, 2PM | A. Victoria, May 21, 10AM
Pretoria, May 9, 1 PM | Bluecher, May 28, 5:30AM
F. Bism'ck, May 14, 10AM | Penn'vnia, My 30, 8:30AM
S. S. Deutschland
Record Voyage, 5 days 7 hours 38 min.
SAILS MAY 7, JUNE 4, JULY 2, SEPT. 15.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Phoenicia...May 7, 2 PM | *Ravenna.May 16, 2 PM
*Ravenna belongs to Nav. Co. "Italia."
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
Offices, 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

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NORTH CAPE, RUSSIA, ETC.
A select limited party will make a leisurely tour of Northern Europe, visiting Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Finland, Russia, Poland, Austria-Hungary, etc., and including Paris and London. Leave New York on June 4 by the Hamburg-American Line Express Steamship
"DEUTSCHLAND."
A Tour of 87 Days, all expenses included. First class throughout. SERIES OF 30 TOURS TO EUROPE, $225 TO $1,000. For programmes, berths, etc., write, call or 'phone.
THOS. COOK & SON,
261 & 1,185 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Established 1841.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.
Minnetonka.May 2, 9 AM | Minn'ha.May 16, 3:30 AM
Minneapolis.May 9, 4 PM | Mesaba...May 23, 9 AM
New York—London via Southampton.
MENOMINEE.......................May 8, 9 A. M.
MARQUETTE.......................May 22, 9 A. M.
MANITOU.........................June 5, 9 A. M.
ALL MODERN STEAMERS, LUXURIOUSLY FITTED WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE. ALL STATEROOMS AMIDSHIPS on UPPER DECKS. FIRST CABIN PASSENGERS CARRIED FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON. FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY TO 1 BROADWAY.

ANCHOR LINE
Glasgow and Londonderry.
Columbia..May 2, noon | Anchoria..May 16, noon
Ethiopia...May 9, noon | Furnessia.May 23, noon
First saloon, $50 to $100.
Second Cabin, $35 and up; third class, $26 and up. For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

Travelers' Guide—Steamboats.

JOY LINE $1.25 to Providence
First Class Service
Fast and elegant Steamers leave New York daily excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St. Telephone, 3063 Franklin.

PEOPLE'S LINE
FOR ALBANY.
Steamer ADIRONDACK or DEAN RICHMOND leaves Pier 32 N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily, (Sundays excepted.) Direct connections made with express trains North, East, and West.
EXCURSION $2.50.

TROY BOATS "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leave West 10th St. Pier daily 6 P. M. except Saturday. Direct railroad connections at Troy for all points North and East. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY.

CATSKILL, HUDSON AND COXSACKIE BOATS
Leave Pier 43, N. R., every weekday, 6 P. M.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
STATIONS FOOT OF WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.
☞The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.
7:55 A. M.—FAST MAIL.—Limited to two Parlor Cars and Dining Car New York to Pittsburg. Sleeping Car Pittsburg to Chicago. No coaches to Pittsburg.
8:55 A. M.—FAST LINE.—Pittsburg and Cleveland.
9:55 A. M.—PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Compartment Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.
1:55 P. M.—CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.
5:55 P. M.—ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Welch, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)
5:55 P. M.—WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.
7:55 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.
8:25 P. M.—CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Cincinnati.
WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.
7:55, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20,) (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sunday, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 8:55 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.
NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 3:25 P. M. daily.
CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week days and 4:55 P. M. daily.
FOR OLD POINT COMFORT AND NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week days and 8:55 P. M. daily.
ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, and Standard Coaches on week days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.
CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week days.
For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) 8:55 A. M., 12:10, 3:25, 4:55, and 11:25 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,) 9:00 A. M., 12:30, 3:40, 5:10, and 11:30 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M.
FOR PHILADELPHIA.
6:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 6:20,) 7:25, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25, (9:55, Penna. Limited,) 10:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car,) 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55 (Dining Car,) 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20,) 2:55, 3:25 (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sundays, 6:10, 7:55 (Dining Car, no coaches,) 8:25, 8:55 (Limited,) 9:55, 10:55 (Dining Car,) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55 (Dining Car,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.
Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1,354, 111, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue, (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.
Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.
W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
4-12-1903.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.
THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.
Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below: North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 2:45, 3:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.
All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 36 and 60, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10	A. M.—†MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 5:55 A. M., Troy 6:50 A. M.
7:54	A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30	A. M.—†EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:45 P. M.
8:45	A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.
10:30	A. M.—†DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 7:15 A. M.
11:30	A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:55 P. M.
12:50	P.M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.
1:00	P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:[illegible] P. M. next day.
1:00	P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. Michigan C.
2:45	P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.
3:30	P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7 P. M.
3:35	P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00	P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS, AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30	P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED. 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:25 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:30, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00	P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. 25 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
6:35	P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.
7:30	P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00	P. M.—*BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL. Due Buffalo 7:35 A. M., Niagara Falls 8:45, Toronto 10:00 A. M.
9:15	P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.
9:20	P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL. Due Cincinnati 7:30, Indianapolis 10:10 P. M., St. Louis 7:30 second morning.
9:30	P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 33 hours by Lake Shore.
11:30	P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, and Chicago.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.
HARLEM DIVISION.
9:08 A. M. and 3:36 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sundays at 9:20 A. M. Pullman cars on all through trains. Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.
Ticket offices at 113, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 153 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.
Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE
BETWEEN
NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND
Via Springfield and the
BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD.
(N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)
Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, †4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.
Leave Boston †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:14 A. M.
Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.
A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.
(New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)
Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:
†7:10 AM—for interm. points to Albany.
†11:30 AM—(1) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:25 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
†3:45 PM—(2) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Clev'd & Chicago.
†7:45 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chi.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leave Brooklyn Annex (1) at †10:45 A. M., (2) at 3:45 P. M.; leave Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at †11:30 A. M., (2) at †3:35 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.
A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.
Liberty Street and South Ferry, (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)
EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK—†4:00, (7:15 Easton only,) 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 5:00, (5:45 Easton only,) P. M. Sundays, §4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.
WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—†4:00, 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40 P. M. Sundays, §4:25 A. M., 1:00 P. M.
LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—†4:30, 8:40 A. M., 1:30 (3:40, 4:10 Lakewood and Lakehurst only,) 5:00 (5:30 Lakewood only) P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M.
ATLANTIC CITY—†9:40 A. M., †3:40 P. M.
VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—†4:30 A. M., †1:30 P. M.
LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT, AND SEA-SHORE POINTS—†4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 4:45, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:00 A. M., 4:00 P. M.
PHILADELPHIA (READING TERMINAL)—†4:25, †7:00, †8:00, †9:00, †10:00, †11:00 A. M., †12:00, †1:00, †1:30, †2:00, †3:00, †4:00, †5:00, †6:00, †7:30, †9:00 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—†4:25, †8:30, *10:30, *11:30 A. M., *1:00, †2:30, †5:00, †7:00, †9:25 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—||4:00, §4:25, †8:00, ||†9:10, (10:00, 11:00 A. M., Reading only,) ||†1:00, ||1:20, †2:00 P. M., Reading, Pottsville, and Harrisburg only, †4:00, †5:00 P. M.
zFrom Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only. ‡Parlor cars only. ||Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 113, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 98 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.
W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. M. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY., and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

	Leave South Ferry.	Liberty St. Ferry.	
Balto., Washington..	†8:25am.	†8:30am.	Buffet.
Balto., Washington..	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*11:25am.	*11:30am.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
"Royal Limited"...	*3:55pm.	3:40pm.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*4:55pm.	*5:00pm.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Balto., Washington..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 113, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 98 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City.	South Ferry.	Liberty St.	
Chicago, Pittsburg...	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus...	*12:55pm.	†1:00pm.	Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve......	*3:35pm.	*3:40pm.	Limited.
"Pittsburg Limited"	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Norfolk	†12:55pm.	†1:00pm.	Diner.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only.
Offices: 113, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.
Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. [illegible]
*Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible] d12.45, e7.00, n8.25, s6.45, x3.45.

	Lv. N. Y.	Ar. [illegible]
Buffalo Local	*[illegible] AM	[illegible] AM
Mauch Chunk Express	†8.25 AM	[illegible] AM
BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS	*10.25 AM	d10.30 AM
Mauch Chunk and Hazleton Local	*e12.40 PM	d12.50 PM
Wyoming Valley Express	†3.55 PM	[illegible] PM
Easton Local	†5.10 PM	[illegible] PM
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule Exp.	*[illegible] PM	*[illegible] PM
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	*7.55 PM	[illegible] PM

☞ Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 113, 261, 355, 1234 and 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y., 860 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 98 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn. N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

Surrogate Notices.

LOEB, ALBERT.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALBERT LOEB, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of Felix M. Gernsheim, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of June, 1903. Dated New York, the 9th day of December, 1902. ROSE (S) LOEB, Executrix; DANIEL GUGGENHEIM, MORRIS LOEB, FELIX M. GERNSHEIM, Executors. NOEL GALE, Attorney for Executors, 40 Wall Street, New York City. d10-law6mW

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks irregular.

Money easy, 2@2¾ per cent.

One of the Wall Street bulletins said about midday yesterday that there had not been a single significant transaction. But then came news of the Philadelphia shipment of gold, and the franchise tax decision. Neither of these were intrinsically stimulating factors, but the price response was of course excellent in a market like this, which is strictly professional, and plays the game in all its rigor. The rules require stocks to be sold on good news, and bought on bad news. Accordingly, the market received quite a little fillip from intelligence which all but hardened speculators might consider of contrary potency. The net result of the early heaviness and the later recovery was a fractionally and irregularly changed list. Exceptional advances were made of a full point or a little more by the coppers, and St. Louis and San Francisco. St. Paul made the only corresponding decline among representative properties.

It is idle to contend that the exports of gold, even in quantities multifold to-day's half million, should be dismissed with a line of announcement, and without a quiver of prices. Practically the matter never is confined to the amounts shipped. There is endless gossip why it is shipped, and how much more is to be shipped, and the matter is discussed as though it had some esoteric significance. This was all very well when the Treasury gold was around fifty millions, Mr. Bryan was still alive, and the gold standard, therefore, in danger. With the Treasury gold exceeding six hundred millions, and silverism as dead as Mr. Bryan politically, a little more stability of judgment would be defensible. The sterling market weakened promptly upon the announcement.

The affirmation of the constitutionality of the franchise tax is intrinsically important, and yet its market effect is subject to much discount. So far as it applies to guaranteed stocks, like Manhattan and Metropolitan, it affects the guarantors only, and in cases like theirs and others allowance has been made in the accounts, which have carried this amount as a debit, although the city has not received it. The city should now receive some fifteen millions of accrued taxes, besides an additional borrowing capacity of over twenty millions, and the power to tax franchises as realty up to four millions annually, on the present basis, relieving real estate of the old-fashioned sort to that extent. The point is worth remarking, even in a Wall Street chronicle, on account of the important corporations, listed and unlisted, whose interests are involved in anything affecting realty. By a rough analogy it might be said that the State law takes tax control of inter-county corporations under the State Constitution as the Federal law has taken control of inter-State commerce under the Federal Constitution. Counties have inadequate jurisdiction over franchises which they do not create, and which may be exercised in more than one county. Accordingly State machinery levies a tax for local benefit, covering property which local assessors could not reach, and taking the place of their previous partial assessment. So far as railway tracks, gas pipes, telegraph poles and wires have been taxed previously, they are now exempt, or rather taxed inclusively, so that the new net tax is not as burdensome as when the total alone is looked at. Of course the companies will try to escape the ruling of the State's highest court, but it is said that the cases decided present constitutional questions only under State law, not under the Federal Constitution, so that it may be necessary to prepare fresh cases to raise questions of that sort. The corporations procured the enactment in their interest of the clause which they afterward contested. They asserted that State taxation would be fairer and less oppressive than local assessment, and when the law was fixed to suit them, they claimed it was unconstitutional.

* * *

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Amal. Copper	1¼	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	2
Am. Sugar	⅝	Nat. R. R. of M.	½
Anaconda Copper	1	N. Y. Central	½
B'klyn R. T.	¾	Pacific Mail	½
Canada South	1	Penn. R. R.	½
Consol. Gas	½	St. L. & S. F.	1½
Int. Power	1⅝	Tol. Rys. & L.	2⅜
Manhattan	⅞	U. S. Realty	½
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	½		

Stocks Declined.

Am. Hide & L.	½	Met. Street Ry.	½
Am. Locom. pf.	½	Minn. & St. L.	3½
Am. Smelting	⅝	Mo., K. & T.	½
At., T. & S. F. pf.	½	Mo., K. & T. pf.	½
Ches. & Ohio	½	N. Y., N. H. & H.	1
Chi. & Alton pf.	½	People's Gas	½
Chi. G. W. pf., B.	¾	Pere Marquette	1⅝
Chi., M. & St. P.	1	Pullman	3
Chi. & N. W.	2	Quicksilver pf.	⅝
Col. Southern	½	Ry. Steel Spring	1
Col. So. 2d pf.	1½	Rep. Steel pf.	⅝
Corn Prod. pf.	1	Rubber Goods	⅝
Del., L. & W.	½	St. J. & G. I. 1st pf.	1
Den. & R. G. pf.	½	Sloss-Sheffield	½
Distillers Sec.	½	So. Pacific	1
Dul., S. S. & A.	½	Tol., St. L. & W.	½
Evans. & T. H.	1	Twin City	½
Ft. W. & D. C.	½	U. S. Realty pf.	½
Iowa Central	½	U. S. Rubber	½
K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	½	Western Union	½
Kan. C. So. pf.	½	Westinghouse 1st pf.	15
Met. Securities	1¼	Wis. Central	½

* * *

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Chi. & N. W. deb. 5s, 1921	1¼	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	1
Det. City Gas 5s	1	N. Y. Cent., M. C. col. 3½s	1
Ev. & T. H. con. 6s	2	St. P., M. & M. con. 6s	1
Kan. & Mich. 4s	2		

Bonds Declined.

Col. Fuel & I. conv. 5s	1¼	Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	1¼
Tex. Pac. 2d inc.	7		

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
April 28	467,420
To date this year	53,439,817
Corresponding date last year	65,202,238

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

April 28	$1,509,000
To date this year	$228,309,550
Corresponding date last year	$356,427,100

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

New York and Harlem Railroad.

SPECIAL MEETINGS.

Boston Elevated Railroad.

Ohio Fuel Company.

FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

Professional operators and others in the stock market yesterday engaged themselves in the morning session with the work of discounting, first, a gold export announcement, and, secondly, an unfavorable decision in the franchise tax case—that is, unfavorable to the corporations who would be compelled to pay the tax were the law declared constitutional. Hence it was that by 1 o'clock prices had declined all through the entire list from one to two points, and hence it was also that when, following the gold export engagement and the news from Albany that the franchise tax had been upheld, the market promptly responded by advancing, closing with a substantial rally in progress.

Mystifying and disconcerting as this recovery was to the uninitiated in the Street and to the few lambs who had ventured into the market, it is merely the old story of Wall Street's habit of discounting practically everything that, being expected, permits of a discounting process. Sales had been made in anticipation of the worst, and when that worst came and the outsiders rushed to sell—believing a break to be imminent—the sellers of recent days at higher figures gladly took advantage of the offerings of stock from outside quarters to beat a retreat from their short position. It may be said, however, that these offerings were not as free or as great as had evidently been expected—a fact that necessitated somewhat vigorous bidding toward the close, when it appeared that few stocks were for sale. Thus it came to pass that with few exceptions final figures in active issues showed complete recovery from the low of the day.

Conspicuous in this connection were the shares of the local corporations affected, or believed to be affected, by the franchise tax. With the exception of Metropolitan, which closed the day for a net loss of one-half all of these shares—Consolidated Gas, Manhattan, and Brooklyn—showed a gain at the close, each, singularly enough, of ⅛. In this connection, and as illustrative of the ignorance which shows in many speculative parts where one would look for some gleam of intelligence at least, it is cited that during the day there was fairly heavy selling, both of Manhattan and of Metropolitan, in expectation of an unfavorable tax decision. The fact that both of these issues are guaranteed dividend stocks, and therefore in nowise affected by the decision, was altogether unknown to or ignored by the sellers. The tax, if it must be paid, will necessarily have to come out of the pockets of the guarantors. In the cases of Consolidated Gas and Brooklyn Rapid Transit, of course, the tax payments will come directly out of the treasuries of the companies.

Concerning the gold export engagement the more conservative interests in the financial district were not disposed to attach much importance to it, this largely for the reason that it is recognized that gold can well be spared at this time. That this is so the action of the money market attests, call money being in abundance yesterday between 2 and 2¾ per cent., while time money was readily obtainable at 4¼ per cent. for ninety days. There is just the faintest suspicion in the Street that certain of the banks in their desire to hold money artificially high have overreached themselves, and that in the end rates will work much lower and against the far-reaching plans of these bankers.

The head of one of the largest Stock Exchange houses in the Street—a bear at the top, but a bull now—sums up the present market situation in a bulletin to his customers, as follows: "It is very difficult when the market is down to be a bull. Nothing is easier when it is at the top. We have had a thorough liquidation and a tremendous decline, and business conditions are good. Money is easier, and promises to remain so for some time. Crop prospects are brilliant. Were there any buying power the market would be considerably higher. If conditions continue to rule as they are now, this is bound to come."

For the first time in some weeks the transactions in Rock Island seemed to be free from manipulation, with the market in the shares apparently a wholly natural and healthy one. It was not clear for whose account the heavy buying of the stock all day—the issue declined only ⅝ from Monday's close, with the final figure showing a fractional net gain—was conducted, but the purchases were declared to be of a high-class nature and quite unlike any that have appeared in the stock in some time. The room element who had fought the advance in the stock were speculative, after the close of business, with more or less interest upon the truth of a report that new and important interests are to enter the Rock Island Directorate.

The fact that Talbot J. Taylor, Mr. Keene's son-in-law, was closeted with Mr. Keene all day yesterday at the latter's rooms at the Waldorf, was on the Street taken to indicate that this was in order to settle up Mr. Keene's market affairs preparatory to his contemplated trip abroad. It need not in the least cause surprise if announcement is made at any time that Mr. Keene has engaged his passage for Europe.

Now that all the so-called "bad news" is out, there is a disposition even in ultra-bearish quarters to look for some improvement in the market from this level of prices.

In explanation of the continuing weakness of St. Paul toward the close, it was said that the stock was being purposely depressed in order to permit covering elsewhere. There is authority for the assertion that the St. Paul March statement, to be published to-day, will make a favorable showing, both in gross and net earnings.

Pool manipulation continued on the shares of the Mexican railroads, with much "washing" of stock. At every opportunity the pools were said to be "feeding out" stock.

One of the features of the day was the sale of two silver bullion certificates at 54⅝ and 55, as compared with a price of 52⅜ recorded in the last transaction of such a kind on the Exchange, in August of last year.

The anthracite coal stocks were sold down on the report that the Attorney General will certainly institute proceedings against the so-called "coal combination." Washington advices later denied these reports, whereupon all the coal stocks promptly rallied.

Mr. Keene was credited with forcing the break in Southern Pacific to 53⅜. The Street was uncertain whether the selling represented a desire to shake out a weak bull following or a purpose by Mr. Keene to dispose of all his holdings, whatever the price, before his European trip.

London was again a seller in this market yesterday, disposing of about 15,000 shares. This is said to make fully 125,000 shares sold by London here within the past week.

The fifteen-point break in Westinghouse first preferred was on the transfer of a single 100-share lot, and was said to be without significance.

All the steel stocks were helped by the excellent report of Sloss-Sheffield for March, showing a surplus of $187,800, against $88,308 in the corresponding month last year—a gain of over 100 per cent.

AMERICAN CAN REPORT.

The statement of earnings of the American Can Company submitted to the stockholders at their annual meeting yesterday showed that the net profits for the year ended March 31, 1903, after deducting all charges were $886,711. President Assmann in his report states that the trade conditions for the near future are encouraging and that the company has a very satisfactory quantity of business on its books at remunerative prices. In regard to the concentration of plants and the amount spent during the year for improvements the President says:

"When the company was formed and since there were taken over 123 plants. To-day it is operating in thirty-six can factories and in three machine shops. In addition to the above, it has erected two detinning plants, one of which is now in successful operation, and the other will commence within a few days. It has made preparation to close up five more can factories and one or perhaps two machine shops. Special care has been taken that the new factories are best located for the convenience of the customers. It will thus be seen that the company has strictly adhered to its policy in expending its earnings in the concentration and development of its plants, with the result that each of the factories is a modern, up-to-date establishment.

"There have been charged to new construction and improvements during the fiscal year $1,481,476.48, and a large sum of money, upward of $1,000,000, has been charged to operating expenses for the concentration of its plants. The necessity for these extraordinary expenses has now practically ceased. Had not this amount of $1,000,000 been charged to operating expenses, the earnings of the company would have been $1,880,710.76."

The volume of the product manufactured and marketed, it is stated, was considerably in excess of that of the previous year, but the average price of the product was lower.

The report contains the following statement of assets and liabilities as of March 31, 1903:

ASSETS.

Plants, real estate, patents, &c.	$75,298,083.10
Improvements	1,808,339.23
Other investment items	1,009,438.35
Cash	1,639,291.45
Bills and accounts receivable	1,488,213.98
Merchandise inventory	5,121,901.24
Total	$86,365,267.85

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock:		
Preferred	$41,233,300.00	
Common	41,233,300.00	
		$82,466,600.00
Mortgages assumed		113,000.00
Accounts payable		1,123,392.87
Surplus		2,662,274.98
Total		$86,365,267.85

The results of operation are reported as follows:

Net sales	$22,076,393.97
Material consumed	$14,492,629.99
Direct and general cost of production, exclusive of materials, but including all labor, salaries, and expense of dismantling, centralizing, and remodeling factories	5,655,820.87
Maintenance and repairs	340,949.49
Insurance and rents	292,640.29
Power, heat, and light	296,457.13
Stable and teaming	185,954.05
Miscellaneous factory expenses	249,134.37
Total cost	$21,513,086.19
Value of product	22,455,837.39
Factory profit	$942,751.20
Other profits:	
Resales	10,565.28
Discounts on purchases	125,809.36
Rents received	16,193.13
Interest received	51,640.42
Miscellaneous	34,389.80
Total	$1,181,349.19
Other expenses:	
Discounts on sales	$99,575.85
Interest paid	19,832.11
Advertising	18,593.07
Patents	16,377.58
Taxes	88,483.74
Miscellaneous	51,776.08
Total	$294,638.43
Net profit for the year	$886,710.76

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Statement from Boston that application will soon be made to list the stock of the Greene Consolidated Copper Mining Company on the Boston Stock Exchange.

According to Chicago dispatches, the sash and door trust has failed to materialize and the American Sash and Door Company has deeded back to the original owners the three plants there which had gone into the combination.

Tacoma advices that the Washington Railway has been incorporated to build a line from Orondo through the Big Bend wheat district, connecting with the Great Northern Railway.

Capital stock of the Atlas Portland Cement Company increased from $7,500,000 to $10,000,000, the additional capital to be used for the extension of the business.

Springfield (Ill.) dispatches stating that the North American Trust Company of New York City has qualified to do a trust business in Illinois by depositing $50,000 in United States bonds with the Auditor of Public Accounts.

Toronto advices that the Toronto General Trusts Corporation has taken over the business of the Ottawa Trust and Deposit Company.

Statement from Newark that the Fidelity Trust Company has extended the time for a few days in which it will receive stocks of the five trolley companies which it proposes to merge.

Increase of $1,502,277 in exports of general merchandise for the week as compared with the previous week, and increase of $99,205 as compared with the corresponding week last year.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 2@2¾ per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 4¼ per cent. for sixty to ninety days and 4½ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5¼@5¾ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5½@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, 6½ per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $242,195,899; balances, $14,411,625; United States Treasury's debit balance, $419,933.

Money on call in London, 3¼@3½ per cent.; short bills, 3 7-16 per cent.; three months' bills, 3 7-16@3½ per cent.

Foreign exchange was easier. Nominal rates were $4.85 for sixty days and $4.88 for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.84¼; demand, $4.87.65@$4.87.70; cables, $4.88⅛. Commercial bills were $4.83⅝@$4.84⅜.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18⅜ less 1-16 and 5.15⅝ less 1-16; reichsmarks 94 11-16 and 95 3-16; guilders, 40 and 40 1-16.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par @5c discount. Chicago—30c premium. New Orleans—Commercial, 60c discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, 15c; telegraphic, 17½c. St. Louis—35c premium. Cincinnati—Between banks, 5c premium; over counter, 50c premium. Pittsburg—25@35c. Louisville—Par.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 29.—The Times in its City article to-day says that the beginning of the Stock Exchange settlement at the approach of the end of the month caused an increased demand for money, the Bank doing a fair business in loans and renewals. Discount rates were steady. The Bank bought £119,000 bar gold. Stock Exchange settlement arrangements were easy, the tone being mostly dull. Consols, chiefly due to profit taking, declined 3-16, to 92 for cash and 92 1-16 for account.

British railway stocks advanced on the balance, while American rails and Canadian issues were neglected during the afternoon. Wall Street's selling of the former produced a general fall. South American traction stocks were again the most buoyant and active of the foreign stocks and very strong, owing to the firmness of silver on Paris buying.

There was very little doing in mining shares. There was a strong demand for silver, the spot rising ⅛d., to 25 1-16d., and forward 1-16d., to 24½d.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, April 28.—Money was in fair demand in the market to-day in view of the settlement. Discounts were fairly steady.

On the Stock Exchange the feature of the transactions was the buoyancy of Argentine rails. Otherwise business was conducted within narrow limits, and the operations were uninteresting. The tendency was toward easier prices, owing to the absence of support. Consols were depressed as a result of doubts concerning the character of the approaching Transvaal loan and the unsatisfactory outlook in regard to China.

Americans at first remained stationary pending the receipt of the opening prices at New York. Then they improved and closed steady. Grand Trunk was erratic, being affected by anticipations of an adverse March statement. Mexican rails were strong on the buoyancy of silver.

On the Street Americans were flat, especially Southern Pacific and Union Pacific.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 92; consols for account, 92 1-16; Anaconda, 5⅜; Atchison, 83⅝; Atchison preferred, 99½; Baltimore and Ohio, 94⅝; Canadian Pacific, 134¾; Chesapeake and Ohio, 45½; Chicago Great Western, 23; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 165¼; De Beers, 21⅝; Denver and Rio Grande, 31½; Denver and Rio Grande preferred, 88⅝; Erie, 34⅝; Erie first preferred, 67; Erie second preferred, 53¼; Illinois Central, 139; Louisville and Nashville, 120¼; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 26⅜; New York Central, 133¾; Norfolk and Western, 72¼; Norfolk and Western preferred, 91; Ontario and Western, 29¾; Pennsylvania, 69¾; Rand Mines, 11⅛; Reading, 27¾; Reading first preferred, 42½; Reading second preferred, 34; Southern Railway, 31⅝; Southern Railway preferred, 93½; Southern Pacific, 57¾; Union Pacific, 92¾; Union Pacific preferred, 92; United States Steel, 36; United States Steel preferred, 88¼; Wabash, 28¼; Wabash preferred, 48.

Bar silver unsettled at 25 1-16d per ounce.

Money, 3¼@3½ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 3¾@3 7-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 3 7-16@3½ per cent.

The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £119,000.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres, 127.27; Madrid, 36; Lisbon, 25.25.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, April 28.—Rentes, at the opening of the Bourse to-day, continued to decline, but later they rallied and closed firm, thus steadying the market. Internationals were inactive. Thomson-Houston fluctuated and finally showed strong improvement. The other industrials were steady. Rio Tintos rallied, gaining 10f.

The committee of the Venezuelan bondholders has announced its expectation of the formation of a syndicate next month to take up the outstanding obligations of Venezuela for 4 per cents. guaranteed by the customs.

The private rate of discount was 2⅞ per cent.

Three per cent. rentes, 97f 90c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 16c for checks.

BERLIN, April 28.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were unfavorably affected by yesterday's New York closing quotations: Canadian Pacific fluctuated.

Call money rose to 4¼ in anticipation of the monthly settlement.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rates: Short bills, (for settlement,) 4¼ per cent.; three months' bills, 2⅞.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 28.—The money market is in an easy position. Funds seem to be plenty, but the demand is not great. Call loans, 4@4½ per cent.; time loans on collateral, 4½@5 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 4¾@5¼ per cent.; Clearing House loans, 4 per cent.; New York funds, par to 5 cents discount; clearings, $24,950,513; balances, $19,965,334. The foreign exchange market is quiet and firm. Rates are unchanged.

Business was very quiet in stocks. The only feature of significance was the weakness of American Telephone, which declined to 160 on New York selling. Dominion Coal and Dominion Iron and Steel were softer. Copper range grew stronger in the afternoon in sympathy with Amalgamated.

Complete transactions were as follows:

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
263	Atchison	81½	81	81½
58	Atchison pf.	97⅜	97¼	97¼
40	Boston Elevated	146⅝	146½	146⅝
50	Boston & Albany	258	257	258
10	Boston & Lowell	245	245	245
140	Boston & Maine	177	176	177
115	Chi. Junc. R. & S. Yds.	149½	148½	149
4	Concord & Mont., Class 4	196	196	196
48	Fitchburg pf.	142	141¼	141½
230	Massachusetts Electric	31	30½	31
227	Mass. Electric pf.	88	87⅝	88
197	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	204½	204½	204½
20	Old Colony	206⅝	206½	206⅝
200	Pere Marquette	84	84	84
1,410	Union Pacific	90⅜	89⅝	90⅜
38	Union Pacific pf.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
10	Vermont & Mass.	172	172	172
24	*West End	93	92⅝	92⅝
3,453	West End rights	9c	7c	7c
5	West End rights, pf.	112¼	112¼	112¼

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
752	American	161½	160	161
110	Mexican	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
106	*New England	136	136	136
49	Western	20	20	20
90	Western pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
372	Am. Agricult. Chem.	20⅝	20	20⅝
3	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	78½	78½	78½
500	American Sugar	125½	124⅝	125⅛
48	American Sugar pf.	120	119⅝	119⅝
71	American Woolen pf.	77½	77¼	77½
645	Dominion Iron & Steel	28	27¼	27⅝
2	†Edison	275	275	275
284	Massachusetts Gas	43	42	43
334	Massachusetts Gas pf.	85	84½	85
2	Mergenthaler	182	182	182
40	Pullman	219½	219½	219½
20	Seattle Electric pf.	100½	100½	100½
32	Swift & Co.	113½	113½	113½
100	Union Land & Copper	4½	4½	4½
3	United Shoe Machine	47	47	47
130	United Shoe Machine pf.	29½	29½	29½
512	United States Steel	35⅞	34⅞	35⅞
432	‡U. S. Steel pf.	84⅝	83⅞	84¼

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
160	Adventure	9½	9¼	9¼
100	Aetna	75c	75c	75c
150	Allouez	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
4,005	†Amalgamated	64⅝	63	64½
10	Atlantic	12	12	12
205	Bingham	31	30½	30½
1,151	Centennial	25⅝	24	25⅝
860	†Consolidated Mercur	1½	1 9-32	1 9-32
1,230	Copper Range	64	62	64
165	Daly West	48	47½	47½
600	Dominion Coal	106	104	105
1	Dominion Coal pf.	117½	117½	117½
60	Elm River	4	4	4
250	Granby	5¼	5	5
5	Michigan	8½	8½	8½
390	Mohawk	51	50½	51
50	Montreal & Boston	2	2	2
50	Montana C. & C.	6½	6½	6½
100	National	1	1	1
5	Old Dominion	17	17	17
60	Osceola	65½	65	65¼
315	Parrot	27½	27	27
200	Phoenix	5	5	5
208	Quincy	115	115	115
975	Shannon	14¼	13⅝	14¼
10	Tri-Mountain	91	91	91
230	Trinity	9¼	8⅞	9
100	United Copper	20	20	20
358	U. S. Coal & Oil	14½	14	14½
330	United States	24⅝	24½	24⅝
805	Utah	29½	29	29½
50	Victoria	5 15-16	5 15-16	5 15-16
1,060	Winona	11	10½	11
270	Wolverine	71	70	71

British Columbia, 4½ bid, 5½ asked.

*Ex dividends. †Ex rights. ‡Assessment paid.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—Local market conditions were unchanged. Trading was dull and professional, with the price movement irregular, six stocks and two bonds advancing, and ten stocks and four bonds declining. The declines extended to a point in Bell Telephone, while Pennsylvania Steel preferred regained the 1½ per cent. it lost yesterday. Electric Storage Battery was up ¾, Cambria Iron ⅛, and Consolidated Lake Superior preferred, ½. These were the most important changes.

The day's news included the shipment of $500,000 gold to Paris by the Merchants' National Bank, the first transaction of the kind ever made by a local financial institution. Bankers here cannot figure out where the bank makes any profit on the shipment.

Electric Company of America shares did not respond to the exhibit made in the report at the annual meeting to-day. This showed that the net earnings derived from the stock and from companies owned and controlled amounted to $366,587, an increase of $85,355. After including all other income and deducting expenses, direct charges of subsidiary companies and dividends which aggregated $204,979, the balance for the year was $148,498. The total surplus Dec. 31 last was $453,776. It was stated that the company's net earnings for March last were equal to an increase of 22 per cent. over March, 1902. An important feature of the President's report was the reference to the suggestion which has been made that the par value of the stock be raised from $10 to $50 a share. This, of course, would be done by reducing the number of shares.

Total sales, 16,944 shares and $36,900 bonds. Range of prices:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
72	Bell Telephone	72⅝	72½	72½
250	Cambria Iron	47½	47¼	47¼
657	Cambria Steel	24½	24¼	24⅜
600	Con. Lake Superior	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
900	Con. Lake Superior pf.	23½	23¼	23½
870	Elec. Co. of America	9 1-16	8⅞	9
20	Elec. Storage Battery	75	75	75
250	Erie	33¾	33⅝	33⅝
2	Hunt. & Broad Top pf.	56	56	56
182	Ins. Co. of North Am.	24½	24¼	24¼
415	Lehigh Valley R. R.	43⅝	43	43
46	Minehill R. R.	64	64	64
8	Norristown R. R.	165½	165¼	165¼
203	Pennsylvania	68⅜	67⅞	68¼
628	Pennsylvania warrants	4 13-16	4⅝	4⅝
40	Penn. Steel pf.	93	93	93
207	Philadelphia Traction	97⅝	97½	97½
727	Philadelphia Electric	7⅝	7½	7½
795	Philadelphia Co.	44⅝	44⅜	44⅜
505	Phila. Rapid Transit	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜
8,900	Reading	27⅜	26⅝	27⅜
174	Reading 1st pf.	41½	41	41¼
100	Southern Pacific	54⅝	54⅜	54⅜
105	Susquehanna Steel	2⅝	2⅜	2½
8	United Cos. of N. J.	276	276	276
417	United Gas Imp. Co.	107⅝	107½	107⅝
200	Union Traction	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
1,370	United States Steel	35⅝	35	35⅝

Bonds Received for Exchange.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The amount of 3 and 4 per cent. bonds received to-day at the Treasury Department for exchange into 2 per cent. consols was nearly $3,000,000, making the total to date $54,518,750.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

The only stock in the outside market yesterday which was given very much attention was American Can, the fluctuations of which reflected the varying views taken of the company's annual report. Apart from this stock, the day's movement of prices kept within narrow range, but, as had been the case on Monday, the net losses outnumbered the net gains. The market, as a whole, however, was too inactive to be of much interest, and it would be idle in most cases to endeavor to find specific explanations for the movements that occurred in individual stocks.

* * *

AMERICAN CAN, which within the last two weeks had advanced many points, on the prediction that the company's statement for the year ended March 31 last would show the company to be in very good condition, sold down sharply just as soon as that report was published in the Street. The impression produced by the first reading of the report seemed to be an unfavorable one, for it was followed by numerous selling orders, which forced the price of the preferred stock from about 45 down to 41½. Later, when the report was analyzed, the opinion of at least some was changed, and the price of the preferred stock recovered to practically the best price of the day. The report seemed to show that an amount in excess of the preferred stock dividend requirements was actually earned during the year, although all but about $886,000 of the net earnings were used for improvements and concentration of plants. A Director of the company was quoted yesterday as saying that the company's plans for the concentration and remodeling of its plants had progressed far enough to make it probable that dividends on the preferred stock would be begun within the next six months.

* * *

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am. Barrel & Pkg.	52½	52½	52½
2,300	Am. Can	7⅜	6⅞	7¼
5,950	Am. Can pf.	45½	41½	45
390	Am. De For. Wireless	11	9½	10½
50	Am. Writing Paper	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
100	Bay State Gas	5-16	5-16	5-16
100	Casein Co. of America	13½	13½	13½
252	Central Foundry	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
300	Central Foundry pf.	16½	16¼	16¼
50	Electric Lead Reduc.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,400	Electric Vehicle	12	12	12
100	Electro-Pneumatic	½	½	½
300	Fuel Oil Power	21½	21½	21½
200	Gold Hill Copper	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,040	Greene Con. Copper	23½	23⅜	23⅜
100	Hackensack Meadows	10½	10½	10½
100	Havana Tobacco	46	46	46
100	Houston Oil	6	6	6
200	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	30	29½	29½
550	Kitchener Mining	1	1	1
200	Light, Fuel & Power	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜
1,600	Manhattan Transit	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
1,700	Montreal & Bos. Cop.	2	1⅞	2
150	New York Transp'n	*8½	8	8
100	N. Am. Lum. & Pulp	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
2,900	Northern Securities	97½	95⅞	96⅞
300	Rapid Vehicle rts.	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	St. Louis Transit	29½	29½	29½
400	Seaboard Air Line pf.	42	41⅞	42
5	Southern Development	45	45	45
15	Standard Oil	670	670	670
10	Storage Power	⅞	⅞	⅞
800	Tennessee Copper	28½	28⅜	28⅜
500	Tintic Mining	5	5	5
200	Union Copper	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
100	United Copper	20	20	20
220	U. S. Light & Heat	8⅛	8	8⅛
100	Universal Tobacco pf.	4	4	4
100	White Knob Copper	13	13	13

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	†Am. Malting 6s	100	100	100
2,000	Lack. Steel 5s, full pd.	99	99	99
10,000	New Orleans Ry. 4½s	79	79	79
168,000	U. S. Steel new 5s, w. i.	84⅝	84⅜	84½

*Less than 100 shares. †Sell flat.

* * *

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Monday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	April 28. Bid.	April 28. Asked.	April 27. Bid.	April 27. Asked.
American Banknote	57	58½	57½	58½
American Chicle	117	121	117	121
American Chicle pf.	90	93	88½	92
American Diesel Engine	16	16½	16	16½
Amer. Elevated	½	..	¼	..
Amer. Malting 6s	100	101	100½	101
American Typefounders	36½	40	36½	40
Amer. Typefounders pf.	94	96	94	96
Amer. Writing Paper	4⅝	5	5	5¼
Amer. Writing Paper pf.	21	23	22	23
Amer. Writing Paper 5s	74⅝	75	74⅝	76
Bemberger De Lamar	10	10⅝	10	10⅝
Borden's Cond. Milk	116	119	116	119
Bord. Con. Milk pf.	107	110	107	110
British Columbia Copper	4⅝	5	4⅝	5
California Copper	¼	5-16	¼	5-16
Camden Land	½	¾	½	¾
Casein Co. of America	12½	13½	..	14½
Casein Co. of Amer. pf.	85	88	80	88
Central Fireworks	20½	23	20½	23
Central Fireworks pf.	62	67	62	67
Central Foundry 6s	67	68	67	68
Compressed Air	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
Con. Refrigerating	4½	5	4½	5
Con. Rubber Tire	½	1¼	½	1¼
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	5	7½	5	7½
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	8	10	8	10
Detroit & Mack	32	35	32	35
Detroit & Mack pf.	79	84	79	84
Dominion Securities	5	20	5	20
E. W. Bliss	135	150	135	150
E. W. Bliss pf.	135	150	135	150
Electric Boat	22	29	22	29
Electric Boat pf.	39	43	39	43
Elec. Lead Reduction	1¼	1⅝	1	1½
Elec. Lead Reduc. pf.	2⅝	3½	2⅝	3½
Electric Vehicle pf.	15½	16½	15½	16½
Empire Steel	13	16	13	16
Empire Steel pf.	50	53	50	53
Erie conv. 4s, w. i.	87¾	88¼	87¾	88
Gugg'h'm Ex. 50% paid	110	112	110	112
Guggenheim Exploration	115	125	115	125
Hall Signal	100	105	100	105
Havana Tobacco pf.	53	60	53	60
Houston Oil pf.	..	50	..	50
Inter. R. Tr. 80% paid	104	105	..	105
Inter. R. Tr. full paid	104	105	..	105
Inter. Mer. Marine	10	11	10	11
Inter. Mer. Marine 4½s	80	95	80	95
International Salt	10	13	10½	13
International Salt 5s	44	46	46	48
Inter. Silver 1st 6s	100½	102	100	101
Inter. Silver deb. 6s	..	92½	..	92½
Inter. Silver ctfs	35	..	35	..
Inter. Silver	..	8½	..	8½
Inter. Silver pf.	..	51	..	51
Lackaw. Steel 60% paid	..	99	..	99
Lackaw. Steel full paid	..	97	..	97
Lack. Steel 5s, 25% paid	97¾	98	97¾	98
Lack. Steel 5s, full paid	98¼	..	98	98¼
Maine Steamship	18	22	18	22
Maine Steamship 5s	75	78	75	78
Marconi Wireless of Ca.	6¾	7½	6¾	7½
Mex. Nat. C., $17 pd. off.	6¼	7	6¼	7
New Eng. Trans.	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
N. Y. & N. H. R. R. rts.	..	2⅜	1¾	2¼
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	42	46	42	46
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	70	76	70	76
Otis Elevator	42	43	42	43
Otis Elevator pf.	95	96	95	96
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	½	1½	½	1½
Pac. Pack. & Nav. pf.	4	6	4	6
Peacock Mining	¼	½	¼	½
Peoria, Dec. & Evansv.	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
Royal Baking Powder pf.	103¼	..	104	105
Safety Car Heating	170	175	170	175
Seaboard Air Line	25½	26	25¾	26
Seminole Mining	1	1¼	1	1¼
Standard Coupler	27½	32½	27½	32½
Standard Coupler pf.	125	135	125	135
Standard Milling	7	9	7	9
Standard Milling pf.	27½	30	27½	30
Standard Milling 5s	74	78	74	76
Storage Power	¾	1	⅞	1
Tonopah Mining	7¾	8½	8	8½
Trenton Potteries	20	24	20	24
Trenton Potteries pf.	92	95	90	95
Trenton Potteries deb.	73	76	73	76
Union Typewriter	115	118½	115	118½
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	119	121½	119	122
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	118	121	118½	122
United Box Board	3½	4	3½	5
United Box Board pf.	20	25	20	25
U. S. Cotton Duck	..	7	..	7
Universal Tobacco	1	2	1¼	..
Virginia & Southwestern	20	30	20	30
White Knob Copper 6s	104	108	104	108

Street Railways.

	April 28. Bid.	April 28. Asked.	April 27. Bid.	April 27. Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	245	247	245	247
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	99½	100½	99½	100½
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	105	107	105	107
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	110	114	110	114
Broadway Surface 2d	100	101	100	101
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	100	104	100	104
Brooklyn City Railroad	241	243	240	244
Brooklyn R. Tr. new 4s	81½	83	82⅜	83
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	220	210	220
Con. Traction of N. J.	66	67	66	67
Con. Traction 5s	107	108	107	108
Eighth Av. Railroad	400	415	400	415
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	107½	110½	107½	110½
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	99	101	99	101
Grand Rapids Street Ry.	56	60	56	60
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	95	97½	95	97½
Jersey City H. & P.	17½	18½	17½	18½
Jersey City H. & P. 4s	76¼	77	76¼	77
Nassau Electric 4s	83	84	83	84
New Orleans Rys.	13½	14½	13⅜	13½
New Orleans Rys. pf.	..	40	38	41½
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	21½	23	21½	23
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	81	81½	81	81½
St. Louis Tran. 5% notes	94⅜	95	94⅜	95
Second Av. R. R. consols	115	118	115	118
Sixth Avenue R. R.	180	185	180	185
Steinway R.R. Co. 1st 6s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Rapid Transit	28	30	28	30
Syracuse Rap. Tr. pf.	76	79	76	79
28th & 29th St. 5s, 1996	*110	*115	*110	*115
Union Railway 1st 5s	115	118	115	118
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	79½	82	79⅝	82
United Traction Prov.	..	102	..	102
United Traction bonds	112	113	112	113
Wash. Ry. & Electric	10	11	10	12
Wash. Ry. & Electric pf.	40	41	40	41½
Wash. Ry. & Electric 4s	77½	78	77⅜	78⅜

Gas Companies.

	April 28. Bid.	April 28. Asked.	April 27. Bid.	April 27. Asked.
Amer. Lt. & Trac.	68	70	68	70
Amer. Light & Tr. pf.	96	97½	96¼	97½
Buffalo Gas	6⅛	8½	6⅛	8½
Cent. Union Gas gtd 5s	109	111	109	111
Columbus Gas 5s	105	107½	105	107½
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	88	90	88	90
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	26	30	26	30
Denver Gas 5s	73	..	73	..
Indianapolis Gas	80	85	80	85
Indianapolis Gas 6s	105	107	105	107
Mutual Gas	300	318	300	318
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	107½	108½	107½	108½
N.Y.&E.R. Gas Co. 1st 5s	113	114	113	114
N.Y.&E.R.Gas Co.Con.5s	106	111	106	111
Northern Union 5s	104½	106½	104½	106½
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	95	97½	95	97½
St. Paul Gas 5s	89	92	89	92
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	..	131	..
Standard Gas, N. Y., pf.	152½	..	152½	..
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s	97¾	98¾	97¾	98¾

Ferry Companies.

	April 28. Bid.	April 28. Asked.	April 27. Bid.	April 27. Asked.
Brooklyn Ferry	8	12	5	11
East River Ferry	80	85	80	85
East River Ferry 5s	90	93	90	93
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	106	109	106	109
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	106½	..	107	108
Union Ferry	37	39½	37	39½
Union Ferry 5s	93	93½	93	93½

*Five bond market.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Tuesday, April 28, 1903.

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
225	225	25	Adams Express	225	225	225	225	[illegible]
64½	64⅝	21,900	*Amalgamated Cop. Co.	*62⅞	64⅝	62⅞	64½	[illegible]
39½	40	900	Am. Car & Fdy. Co.	39⅝	40	39½	40	[illegible]
91½	91¾	200	Am. Car & Fdy Co. pf.	91	91⅛	91	91⅛	[illegible]
206	210	50	American Express	205	205	205	205	[illegible]
7⅛	7⅝	100	Am. Hide & Leather	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	[illegible]
29	30½	100	Am. Hide & Leather pf	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	[illegible]
7⅞	8⅛	550	*American Ice Co.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	[illegible]
34½	35	100	*American Ice Co. pf.	35	35	35	35	[illegible]
26½	27	700	*Am. Locomotive Co.	26½	26½	26¼	26½	[illegible]
93½	94	320	*Am. Loco. Co. pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½	[illegible]
50½	50¾	1,600	*Am. Smelt. & Ref. Co.	50⅝	50⅝	49½	49⅞	[illegible]
94½	95	570	*Am. S. & Ref. Co. pf.	95	95	94½	94½	[illegible]
16½	16⅝	500	Am. Steel Foundries	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	[illegible]
125⅛	126⅛	1,900	*Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	124⅞	125⅞	124⅞	125⅛	[illegible]
103	104	300	*Anaconda Cop. Mg. Co.	102	103	102	103	[illegible]
81¼	81⅜	31,700	Atchison, T. & S. F.	81⅜	81⅝	80⅞	81⅜	[illegible]
96⅞	97⅛	1,555	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	97⅛	97⅛	96⅞	97	[illegible]
92½	92¾	24,115	Baltimore & Ohio	92⅞	92⅞	91⅝	92¾	[illegible]
65⅝	65¾	14,695	Brooklyn Rap. Transit	64⅞	65⅜	64⅞	65⅝	[illegible]
70½	72	350	Canada Southern	70½	71	70½	71	[illegible]
130⅜	130⅝	9,650	Canadian Pacific	130⅛	130⅝	129⅞	130⅝	[illegible]
44	44⅛	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	44	44	43⅞	44	[illegible]
30½	30⅞	900	Chicago & Alton	31	31	30	30⅛	[illegible]
69	69⅞	300	Chicago & Alton pf	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	[illegible]
22⅝	22⅞	1,800	Chicago Gt. Western	22⅝	22⅞	21⅞	22⅞	[illegible]
75½	78	20	Chi. Gt. Western pf., A	75½	75½	75½	75½	[illegible]
37	37½	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf., B	37	37	37	37	[illegible]
160⅝	160⅞	47,824	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	161⅝	162¼	160	160⅝	[illegible]
179½	180	312	Chi. & Northwestern	180	180	178	179	[illegible]
16½	17¼	150	Chicago Term. Trans.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	[illegible]
6⅞	6¾	500	Chicago Un. Traction	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	[illegible]
65	65½	3,200	Col. Fuel & Iron	64⅞	65¾	63⅞	65	[illegible]
23½	..	200	Colorado Southern	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	[illegible]
36	37	100	Col. Southern 2d pf.	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	[illegible]
211½	211¾	3,250	Consolidated Gas	210	211½	209¼	211½	[illegible]
32⅛	32¾	1,325	Corn Products Co.	32½	32⅝	32	32	[illegible]
80	81	100	Corn Products Co. pf.	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	[illegible]
166¾	167	700	Delaware & Hudson	166½	166¾	166	166¾	[illegible]
250	253	300	Del., Lack. & Western	250	250	250	250	[illegible]
85¼	86¾	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	[illegible]
5	25	300	Den. & Southwestern pf.	10	10	10	10	[illegible]
15	15¼	200	Detroit Southern	15¼	15¼	15	15	[illegible]
82½	82½	100	Detroit United Ry.	82½	82½	82½	82½	[illegible]
27¾	28⅞	542	*Distillers Securities	28	28	28	28	[illegible]
14½	15	137	*Duluth, So. Sh. & Atl.	14½	14½	14½	14½	[illegible]
34	34¼	3,000	Erie	33⅝	34	33⅝	34	[illegible]
65⅜	65⅝	2,900	Erie 1st pf.	65⅛	65⅝	65⅛	65⅝	[illegible]
52½	53	1,300	Erie 2d pf.	52½	52⅝	51⅞	52½	[illegible]
65	67	100	Evansville & Terre H.	66	66	66	66	[illegible]
60	..	130	*Ft. Worth & Den. City	61	61	61	61	[illegible]
99	100	100	General Chemical pf.	100	100	100	100	[illegible]
192½	193	100	General Electric	192⅝	192⅝	192⅝	192⅝	[illegible]
135¼	136	200	Illinois Central	135	135¼	135	135¼	[illegible]
70	71	100	Int. Paper pf.	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	[illegible]
43½	43⅝	1,900	*Int. Power Co.	41⅞	43½	41⅞	43½	[illegible]
34½	35½	100	Iowa Central	35	35	35	35	[illegible]
77	77½	350	K. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	77	77	77	77	[illegible]
52½	53	100	Kan. City & So. pf.	52½	52½	52½	52½	[illegible]
40	42	100	Lake Erie & Western	41	41	41	41	[illegible]
70	73	320	Long Island	72	72	72	72	[illegible]
117¼	117⅜	600	Louisville & Nashville	117½	117½	117	117	[illegible]
140½	141	13,350	Manhattan Elevated	140⅜	141	139¼	140⅜	[illegible]
102¼	104	1,110	*Met. Securities	101	102¼	101	102¼	[illegible]
130⅜	130¾	12,110	*Met. Street Railway	130¾	130¾	129	130	[illegible]
27⅞	27⅞	6,650	Mexican Central	27⅝	28	27¼	27⅞	[illegible]
90	92	300	Minneapolis & St. L.	93	93	90	90	[illegible]
108	112	50	Minn. & St. Louis pf.	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	[illegible]
68¼	68⅝	975	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	68⅝	69	68¼	68½	[illegible]
124	125	700	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	124	125	124	125	[illegible]
25	25½	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	25½	25½	25	25	[illegible]
55	55½	400	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	55	55	55	55	[illegible]
108⅞	109	27,475	Missouri Pacific	109	109¼	108	108⅞	[illegible]
43½	44	116	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	44	44	44	44	[illegible]
22⅛	22¾	22,700	Nat. Railroad of Mex.	21⅞	22¾	21¼	22⅛	[illegible]
40¼	40¾	2,700	Na. R. R. of Mex. pf.	40½	40½	39⅞	40½	[illegible]
130½	131	6,240	New York Central	130⅝	131¼	129⅞	131	[illegible]
162	164	11	N. Y. & N. J. Tele.	163	163	163	163	[illegible]
203	204	146	N. Y., N. H. & H.	204	204	204	204	[illegible]
29	29¼	2,100	N. Y., Ont. & Western	29	29¼	28¾	29	[illegible]
70½	71	2,100	Norfolk & Western	70⅝	70⅝	70⅛	70½	[illegible]
33	33¼	300	Pacific Mail	33½	33⅝	33¼	33¼	[illegible]
136⅜	136⅝	32,100	Pennsylvania R. R.	136⅛	136⅝	135⅝	136⅝	[illegible]
3½	3⅝	1,000	Penn. Rights	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	[illegible]
103¾	104	300	People's Gas, Chicago	103⅝	103⅝	103½	103½	[illegible]
84	86	300	Pere Marquette	86⅛	86⅛	85⅞	85⅞	[illegible]
88⅞	89⅛	200	Philadelphia Co.	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	[illegible]
60⅛	61	600	Pressed Steel Car	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜	[illegible]
91⅛	92	110	Pressed Steel Car pf.	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	[illegible]
218	229	270	Pullman Company	218	218	218	218	[illegible]
7	8½	100	Quicksilver pf.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	[illegible]
32	32½	700	Railway Steel Spring	31⅝	32	31⅝	32	[illegible]
86	87	200	Railway St. Spring pf.	86	86½	86	86½	[illegible]
54¼	54⅜	12,700	Reading	54⅛	54⅝	53⅞	54⅜	[illegible]
82	83	69	Reading 1st pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	[illegible]
66	67	200	Reading 2d pf.	66⅛	66⅛	66	66	[illegible]
19	19⅝	750	*Republic Iron & Steel	19	19	18⅞	19	[illegible]
77½	78	400	*Republic Iron & St. pf.	78	78	77⅞	77⅞	[illegible]
42⅞	43⅛	28,720	Rock Island Co.	43⅛	43⅝	43	43⅛	[illegible]
75½	76½	600	Rock Island Co. pf.	75⅝	76	75⅝	75⅝	[illegible]
25½	25⅝	600	*Rub. Goods Mfg. Co.	25⅝	25⅝	25	25	[illegible]
49½	50⅝	100	St. J. & Gd. Isl. 1st pf.	50	50	50	50	[illegible]
74	74⅜	3,600	St. Louis & San. Fran.	73	74¼	72½	74	[illegible]
68½	69	500	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	69	69	68⅞	69	[illegible]
23	24	100	St. Louis Southwestern	24	24	24	24	[illegible]
60¼	61	200	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I. Co.	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	[illegible]
53⅞	55⅝	30,320	Southern Pacific	56⅝	56⅝	53⅜	53⅞	[illegible]
30⅞	30⅞	3,250	So. Railway extended	30⅞	30⅞	30⅝	30⅞	[illegible]
92	92½	200	So. Railway pf., extd.	92	92	92	92	[illegible]
64⅞	65	1,800	Tenn. Coal & Iron	64⅞	64⅞	63⅞	64⅞	[illegible]
35⅝	36	5,100	Texas Pacific	35⅝	36⅜	35⅝	35⅞	[illegible]
..	33⅛	200	Tol. Railways & Light	34	34	32⅞	33	[illegible]
24	24½	100	Tol., St. L. & Western	24½	24½	24½	24½	[illegible]
42⅞	43⅛	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	[illegible]
112½	113	1,070	Twin City Rap. Transit	113	113	112	113	[illegible]
70	73¼	90	*Un. B. & Paper Co. pf.	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	[illegible]
90⅜	90½	25,250	Union Pacific	90⅛	90⅝	89⅜	90⅜	[illegible]
89	90	300	Union Pacific pf.	90	90	89⅝	89⅝	[illegible]
19	20	100	Un. Rys. Investment	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	[illegible]
57	58	100	Un. Rys. Inv. pf.	57½	57½	57½	57½	[illegible]
13⅜	13½	1,817	*U. S. Leather	13½	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	[illegible]
93	93½	470	*U. S. Leather pf.	93½	93½	93	93	[illegible]
21⅞	22	4,900	U. S. Realty & Const.	21⅜	22	21⅜	22	[illegible]
67½	68	750	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	67½	68	67	68	[illegible]
14½	15	100	United States Rubber	15	15	15	15	[illegible]
35½	35⅝	5,675	United States Steel	35⅛	35⅝	34¾	35⅝	[illegible]
84⅜	84½	5,500	United States Steel pf.	84⅛	84⅜	83⅞	84⅛	[illegible]
32	34	200	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	[illegible]
63⅜	63½	200	Va.-Carolina Chemical	63	63⅜	63	63⅜	[illegible]
27	28⅞	300	*Vulcan Detinning	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	[illegible]
79	79½	200	*Vulcan Det. pf.	79½	79½	79½	79½	[illegible]
27⅜	27½	800	Wabash	27⅜	27⅜	27	27⅜	[illegible]
46½	46⅞	5,500	Wabash pf.	46⅞	47	46	46⅞	[illegible]
85	85¼	1,000	Western Union Tele.	85⅛	85¼	85	85	[illegible]
195	198	100	Westinghouse 1st pf.	195	195	195	195	[illegible]
22½	23	205	Wheeling & Lake Erie	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	[illegible]
24¼	25	600	Wisconsin Central	24¼	24¼	24	24	[illegible]
	Total...	467,420	*Unlisted.					
			Silver.					
54	56	20,000	Bullion certificates	54⅝	55	54⅝	55	+2¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	106	106⅝
2s, c., 1930	106	106⅝
3s, r., 1918	107¼	108¼
3s, c., 1918	108	109
3s, 1918, sm.	106½	..
4s, r., 1907	110¾	111½
4s, c., 1907	110¾	111½
4s, r., 1925	136	137
4s, c., 1925	137	138
5s, r., 1904	102½	103½
5s, c., 1904	103⅛	104⅛
D. C. 3-65s	121	..
Alb. & Sus.	235	..
Alle. & W.	145	..
Allis-Chal.	16	17
Allis-Ch. pf.	..	83¾
Am. Ag. Ch.	..	26
A. A. C. pf.	..	80
Am. B. Sug.	29	..
A. B. S. pf.	..	82½
Am. Bicycle	..	¼
Am. Bic. pf.	..	1
Am. Coal	200	225
Am. C. Oil	41½	42½
A. C. O. pf.	95	97
Am. G. Tw.	15½	16
Am. L. Co.	15	18
A. L. Co. pf.	36	44
Am. Snuff	..	125
Am. Sn. pf.	95	96
A. S. F. pf.	56	60
A. S. R. pf.	119½	120½
A. T. & C.	75	82
A. T. & T.	160	163
Am. Tob. pf.	140	145
Am. W. Co.	12½	14
A. W. Co. pf.	77	78
Ann Arbor	32	36
Ann A. pf.	62	66
A. M. 1st pf.	92	..
Atl. C. L.	125	130
B. & O. pf.	93	94
B. A. L. pf.	106	..
B. Un. Gas	213	220
Bruns. City	12	12½
B., R. & P.	135	144½
B., R. & P. pf.	150	156
Butterick Co.	49	52
C. R. R. of N. J.	165	170
C., B. & Q.	175	200
C., & E. Ill. pf.	120	140
C. G. W. d.	88	89
C., M. & St. P. pf.	181	183½
C. St. P., M. & Om.	140	150
C. St. P., M. & Om. pf.	185	195
C. T. & T. pf.	29¾	30½
C. U. T. pf.	30	34
C., C., C. & St. L.	88	92
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	115	117
C. L. & W.	80	90
C. L. & W. pf.	80	90
Cleve. & P.	186½	190
C. S. 1st pf.	64	65½
C. & H. C. & Iron	19½	20½
Com. Cable	159	165
Consol. Coal	83	105
Con. Tob. pf.	114	115
D. & R. G.	37	37½
D. & S. W.	5	25
D. M. & Ft. D.	40	42
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	100	140
Det. So. pf.	30½	31
Dia. Match	133	137
D. S. S. & A. pf.	21	22
Ev. & T. H. pfd.	85	90
Gen. Ch. Co.	65	70
Gt. Nor. pf.	185	200
Hock. Val.	96	102
Hock. V. pf.	93½	96
Homestake	60	70
Ill. C. L. L.	104	108
Ins. P. Co.	15½	16½
Int. S. P.	44	48
I. S. P. pf.	81	85
Iowa C. pf.	59	61
Joliet & Chi.	176	..

	Bid.	Asked.
Kan. & M.	35	40
Kan. C. So.	20½	20¾
K. & D. M.	35	37
K. & D. M. pf.	55	60
Lacl. Gas	97	101
Lacl. G. pf.	100	110
L. E. & W. pf.	105	110
Man. Beach	10	12
Md. C. pf.	100	125
M. W. S. El. Chi.	22	27
M. W. S. El. Chi. pf.	70	76
Mich. Cent.	125	150
N. C. & St. L.	109	110
Nat. Bis. pf.	105	105½
Nat. Enam.	33	33¾
Nat. En. pf.	87	89
Nat. Lead	24½	25
Nat. L. pf.	90	91½
New C. Coal	47	50
N. Y. A. B.	161	167
N. Y. B. & M. B. pf.	98	110
N. Y. C. & St. L.	33½	35
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	106	115
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	75	80
N. Y. D. Co.	20	28
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	48	54
N. & W. pf.	88	89¾
North. Am.	98	99
Ont. Mining	5	6½
Pac. Coast	59	61½
P. C. 1st pf.	94	105
P. C. 2d pf.	68	72
Peo. & E.	30	35
Pere M. pf.	79	81
P. C. C. & St. L.	78	82
P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	100	105
P. Ft. W. & C.	185	..
P. Ft. W. & C. sp.	182	..
Quicksilver	1½	1¾
R. R. Sec. Ill. C. st'k ctfs.	88	91
Rens. & Sar.	205	..
R. W. & O.	..	130
R. G. M. Co. pf.	80	83½
St. J. & G. I.	11½	13
St. J. & G. I. 2d pf.	21	23
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	..	200
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	130	133
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	79	81
St. L. S. W. pf.	54	58
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	92	94
So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	92	94
S. R. & T.	4½	5
T. P. L. Tr.	27	29
Third Av.	120	123
T. P. & W.	19	25
T. C. R. T. pf.	154	160
Un. Fruit	106	108
U. B. & P. Co.	11¼	13
U. S. Exp.	125	135
U. S. R. pf.	48	53
U. S. Ship-building	1	2
U. S. Ship-building pf.	10	20
Va.-C. C. Co. pf.	128	130
W.-F. Exp.	220	225
Westinghouse assenting	186	200
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	50	56
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	31	33
Wis. C. pf.	41½	43½

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 28.—New York exchange was at 30 cents premium to-day. Time and call loans, 5½@6 per cent.

Believers in the securities of American Can, who backed their belief that a good annual statement would be issued by the company, came to grief. The report showed decreases in both sales and net profit accounts. The result was heavy liquidation, and the preferred fell from 45 to 41¼, compared with over 50 about a week ago, while the common sold below 7.

The poor position of Northwestern, with Lake Street as its "Old Man of the Sea," together with the recent decision against it and the possibility of damage suits to be filed, wrought havoc among the weaker holders. On sales of a few hundred shares the stock slumped a sheer 7 points, to 18, its low-level record. Metropolitan dropped nearly 3 points on the common, selling close to 22, and the preferred lost a point. Northwestern Elevated 4 per cent. bonds sold at 92. After the midday slump, support was given, particularly in Can. The preferred issue rallied to around 43, while Northwestern Elevated gained several points, and Metropolitan all but made up its loss.

Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,340	American Can	7½	6⅞	7⅛
6,480	American Can pf.	45½	41¼	43⅞
20	Chicago Pneu. Tool	51	51	51
55	Chicago Title & Trust	97	97	97
150	Chicago Union Traction	6¼	6⅛	6¼
280	Metropolitan Elevated	25	22½	24½
24	Metropolitan Elev. pf.	72½	72½	72½
15	North Chi. St. R. R. Co.	130	130	130
600	Northwestern Elev.	22	18	21
380	National Biscuit	44	43⅞	43⅞
20	National Biscuit pf.	105½	105	105½
10	Quaker Oats pf.	86½	86½	86½
61	United Box Board	3½	3½	3½
100	United Box Board pf.	24	23½	24
10	West Chicago	65	65	65

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 28.—The market today indicated that neither brokers nor the public was altogether satisfied as to what turn Wall Street would take. Some interest was manifested in the Seaboard group and Atlantic Coast Line new bonds, but neither was bought aggressively.

Money on call was at 5@6 per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 1,813 shares of stock and $55,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
390	Seaboard Ry. common	25½	25⅜	25⅜
1,000	Seaboard Ry. pf.	42½	42	42
210	G. B. S. Brewing com.	12	12	12
100	United El. Lt. & P. pf.	38	38	38
423	United Rys. & El. com.	12½	12⅜	12½
30	Firemen's Ins. Co.	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$9,000	Seaboard Ry. 4s	82½	82	82½
9,000	Ga. & Ala. consols 5s	111	111	111
1,000	Carolina Central 4s	95½	95½	95½
1,000	West Va. Cent. 6s	112½	112½	112½
12,000	United Rys. & El. inc.	68½	68½	68½
5,000	United Rys. & Elec. 4s	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Un. Elec. Lt. & P. 4½s	88	88	88
1,000	G. B. S. Brewing 1st	49½	49½	49½
250	G. B. S. Brew. 1st scrip	52	52	52
8,128	United Ry. inc. scrip	60	60	60
2,000	Cons. Gas 4½s, 1913	101¼	101¼	101¼

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Tuesday, April 28, 1903.

U S 4s, reg. 1907
1,500..........110⅝
Adams Express 4s
1,500..........103⅞
4,500..........104
500..........104
3,000..........104
Am Hide & L 6s
10,000..........91
A, T & S F gen 4s
1,000..........100¼
500..........100¼
10,000..........100⅛
Adjustment 4s
1,500..........90¼
6,000..........90¼
Stamped
10,000..........90½
Atl Coast Line 4s
20,000..........95
5,000..........94¾
5,000..........95
B & O pr lien 3½s
9,000..........94
Gold 4s
5,000..........100⅜
4,000..........100¼
500..........102
24,000..........100⅜
2,000..........100⅛
B, L E & W V 4s
3,000..........97
2,000..........96½
S W Div 3½s
5,000..........89
4,000..........89¼
Bklyn Un Elev 1st
1,000..........100⅛
1,000..........100⅛
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
5,000..........116
Canada So 1st
1,000..........104½
Canada So 2d
10,000..........106½
Cen Branch Ry 4s
1,000..........90
Cent of Ga cons 5s
2,000..........108½
1st inc 5s
1,000..........77
8,000..........76⅞
12,000..........76⅞
2d inc 5s
5,000..........36½
4,000..........36⅞
5,000..........36½
Cent Pac gtd 4s
500..........98½
16,000..........99
28,000..........99¾
C & O gen 4½s
5,000..........104¾
Chi & Alt R R 3s
6,000..........81⅞
Chi & Alt 3½s
5,000..........76½
C, B & Q 4s jt bds
1,000..........93¾
8,000..........93⅞
10,000..........93⅞
12,000..........93½
4,000..........93⅝
Ill Div 3½s
2,000..........95¼
C & E Ill gen 5s
10,000..........119
Chi G L & C 1st 5s
1,000..........107½
C, M & St P term 5s
3,000..........111
C & N W deb 5s, 1921
1,000..........109½
C, R I & P R R 4s
11,000..........86
C, C, C & St L gen 4s
2,000..........99⅜
Col F & I conv 5s
5,000..........84⅞
10,000..........84
1,000..........84¼
Col Mid 1st 4s
1,000..........77
Consol Tobacco 4s
10,000..........62¼
[illegible]..........62⅜
Den & R G con 4s
1,000..........99½
2,500..........99⅜
Improvement 5s
1,000..........107½
Det City Gas 5s
[illegible]..........98
Erie Sec Cor 5s
2,000..........68
2,000..........68½
Erie 1st gen 4s
22,000..........85⅞
Ev & T H 1st con 6s
2,000..........122
1st gen 5s
10,000..........103
Ft W & D C 1st
5,000..........109½
1,000..........110
G B & W deb ctfs, B
5,000..........18½
Int & Gt N 1st 6s
1,000..........122½
Kanawha & M 1st
1,000..........92
Kan City So 3s
10,000..........70
Keokuk & D M 1st
24,000..........100
Lac G L of St L 1st 5s
2,000..........107
L & N unified 4s
[illegible]..........101
L & N So Ry jt 4s
[illegible]..........91
[illegible] gen 5s
[illegible]..........118
Mex Cent 4½s
10,000..........24¾
Mex Cent con 4s
10,000..........79
Mex Cent 1st inc
21,000..........26¼
5,000..........26⅝
4,000..........26¾
10,000..........26⅝
10,000..........26
6,000..........26¼
4,000..........26
10,000..........26¼
Mex Cent 2d inc
7,000..........17¼
3,000..........16½
2,000..........17
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
500..........100
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
1,000..........81½
1,000..........81⅜
Mo Pac 1st col 5s
10,000..........104½
7,000..........104⅝
Mo Pac trust 5s
5,000..........103⅜
10,000..........104
Mob & O ext 6s
2,000..........124⅜
N Y C & H R gen 3½s
2,000..........102
Ext 4s
3,000..........100⅝
L S col 3½s, reg
40,000..........90
M C col 3½s
5,000..........90¼
1,000..........90
N Y Gas, El L, H & P coll trust 5s
5,000..........109
N Y Gas, El L, H & P pur money 4s
9,000..........93
N Y, L & W term & imp 4s
10,000..........103
Norf & W con 4s
6,000..........98
Pocah C & C 4s
10,000..........93
Northern Pac 4s
5,000..........102¼
5,000..........102⅜
Nor Pac gen 3s
10,000..........71⅞
1,000..........71½
Ore S L 1st 6s
2,000..........124⅝
4,000..........124½
Ore S L 4s partic bds
2,000..........93
20,000..........92⅝
10,000..........92⅝
2,000..........92⅞
12,000..........92¾
20,000..........92⅝
Penn conv 3½s
10,000..........98
Peo & E 1st 4s
1,000..........97¼
Reading gen 4s
2,000..........97⅝
5,000..........97⅝
1,000..........97⅝
Rio G W 1st
2,000..........98
1,000..........98¼
St L, I M & So unif & ref 4s
4,000..........88
St L & S F ref 4s
1,000..........88
5,000..........87⅜
20,000..........87⅜
5,000..........87⅝
St L S W 1st 4s
10,000..........96½
St P, M & M 1st con 6s
14,000..........132½
San An & A P 4s
5,000..........82¼
7,000..........82⅝
5,000..........82
Southern Ry 1st 5s
3,000..........116½
Stand R & T inc
5,000..........9½
10,000..........9
Tex & P 1st 5s
1,000..........117½
5,000..........117
Tex & Pac 2d inc
1,000..........87
Third Av con 4s
1,000..........97¼
10,000..........97¼
T, St L & W pr ln 3½s
10,000..........85½
Union Pac 1st 4s
2,000..........102½
25,000..........102⅜
Registered
10,000..........102¼
Un Pac conv 4s
13,000..........102⅝
30,000..........102½
15,000..........102⅝
20,000..........102½
4,000..........102½
10,000..........102
21,000..........102½
14,000..........102⅝
Un R R of S F 4s
10,000..........78½
Va Coal & C 5s
2,000..........78½
7,000..........78
Wabash 2d 5s
10,000..........107½
Wabash deb, A
1,000..........101½
Wabash deb, B
10,000..........74¼
45,000..........74⅜
27,000..........74
20,000..........73¾
36,000..........73⅞
5,000..........73¾
10,000..........73⅞
5,000..........73½
[illegible]..........73¾
10,000..........73⅞
21,000..........73⅞
1,000..........73⅞
24,000..........74
West Shore 4s
7,000..........109⅝
13,000..........110
Registered
10,000..........109¼
10,000..........109½
W & L E 1st con 4s
2,000..........91
Wis Cent gen 4s
5,000..........91¼
5,000..........91¼
3,000..........91

Total sales..........$1,509,000

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Tuesday, April 28, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
16,480	Amal. Copper	62⅝	64⅝	62½	64⅜
60	Am. Car & Fdy.	39⅜	39⅝	39⅜	39⅝
110	Am. Locomotive.	26⅝	26½	26⅜	26½
10	Am. Smelting	50½	50½	50½	50½
2,170	Am. Sugar	124⅝	125½	124½	125¼
16,660	A., T. & S. F.	81½	81⅝	80⅝	81⅜
130	A., T. & S. F. pf.	97½	97⅝	97	97⅝
61,190	Balt. & Ohio	92½	92⅝	91⅝	92½
6,800	Brook. Rap. Tr.	65½	65⅝	64½	65⅜
1,100	Can. Pacific	130½	131	129⅝	129⅝
110	Ches. & Ohio	44	44	43⅜	43⅜
20	Chi. & Alton	30¼	30¼	30	30
270	Chi. Gt. West.	22⅜	22⅜	21⅞	21⅞
15,100	C., M. & St. P.	161⅝	162	160⅝	161
640	Col. Fuel & I.	64⅝	65½	63⅜	65
20	Col. Southern	24	24	23⅞	23⅞
20	Del. & Hudson	166½	166½	166½	166⅝
4,170	Erie	33⅞	34⅞	33⅞	34½
10	Ill. Central	135⅝	135⅝	135⅝	135½
50	Iowa Central	35	35	35	35
190	Louis. & Nash.	117⅝	117½	117	117
2,770	Manhattan	140⅝	141	139⅝	140⅝
4,180	Met. Street	130⅝	131	129	129⅝
710	Mex. Central	27⅝	27⅝	27½	27⅝
20	Mo., K. & T.	25	25⅛	25	25⅛
9,770	Mo. Pacific	109¼	109⅝	108½	109¼
1,410	Nat. R.R. of Mex.	21⅝	22⅜	21⅝	22⅜
30	Nat. R.R. of M. pf.	40	40⅜	40	40⅜
1,180	N. Y. Central	130¼	131	129¾	131
170	N. Y., O. & W.	29	29	28	28⅜
270	Norf. & West.	70¼	70¼	70	70
4,130	Pennsylvania	136⅛	136⅜	135⅝	136⅜
60	Penn. rights	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
130	People's Gas	103⅝	103⅝	103⅛	103⅝
6,280	Reading	54⅜	54½	53⅝	54½
80	Rep. Steel	19	19	19	19
5,690	Rock Island	43⅝	43⅝	43	43⅝
40	St. L. & San F.	72⅝	74½	72⅝	74½
8,190	Southern Pac.	56⅝	56⅝	54½	55½
480	Southern Ry.	30⅝	30⅝	30	30⅝
850	Tenn. Coal & I.	64⅛	64⅛	63⅝	64½
180	Texas Pacific	35⅝	36⅛	35⅝	35⅝
12,000	Union Pacific	90⅝	90⅝	89⅝	90⅝
420	U. S. Leather	13½	13⅝	13	13½
80	U. S. Leath. pf.	93½	93½	93¼	93¼
6,070	U. S. Steel	35⅝	35⅝	34½	35½
430	U. S. Steel pf.	84⅝	84⅝	83⅞	84⅜
100	Wabash	27⅛	27⅛	26⅝	27⅛
1,000	Wabash pf.	46⅞	47⅛	46	46½
20	West. Union	85⅝	85⅝	85½	85½
20	Wis. Central	23⅝	24	23⅝	24

142,740

BONDS.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Consol. Tob. 4s.	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼
10,000	Wabash deb. B.	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝

$70,000

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
COLORADO & SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	1,121	1,145	1,142
3d week April	$127,001	$111,740	$88,763
From July 1	4,908,818	4,459,265	3,921,076
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO, including Chicago & Eastern Illinois—			
Mileage	4,488	3,930	3,049
3d week April	619,650	510,371	338,718
From July 1	25,861,992	22,003,838	14,982,484
TEXAS CENTRAL—			
Mileage	227	225	225
3d week April	8,463	8,314	......
July 1-April 21	506,556	514,687	......
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for March—			
Gross earnings	1,606,769	1,434,081	1,264,372
Oper. exp.	1,016,340	929,513	853,246
Net earnings	587,429	504,568	411,126
Ratio op. exp.	57.1%	64.8%	67.5%
Gross, 9 mos.	12,085,059	12,478,825	10,311,357
Oper. exp.	7,984,428	7,786,468	6,291,623
Net, 9 mos.	4,100,631	4,692,357	4,019,734
CHICAGO & ALTON for March—			
Gross earnings	874,007	756,956	716,081
Oper. exp.	591,668	515,811	482,126
Net earnings	282,340	241,145	232,955
From July 1 to March 31:			
Gross earnings	7,683,422	7,132,140	6,870,132
Oper. exp.	5,198,918	4,772,938	4,498,195
Net earnings	2,484,504	2,359,202	2,371,937
IOWA CENTRAL for March—			
Gross	213,873	222,021	192,363
Exp. and taxes	180,662	176,743	135,447
Net	33,211	45,278	56,916
Total income	38,069	45,650	56,399
Gross, 9 mos.	1,865,221	1,949,609	1,590,361
Exp. and taxes	1,502,716	1,597,142	1,332,383
Net, 9 mos.	362,506	352,467	257,978
Total income	428,716	348,538	......
NEW YORK, SUSQUEHANNA & WESTERN for March—			
Gross	275,577	196,416	230,392
Exp. and taxes	148,703	116,144	127,293
Net	126,874	80,272	103,099
Gross, 9 mos.	1,814,181	2,089,036	1,888,904
Exp. and taxes	1,105,363	1,117,225	1,077,379
Net, 9 mos.	708,818	971,801	811,525

FINANCIAL.

Banks and Trust Companies.

THE IRVING NATIONAL BANK.
GREENWICH AND WARREN STREETS.
Capital, surplus, and profits, $2,000,000.
Adheres to sound banking principles.

Bankers and Brokers.

American Express Company
ISSUES
Foreign Exchange.
Cable & Telegraphic Transfers.
Travelers Cheques and Letters of Credit
Available throughout the world.
65 BROADWAY.

KOUNTZE BROTHERS,
BANKERS,
Broadway & Cedar St. NEW YORK.
Investment Securities.
Allow interest on deposits; make loans against approved collateral. Buy and sell Foreign Exchange.
Letters of Credit.

Redmond, Kerr & Co
41 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
232 LA SALLE ST., Chicago.
GRAHAM, KERR & CO., Philadelphia.
Transact a general Foreign and Domestic Banking Business. Issue
LETTERS OF CREDIT.
Allow interest on deposits subject to draft. Act as Fiscal Agents, negotiate loans and issue mortgage bonds of railroads, street railways, gas companies, etc. Buy and sell securities on commission. Members of New York Stock Exchange. Deal in
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

N.W. HALSEY & CO.
BANKERS.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
FISCAL AGENTS FOR CITIES AND CORPORATIONS
49 Wall St., New York.

Simpson Crawford Co.
BONDS & STOCK
DEALT IN
G. Sidenberg & Kraus,
20 BROAD ST., N. Y.
Mem. N.Y. Stock Exch. Tel. No. 1904—Cort

Bonds for Investment.
N. W. HARRIS & CO.
BANKERS,
31 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
CHICAGO. BOSTON.
CIRCULARS ON REQUEST.

Spencer Trask & Co.
BANKERS,
27 and 29 Pine Street, New York
Transact a general banking business, act as Fiscal Agents for corporations, and negotiate security issues of railroads and other companies. Execute commission orders and deal in
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Branch Office, 65 State St., Albany.

Willard H. Jones & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange,
7 Wall Street, New York.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Vermilye & Co.,
BANKERS,
NASSAU & PINE STS. NEW YORK. 13 CONGRESS ST. BOSTON.
201 EAST GERMAN STREET, BALTIMORE.

Dominick & Dominick
BANKERS.
100 Broadway, New York.
NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

MANUFACTURERS COMMERCIAL CO.
320 and 486 Broadway.
FISCAL AGENTS FOR MANUFACTURERS.
Pays Interest on 3 to 6 Month Investments Secured by Trust Deposit Certificates.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
Issue international cheques, commercial and travelers' credits available in all parts of the world.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., April 28.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Brewing com.	32⅝	32¼	32⅝
339	Brewing pf.	47	46⅞	47
25	Cons. Ice pf.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
300	Crucible Steel	18⅝	18¼	18⅝
450	Crucible Steel pf.	83⅝	83	83
75	Fire Proof com.	28	28	28
230	M., L. & H.	124⅜	123⅝	124⅜
300	Philadelphia Co. com.	44½	44½	44½
1,025	Pittsburg Coal	29⅝	29½	29⅝
148	Pittsburg Coal pf.	89	88½	88⅝
11	River Coal pf.	40	39⅝	40
665	U. S. Steel	35¼	35	35¼
310	U. S. Steel pf.	84½	84	84½
317	West. Air Brake	162⅝	157	158⅝
50	W. Elec. 1sts	98	98	98
687	W. Elec. 2ds	98½	97	98½
62	Colonial Trust	650	650	650
30	Equitable Tr.	173	173	173
10	Federal N. B.	174	174	174
5	Fid. T. & T.	510	510	510
15	Franklin S. & T.	62	62	62
20	G. A. S. & T.	178	178	178
20	Guar. T. & T.	200	200	200
105	Merch. S. & T.	73	73	73
85	Mort. Banking	185	185	185
33	People's N. B.	480	480	480
30	Real Estate Trust	316	316	316
98	Safe. D. & T.	174	171	172

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in the London market at 25 1-16d per ounce and in New York at 54⅝c. Mexican dollars at 43@45c.

On the Consolidated Exchange 1,000 shares of C. K. and N. sold at .22, 2,800 Comstock at .07, 300 Consolidated California and Virginia at 1.45, 500 Elkton at .40, 500 El Paso at .63, 300 Hale and Norcross at .75, [illegible]00 Jackpot at .10, 600 Mollie Gibson at .08, 30 Ontario at 6.25, 200 Ophir at 1.55@1.60, 300 Portland at 1.45, 500 Potosi at .19, and 15 Standard at 3.00.

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Exports of merchandise from the Port of New York for the week were valued at $10,288,189, compared with $8,765,912 in the preceding week and $10,168,984 in the corresponding week last year. Total since Jan. 1, $177,394,634, against $160,182,363 in the corresponding period last year.

FINANCIAL.

NEWARK, New Jersey, April 27th, 1903.

To the Shareholders of
North Jersey Street Railway Company.
Jersey City, Hoboken and Paterson Street Railway Company.
Orange and Passaic Valley Railway Company.
Elizabeth, Plainfield and Central Jersey Railway Company.
United Electric Company of New Jersey.

Notice is given that the plan set forth in the proposition of Fidelity Trust Company, dated Newark, New Jersey, April 9th, 1903, has become operative, more than three-quarters of the stocks of each of the companies named above having been deposited under the terms of said proposition.

For the convenience of shareholders who have not been able to deposit their stock on or before this date, the time within which deposits may be made under the terms of said proposition of Fidelity Trust Company is hereby extended to the close of business on May 9th, 1903.

Shareholders who desire to avail themselves of this extension of the period of deposit may accept the said proposition of Fidelity Trust Company by depositing their stock on or before the close of business on Saturday, May 9th, 1903, with Fidelity Trust Company, or its authorized agents; New Jersey Title Guarantee and Trust Company, Jersey City; Manhattan Trust Company, New York, or Commercial Trust Company, Philadelphia.

Certificates of stock must be endorsed in blank at the time of deposit.

The Trust Company will issue its negotiable receipts for stock deposited, to be exchanged for the perpetual interest-bearing certificates of the new company as soon as engraved certificates are ready for delivery.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY,
BY
U. H. McCARTER, President.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM STREET, CORNER OF PINE ST.,
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29TH,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
$3,000 City of New York 6 p. c. Corporate Stock. Regstd., due Jan'y, 1907.
14 shs. Bank of New York, N. B. A.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATOR.
16 shs. Stuyvesant Insurance Co.
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE.
28 shs. Bank of Commerce.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
30 shs. 5th Avenue Trust Co.
30 shs. W. A. Underhill Brick Co., Croton Point, N. Y.
145 shs. Consolidated Rolling Stock Co., Bridgeport, Conn.
30 shs. American Fruits Product Co. Prefd.
$10,000 Green Bay & Western Debenture A Bds.
10 shs. N. Y. Natl. Exchange Bank (ex rights.)
100 shs. Clarksburg Fuel Co.
$2,500 Haverstraw Light & Fuel Gas Co. 5 p. c. Bds., due 1949, Dec., 1902, Coups.
14 shs. Realty Finance Co. common.
1 share Tribune Association.
6 shs. American Soda Fountain Co. 1st Pfd.
12 shs. Home Insurance Co.
30 shs. Morton Trust Co.
200 shs. Washington R'way & Electric Co. Pfd.
200 shs. Washington R'way & Electric Co. com.
$25,000 Washington R'way & Electric Co. Cons. Mtge. 4 p. c. Gold Bds., 1951.
150 shs. Title Insurance Co. of N. Y.
30 shs. American Soda Fountain Co. 1st Pfd.
6 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.
55 shs. Knickerbocker Ice Co. Chic. pfd.
10 shs. International Bank & Trust Co.
5 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.
5 shs. Eastern Trust Co.
100 shs. City National Bank.
72 shs. American Universal Mill Co. common.
18 shs. American Universal Mill Co. Prefd.
10 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
$15,000 Kings County Electric Light & Power Co. 6 p. c. P. M. Bds. 1997.
82 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.
7 shs. Stuyvesant Heights Bank.
34 shs. Northern National Bank.
20 shs. Central Trust Co.
25 shs. Trust Co. of America.
100 shs. Chic., St. P., Minn. & Omaha Ry. com.
100 shs. International Banking Corpn.
25 shs. International Banking Corpn.
75 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.
50 shs. Fourth Natl. Bank.
25 shs. American Exchg. Natl. Bank.
75 shs. Natl. Bank of Commerce.
10 shs. Bank of America.
10 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
50 shs. Lawyers' Mtge. Ins. Co.
100 shs. Railway Automatic Sales Co. common.
14 shs. N. Y. Natl. Exchange Bank, (ex rights.)
50 shs. Natl. Bank of Commerce.
5 shs. Mount Morris Bank.
$1,000 Securities Co. 4% Reg. Consols.
10 shs. United Natl. Bank.
6 shs. Natl. City Bank.
50 shs. Natl. Bank of Commerce.
5 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.
53 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.

I make a specialty of the various
COPPER STOCKS
traded in on the New York Curb Market.
W. G. GALLAGHER,
35-37 BROAD ST., N. Y.
Telephone 3984 Broad.

Cincinnati, November 1, 1902.
THE UNDERSIGNED SINKING FUND COMMISSIONERS, under the C., L., ST. L. & C. consolidated six per cent. mortgage, hereby certify that we have this day made a drawing of bonds to be applied to Sinking Fund account of November 1, 1902, in accordance with provisions of mortgage, and that bonds bearing numbers as follows, viz., 225, 56, 623, 837, 1096, 532, and 797, have been drawn for such purpose, and that interest on said bonds shall cease from and after the 1st day of May, 1903, and the bonds taken up at 105 per cent. and accrued interest to said date.
HERVEY BATES,
M. E. INGALLS,
Sinking Fund Commissioners.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SALEM, Mass., located at Salem, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing up its affairs, its corporate existence having expired at close of business on the 24th day of February, 1903. All note holders and others, creditors of said Association, are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment. WM. S. NICHOLS, Cashier.
Dated February 26th, 1903.

WIRELESS NEWS.
Tells all about Wireless Telegraphy. Three months' subscription FREE. Write "Wireless News," 88 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y.

Lost.—All persons are warned not to purchase Certificate No. C 706 for 12 shares United States Reduction and Refining Company, as the same has been lost, and I have made application to the company for duplicate. M. E. Mitchell.

Write to MALLETT & WYCKOFF, Bankers and Brokers, 10 Wall St., N. Y., for a free copy of "Practical Wall Street." Contains valuable information of a practical nature for investors.

J. S. PRIMROSE,
Bank, Trust, & Fire Ins. Co. Stocks.
Tel. 418 Broad. 38 New Street.

RAILROAD STATEMENTS.

The following railways reporting yesterday gross earnings for the third week in April showed increases:

Colorado Southern	$15,351
St. Louis & San Francisco	109,270
Texas Central	149
Total increase, 3 roads	$124,770
Increase previously reported	1,282,812
Total increase, 41 roads	$1,407,591
Decrease 13 roads, previously reported	64,246
Net increase, 54 roads	$1,343,345

Financial Continued on Page 14.

OFFICE OF THE
George A. Treadwell Mining Company,
27 William Street, New York.

We have in our Iron Queen group of mines a well-defined vein, proved three thousand feet in length and with a probable length of more than two miles, proved five feet in width at the minimum and widening out in places to forty feet, and at least two thousand feet in depth, with the probabilities in favor of its going below five thousand feet.

Taking the minimum measurements and multiplying the three thousand feet in length by two thousand feet in depth and five feet in width, we get as the contents of the vein 30,000,000 cubic feet of ore, which will run ten cubic feet to the ton, giving us 3,000,000 tons.

There is a net profit in this of at least $10 a ton over all expenses of mining and milling. 3,000,000 tons at $10 a ton yield $30,000,000 in profits.

This is from only one group of our properties. In the Cliff and Brookshire groups I believe the ore bodies to be even larger, richer, and more valuable, but it takes longer to get at them, and we have several other groups almost equally promising.

I have had too much practical experience in mining to indulge in visions. I would rather underestimate than overestimate results. When the United Verde stock was first offered for sale I was asked to estimate upon the probable production of the property, and my estimates came short of the reality. The same is true of my estimates of the Greene Consolidated, with which I was connected. The people who bought the United Verde upon my recommendation have made three thousand per cent. upon their investment in ten years. The people who bought Greene Consolidated—also upon my recommendation—have made five hundred per cent. in two years. I believe that the stock of the GEORGE A. TREADWELL COMPANY at present prices is a better investment than the United Verde or Greene Consolidated ever was.

GEORGE A. TREADWELL, President.

HASKINS & SELLS,
Certified Public Accountants,
NO. 30 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
CABLE ADDRESS "HASKSELLS."
204 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. | Williamson Blg., Cleveland, O. | 30 Coleman St., London, E. C. | Lincoln Trust Blg., St. Louis, Mo.

Consolidated Exchange Houses.

NOTICE!
For the convenience of our uptown patrons we have opened a branch office in the
HOTEL ENDICOTT,
81ST ST. & COLUMBUS AVE.
W. E. WOODEND & CO.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
Members N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange.
Broad Exchange Bldg.,
25 Broad Street.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN & COTTON.
CITY BRANCHES:
28 West 33d St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.
Temple Bar Bldg., 44 Court Street, Brooklyn.
Daily Market Letter and Weekly Review Issued

FRED. H. SMITH,
Banker and Broker,
66 BROADWAY, N. Y.
5th Floor, Manhattan Life Insurance Building.
MEMBERS {N. Y. Produce Exchange. N. Y. Con. Stock Exchange.
Prompt and efficient service. Book on Railroads and Industrials mailed on application.
Established 1868. Bank references.

JACOB BERRY & CO.
Members {New York Produce Exchange. Consolidated Stock Exchange.
Established 1865.
44-46 Broadway, New York.
Boston, Phila., Hartford, Montreal.
Transact a general brokerage business in
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton

E. MILLIKEN & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange.
NEW YORK—52 BROADWAY.
BROOKLYN—44 Court St., (Temple Bar Bldg.)
Solicit orders for purchase or sale of
STOCK AND BOND INVESTMENTS
Telephone, 3570 Broad.
Correspondence solicited.

JOSEPH COWAN & CO.,
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange.
Stock, Bonds and Grain,
MAIN OFFICES, 44 and 46 BROADWAY.
Branch Offices. | 1,386 B'WAY, COR. 37TH ST. | 318 B'WAY, COR. CANAL ST. | 57 East 59th St., (near Madison Ave.)
SEND FOR DAILY MARKET LETTER.

FINANCIAL.

THE WESTERN NATIONAL BANK OF THE UNITED STATES IN NEW YORK
AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF NASSAU AND PINE STREETS

CAPITAL $10,000,000 — SURPLUS $2,500,000

V. P. SNYDER, President
Richard A. McCurdy, Vice-President
James H. Hyde, Vice-President
Thomas F. Ryan, Vice-President
Henry A. Smith, Vice-President
Chas. L. Robinson, Cashier
Oliver I. Pilat, Assistant Cashier
Clarence Foote, Assistant Cashier

This bank invites the accounts of firms, corporations and individuals, and is prepared to grant the best terms consistent with conservative banking

DIRECTORS
James W. Alexander, George F. Baker, Charles T. Barney, E. J. Berwind, C. Ledyard Blair, Frederic Cromwell, H. C. Deming, Chauncey M. Depew, John F. Dryden, James B. Duke, George J. Gould, Daniel Guggenheim, G. G. Haven, Thos. H. Hubbard, James H. Hyde, Adrian Iselin, Jr., Brayton Ives, James N. Jarvie, A. D. Juilliard, Otto H. Kahn, Luther Kountze, Richard A. McCurdy, Wm. H. McIntyre, A. W. Mellon, David H. Moffat, Levi P. Morton, Walter G. Oakman, James H. Parker, Elihu Root, Thomas F. Ryan, Jacob H. Schiff, V. P. Snyder, H. H. Vreeland, William C. Whitney, George W. Young

Morton Trust Company
38 NASSAU STREET.
Capital - - - - - - - $2,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits - - $5,815,982

Acts as Trustee, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, Receiver, Registrar and Transfer Agent. Takes Charge of Real and Personal Property.
Deposits received subject to cheque, or on certificate. Interest allowed on daily balances.
Travellers' Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the world.

OFFICERS.
Levi P. Morton, President; Thomas F. Ryan, Vice-President; James K. Corbière, 2d Vice-Pres.; H. M. Francis, Secretary; Charles A. Conant, Treasurer; H. B. Berry, Trust Officer; G. L. Wilmerding, Asst. Secret'y.

DIRECTORS:
John Jacob Astor, George F. Baker, Edward J. Berwind, Frederic Cromwell, James B. Duke, Henry M. Flagler, G. G. Haven, Joseph C. Hendrix, James N. Jarvie, Walter S. Johnston, A. D. Juilliard, Joseph Larocque, D. O. Mills, Levi P. Morton, Richard A. McCurdy, W. G. Oakman, George Foster Peabody, Samuel Rea, Elihu Root, Thomas F. Ryan, Jacob H. Schiff, John Sloane, William C. Whitney.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
LEVI P. MORTON, THOMAS F. RYAN, EDWARD J. BERWIND, G. G. HAVEN, JOSEPH C. HENDRIX, JAMES N. JARVIE, GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY, JACOB H. SCHIFF, WILLIAM C. WHITNEY.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
66 Broadway. 234 Fifth Avenue.
100 W. 125th St. 3d Ave. & 148th St.
CHARLES T. BARNEY, President.
FRED'K L. ELDRIDGE, 1st V.-P. FRED'K GORE KING, Sec. and Treas.
JOSEPH T. BROWN, 2d V.-P. J. M'LEAN WALTON, Asst. Secretary.
JULIAN M. GERARD, 3d V.-P. HARRIS A. DUNN, Asst. Treasurer.
TRUST DEPARTMENT:
WILLIAM B. RANDALL, Trust Officer.
HARLEM BRANCH: B. L. ALLEN, Manager. BRONX BRANCH: JOHN BAMBEY, Manager.
Acts as Executor, Trustee, Guardian and Administrator. Takes entire charge of Estates, investing their Funds promptly and keeping them fully invested.
The company is in possession of best Expert knowledge of Real Estate and Bond and Mortgage investments, thus enabling it to greatly benefit Estates in its charge.

Chartered 1822.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William St., New York.
Capital, - - $1,000,000.
Undivided Profits, - 7,000,000.

CENTRAL REALTY BOND AND TRUST COMPANY
Chamber of Commerce Building
59-65 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK.
Capital.............. $2,000,000.00
Surplus & Undivided Profits 7,328,970.32
Allows interest on deposits subject to check and transacts all Trust Company business.
HENRY MORGENTHAU, President.
HUGH J. GRANT, Vice-Pres. T. STALLKNECHT, 2d Vice-Pres.
W. J. B. MILLS, Treasurer. ERNEST EHRMANN, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
Frederic P. Olcott, James Stillman, Anthony N. Brady, James N. Jarvie, James H. Post, Augustus D. Juilliard, Henry O. Havemeyer, Ernest Ehrmann, James H. Hyde, Wm. H. McIntyre, Michael Coleman, Frederic Cromwell, G. G. Haven, E. W. Coggeshall, Hugh J. Grant, Henry Morgenthau.

Lincoln Trust Company,
208 Fifth Avenue. 1128 Broadway. (Madison Square.)
Capital & Surplus $1,000,000
Henry R. Wilson, President. Frank Tilford, Vice-President. Owen Ward, 2d Vice-President. R. C. Lewis, Treasurer. Wm. Darrow, Jr., Secretary.
TRANSACTS A GENERAL TRUST AND BANKING BUSINESS.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

N.Y. Security and Trust Co.
46 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus, $5,000,000
Charles S. Fairchild, Pres. Abram M. Hyatt, V.-Pres. Osborn W. Bright, 2d V.-Pres. L. Carroll Root, 3d V.-Pres. Alex. S. Webb, Jr., Sec. Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Sec. James K. Kesler, 2d Asst. Sec'y.

North American Trust Company
135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus, $5,000,000.00

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.
CAPITAL, $2,500,000.
SURPLUS, $7,500,000.
E. B. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice-President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice-President.
CHARLES J. RHOADS, Treasurer.
EDWARD S. PAGE, Secretary.
GEO. TUCKER BISPHAM, Solicitor.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
15 EXCHANGE PLACE, JERSEY CITY, N. J.
Capital, Surplus & Profits, $2,800,000.00
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
INTEREST PAID ON CHECK ACCOUNTS

THE NEW JERSEY TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY,
83 and 85 Montgomery St., JERSEY CITY, N. J.
CAPITAL, $200,000. DEPOSITS, $5,000,000.
UNDIVIDED PROFITS, $750,000.
Transacts a General Banking Business. Allows interest on deposits subject to check. Issues interest-bearing Certificates of Deposit.

Proposals.

FORT WADSWORTH, N. Y., April 29th, 1903.—Sealed proposals for building a Ward Wing on the Hospital and the erection of a building in rear for kitchen, etc., will be received until 9 A. M. May 28th, 1903. Information furnished on application. United States reserves right to accept or reject any proposal, or any part thereof. Envelopes containing proposals should be endorsed "Proposals for building Ward Wing and Kitchen," addressed LIEUT. GEO. L. HICKS, JR., Q. M.

WEST POINT, N. Y., APRIL 1, 1903.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received here until 12 M., May 1, 1903, for Building Materials, Plumbing Materials, Hardware, Tools, Paints, Glass, Furnace and Range Parts, and other miscellaneous stores specified on schedules to be had upon application here. The right is reserved to reject or accept any or all proposals, or any part thereof. Enclose proposals in envelope marked "Proposals for Military Supplies," and addressed to Q. M., U. S. M. A.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, ARMY Building, New York, April 25, 1903.—Sealed proposals for dredging and rock removal in East River, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M., May 25, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. AMOS STICKNEY, Col., Engrs.

Lost and Found.

Lost—PASS BOOK NO. 84,244, issued by the Institution for the Savings of Merchants' Clerks. The finder will please return it to the Bank, No. 20 Union Square. PAUL MORRIS GLEMANN, Administrator.

Dividends.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,

COUPONS PAYABLE AT 66 BROADWAY ON AND AFTER MAY 1ST, 1903.

Coupons may be sent in at once, and Checks in payment of same will be ready for delivery at 10 A. M. on May 1st.

New York City 5%.
New York City 3½%.
New York City 3%.
Bay Shore Union Free School District No. 1, 4%.
Citizens' Electric Company, North Plainfield, N. J., 1st, 5%.
Columbus, Buckeye Lake & Newark Traction Co. 1st, 5%.
Du Bois Electric & Traction Co. Collateral Trust 5%.
Fort Madison Water Co. Reg. Int. 5%.
Lima Oil Company 1st, 6%.
Manhasset Improvement Co. 1st, 5%.
Marietta, Columbus & Cleveland R.R. Co. 1st, 5%.
Mexico Commercial Co. 1st, 6%.
Municipal Debenture Co. Deb. 6%.
Newburgh Electric Railway Co. 1st, 5%.
New Jersey Steamboat Co. Con. 5%.
New York Athletic Club Deb. 6%.
Pelham Manor, Village of, 4% Sewers.
Plymouth Consolidated Oil & Development Co. 1st, 5%.
Rochester Gas & Electric Co. Con. 5%.
Rockland Light & Power Co. 1st, 5%.
Rocky Mountain Coal & Iron Co. 1st, 5%.
Safety Insulated Wire & Cable Co. 1st, 6%.
Sing Sing Gas Mfg. Co. 1st, 4%.
Southern States Land Co. 1st, 6%.
Southern States Land Co. 2d, 6%.
Watervliet Hydraulic Co. 1st, 5%.
Due May 15th, 1903.
Hammondsport, Village of, N. Y., 4%.
Due May 20th, 1903.
Great Northern Ry. of Canada, Series C, 6% Equipment.

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company.
STAMPED ADJUSTMENT BONDS.
A semi-annual installment of two per cent. in respect of interest on the STAMPED Adjustment Mortgage Bonds of The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company will be paid at its office, No. 5 Nassau Street, New York City, on May 1, 1903, upon presentation and surrender of the respective coupons NUMBERED 13, and to the holders of Registered Bonds.
H. W. GARDINER, Assistant Treasurer.
New York, April 15, 1903.

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
New York, April 25, 1903.
Notice is hereby given to holders of The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company's Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of 1902, that the semi-annual interest due May 1, 1903, on all series of the above-described bonds, and the principal of Series "A" Bonds of this issue, will be paid by the First National Bank, No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, on and after May 1, 1903.
GEO. T. BOGGS, Assistant Treasurer.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
New York, April 25, 1903.
The semi-annual interest due May 1, 1903, on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company's Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of 2002 will be paid by the First National Bank, No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, on and after May 1, 1903.
GEO. T. BOGGS, Assistant Treasurer.

ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY,
New York, April 15th, 1903.
The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE QUARTERS (1¾%) PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable May 1st, 1903, to stockholders of record on April 25th, 1903. The Preferred Stock Transfer Books will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, April 25th, 1903, and will be reopened on Saturday, May 2d, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. J. CHALMERS, Treasurer.

NORTHERN SECURITIES COMPANY,
New York, 22d April, 1903.
There has been declared a dividend of 1⅛ per cent. on the capital stock of this Company, payable May 4th, 1903, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company on that date. The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., April 25, 1903, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., May 5, 1903.
E. T. NICHOLS, Secretary.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.
128 Broadway, New York, April 21st, 1903.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held to-day, a semi-annual dividend of FOUR (4%) PER CENT. on the capital stock was declared, payable May 1st proximo, to stockholders of record at close of business April 21st, 1903.
EDWARD BURNS, Cashier.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY,
Cincinnati, Ohio, April 21, 1903.
The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable on and after May 15th, to Stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., April 30th. Transfer Books do not close.
D. B. GAMBLE, Sec'y.

THE PEOPLES TRUST COMPANY
Borough of Brooklyn.
New York City, April 25, 1903.
The usual dividend of ONE PER CENT. has been declared by the Board of Trustees of this Company for the month of April, payable May 1, 1903, to stockholders of record April 30.
CHARLES A. BOODY, Secretary.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.
Coupons due May 1, 1903, from Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Central Trust Company, New York.
F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

FOURTEENTH STREET BANK.
NEW YORK, April 28th, 1903.
The Board of Directors has this day declared the usual semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent., free of tax, payable on May 1st, 1903.
IRVING C. GAYLORD, Cashier.

CENTRAL FOUNDRY COMPANY.
The coupons due May 1st, 1903, from the 6% gold debentures of this company will be paid on and after that date by Baring, Magoun & Company, 15 Wall St.
W. L. ROGERS, Treas.

Meetings and Elections.

NEW YORK & HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.
New York, April 22d, 1903.
The seventy-third Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this Company for election of Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, Grand Central Station, New York City, on Tuesday, the 19th day of May next. The poll will open at 12 o'clock noon, and continue open for two hours thereafter. The transfer books will be closed on Wednesday, April 29th, and reopened on Wednesday, May 20th.
E. V. W. ROSSITER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the "Theodore Stewart" Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, Nos. 4 and 6 John Street, in the City of New York, on the 18th day of May, 1903, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.
Transfer books will close on the 28th day of April, 1903, and will open on the 20th day of May, 1903.
WILLIAM J. GRUENINGER, Secretary.
Dated April 27, 1903.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate Company, for the election of thirteen (13) Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 150 West Fortieth Street, (corner of Seventh Avenue,) on Wednesday, May 13, 1903, at 3:30 P. M. The polls will be open from 3:30 to 4:00 P. M.
The transfer books will be closed April 29 and reopened May 14.
FRANK N. DODD, Secretary.

Office of the PHILADELPHIA COMPANY
Pittsburgh, Penn., April 18th, 1903.
MEETING.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Philadelphia Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 435 Sixth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Penn., on MONDAY, May 4th, 1903, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.
W. B. CARSON, Secretary.

New York, April 23, 1903.
BRADLEY STUDIOS.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on Saturday, May 16th, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon, at the office of the company, 367 Fifth Av., New York City, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
WM. E. DEANE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
AMALGAMATED COPPER CO.,
52 Broadway, New York, April 29th, 1903.
Notice is hereby given that the stock certificate transfer books of the Company will be closed on Saturday, May 9th, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purposes of the annual meeting of the Company, to be held June 1st, 1903, and that such books will be reopened on Tuesday, June 2d, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.
WM. G. ROCKEFELLER, Secretary.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Co.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and other general purposes, will be held at 9 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, May 6th, 1903, at the company's principal office in Cleveland, Ohio.
CHARLES F. COX, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Dorilton Corporation will be held at the Dorilton, 171 West 71st St., New York City, Monday, May fourth, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
F. R. WOOD, Sec'y.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of this association will be held at the banking house, 31 Nassau Street, on Monday, May 11, 1903, at 12 o'clock M.
W. C. DUVALL, Cashier.
New York, April 20, 1903.

QUARTERLY MEETING OF THE AMERICAN Institute, May 7th, 8 P. M., at 19 West 44th St. HENRY WELSCH, Sec'y.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Continued from Page 13.

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$221,592,542
Gold	111,633,505
Silver	21,515,006
United States notes	4,757,454
Treasury notes of 1890	117,043
National banknotes	9,664,582
Total receipts this day	1,445,006
Total receipts this month	39,866,630
Total receipts this year	462,000,031
Total expenditures this day	1,715,000
Total expenditures this month	39,140,000
Total expenditures this year	428,404,177
Deposits in National banks	154,473,698
National bank notes received to-day for redemption	520,789
Government receipts:	
Internal revenue	505,783
Customs	906,869
Miscellaneous	32,353

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS, DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.

Gold coin	$410,405,069
Silver dollars	464,583,000
Silver dollars of 1890	1,439,770
Silver bullion of 1890	19,445,230
Total	$895,873,069

DIVISION OF ISSUE.

Gold certificates outstanding	$410,405,069
Silver certificates outstanding	464,583,000
Treasury notes outstanding	20,885,000
Total	$895,873,069

GENERAL FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$84,791,035
Gold certificates	26,842,459
Silver coin and bullion	15,855,465
Silver certificates	5,659,541
United States notes	4,757,454
Other assets	19,508,314
Total in Treasury	$157,414,281
Deposits in National banks	154,473,698
Total	$311,887,980
Current liabilities	90,295,437
Available cash balance	$221,592,542

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday were as follows:

	Tuesday.	Monday.
Alta	.05	.03
Alpha Consolidated	.03	.03
Andes	.15	.17
Belcher	.49	.49
Best & Belcher	1.50	1.50
Bullion	.55	.06
Caledonia	2.05	2.05
Challenge Con	.43	.43
Chollar	.02	.23
Confidence	1.10	1.00
*Con. Cal. & Va.	1.25	1.35
Con. Imperial	.02	.02
Crown Point	.24	.26
Gould & Curry	.38	.38
Hale & Norcross	.71	.73
Julia	.02	.02
Justice	.09	.10
Kentucky Con	.01	.01
Lady Washington Con	.05	.05
Mexican	.93	.97
Occidental Con	.40	.40
Ophir	1.55	1.55
Overman	.47	.45
Potosi	.20	.20
Savage	.20	.20
Seg Belcher	.15	.15
Sierra Nevada	.29	.71
Syndicate	.08	.08
St. Louis	.20	.20
Union Con	.82	.87
Utah Con	.43	.42
Yellow Jacket	.40	.41
Silver bars	.54⅝	.53
Mexican dollars	42½@43	42@42½
Drafts, sight	.15	.15
Telegraph	.17½	.17½

*Twenty-five-cent assessment levied to-day.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, April 28.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday as follows:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Acacia	8¾	9	8¾	9
American Consolidated	2¾	3	2¾	2⅞
Anaconda	14	16	14	16
Blue Bell	5½	7	5¼	7
C. K. & N.	19¾	19⅞	19¾	20
C. C. Consolidated	4½	4⅞	4½	5
Coriolanus	3¾	4	3¾	4
C. C. & M.	2⅜	2½	2	2⅜
Dante	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
Doctor Jackpot	8¼	8½	8½	8¾
Elkton	36¾	38	36½	37¼
El Paso	59	60	58¾	59½
Findlay	14½	15¾	15	15½
Gold Dollar Consolidated	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5⅝
Golden Cycle	74	74½	73½	74½
Golden Fleece	5	11	5	11
Gold Bond	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3½
Gold Sovereign	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3½
Gould	3¼	3½	3¼	3½
Gold Exploration	2	2½	2	2½
Isabella	16⅝	17	16¼	16⅝
Jackpot	8	9	8	9
Keystone	6⅝	6¾	6½	6¾
Last Dollar	20	50	20	50
Lexington	4¾	5	4⅜	4⅞
Little Puck	3¼	3⅜	3	3¼
Little Bessie	4	4½	3¾	4½
Mollie Gibson	5¼	6¼	5¼	7
Mary Cashen	2	3	2½	3
Moon Anchor	7½	8½	7½	8¼
New Haven	2⅜	3	2⅜	3
Old Gold	5	5¼	5	5½
Pharmacist	4	4½	4	4½
Pinnacle	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
Portland	1.38	1.40	1.36	1.38
Rose Maud	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Rose Nicol	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
Sunset Eclipse	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Vindicator	89	91	90	95
Work	6⅝	7	6⅝	7

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 28.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

Abbey Press, Consolidated; capital, $300,000. Directors—C. F. Rideal, J. L. Searle, and H. S. Martyn, New York.

Thomas Reese, Jr., Company, New York, mechanical engineers; capital, $150,000. Directors—Thomas Reese, Jr., J. R. Reese, and J. M. Weldon, New York.

Sanborn-Farrell Company, New York, milk, butter, cheese, and poultry; capital, $150,000. Directors—F. D. Sanborn and A. B. Sanborn, Boston; W. J. Farrell, New York.

Echo Bay Land Company, New Rochelle; capital, $150,000. Directors—B. W. Robinson and J. A. Manning, New Rochelle; J. L. O'Connell, New York.

Everett & Treadwell Company, Kingston, groceries; capital, $100,000. Directors—J. H. Everett, Jennie C. Everett, and Mary C. Treadwell, Kingston.

Tompkins Dry Goods Company, Middletown; capital, $425,000. Directors—J. W. Tompkins, Middletown; Stanley Mills, P. Walden, and Wilbur Fosbay, Ossining.

"It Banking Company," New York; capital, $5,000. Directors—W. J. Bohannan, G. A. Honnecker, and Ralph Stout, New York.

Thomas Clinchy Company, New York, plumbing and gas fitting; capital, $5,000. Directors—Thomas Clinchy, A. J. Nothacker, and Anthony Clinchy, Jr., New York.

Orr Chemical Company, New York; capital, $4,000. Directors—R. S. Finney, O. R. Von Bonnewitz, and Elizabeth O. Finney, New York.

B. E. Forrester Attractions of New York, dramatic, musical, and theatrical attractions; capital, $20,000. Directors—B. E. Forrester, Moses Reis, and Charles Osgood, New York.

New York Medical Protective Society, New York; capital, $1,000. Directors—J. F. Polard, Ettore Nardi, and Ernesto Spinelli, New York.

Bill Poster and Distributor Publishing Company, New York; capital, $2,500. Directors—Samuel Pratt, New York; Barney Link, Brooklyn; E. C. Campbell, Chicago.

Mooney & Boland Detective Agency, New York; capital, $20,000. Directors—F. H. Boland, J. M. Boland, and P. M. Brown, New York.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

Fuel Gas Machines Company, to manufacture gas plants, pumps, engines, &c., Jersey City; capital, $1,500,000.

Commercial Distillery Company, to distill liquors, Jersey City; capital, $400,000.

Alaska Railway Company, to operate 425 miles of railroad in Alaska, Jersey City; capital, $100,000.

Trinity Springs Company, Jersey City; capital, $125,000.

Bingham Tramway Company, to construct tramways, Jersey City; capital, $50,000.

Koch Lung Cure Company of Detroit, Jersey City; capital, $100,000.

Collingswood Building and Construction Company, Camden; capital, $50,000.

Kinkora and New Lisbon Railroad Company, to succeed the Columbus, Kinkora and Springfield Railroad Company, recently sold under a decree of the United States Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania; capital, $40,000.

Independent Stock Exchange Ticket.

There is some dissatisfaction among certain members of the New York Stock Exchange over the action of the Nominating Committee in not renominating Charles S. Bryan and J. B. Dumont as members of the Governing Committee for the four-year term. The dissatisfied members have nominated an independent ticket, which differs from the regular ticket in that it substitutes the names of Mr. Bryan and Mr. Dumont for those of J. B. Harriman and Lawrence Jacob, the regular nominees. The election will take place May 11.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Park Avenue and Ninety-sixth Street Corner Sold—Other Dealings by Brokers and at Auction.

Boehm & Boehm have sold the southeast corner of Park Avenue and Ninety-sixth Street, a plot 100.8 by 90, for $85,000, to a builder, who will erect a high-class elevator apartment house on the site.

Carolina Naluik has sold for Randolph Guggenheimer to Charles B. Gumb the four-story dwelling 17 East Thirty-first Street, 21.10 by 98.9.

John P. Kirwin has sold for Ruth A. Wallace the plot of six lots on the south side of Fifty-fifth Street, 100 feet east of Twelfth Avenue, 150 by 100.5.

Henry D. Winans & May have sold to the Reconstruction Company the four-story dwelling 251 West Seventy-third Street, 20.3 by 102.2.

Bryan L. Kennelly has sold for Adelaide Wilson to Mary A. Williams the three-story stone-front dwelling 211 West One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street, 16.10 by 99.11.

Bryan L. Kennelly has also sold for Charles F. Rogers the five-story flat 1,286 Columbus Avenue, adjoining the southwest corner of One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, 27 by 100; also, for Frederick P. Forster, the five-story flat 2,116 Eighth Avenue, 20 by 80. Both of these parcels were to have been offered at auction yesterday by Mr. Kennelly.

It is reported that John Corse has sold the three-story stone-front dwelling 129 West Ninety-fourth Street, 16.6 by 100.8.

Solomon Zickel has sold the four-story brownstone-front dwelling 40 East Sixty-ninth Street, 25 by 100.5.

H. E. Zittel has sold for Edgar B. Van Winkle the three-story stone-front flat 705 Lexington Avenue, 20 by 66.

C. F. W. Johanning has sold for Mrs. A. Siebold 242 West One Hundred and Twelfth Street, a five-story double flat on lot 33.4 by 100, for about $45,000.

Simon Cohen has sold to David Held the two five-story flats 403 and 405 East Thirty-fourth Street, 50 by 75.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Trinity Building Salesroom resulted as follows:

By D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co.

616 Third Avenue, west side, 24 feet south of Fortieth Street, 24 by 80, four-story brick tenement, with store; partition sale, to Joseph M. Adrian ... $20,900

Myrtle Avenue, west side, 400 feet south of Brewster Avenue, Flushing, 50 by 175, vacant; partition sale, to Alexander Kerr ... 410

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co.

284 Tenth Avenue, east side, 74 feet north of Twenty-sixth Street, 24.8 by 100, four-story front and rear buildings; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Thomas Lynch ... 13,663

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

266 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, south side, 250 feet east of Eighth Avenue, 25 by 100.11, four-story brownstone-front double flat; public auction sale, to Richard M. Winfield ... 18,300

280 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, south side, 80 feet east of Eighth Avenue, 20 by 100.11, five-story brownstone-front single flat; public auction sale, to Richard M. Winfield ... 17,000

By Peter F. Meyer & Co.

2,356 First Avenue, east side, 20.11 feet south of One Hundred and Twenty-first Street, 20 by 80, four-story brick tenement, with store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Amelia Seldner ... 9,000

22 West Ninety-sixth Street, south side, 205 feet west of Central Park West, 20 by 100.8, four-story stone-front dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Harry Lippman ... 27,750

752 East One Hundred and Seventy-second Street, south side, 50 feet west of Bathgate Avenue, 17.6 by 100, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, M. C. Mathews ... 4,000

By Joseph P. Day.

2,063 Arthur Avenue, west side, 348.8 feet south of Samuel Street, 18.3 by 67.6, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Knepper & Co ... 3,210

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 111 Broadway:

By L. J. Phillips & Co., executors' sale, 22 Trinity Place, northwest corner of Edgar Street, extending through to Greenwich Street, 27.8 by 57.4 by 28 by 63.10, four-story brick building; 32 and 34 Old Slip, north side, 44.9 feet west of South Street, each 31.10 by 23.5, two four-story brick buildings, to be sold as one parcel; 221 West Sixty-second Street, north side, 325 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 25 by 100.5, five-story brick apartment house; 239 West Sixty-second Street, north side, 550 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 25 by 100.5, five-story brick apartment house.

By L. J. Phillips & Co., foreclosure sale, P. C. Talman, referee, 244 West Sixty-second Street, south side, 175 feet east of West End Avenue, 25 by 100.5, five-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $15,916.

By Philip A. Smyth, executor's sale, eleven lots at Woodlawn Heights, being the block front on the east side of Oneida Avenue, between Two Hundred and Thirty-third and Two Hundred and Thirty-fifth Streets, together with two adjoining lots on Two Hundred and Thirty-third Street.

By Philip A. Smyth, foreclosure sale, Charles W. Dayton, referee, 246 West One Hundred and Eighth Street, south side, 575 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 25 by 100.11, five-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $20,830.

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., public auction sale, 14 Fifth Avenue, west side, 54.9 feet north of Eighth Street, 26.8 by 100, four-story brownstone-front apartment house.

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., public auction sale, 157 Lexington Avenue, east side, 22.3 feet south of Thirtieth Street, 16.6 by 91 and irregular, four-story English basement dwelling.

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., public auction sale, Giles Place, northwest corner of Cannon Place, Twenty-fourth Ward, 200 by 250 and irregular, plot of about eighteen lots.

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., foreclosure sale, George H. Hart, referee, 550 East Eighty-fifth Street, south side, 131.6 feet west of Avenue B, 16.6 by 102.2, two-story stone-front dwelling. Due on judgment, $5,742.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Arthur D. Truax, referee, One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Street, north side, the block front between Third and Fulton Avenues, 342 by 176 and irregular, two and three story brick and frame buildings, (American Brewery.) Due on judgment, $80,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, partition sale, Gerrit Smith, referee, 458 Broome Street, north side, 50 feet west of Mercer Street, 25 by 100, five-story stone-front store and loft building; 257 and 259 West Thirty-eighth Street, north side, 223 feet east of Eighth Avenue, each 17.1 by 98.9, two four-story brick dwellings.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, public auction sale, 163 West One Hundred and Twenty-second Street, north side, 90.3 feet east of Seventh Avenue, 18.8 by 100.11, three-story brownstone and brick dwelling.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, public auction sale, 211 West One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street, north side, 125 feet west of Seventh Avenue, 16.10 by 99.11, three-story stone-front dwelling; 945 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, north side, 100 feet west of Washington Avenue, 20 by 100 by 21.11 by 103.11, vacant; 947 Fulton Street, north side, adjoining the foregoing, 20 by 90 by 21.11 by 98.11, vacant.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., public auction sale, 585 and 587 Lexington Avenue, east side, 75.5 feet north of Fifty-first Street, each 25 by 100, two five-story brownstone-front flats, with stores.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., public auction sale, Belmont Avenue, northeast corner of One Hundred and Seventy-ninth Street, 68 by 89.2 vacant.

By Samuel Goldsticker, foreclosure sale, Solon Berrick, referee, 256 Ninth Avenue, east side, 59.4 feet north of Twenty-fifth Street, 19.8 by 65, three-story brick tenement, with stores. Due on judgment, $10,715.

By Samuel Goldsticker, foreclosure sale, Peter J. Everett, referee, One Hundred and Eightieth Street, north side, 100 feet east of Wadsworth Avenue, 25 by 100, vacant; Wadsworth Avenue, northeast corner of One Hundred and Seventy-ninth Street, 25 by 100, vacant. Due on judgment, $6,577.

By James L. Wells, partition sale, Grenville B. Winthrop, referee, Vyse Avenue, northeast corner of One Hundred and Seventy-ninth Street, 126 by 110, two-story dwelling.

By James L. Wells, foreclosure sale, John A. Walsh, referee, 435 Columbus Avenue, north side, 50 feet east of Fillmore Street, Van Nest Park, 50 by 100, two-story frame dwelling. Due on judgment, $2,262.

By D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co., foreclosure sale, Morris J. Hirsch, referee, Jefferson Avenue, southeast side, 345 feet southwest of King's Bridge Road, running through to Belmont Avenue, 50 by 175 by 50 by 170, vacant. Due on judgment, $3,621.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

Nos. 144 to 150 West Eighteenth Street, for two six-story brick warehouses, 45 by 87; D. Perelman of 256 Henry Street, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein of 711 Broadway, architects; cost, $70,000.

No. 97 to 101 Avenue B, for a six-story brick flat, with stores, 60.5 by 80; Lippman & Gold of 1,771 Madison Avenue, owners; Horenburger & Straub of 122 Bowery, architects; cost, $50,000.

Nos. 72 and 74 Delancey Street and 116 Allen Street, for a six-story brick tenement, with stores, 49.10 by 66.5 and 78.9; M. Weinstein of 151 East One Hundred and Eighty-first Street, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $45,000.

Nos. 126 and 128 East Thirteenth Street, for a one-story brick stable, 49.6 by 103.3; E. W. Kearney of 400 West Seventieth Street, owner; Jardine, Kent & Jardine of 1,262 Broadway, architects; cost, $16,000.

No. 21 West Fifty-sixth Street, for a five-story brick dwelling, 25 by 87.11; A. Lehman of 763 Fifth Avenue, owner; J. H. Duncan of 208 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $55,000.

Park Avenue, east side, 151 feet north of One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street, for a three-story brick stable and dwelling, 56 by 145; Charles M. Hogan of 393 Central Park West, owner; M. J. Murphy of 211 West Eighteenth Street, architect; cost, $40,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-seventh Street, south side, 200 feet west of Bronxdale Avenue, for a one-and-a-half-story frame dwelling, 29 by 35; Philip Dudy of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue, owner; P. J. Dunderman of 2,081 Ryer Avenue, architect; cost, $8,000.

Driggs Avenue, east side, 120 feet south of Two Hundredth Street, for a two-story brick engine house, 50 by 65; city, owner; Alexander Stevens of 157 East Sixty-seventh Street, architect; cost, $27,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-sixth Street, north side, 141 feet west of Washington Avenue, for a three-story brick hook and ladder house, 24 by 80; city, owner; Alexander Stevens of 157 East Sixty-seventh Street, architect; cost, $30,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Street, south side, 250 feet east of St. Ann's Avenue, for a two-story brick dwelling, 50 by 28; Blanche M. Egan of 4,579 East One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, owner; Moore & Landseidel of One Hundred and Forty-eighth Street and Third Avenue, architects; cost, $5,000.

Alterations.

No. 30 East Fortieth Street, to a two-and-a-half story brick dwelling, with stable; M. T. Pyne of Princeton, N. J., owner; R. C. Gildersleeve of 150 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $2,500.

No. 112 West Thirty-eighth Street, to four-story brick lofts, with stores; J. V. Hassell, premises, owner; G. A. Nicholas of 272 West One Hundred and Seventh Street, architect; cost, $1,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street, northwest corner of Clay Avenue, to a three-story frame dwelling, 22 by 28; Emily E. Hamilton of 545 East One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street, owner; Stephen H. Mapes of 2,264 Aqueduct Avenue, architect; cost, $350.

Park Avenue, west side, 112 feet north of One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Street, to a two-story-and-attic frame dwelling, 21 by 34; William Noble of 3,111 Park Avenue, owner; Gustav Schwarz of 554 East One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street, architect; cost, $400.

Avenue C, west side, 50 feet south of Second Street, to a two-story-and-attic frame dwelling, 18 by 31; Martin Hoffman, premises, owner; E. Eberling, West Farms Road, architect; cost, $800.

Nineteenth Avenue, south side, 30 feet east of Catherine Street, to a one-story frame store and dwelling, 20 by 12; William H. Keating of Twelfth Street and White Plains Avenue, owner; M. J. Gardin of 3,307 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $1,500.

Third Avenue, southwest corner of One Hundred and Sixty-third Street, to a three-story brick hotel, 25 by 50; Jacob Siegel, premises, owner; Bronx Architectural Company of 3,307 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street, south side, 150 feet west of Third Avenue, to a two-story frame workshop, 12 by 109; J. L. Mott Iron Works, premises, owner; Anton Hermann of 479 St. Ann's Avenue, architect; cost, $1,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Tuesday, April 28.

AVENUE C, w s, 24.3 ft n of 5th St, 72.9x90; Aaron Goodman and another to Myer Frank, (mtg $55,000) ... $73,000

BRADHURST AV, 104, e s, 25x75; Samuel C. Baum to Catharine Kingsley, (mtg $11,500) ... 100

BROADWAY, s e corner of Bond St, runs s 29.6x e 65x n 0.6x e 65 to an alley x n 29 to Bond St x w 130 to beginning; Ehrick Parmly and others, trustees, to Ehrick K. Rossiter ... 250,000

BROOME ST, 99, s s, 25x75; Kalman Weintraub to Joseph Metzger, ½ part, (mtg ½ of $17,000) ... Nom.

BROOME ST, s e corner of Eldridge St, runs e 175x s 87.6x w 175x n 87.6 to beginning; John L. Cadwalader and others to Pincus Lowenfeld and another ... 249,500

BROOME ST, s e corner of Eldridge St, runs e 175x s 87.6x w 175x n 87.6 to beginning; Pincus Lowenfeld and another to Harris Fine, (mtg $210,000) ... Nom.

CAULDWELL AV, 1,058, e s, 20.6x125x19.5x125; Mary Hargreaves and another to Alice McChristie, other consideration and ... 100

CHURCH ST, w s, 228 ft n of proposed new street, 50x100; Katherine Kingsley to Samuel C. Baum, (mtg $2,000) ... Nom.

CONVENT AV, s w corner of 128th St, runs w 90.6x s 99.11x e 85.6x n 60.6x e 64.10x n 56.2 to beginning; Charles A. Cowen and others to Charles A. Cowen & Co., a corporation, B. & S., all liens ... Nom.

CRESTON AV, e s, 118.6 ft s of 196th St, runs e 74.1x s 0.5x19.6x20x w 74.3x n 40 to beginning; James Kenn to Mary Annan, all liens ... Nom.

CRESTON AV, e s, 318.6 ft s of Donnybrook St, 40x75.3x40x75.1; Jane Kenn to Mary Annan, all liens ... Nom.

CRESTON AV, w s, 494.9 ft n of 196th St, 150x100.4; Creston Av, w s, 394.9 ft n of 190th St, 50x100.4; James Kenn to Mary Annan, all liens ... Nom.

CROTONA AV, e s, 94 ft n of 175th St, 100x120; Frederick F. Newman, referee, to Louisa K. Kuntz, executrix, all liens ... 9,000

GROVE ST, w s, 211.5 ft n of John St, 26.5x150; Hugh C. Munday to Frederick W. Brooker, all liens, other consideration and ... 100

HALL PL, w s, 499.11 ft s of 167th St, runs w 106.7 x n 1.2 x e — to beginning gore; John H. Quirk to Patrick J. Quirk ... Nom.

HOUSTON ST, 168, n s, 71.2 ft w of 1st Av, 21.8x50.1x22.2x50.3; Joseph Wolf and another to Nathan Rosenberg, (mtg $11,700,) other consideration and ... 100

INTERIOR LOT, 375 ft n of Morris Park Av x324.6 ft e of Unionport Road, runs e 100 x n 25 x w 100 x s 25, with right to strip; Mary A. Robinson to Augusta Baker, (mtg $2,000) ... 100

IRVING PLACE, 65, n w corner of 18th St, 23x85.6; James Ennis and others to James P. Duffy, (mtg $27,000) ... 100

JEFFERSON ST, n s, 89.10 ft e of Clinton Av, 19.6x200; John T. Leonard and another to John P. Walin, (mtg $4,750) ... Nom.

JEROME AV, e s, 686.8 ft s of High Bridge Road, 100x21.6x90.7x26.4; James Kenn to Mary Annan, all liens ... Nom.

LEXINGTON AV, 631, e s, 20x80; Mary T. Ryan to German Evangelical Lutheran St. Peter's Church, City of New York ... 100

LEXINGTON AV, 983, s e corner of 71st St, 20x69; Eleanor C. Huntington to William N. Cromwell, all title ... Nom.

LEXINGTON AV, 983, s e corner of 71st St, 20x69; William N. Cromwell to Frederick W. Beinhauer, B. & S., (mtg $30,000) ... Nom.

LOT 316, Block 1, amended map of H. P. Rose, Mapes estate; Hudson P. Rose to Addie A. Dowdell, (mtg $2,000) ... 1

MADISON AV, e s, 65.10 ft s of 37th St, 65.10x157; William E. Dodge and another to J. Pierpont Morgan ... 500,000

MANGIN ST, e s, 75 ft s of Rivington St, 21x100; Felice Boccuzzi to Annie Aason and another, (mtg $7,000) ... Nom.

MONROE ST, 172, s s, 26x98; Jacob Weinstein to Solomon Stein, (mtg $23,000) ... 1

PARK, 35, e s, 18.5x51; Elizabeth H. Miller and others to T. Passmore Berens ... 40,250

PARK AV, n e corner of 77th St, 51.2x100; Margaret R. Graham and another to Wesley Thorn, all liens, other consideration and ... 100

PERRY ST, 141, n s, 20x80x19.6x79.8; Emeline K. Hanley to Gertrude M. Burum, (mtg $2,100) ... Nom.

RIVINGTON ST, 153, s s, 19x52x18.9x52; Norris Kempe to Isaac Kleinfeld and others, (mtg $8,000) ... 100

SPRING ST, 212 to 216, s s, runs s 42.2x s e 46.1x s 16.1x n w 18.4x w 22.3x n 100.5x e 45.3x s e 18.11 to beginning; Frederick D. Mahoney to J. C. Lyons Building and Operating Company, (mtg $12,000) ... Nom.

STANTON ST, n s, 75 ft w of Clinton St, 25x100; Saville Levin to Moritz Mandelskorn and another, (mtgs $20,500,) other consideration and ... 100

VALENTINE AV, s e s, 230.9 ft n e of Travers St, 50x98.8x50x98.11; James Kenn to Mary Armann, all liens ... 1

WASHINGTON AV, n w corner of Gouverneur Place, 19.8x92.8x19.11x92.8; August Jacob to Carrie Buchmiller, (mtg $18,000) ... Nom.

WATER ST, 109, s e s, 21.1x77.1 x irregular; Water St, 107, s e s, 21x96.11x irregular; Henry Corn to the Broadway Construction Company, (mtg $40,000) ... 100

WEST END AV, e s, 60 ft s of 97th St, 40.11x100; Helene Stein to Philip Wood, (mtg $43,000) ... 1

WESTCHESTER AV, n e s, Lot 277, map of Washingtonville, 50x100; Frank Friedleben to George Schuman ... 1,900

WESTCHESTER AV, n e s, Lot 277, map of Washingtonville, 50x100; Samuel B. Smith, referee, to Frank Friedleben ... 1,650

1ST AV, n e corner of 91st St, 25.8x94; Isaac Metzger to Isaac Sakolski, other consideration and ... 100

1ST AV, w s, 80.3 ft n of 24th St, 18.6x100; Patrick McNally to Daniel Brubacher ... Nom.

1ST AV, 19, w s, 16.8x75; Morris Kahn to Jacob Kuschner, (mtg $8,000,) other consideration and ... 100

2D AV, 231, 14th St, begins 14th St, n s, 53.1 ft w of 2d Av, runs n 81.1x—x e 53.1 to avenue x s 103.3x w 53.1 to beginning; 245 East 14th St, 26.2x103.3; Hudson Realty Company to Adolff Mandel, (mtg $60,000,) other consideration and ... 100

2D AV, 111, w s, 21x98; Ida M. Hoffmann to Louis Minsky, (mtg $18,000,) other consideration and ... 100

3D AV, or Boston Road, e s, 112 ft n of 140th St, 28x111x25x123.6; Eugene H. Munger to David Matheson and others, B. & S., (mtgs $10,000) ... 5,425

3D ST, 58 East, 20x77.5; Samuel Bonis to Samuel Levy, one-half of all title, (mtg $9,000) ... Nom.

7TH AV, n e corner of 32d St, 98.9x100; Cornelius F. Kingsland to the Stuyvesant Real Estate Company, B & S, other consideration and ... 100

7TH ST, 23, 20x74.10; Jacob H. Miller and others, executors and trustees, to James V. McManus ... 25,900

11TH ST, 665 East, 25x103.3; Simon Lefkowitz and another to Ignatz Weisberger and another, (mtgs $33,000,) other consideration and ... 100

16TH ST, 263 West, 20x63; Maria S. Simpson to Mary E. Shaw, (mtg $6,000) ... Nom.

17TH ST, 325 East, 14x92; Bernhard Freund, individually and as trustee, to Thomas F. Maxcy ... 15,000

23D ST, s s, 25 ft w of 7th Av, 25x80; Maria S. Simpson to Israel Miller, (mtgs $29,500) ... Nom.

45TH ST, s s, 56.3 ft e of Lexington Av, 18.9x70; Frederick H. Brandt to Teresa Quinn, (mtg $27,450) ... 1

45TH ST, s s, 56.3 ft e of Lexington Av, 19.9x70; Agnes J. Sherry and another to Frederick A. Brandt, (mtg $20,450) ... 1

50TH ST, s s, 112.6 ft w of 1st Av, 18.9x100.5; Joseph Rosenberg, executor, to Joseph Schreiner, (mtg $8,000) ... 11,500

50TH ST, 344 East, 20x100.5; Hannah Rosenthal to German Kahn, (mtg ——) ... 1

52D ST, 410 East, 20x100.5; Henry W. Keil and others, executors, to Ignatz Bleich ... 10,000

52D ST, 410 East, 20x100.5; Henry W. Keil and others to Ignatz Bleich, B. & S. ... Nom.

58TH ST, s s, 190 ft e of 3d Av, 20x100.5; William E. Stein and others, heirs, to Charles Grossman, all liens, B. & S. ... 1

58TH ST, s s, 190 ft e of 3d Av, 20x100.5; Charles Grossman to William E. Stein, B. & S., all liens ... 1

61ST ST, n s, 60 ft w of 1st Av, 48.8x100.5 irregular; Leo Schlesinger and another to Joseph Krulish, (mtg $14,000) ... 1

79TH ST, s s, 194 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Henry Purnhagen to Joseph Rose, (mtg $15,000) ... 100

89TH ST, s s, 166 ft e of 1st Av, 20x100.8; Ella M. Sanger to Elsie B. Sanger, (mtg $13,500) ... Nom.

89TH ST, 414, s s, 186 ft e of 1st Av, 20x100.8; Ella M. Sanger to Elsie B. Sanger ... Nom.

91ST ST, 169 East, 25x100.8; Finette Gluckauf to Jacob Adler, (mtg $15,450) ... 1

96TH ST, 128 East, 25x100.8; Henry Snyder to John Corse, (mtg $20,000) ... 1

101ST ST, n s, 16.6 ft e of Park Av, 77.6x75; United States Life Insurance Company to Paul Mayer, B. & S. ... 100

102D ST, s s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Hiram V. V. Braman and another, trustees, to Gabriel Fried, (mtg $16,500) ... 20,500

104TH ST, 67 East, 25x100.11; Mary Schreiber to Max L. Lowenstein, (mtg $11,000) ... 1

105TH ST, 106 East, 20x100.11; Ida J. Walker to Sarah Kahn, quitclaim ... 1

107TH ST, n s, 151 ft w of 3d Av, 17x100.11; Johanna Friedeberg to Alexander Friedeberg, ½ part ... 2,000

109TH ST, s s, 187 ft w of Park Av, 17x100.11; Louis Lese and another to Rose Jacobs ... 12,500

110TH ST, 64 East, 25x100.11; Julius Lochman to Israel Fortgang, (mtg $21,000) ... 1

112TH ST, 53 West, 25x100.11; Carrie Buchmuller to Harry Rodman and another, (mtg $21,000) ... 1

114TH ST, 221 East, 25x100.11; Isaac L. Dunn to Max Cohen and another, (mtg $17,700) ... 1

118TH ST, s s, 212.11 ft e of 3d Av, 37.1x100.5; Isaac Haft to Fannie Littenberg, (mtg $33,000) ... 100

120TH ST, 54, s s, 94 ft e of Madison Av, 27x100.11; Jennie F. Seymour to Percy Learned, B. & S., (mtg $23,000) ... Nom.

120TH ST, n s, 230 ft e of 2d Av, 20x92; Thomas F. Maxey to B. J. Shandley ... 15,000

120TH ST, 54, s s, 94 ft e of Madison Av, 27x100.11; Percy Learned to Adolph M. Bendheim, (mtg $23,000) ... Exch.

121ST ST, n s, 111 ft w of 7th Av, 16x100.11; Fannie A. Kemp to Bertha Herbst ... Nom.

133D ST, 533, n s, 350 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Annie Aaron to Helene Liebmann, all liens ... Nom.

140TH ST, n s, 90 ft w of 8th Av, 15x99.11; Rosa Curtarelli and another to Anna O'Farrell ... Nom.

146TH ST, s s, 268.9 ft e of Railroad Av, 25x95; Sylvester L. H. Ward to Elma L. Holton, (mtg $222) ... 9,400

146TH ST, 825 East, 25x100; Charles Hohl to Jurgen H. Lunsmann and another, (mtg $16,000) ... 100

156TH ST, n e corner of German Place, 120x78.1x irregular; A. M. Bendheim to Percy Learned ... 1

176TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Park Av, 25x108; Harry M. Hewitt, executor and trustee, to Joseph Schaeffler ... 2,000

Recorded Leases.

BROADWAY, 1,299; Henry Ahr to A. W. Uckele, 3 years ... $540, 600

BROADWAY and Beaver St; New York Produce Exchange to United States of America, 5 years, parts for Post Office ... $6,100

MADISON ST, 234; Michael Minisman to William Maslon, 5 years ... 540

PITT ST, 58; Nathan Glassheim and another to Charles Samuel and another, 3 years ... 4,150

1ST AV, n e corner of 103d St; John S. Baird and others, trustees, to John Linck, 3 years ... 2,100

3D AV, 2,620; Mary A. Foy to Charles Theiss and another, 5 1-6 years ... 540

3D AV, 1,885 to 1,887; Leon M. Hirsch to Morris Tiras and another, 5 years ... 4,400

3D AV, 100; Joseph Schneider to Joseph M. Michaels, 1 year ... 1,500

6TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av; United States Trust Company to Gustav Maier and another, 5 years ... 650

6TH ST, 708; Pincus Burger to Isaac Loewenkopf, 3 years ... $1,250, 1,300

6TH ST, 409 and 411 East; Oscar Dobroczynski to Samuel Fuss, 5 years ... 8,600

9TH AV, 90 and 92; Caroline Keller to Andrew W. Michel, 5 years ... 2,000

23D ST, 221 East; William Oppenheim to Joseph Shenk, 3 years ... 3,000

78TH ST, 127 West; George W. Van Siclen, trustee, to Kathryn L. Bissell and another, 3 years ... 1,400

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent unless otherwise specified.

BARTELS, Alfred, to Elizabeth S. Jones; Haven Av, w s, 150 ft n from s s of 170th St, if prolonged, 3 years ... $11,200

BARTON, William O., to L. Bell Caldwell; 19th St, 133 West, all title, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 850

BERENS, T. Passmore, to William P. Hamilton, as Commissioner; Park Av, e s, 19.3 ft s of 36th St, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 27,500

BERENS, T. Passmore, to Mary J. Radway; Park Av, e s, 19.3 ft s of 36th St, prior mtg $27,500, 3 years ... 5,000

BERG, Gustav, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; Briggs Av, s s, 345.4 ft e of Southern Boulevard, due March 1, 1906 ... 4,500

BLEICH, Ignatz, to Jette Dittman; 410 East 52d St, 3 years ... 5,000

BOELSEN, Otto, to Kate B. Belloni; Prospect Av, 727, 5 years ... 6,000

BOELSEN, Otto, to Jennie E. Brolles; Park Av, 727, prior mtg $6,000, 5 years ... 1,900

BOLTON, Joseph, to Reuben Greenauer; Clinton St, 147 and 149, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 2,000

BONNER, Robert E., to German Savings Bank; 29th St, 446 to 452 West, 4 mtgs, 5 years, 4 per cent, each ... 7,500

BONNER, Robert E., to the Bank for Savings; 563 Madison Av, s e corner of 56th St; also 52 East 56th St, 5 years, 4 per cent ... 60,000

BROADWAY CONSTRUCTION COMPANY to Henry Corn; Water St, 107 and 109, prior mortgage $40,000, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 20,000

BROADWAY CONSTRUCTION COMPANY to Henry Corn; 5th Av, 137, all title, leasehold, due Dec. 1, 1908, 6 per cent ... 30,000

CAIRNS, Emma E. R., to Herman Wronkow; Madison Av, s e corner of 101st St; also 101st St, s s, 150 ft e of Madison Av, 2 years ... 7,500

CONLON, Francis, to Charles Roos and another, Com.; Southern Boulevard, n w corner of 187th St, 3 years ... 10,000

CROSBY, Frederic V. S., to the Troy Savings Bank; 64th St, n s, 62.6 ft e of 4th Av, 3 years, 4 per cent ... 20,000

DUFFEY, Franklin P., and others to James J. Phelan; Decatur Av, nw s, 153.11 ft n e of Southern Boulevard, prior mtg $5,000, 3 years ... 500

DUFFEY, Franklin P., and another to Title Insurance Company; Decatur Av, n w s, 153.11 ft n e of Southern Boulevard, 3 years ... 5,000

DUFFY, James P., to George Ehret; Irving Place, 65, n w corner of 18th St, prior mtg $27,000, 1 year, 4 per cent ... 23,000

FARLEY, James, to Mary J. Archer; Lot 44, Block 507, Map 919 of subdivision of Lyman Tiffany, part of Fox estate, 5 years ... 2,000

FINE, Harris, to Pincus Lowenfeld and another; Broome St, s s, extends from Eldridge to Allen St, prior mtg $210,000, due Oct. 28, 1904, 6 per cent ... 40,000

FITZGERALD, David A., to Patrick Dunphy; Longwood Av, Lots 8 and 9, map No. 352, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 800

FORTGANG, Israel, to Julius Lochman; 64 East 110th St, 2 years, 6 per cent ... 2,500

FRANK, Myer, to Aaron Goodman and another; Avenue C, w s, 24.3 ft n of 5th St, due May 1, 1904, 6 per cent ... 12,000

FRASER, Eliza, to George B. Hussey; 8th Av, e s, 37.10 ft s of 29th St, due July 1, 1904, 6 per cent ... 4,000

FRIED, Gabriel, to Hiram V. V. Braman and another, trustees; 102d St, s s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, 4 years, 4½ per cent ... 16,500

HAAF, Gottlob, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Jackson Av, w s, 434.4 ft s of 156th St, 5 years ... 2,000

HAINES, Samuel B., to Louis Fleischmann; 34th St, 215 to 221 West, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 25,000

HAMBURGER, Sarah, and others to Leon Tuchmann; Rivington St, 151 and 153, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 10,000

HERBST, Bertha, to Fannie A. Kemp; 121st St, n s, 111 ft w of 7th Av, 5 years, 4½ per cent ... 8,000

HOLTON, Elma L., to Lewis A. Cushman, executor; 146th St, s s, 268.9 ft e of Railroad Av East, 3 years ... 6,000

KAUFFMAN, Abraham, to Manhattan Mortgage Company; Rogers Place, w s, 133.10 ft n of Westchester Av; also Bristow St, w s, 75 ft n of Jennings St; also Jennings St, n s, 87.2 ft w of Bristow St, due Oct. 10, 1903, 6 per cent ... 10,200

KESSLER, Max, to Adolf Mandel; Avenue A, n w corner of 13th St, building loan, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 35,000

KINGSLEY, Catharine, to Samuel C. Baum; Bradhurst Av, 104, installments, 6 per cent ... 1,250

KINGSTON, George D., to Estelle B. Dearborn; Perry Av, e s, 20.5 ft n of 205th St, 3 years ... 3,500

KINGSTON, George D., to Isabel S. Kemp; Perry Av, n e corner of 205th St, 3 years ... 4,000

KRULISH, Joseph, to Leo Schlesinger and another; 61st St, n s, 60 ft w of 1st Av, prior mtg ——, 6 years ... 10,000

KRULISH, Joseph, to Leo Schlesinger and another; 61st St, n s, 60 ft w of 1st Av, prior mtg, interest, and time note ... 5,000

KUSCHNER, Jacob, to Morris Kahn; 1st Av, 19, installments, 6 per cent ... 3,250

LEARNED, Percy, to Adolph M. Bendheim; 156th St, n e corner of German Place, 3 years ... 13,500

LENTEN, David, to Pincus Lowenfeld and another; 537 East 11th St, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 11,000

LENTIN, David, to Pincus Lowenfeld and another; 12th St, 415 East, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 11,000

LOWENFELD, Pincus, and another to Frederick M. Hilton; Eldridge St, s e corner of Broome St, prior mtg $200,000, due Oct. 28, 1904, 6 per cent ... 10,000

LOWENFELD, Pincus, to Richard M. Cadwalader; Eldridge St, s e corner of Broome St, 2 years ... 200,000

LOWENSTEIN, Max L., to Mary Schreiber; 67 East 104th St, prior mtg $11,000, due May 1, 1908 ... 7,000

MANDEL, Bertha, to Nathan Schlesser; Central Park West, w s, 50.5 ft n of 100th St, demand, 6 per cent ... 10,000

MANDEL, Adolf, to Montefiore Home; 14th St, 245 East, 1 year ... 22,000

MANDEL, Adolf, to Hudson Realty Company; 2d Av, 231, also 14th St, 245 East, prior mtg $82,000, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 25,500

MAXEY, Thomas F., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 17th St, 325 East, 1 year, 4 per cent ... 6,000

MAYER, Paul, to the United States Life Insurance Company; 101st St, n s, 63 ft e of Park Av, due Dec. 25, 1906, 4½ per cent ... 4,000

MAYER, Paul, to the United States Life Insurance Company; 101st St, n s, 47.6 ft e of Park Av, due Dec. 26, 1906, 4½ per cent ... 4,000

MAYER, Paul, to the United States Life Insurance Company; 101st St, n s, 16.6 ft e of Park Av, two mtgs, due Dec. 26, 1906, 4½ per cent, each ... 4,000

MAYER, Paul, to the United States Life Insurance Company; 101st St, n s, 78.6 ft e of Park Av, due Dec. 26, 1906, 4½ per cent ... 4,000

McCHRISTIE, Alice, to Mary Hargreaves; Cauldwell Av, 1,058, 5 years, 4½ per cent ... 5,750

MERKEL, Ludwig, and wife, joint tenants, to Louis Adams; 181st St, n s, 98.6 ft e of Forest Av, 5 years ... 1,000

MILLER, Israel, to Maria S. Simpson; 23d St, s s, 25 ft w of 7th Av, due March 25, 1904, 6 per cent ... 7,500

MINSKY, Louis, to Ida M. Hoffmann; 2d Av, 111, 2 years ... 8,000

MURPHY, Mary, to David Mayer Brewing Company; Walnut St, n e corner of 9th Av, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 1,200

ROSE, Joseph, to Henry Purnhagen; 79th St, s s, 194 ft e of 1st Av, 5 years ... 6,000

ROSSITER, Ehrick K., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Broadway, 656 and 658, s e corner of Bond St, 1 year, 4½ per cent ... 225,000

SAKOLSKI, Isaac, to Isaac Metzger; 1st Av, n e corner of 91st St, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 20,000

SHANLEY, Bernard J., to Pauline Wolf; 29th St, n s, 290 ft e of 2d Av, 3 years ... 10,000

SHAW, Mary E., to Maria S. Simpson; 16th St, 263 West, prior mortgage $6,000, due Nov. 1, 1907, 6 per cent ... 4,400

SOMMER, Louis F., and another to the New York Savings Bank; Columbus Av, e s, 25.11 ft n of 106th St, due June 1, 1906, 4 per cent ... 15,000

SOMMER, Louis F., and another to Elsie Hilke; Columbus Av, 843, due July 1, 1906, 6 per cent ... 3,000

STEIN, Solomon, to George G. Kip; Monroe St, s s, 111.4 ft w of Montgomery St, 2 years ... 2,000

THE TEMPLE BETH-EL to Equitable Life Assurance Society; 5th Av, s e corner of 76th St, prior mortgage $400,000, due Jan. 1, 1906, 4½ per cent ... 50,000

THORN, Wesley, to Mayer S. Auerbach; Park Av, n e corner of 77th St, prior mtg $40,000, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 40,000

THORN, Wesley, to Margaret R. Graham; Park Av, n e corner of 77th St, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 40,000

VOLLMER, Louis, and another to Caroline A. Hoffman; Bathgate Av, 1,988, installments, 6 per cent ... 530

WALIN, John P., to Eliot R. Leonard and another; Jefferson St, n s, 89.10 ft e of Clinton Av, 5 years ... 2,250

WARD, Maurice T., to John Schaible and others, trustees; Morris Av, e s, 170.6 ft n of 161st St, 3 years ... 5,000

WOLF, William, to Frederick Cohen; Franklin St, 47, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 3,400

WEEDEN, Nicholas, to Elizabeth Koch and others, executors and trustees; 66th St, 331 East, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 16,000

WRIGHT, Helen R., to Harlem Savings Bank; Spring St, n w s, Lot 323, map of West Morrisania, 1 year, 4½ per cent ... 5,000

Assignments of Mortgages.

BIRD, Mary, to Archibald M. Maclay, trustee ... $16,250

BODE, Albert, to John H. Lammers ... 6,000

CORN, Henry, to Frank G. Perkins ... 30,000

ELY, Fanny R. G., to Katharine M. Sanders ... 5,113

HOLLY, Augustus F., to Harry E. Nicond, all title ... 2,500

HUDNUT, Evelyn I., to Samuel V. D. White ... 8,500

KAHN, Bernhard, to Albert Hochster ... 7,000

KLEIN, Max J., and another to Albert Deutsch, 2 mtgs ... 4,500

LAWYERS' MORTGAGE INSURANCE Company to the Trustees of Stephens College ... 26,000

LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMpany to Leopold M. Rothman ... 24,000

LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMpany to Equitable Life Assurance Society ... 40,000

LEANDER, Isaac, and another to Jennie Greenberg, ½ part ... 1

MACLEY, Archibald M., trustee, to Mary Bird ... 15,000

MICHELSON, Lena, to Adolph Galewski ... 2,750

HILL, Edward L., and another, executors, to Hannah B. Lawton ... 1,000

MUTUAL MORTGAGE COMPANY to Anthony Van Bergen ... 25,000

NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY Company to German Savings Bank ... 15,000

STEEVES, John F., to Mary Dymock ... 1

ST. JOHN, Frederick M., to Anna E. St. John ... 2,300

THE SHELTERING ARMS to Leopold B. Rosenberg ... 15,292

WALKER, Julia G., to Congregational Home Missionary Society ... 10,000

Mechanics' Liens.

ARTHUR AV, 2,329; John Marasca against Carlo Marine, owner and contractor ... $17

BAINBRIDGE AV, e s, 92 ft s of 201st St, 50x100; J. Caro & Son against Christian Biersack, owner and contractor ... 419

MAPLE AV, w s, 50 ft n of Logan St, 25 x100; Alexander E. Margons against John and Mary Tonstall, owners and contractors ... 85

8TH AV, w s, whole front between 58th St and Grand Circle, 40x100x96x irregular; Brickelmaier, Stephens & Co. against Nellie Flake, owner and contractor ... 13,042

11TH ST, 635 East; Frank Kleininger against John Lefkowitz, owner; John Greenberg, contractor ... 27

58TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 120x98x irregular to Grand Circle; Brickelmaier, Stephens & Co. against Albert Flake, owner and contractor ... 8,695

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT, CHAPTER 78, UNDER LAWS OF 1900.

THOMPSON and Prince Sts, s w corner, 53x75; and Thompson St, w s, 19x75; Harris Mandelbaum and Fisher Lewine, loans to Charles and Henry Friedman ... 25,000

Lis Pendens.

CLARKE ST, 18; City of New York against the rector, church warden, and vestrymen of Trinity Church, in the City of New York and another, (violation of tenement house acts, &c.;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

HANCOCK ST, 1 to 13; City of New York against Harris Friedman and another, (violation of building laws;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,795; Matthew F. Mulvihill against Mary E. Mulvihill and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. P. Donellan.

WOODYCREST AV, w s, 190.11 ft n of Devoe St, 15.10x92.4 x irregular; John Sloane, executor, against William A. O'Hea and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. Coffin.

14TH ST, 158 and 160 West, and 7th Av, 63; August Schatch against Frank L. Crawford, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. B. Chedsey.

21ST ST, 242 East; City of New York against Alexander Grief, (violation of building laws;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

28TH ST, 144 West; City Real Estate Company against Annie B. Neeler and another, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

39TH ST, n s, 100 ft n of 3d Av, 27.3x94.2x27.8x98.2; Metropolitan Life Insurance Company against James Byrnes and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Ritch, Woodford, Boves & Butcher.

109TH ST, s s, 220 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.11; Ludlow St, w s, 50 ft s of Stanton St, 25x42.6, and 87th St, n s, 231 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.8; Sydney H. Herman, trustee, against Frank Geyer, Sr., and another, (action to set aside conveyances, &c.;) attorney, T. Baumeister.

109TH ST, 310 East; City of New York against Elise Lotze, (violation of tenement house acts, &c.;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

111TH ST and LEXINGTON AV, n w corner, 25x100.11, and Lexington Av, e s, 68 ft n of 111th St, 16.5x100; Sarah A. Mora against Isabel H. Crombie, (action to impress trust;) attorney, F. F. Eisemann.

NOTES OF INSURANCE INTERESTS.

Critchell, Mitchell, Whitney & Barbour have been appointed Chicago agents of the Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

The insurance on the apartment house at 330 to 334 West Ninety-fifth Street, which was damaged by fire, was distributed as follows: Springfield, $30,000; Niagara, $30,000; Scottish Union and National, $30,000; Queen, $25,000; Pennsylvania, $25,000; Phenix of Brooklyn, $25,000.

Following the announcement of the impairment of the capital of the North American Insurance Company of Boston, of which C. E. Macullar was President, five of the six outside fire insurance companies which were represented in Boston by the agency firm of Partridge & Macullar have joined in an effort to preserve their present business and obtain a liquidation of the indebtedness they charge against the firm. The sixth company, the Security Insurance Company of New Haven, has acted independently of its associates in the agency.

Real Estate at Auction.

R. E. SIMON, AUCTIONEER.

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,

will sell at public auction

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29TH, 1903,

at 12 o'clock, noon,

at the N. Y. R. E. Salesroom, 111 B'way,

EXECUTORS' SALE

by order of the Executors of the estate of

FANNY HENDRICKS, DEC'D.

NO. 61 GREENWICH ST.

Fronting also on Edgar St. & Trinity Pl.

4-sty. building on lot 28x57.4x27.8x63.10.

32 and 34 OLD SLIP.

2 4-sty. buildings, on lots 31.10x23.5x32.4 each.

221 and 239 W. 62d St.

2 5-sty. tenements on lot 25x100.5 each.

For maps apply to J. J. & A. A. Lyons, Attys., 76 William St., or the Auctioneers, 156 B'way.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer,

will sell at auction on

TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1903,

at 12 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway,

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE,

Four-story-and-basement brownstone and brick dwelling, with lot,

No. 137 West 61st Street.

For maps, etc., apply to Eugene L. Bushe, Esq., attorney, 180 Broadway, or at the Auctioneer's office, 111 Broadway.

City Real Estate for Sale.

NEW

American Basement Dwellings,

306 AND 308 WEST 84TH ST.

Full five stories with bath extension. 3 baths and all improvements.

Price, **UNDER $28,000** each.

SLAWSON & HOBBS,

284 COLUMBUS AVENUE,

Exclusive Sales Agents.

Dyckman Tract BARGAIN.

100x100 on Dyckman Street, also choice Broadway corner containing 11 lots. Less than one block from subway stations. Both parcels will be sold for less than $50,000. Suitable terms. Apply sole agent,

Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., 7 East 42d Street.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Two corners for sale in the silk district, all rented, paying handsome net return on investment.

JAMES L. LIBBY,

Tel. 1297 Cort. 7 Pine Street.

$20,000—W. 126th St., 5-story triple flat, steam heat, near subway station; bargain. $21,500—W. 133d, near Lenox Av., 5-story double flat, cold water, fine location; rent $2,250. $67,000—W. 117th St., near 5th Av., 6-story apartment, steam heat, no elevator; rent $7,700. Other bargains. Schur, 154 East 50th St.

Great Bargain.—Fine 7-room detached house, all improvements, perfect condition, good neighborhood, 5c. fare, worth $2,500; must be sold; price, $1,900; small cash payment. Thomas F. Hayes, 320 Broadway, Room 703.

Foreclosure Bargain.—Eight-room detached house; lot 50x100; all improvements, good neighborhood; 5c. fare to Park Row; worth $3,500; price $2,800; small cash payment. Jas. Graham, 320 Broadway, New York.

2 5-story single flats near 3d Av. L station; all improvements and good condition; lots 102 deep, with gardens; $6,000 cash, rest mortgage. Inquire owner, 214 East 75th St.; no agents.

118th St., West of Lexington Av.—Lot 27x85x100; 4-family flat, 14 rooms on floor; rent, $2,200; mortgage $14,000; $21,000. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Amsterdam Av. In the eighties; 3-family flat; large store; lease expires next September; will be sold reasonable. Particulars of John Cowen, 2,295 Broadway.

Elegant flat, modern improvements, (new,) 27x101; near Grant's Tomb; $36,000; rent, $3,768. John Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

Attractive modern house, Irving Place, in perfect order; latest improvements; rent, $1,800. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Lexington Av. corner, near 125th St.; one tenant 21 years' lease; pays 10 per cent. net. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

For Sale.—241 West 115th St., five-story double flat; must be sold; cheap to quick buyer. T. E. Hayman Co., 213-217 West 125th St.

Greenwich St.—4-story, basement; rent, $800; price, $8,000. John J. Hoeckh, 650 9th Av., (48th St.)

Desirable plots; east side, below 23d St., and Ninth Ward; tempting prices. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

11th St., East.—Five-story tenement, 25x103; price, $20,000; rents, $2,200. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

For Sale.—Dwelling, flat, and apartment houses; also plots for improvements. Knox McAfee, 146 West 23d St.

Desirable residence, Washington Square to 12th St., inclusive, near 5th; $22,000 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

A.—Tenements, all sections, showing 8 to 20 per cent. net investments. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Snap, quick purchaser; modern double tenement, West 51st, $20,500; rents, $2,568. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Modern four-story high-stoop house; 66 West 96th St.; rent, $1,600. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Three residences, between 8th and 12th Sts., near 5th, sacrificingly low prices. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Real estate office, contents, books, maps, and property for sale, $1,000. Room 16, 60 Liberty.

Lots and investment property below 14th St. Bargains. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

Bargain.—$12,000; dwelling, 25th, near 7th Av.; easy terms; $1,600 rent. Ames, 122 West 34th.

Stockdale & Julian, at 2,752 Broadway. Property wanted for sale, for rent, and to manage.

Washington Heights.

TWO CHOICE AVENUE LOTS NEAR RAPID TRANSIT STATION and near Surface Lines, ready for improvements; sure increase in values, easy terms, title insured; also others. Christian Trinks & Co., 56 Pine Street.

Bronx.

If you are looking for a home in The Bronx, examine the Johnson houses; houses for one, two, and three families, of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to the Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 156th St., and walk east to the Johnson houses. Write for descriptive booklet, Geo. F. Johnson & Sons, Owners and Builders, P. O. address East 156th St., Bronx Borough, N. Y.

Residence southwest corner 176th St. and Monroe Av.; beautiful large, fine, Mount Hope corner residence for sale or to rent, cheap; containing 14 large, light, airy rooms and baths; also fine, large, light, airy stable on premises; 3 stalls; large lawn, with fruit trees and grape vines; also large piazza around house. Simons & Moersfelder, No. 143 Avenue D.

Sale or Rent.—Handsome brick private dwellings; cabinet finished, parquet floors throughout; no carpets necessary; steam heat and hot air; streets have city improvements paid for; on line of extension of rapid transit; lots will double next two years; always open. H. U. Singhi, 184th St. and Jerome Av.

$3,700 buys a beautiful detached, handsomely decorated house, with sanitary plumbing, porcelain-lined bathtub; full lot; handy to cars, Botanical Gardens. Open Sunday. Polak, 3d Av., corner 174th St.

Most complete 2-family houses, splendid location, restricted neighborhood, near west side elevated railroad; express trains; terms easy. Jones, Ogden Av. and 162d St.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
494 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES. EXCHANGING. APPRAISING. MORTGAGES SECURED.

Bargain.—Two 5-story double flats, 25x65x75; five years; built in choice location; price, $15,000 each; rent, $1,700; terms to suit. E. M. Phelps, 380 Willis Av., near 143d St.

Bargain.—Two 5-story double flats, 25x65x75, 5 years, built in choice location; price, $15,000 each; rent, $1,700; terms to suit. E. M. Phelps, 380 Willis Av., near 143d St.

Bargain.—5-story business property on Willis Av., 25x88x100; all improvements; price $33,000; mortgage $18,000 at 4½%; rent $3,500. E. M. Phelps, 380 Willis Av., near 143d St.

149th St. apartment, 50 feet front; price $35,000; mortgage 4½; rental $2,662. Ullman, 502 Willis Av.

Block 34 lots, bounded Barker-Elliott Avs., Bridge-Union Sts., near Park and trolley; high, dry, cheap. Keating, 156 5th Av.

The most elegant two-family brick and stone houses ever built in New York; Clay Av., near 165th St., three blocks west of 3d Av.

Cottage, 7 rooms, bath, near elevated, trolley; $3,900. McQuay & Co., Smith Bldg., 145th St. and 3d Av.

Bargain.—Plot 100x210, 132d and 133d Sts., Southern Boulevard; easy terms. Ullman, 502 Willis Av.

Bargain.—Two-family house; eleven rooms, two baths; might exchange for suburban. Wells, 2,148 Lafontaine Av.

$13,000—Fine 4-story double flat on avenue; little cash necessary. Stricker, 3,050 3d Av., 156th St.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—New York State.

Catskill Mountains.—Delightful Summer residence for sale, 2,500 feet elevation; cottage, nine rooms and bath, completely furnished; large piazzas, garden, fruit trees, tennis court, fine forest trees; near clubhouse and good livery; photo. Apply M. Wanders, 342 East 91st St.

Nyack-on-Hudson.—For sale, shore fronts, farms, country seats, hotels, fine limestone and cement quarry on the river; furnished and unfurnished houses for rent. Apply to J. Eckerson Demarest.

Catskill.—Grand Hotel Station—Furnished cottage, 10 rooms, bath; open plumbing; hardwood floors; only $350 season. E. B. Rice, 281 4th Av., New York.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Queens Borough.

Richmond Hill cottage, $2,200; great bargain; must be sold; easy terms. Cameron, 35 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

Brooklyn Real Estate for Sale.

PROSPECT PARK SOUTH

Negative Virtues and Some Positive Ones.

We do not erect "builders' houses"—we employ an architect.

We do not consider diamond paneled ceilings and jig-saw grilles as the acme of refinement in domestic architecture.

We agree with Russell Sturgis in his condemnation of what he calls "squirt-gun" decoration.

We are not greatly enamored of either the "Queen Anne" or "Mary Ann" types of house architecture, although the one is as good as the other.

In street and yard decoration we can get along with very little colens and without carpet bedding entirely.

We have no use for any of the "flat" features in a house.

We build houses for people of individuality and who stand on their own feet. If you are in that class, we can give you a delightful afternoon and we will enjoy your society whether you buy or not.

Come in and have a chat about it. Flatbush L train, Park Row to Beverley Road in 22 minutes.

DEAN ALVORD,

Owner,

256-257 Broadway, New York

Bensonhurst.—For sale, new modern Colonial Dwelling, twelve rooms, tiled bathroom; all hardwood, hot water heating; five lots; choice location; two blocks from water. Address Flatbush Suburb, Box 142 Times.

$2,850 buys 820 Bergen St., near Grand Av.; 2-story, 2-family dwelling; all improvements except bath; full lot; possession given; desirable surroundings; house open.

For houses, flats, and apartments, stores for sale or to rent, send for our printed list. Frank H. Tyler, 1,183 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Nostrand Av., near Myrtle.—Fine house, modern improvements; 12 rooms; $8,500. [illegible] 650 9th Av., New York.

Westchester Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

"Harbor Heights" Lots $100

$5 MONTHLY. NO ASSESSMENTS. In Mamaroneck. Near Station. High Elevation.

Gas, water, electric light. Warranty Co., [illegible]

At Tuckahoe.—A plot of about 65 acres immediately surrounding the Underhill Homestead. Suitable for first-class sub-division. Inquire of T. B. Underhill, on premises.

Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon.—A magnificent house, Chester Hill; five minutes from station; 14 rooms, 3 bedrooms; selected hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; wired for electric lighting; extra wide and deep lot; price only $17,500. William S. Anderson, 22 East 1st St.

Mount Vernon.—A grand house; finest and widest avenue, Chester Hill; 4 rows of trees; 15-foot sidewalks; house 12 rooms; superb woodwork and plumbing; most convenient location; a rare chance; price, $12,000. Wm. S. Anderson, 22 East 1st St.

Mount Vernon.—Bargain at $10,500; beautiful house; three minutes' walk from New Haven station; hot water heating; electric light; lot, 80x105; fruit and shade trees. Wm. S. Anderson, 22 East 1st St.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y.—Plot, 100x105, 12th Av., near 2d St.; $2,250. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

New Rochelle.

AT NEW ROCHELLE.

A gentleman's place to rent for season, fully furnished; 500 feet from sound; fine view. WM. H. HOYT & CO., 15 West 42d St., N. Y.

Port Chester.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y.

Property for sale or to rent. Apply AUSTIN & MERRITT, Ryan Building, Port Chester.

White Plains.

50 acres, stone's throw of White Plains station; 22-room dwelling and barns; $40,000, or 10 acres and improvements, $25,000, or 4 acres, with improvements, $15,000. Box 471, White Plains.

For Sale—At White Plains, near station, 13 acres. If interested, see Conlon, agent; no letters.

Yonkers.

At Yonkers, N. Y.—32 Fairfield Road, Ludlow Park; two minutes station; 14-room dwelling, overlooking Hudson; open plumbing; hot water heated, newly decorated; plot 100x135; fruits and flowering bushes; will sell reasonable price. Apply premises, or J. E. Briggs, 432 Columbus Av., New York.

To rent, fine 12-room modern residence; rent moderate. William Gaul, 358 South Broadway, Parkhill, Yonkers.

Long Island Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

BELLE HARBOR ESTATE,

BELLE HARBOR, Long Island, N. Y. City. Great opportunity to purchase desirable building sites. See advertisement in Sunday's Times.

DR. THOMAS P. HUGHES, 20 Broad St., New York City.

LONG ISLAND.

This is for you who love water and have boats. For Rent, Sale, or Exchange, a furnished house, piano, fifteen rooms; all improvements; electric lights; stable, two box stalls, carriage house, man's room, hennery, etc.; 500 feet of water front, bulkheaded, on Clock Boulevard and Great South Bay, East Massapequa; rent, $800 for season. Address Harley Merry, 177 East 5th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., or on premises. Get off train at Amityville Station and take Powell's stage.

FLUSHING, LONG ISLAND.

Handsome large house, with two baths; exposed plumbing; hardwood floors; best location; with automobile barn; furnished, $1,500; unfurnished, $1,200.

LAWRENCE B. ELLIMAN, Owner.

520 5th Av. Tel. 2578—38.

For Sale on Long Island—House of 10 rooms; good basement; lot 100x151; fruit trees in bearing; near ocean; 2 minutes from schoolhouse; 3 minutes from R. R. station; 45 minutes from N. Y. City by train; terms are cash, and reasonable. For further information, address J. A. Phillips, General Delivery, Jamaica, L. I., or C. Norton, Wantagh, L. I., Box No. 55.

SOUTHAMPTON

& SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.

Furnished Cottages to rent. List on application.

J. METCALFE THOMAS,

10 LIBERTY STREET, N. Y.

AT BABYLON AND WEST ISLIP, L. I.

Most accessible place on South Shore; 37 miles out; 50 trains daily; express station. Furnished cottages to rent. Desirable property for sale. Illustrated list. Jeremiah Robbins, Babylon, L. I.

Roslyn, Long Island.—Beautifully situated on Hempstead Harbor, 10-room cottage; bath; stable and coach house; partly furnished; $900 season, or year. Full particulars Room 7, 87 Pine St.

Huntington Station.—33 acres, comprising 393 lots; closing estate; $3,300. Particulars, Jones, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Cottages, furnished, $175 to $800 season; barns, splendid grounds, water fronts. George Herrmann, Centre Moriches, L. I.

Adjacent beautiful bay; restricted lots, $225; refined surroundings; golf, sailing; city limits. Owner, 732 Crescent, Astoria.

For Sale—Nice 8-room cottage, out buildings, fruit and shade; price $900. W. S. Hawkins, Brookhaven, L. I.

Elmhurst, L. I.—Corner plot, excellently located. Wm. Henry Gardiner, 222 East 98d St., New York.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Miscellaneous.

Shore Fronts and Cottages.

A plot of 90x100; cottage overlooking the ocean, two minutes from trolley; in the city of New York, yet far enough out from the noise of the thickly settled part. Price, $550. Terms: $50 down, balance in six years. Address L., Box 170, New York Times.

For 30 years we have sold

COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY

Buyers get our free catalogue. Owners send us details of your property. Phillips & Wells, 98K Tribune Building, N. Y.

MURRAY BAY, CANADA.
TO RENT FOR SEASON, FULLY FURNISHED COTTAGE, "BLAIRVOCKY," FINEST SITUATION; 7 BEDROOMS; RENT $800.
DUDLEY TIBBITS, TROY, N. Y.

Iowa farms for sale; good, improved farms, where land is level and soil black loam; near school, church, and markets; $50 to $65 per acre; buy before prices advance. For list and pictures of farms address John M. Caunon, Land Agent, Cresco, Iowa, Box 230.

Real Estate for Sale.

PRICE, $5,300; $500 down; $50 monthly.
Write or call for free tickets and illustrated booklet.

Grantwood-on-Hudson

Opposite Grant's Tomb.

THIS Two-story and attic house, large reception hall, parlor, dining room, cove ceiling, and centre pieces; kitchen on first floor; kitchen supplied with range, hot and cold water, porcelain sink, &c.

Second Floor: Contains 4 large, airy sleeping rooms, bath, numerous closets. Bath room furnished with porcelain bathtub, marble-top basin, toilet; medicine closet.

Cellar: Contains laundry tubs, coal bins, Richardson & Boynton's Perfect Furnaces.

This house has large attic, fine porch; complete, with all modern conveniences; situated on a plot 50 by 100 feet; with sewer, water, electric light, stone-flag walks and curbing, assessments for which are fully paid.

Columbia Investment and Real Estate Company,
St. James Building, Broadway and 26th St., Phone 1847 Madison.

New Jersey Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

"GO WEST"—
Just over the river—and let your children grow up in the country.
Booklet, "Where to Live and Do Business in New York," free on application at
1159 Broadway, New York. 333 Fulton St, 399 Brooklyn.
Or mailed, for 4 cents postage, by SUBURBAN PASSENGER AGENT, 1159 Broadway, New York.

ATLANTIC CITY If you have Atlantic City in mind As a Renter or Buyer of **Cottages, Boarding Houses, Hotels or Real Estate,** We can offer you the best and greatest variety and at right prices. Write, call, or 'phone, C. J. ADAMS CO., Successors to ISRAEL G. ADAMS & CO. 2, 4, 6, 8 Law Building, Phone 71 A. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

IN THE ORANGES.
A GENTLEMAN'S HOME,
MODERN IN EVERY PARTICULAR. Situated on corner in first-class neighborhood; elevated situation; broad outlook; 18 rooms, 4 bathrooms and toilets; coachhouse and stable; fine old shade; 7 minutes from two stations; a perfect home; price, $50,000. Photographs with PHILLIPS & WELLS, Tribune Building, N. Y.

MODEL HOMES, NUTLEY, N. J.
45 minutes via Erie Railroad; modern artistic houses; bath, furnace, gas, electric light; every improvement; high, healthy location; near station; restricted, built-up neighborhood; $3,500 to $5,500; small cash payments; balance same as rent. Nutley Realty Co., 99 Nassau St., New York, and Nutley, N. J.

Short Hills, N. J.—15-room house; all improvements; stable and two acres ground; four minutes from station and casino, one mile from Baltusrol golf grounds; cash price $20,000, free and clear; will exchange for west side dwelling, not over $35,000. Edward D. Palmer, 179 Columbus Av.

Furnished country seat; every improvement; 18 large rooms; adjoining other beautiful places; among wooded hills; adjacent Morristown; 730 feet altitude; purest spring water; stable for five horses; man's apartments; unusually attractive and healthful; moderate rental; bargain price. Condict, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

Locust, N. J., on North Shrewsbury River; ten minutes from Stone Church Station.—To let, 12-room cottage; high ground; furnished; hot and cold water; bath, laundry, furnace, stable for 2 horses; 4 acres lawn and shade; near golf grounds. A. H. Mathews, 82 Nassau St.

MADISON. New Tudor Gothic stone residence, 14 rooms, 3 bathrooms, steam heat, open fireplaces; everything modern; park surroundings; spacious grounds. Dickinson Condict, 34 Pine St.

West Hoboken.—Elegant residence, 11 rooms, bath; all improvements; attractive grounds, 50x100; stable; bargain to quick buyer. Apply J. W. Schellhorn, 470 Palisade Av., cor. Shippen St., West Hoboken, N. J.

GLEN RIDGE, N. J. To Rent—House, 12 rooms, 3 baths; piazza, near station; lot 80x200; $600 season. ASHFORTH & CO., 51 West 42d St.

To close estate, will sell 4 building lots at Summer resort; one hour and ten minutes from New York City, at $5 each; payable $1 down, $1 weekly. Trustee, Box 23 Times.

At Nutley.—Nine-room Colonial house in perfect order; all improvements; delightful location; $300 year to acceptable tenant. George Hill, owner, 26 Union Square.

$1,800.—Elegant seven-room house, half acre of land, and hennery, located at corner of Maple Av., Eatontown, N. J., near Long Branch; terms to suit purchaser. E. M. Michaelis, 203 B'way.

For Sale.—Farmhouse and buildings, with 104 acres, $6,500; same with 16 acres, $2,600; with 88 acres, $3,450. C. A. Kinch, 273 West 70th St.

Atlantic Highlands, Navesink Beach, Normandie; furnished cottages for rent. F. A. Morehouse, 120 Liberty St., N. Y.

For Hackensack property, or Bergen Co. farms apply to Romeyn & Demarest, Real Estate dealers, Hackensack, N. J.

New England Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

CHEAP CONNECTICUT FARMS. FOR SALE.
100 acres, new house, barns.......$4,000
70 acres, ½ mile to station.......2,800
1½ acres, 7-room house, brook.......850
11 acres, village residence, brook.......2,650
30 acres, ½ mile to station.......2,700
18 acres, house, barn, brook.......1,700
¾ acre, 8-room house.......750
9 acres, house, small barn.......1,200
8 acres, 10-room house, barn.......1,500
30 acres, fine view, 10-room house.......7,800
FOR RENT.
12 acres, house, barn, per mo.......$10
8 acres, house, modern improvements, per mo. 30
30 acres, house, barn, fruit, shade, furnished for season.......300
Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d Street.
W. B. DeGarmo, Norwalk Hotel, Norwalk, Conn.

THE BALESTIER ESTATE, BRATTLEBORO, VERMONT. This beautiful residence, three miles from Brattleboro, Vermont, upon an elevation commanding a fine view of the Connecticut River Valley and the New Hampshire hills, is offered for sale. Good buildings, meadows, forests, brooks; an ideal place for a country residence or a clubhouse. Address Geo. C. Averill, President Vermont National Bank, Brattleboro, Vermont, or Phillips & Wells, Tribune Building, New York City.

Country villa in Connecticut, overlooking Long Island Sound; 17 acres, running to water's edge; stable fitted with latest conveniences, apartments and bath for stableman; all of the finest; for sale at a great bargain. Apply to Bradley & Currier Co., 119 West Twenty-third St., New York City.

AT STAMFORD. An ideal all-year gentleman's house; 3½ acres; new 12-room residence; every improvement; stable attached; most select section; property cost at least $150,000; will sell ridiculously low; best of reasons for selling. Lovejoy & Noyes, 62 Cedar St.

WYCHMERE (Cape Cod) Harwich, Mass.; beautiful seashore cottages, rented furnished; bathroom, fireplace, excellent water, hot, cold; delightful climate; long season. Cape, 505 West 126th St.

Wilton, Conn.—14-room house; barn; 70 minutes out; $5,500; partially furnished house; stable; 8 acres; price, $1,500. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

TO RENT, YORK CLIFFS, MAINE.—My Summer home on the ocean, near Passaconaway Inn; modern in every respect. Address J. B. CHITTENDEN, 35 Nassau St., Manhattan.

Farm Bargains.—Litchfield County, Conn., and Berkshire County, Mass.; 50 farms for sale; 15 acres to 600 acres; from $400 to $10,000. Write for list. J. K. Smith, Station A, Winsted, Conn.

To Rent.—A new cottage, in Washington, furnished; nine rooms, porch, running water, large lawn, and shade; $100 for the season. L. A. Mason, Washington Depot, Conn.

Summer Home, Dublin, N. H.—Modern conveniences; six fireplaces; good stable; lake frontage; fine groves; situation unsurpassed; $1,200. Mrs. Monroe, 251 West 100th St.

For Sale—Farm, pleasantly located, Southern Berkshire; plenty fruit, fine water, buildings good; terms reasonable; sold to close estate. Address E. A. Bronson, Sheffield, Mass.

For sale or to let for the season, at Norfolk, Conn., Dunedin, situated on Maple Av.; well furnished and in perfect order. Apply to Richard W. Rogers, 238 Lincoln St., Flushing, N. Y.

To Let at Norfolk, Conn.—The beautifully furnished residence of Miss Thompson, on Laurel Way, near the Hillhurst. Apply to Richard W. Rogers, 238 Lincoln St., Flushing, N. Y.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Country estates and farms for sale and lease. Sanborn & Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

Wilton, Conn.—12-room furnished house; stable and grounds; rent season, $375. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Will exchange free, clear, residence for flat in Bronx; want other property to exchange. [illegible], William's Bridge.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Wall Street Exchange Building,

NOS. 41 & 43 WALL STREET,
Extending through the block to Nos. 43, 45, 47 and 49 Exchange Place.
Safe Deposit Vaults, Banking Rooms and
10 Floors will be ready May 1, 1903
25 Floors, 10 Elevators. Building always open. Perfect System of Lighting, Ventilating and Heating. Vacuum system of Cleaning installed.
THE STATE SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS AND THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA will move into this building on or about May 1, 1903.
Plans and particulars at 41 & 43 Wall St.
A. J. Murphy, Managing Agent.

6 AND 8 WEST 22D ST., Near 5th av., FIRST FLOOR & OFFICES; ALSO IN JEFFERSON BUILDING, 6th av. and 23d st., LOFT AND OFFICES. Inquire H. J. SACHS, 119 West 23d St.

To Let, 126 West 34th St.
Stores, floors, offices; studio suitable for photographer; all improvements. Robt. Colgate, Harold F. Sutton, 46 Cedar St. 'Phone, 2,077 John.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS, AND OFFICES TO LET IN NEARLY ALL DOWN-TOWN STREETS. RULAND & WHITING CO., 5 BEEKMAN ST.

No. 78 Bowery, Near Canal.—First-class, six-story; fine, light basement, 25x100; or store and basement separate; lofts immediately; elevator. Wm. F. Nisbet, 66 New St., or your own broker.

328 West 41st St., near 8th Av.—4 upper lofts, 25x100; good light; low rent; possession. JOHN P. KIRWAN, Broadway, corner 44th St.

BULKHEAD, WITH 19 LOTS. Also, corner lots East 30th St.; also, large lofts on South St. Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 131 East 34th St.; elevator, heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Attractive offices, north light, 835 Broadway, corner 13th; elevator; rent, $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Three very light, attractive, connecting offices, 105 East 17th St.; rent, $30. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO. FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS. TEL. 6420—38. 116 WEST 42D STREET.

An office to let, one flight up, 19 Beekman St., near Nassau. Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

88 East 113th St.—Corner store, suitable drug, meat market, any business. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

2,279 1st Av.—Store, with plate-glass front, suitable any business, $15. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Elegant parlor floors, 49-55 West 28th; reduced rent; also upper floors and single rooms. Brill, premises.

LOFTS OR FLOOR SPACE TO LET, 313-319 WEST 43D ST. APPLY ON PREMISES. BROKERS PROTECTED.

Desk Room. 44 Pine St., Room 602.

92 West St.—5-story warehouse; possession at once; $1,200 rent. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Real Estate.

4% 4½% A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO., 5% Brokers and Dealers in Mortgages 128 BROADWAY.

Real Estate Wanted.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED. Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St.; 'phone, 1919 Harlem. Branch, 119 Nassau St., 'phone, 880 Cort.

A.—A.—$10,000 to $75,000 to invest; prefer five story 10 or 15 family flats or cold water tenements; what have you to offer? Call or send full particulars; office hours 8:30 to 11 A. M. F. E. Mainhart, 145 West 125th St.

ONTEORA PARK, Catskills.—For particulars regarding furnished cottages and accommodations at the Bear and Fox Inn, apply to Stuart & Ward, Real Estate, telephone 2,395—18th St., 41 Union Square, New York.

Tenements and flats wanted on lease for term of years; bond or cash security. Mulvihill, 1,991 Lexington Av.

Wanted, to lease, high-class furnished city hotel; good location; excellent security. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Wanted!—Private houses below 42d St., for sale or rent. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

Owners wishing to lease tenement houses send all particulars by mail to G., Box 188 Times.

Legal Notices.

MULLER, PETER.—The People of the State of New York to all persons interested in the estate of F. Foehrenbach Company, assigned to Peter Muller for the benefit of creditors, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear at a Special Term of our Supreme Court, Part I., to be held in and for the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, at the County Court House, in the said Borough of Manhattan, on the 15th day of May, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., then and there to show cause why a final settlement of the account of PETER MULLER by Elizabeth Muller, as executrix of the last will and testament of said Peter Muller, now deceased, as assignee of said F. Foehrenbach Company, should not be had, and, if no cause be shown, then to attend the final settlement of said account.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of our said Supreme Court to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Henry A. Gildersleeve, Justice of our Supreme Court, this 24th day of March, A. D. 1903.
THOS. L. HAMILTON, Clerk.
FRANCIS C. CANTINE, Attorney for Elisabeth Muller, Executrix, Accountant, 76 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. mar25-1aw6w-W

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE Supreme Court of the State of New York, made at a Special Term thereof, held in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, March 20, 1903, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims of any kind against GEORGE F. KROEHL and PERCIVAL KROEHL, or either of them, lately doing business as copartners, under the firm name of Henry Kroehl, at No. 220 Pearl Street, Manhattan Borough, in the City of New York, N. Y., that they are required to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly verified, to the subscriber, Henri Pressprich, who has been duly appointed Assignee of said George F. Kroehl and Percival Kroehl for the benefit of all their creditors, at his office, No. 27 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on or before June 22, 1903.
Dated New York, March 21, 1903.
HENRI PRESSPRICH, Assignee.
mh25-1aw6wW

Surrogate Notices.

MYER, ISAAC.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ISAAC MYER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Theodore Fitch, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of September next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of March, 1903. WILLIAM POILLON, ARTHUR FITCH, Executors. THEODORE FITCH, Attorney for Executors, 120 Broadway, New York City. mh11-1aw6mW

Apartment Hotels.

The Brayton,

N. W. Cor. Madison Ave. & 27th St.
NEW ELEVEN-STORY APARTMENT HOTEL, NON-HOUSEKEEPING SUITES.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
1, 2, 3 and 4 ROOMS and BATH.
Cuisine a Special Feature.
SEVERAL SMALL BACHELOR SUITES | READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

THE LOWELL & THE EMERSON,
Amsterdam Av., 120th to 121st St., commanding an unobstructed view of COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CAMPUS AND ADJACENT PARKS.
One Suite, 2 Rooms, Bath, Rent $450.
One " 7 " " " $900.
Two Suites, 8 " " " $1,200.
ROOF RESTAURANT and Every Known Modern Convenience.
LARKIN, DONOVAN & CO., 1,224 Amsterdam Av., cor. 120th St. (on premises.)

A.—SELECT APARTMENTS—A. STRICTLY FIREPROOF.
MATILDA COURT AND HENRIETTA COURT
308 to 318 West 95th St., bet. West End Av. & Riverside Drive.
Elegant Apartments; all modern improvements; elevator and hall service all night; also messenger service in main halls.
Suites of 5, 7, and 8 Rooms. Rents $40 to $85
INQUIRE ON PREMISES.

ELSINORE, 504 WEST 151ST STREET, NEAR AMSTERDAM AVE. Superb new apartment house just completed under new building law, insuring beautiful large, light rooms; no shafts; decorations and appointments unsurpassed; desirable Suites 6 and 7 rooms and bath, electric light, telephone, elevator and hall service. RENTS, $40 TO $60. TOCH REALTY CO., OWNERS.

FERNLEIGH HALL
51 to 55 East 129th St. Near Madison Avenue.
NEW MODERN APARTMENTS, Consisting of 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath. Every Room Perfectly Lighted and Ventilated.
The most accessible apartment house in the city. Hardwood finish throughout. Electric light, telephone, all-night elevator and hall service. Rich decoration. Rents moderate. Booklet on application. Apply on premises.

THE HUDSON,
Riverside, Cor. 95th St.
Strictly Fireproof Apartments.
Each overlooking the Drive and beautiful Hudson River; artistically arranged suites five, six, and seven rooms; everything modern, including long-distance telephone; separate elevator and stairs for servants, etc.
RENTS $65 UPWARD.
Moderate to parties now renting.
MANAGER ON PREMISES.

THE ANTOINETTES,
48 TO 53 EAST 58TH ST.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSES. One block from Savoy and Netherland Hotels. Suites, 6 to 8 rooms; 2 baths. Modern and up to date in all their appointments.
RENTS $1,200 TO $1,800.
Owner on premises. HERTER REALTY CO.

THE BENNINGTON,
142—146 EAST 27TH STREET.
Elegant suites of 4 or more rooms and bath, furnished and unfurnished; convenient to shopping and theatre district, railroad depots, and ferries; telephone in each apartment; messenger and all-night elevator service; rental moderate. Supt.

THE "STUYVESANT,"
COR. LIVINGSTON PLACE & 17TH ST.
Facing Stuyvesant Square; suites of 7 rooms and bath, with all latest conveniences, including passenger elevator, telephones, &c., $900 to $1,200 per annum.
JOHN G. FOLSOM, 14 BIBLE HOUSE.

A SIX-ROOM FLAT, $22.00.
Six rooms and bath; handsomely decorated throughout; halls newly carpeted; very handsome entrance; hot-water supply; rent free to May 15th. 105 West 98th.

Apartment, unfurnished, to let, No. 130 East 22d St.; 9 large, light, airy rooms and bath, with detached dining room and kitchen; private entrance to this apartment; with all the latest improvements and decorations; rent, $900.00 per year. Inquire of Simons & Moersfelder, owners, No. 145 Avenue D.

Union and University Club Members.—Why pay high rents when high-class, attractive apartments at low rates are so near your club headquarters? Call and examine 101-107 West 54th St.: two rooms and bath; electric light; all improvements. Wm. Henry Folsom, 24 East 23d St.

A 5-ROOM FLAT, $18.
Handsome entrance, newly decorated; hot water supply; rent free to May 15th. Agent, 105 West 98th St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.
No. 68 South. Corner apartment; seven light rooms and bath; ample closets; hot water; steam heat; $50 to $75.

83d St., 329 West, Overlooking Riverside.—Eight rooms, electric light, elevator, rear stairway; every improvement; rent, $71. Janitor, or A. K. & R. T. Mackay, 6 Wall St.

Riverside Drive, 127, Near 85th.—Seven and bath; elevator, telephone; every convenience; fine house; location; $900.

226 West 61st St.—4 large rooms; tubs and gas; rent, $9-$10. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

18th St., 224 East.—5 rooms and bath in private house; hot water supply; rent, $45.

Brooklyn.

Reduced rents, $28 to $30; cannot be duplicated for $45; corner apartments; steam heat and hot water supply; fireproof halls; 6 all light rooms and tile bath; Decatur St. and Howard Av.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

To let, from May to October, pleasant, airy apartment; rent, $50. 263 West 85th St.

To Sublet.—Elegantly furnished 5-room apartment, 116 West 114th St.; $40. Lenz, or janitor.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Only $800.00 per Annum.
149TH STREET, NOS. 544 TO 558 WEST.—Beautiful four-story American basement dwellings; ten rooms and two bathrooms; will be decorated to suit. Caretaker in No. 544, or WARREN & SKILLIN, No. 96 Broadway.

RENT REDUCED
106 W. 133d St., 3-story Dwelling.
D. PHOENIX INGRAHAM & CO., 115 B'way.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished, desirable locations; rents, $1,200 to $5,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

A desirable private house; reasonable rent; 157 East 115th St., near Lexington Av.; very accessible location.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Beautiful furnished house, West 11th St.; recently decorated; hardwood floors; 9 rooms, bath, and butler's pantry; rent, $1,600; May 1st. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Surrogate Notices.

WHITWELL, WILLIAM SCOLLAY.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to WILLIAM SCOLLAY WHITWELL, Cutler Bonestell Whitwell, Sturgis Bigelow Whitwell, the heirs and next of kin of WILLIAM SCOLLAY WHITWELL, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Blanche Bonestell Whitwell of the City of New York has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of WILLIAM SCOLLAY WHITWELL, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 15th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

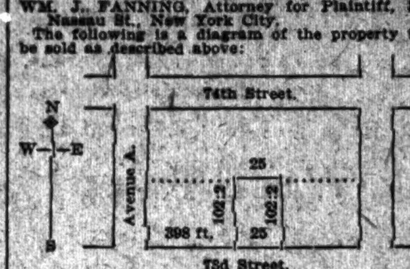
And such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 20th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three. [L. S.]
J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
EDWARD B. WHITNEY, Attorney for Petitioner, 59 Wall Street, New York City.
ap22-1aw6wW&S

Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARGARET A. HUDNER, plaintiff, against DANIEL HUDNER and Annie L. Trost, defendants.

In pursuance of the interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 29th day of September, 1902, I, the undersigned referee in the said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York, on the 22nd day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain lot of land, situated in the 19th Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 73rd Street, distant 398 feet easterly from the Northeasterly corner of Avenue A and 73rd Street, thence Easterly along the Northerly side of 73rd Street, twenty-five feet, thence northerly parallel to Avenue A, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the middle line of the block, thence westerly along the middle line of the block, twenty-five feet, thence southerly, parallel to Avenue A, one hundred and two feet and two inches, to the place of beginning, being the lot designated as two hundred and twenty-four, on Map No. 203, in tin case, made by Gardner A. Sage, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York, together with the right of sewerage reserved to Hamlin Babcock in his deed to Johanna Spoerry, dated August 30, 1867.
THOMAS F. DONNELLY, Referee.
WM. J. FANNING, Attorney for Plaintiff, 31 Nassau St., New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above:



Said premises will be sold free and clear of all encumbrances, except as to certain restrictions and covenant against nuisances contained in a deed from Rebecca Jones to Hamlin Babcock, dated March 21, 1867, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 1028 of Conveyances, Page 143, on the 23rd day of August, 1867.—Dated New York, April 27, 1903.
THOMAS F. DONNELLY, Referee.
ap29-2aw3wW&F&may20

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—JACOB SHIRE, plaintiff, against EVA SATTELKOW and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the third day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of April, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

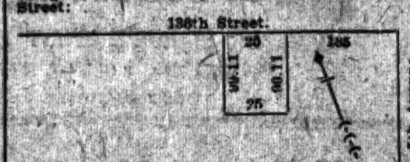
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventy-seventh Street with the easterly side of Avenue A; thence southerly along the easterly side of Avenue A twenty-six feet and six inches (26 ft. 6 in.;) thence easterly parallel with Seventy-seventh Street and part of the way through a party wall ninety-eight (98) feet; thence northerly parallel with Avenue A twenty-six feet and six inches (26 ft. 6 in.) to the southerly side of Seventy-seventh Street, and thence westerly along said southerly side of Seventy-seventh Street ninety-eight (98) feet to the easterly side of Avenue A, the point or place of beginning. The aforesaid premises being also known as No. 1,448 Avenue A, in the City of New York. The said premises are subject to covenants against nuisances contained in deed made by the New York Protestant Episcopal School to Wallace C. Andrews, dated June 12, 1886, and recorded in the office of the Register of New York County, June 14, 1886, in Liber 1,977 of Conveyances, Page 43. The said premises are also subject to the lien of a prior mortgage made by the said Eva Sattelkow to Cordelia A. Ogden, Julia F. Baldwin, and Susan M. Baldwin, to secure the sum of $23,500, bearing even date with said mortgage. Dated New York, April 7, 1903.
CROWLEY WENTWORTH, Referee.
SULLIVAN & CROMWELL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 49 Wall Street, New York City.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $2,099.33, with interest thereon from the 28th day of March, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $213.52, with interest from the 6th day of April, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $450 and interest. There is due on the prior mortgage the sum of $23,500, and interest from June 30th, 1902, at 5%.
Dated New York, April 7, 1903.
CROWLEY WENTWORTH, Referee.
ap8-2aw3wW&F&ap29

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDWARD M. SHEPARD, as trustee under the last will and testament of John R. Ackerman, deceased, plaintiff, against LOUIS F. WEISMANN et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, bearing date the 30th day of March, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 6th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City, County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly line or side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, distant one hundred and eighty-five (185) feet westerly from the point formed by the intersection of the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street with the westerly line or side of Fifth Avenue; and running thence southerly, and parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, ninety-nine (99) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence westerly, and parallel with One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly, and parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, ninety-nine (99) feet and eleven (11) inches to the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street; and thence easterly, and along the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.—Dated New York, April 10th, 1903.
LESLIE J. TOMPKINS, Referee.
SMITH & HARKNESS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 26 Liberty Street, New York City, N. Y.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 12 West One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is fourteen thousand three hundred and three and 86-100 dollars, ($14,303.86,) with interest thereon from the 24th day of February, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to six hundred and forty-five and 93-100 dollars, ($645.93,) with interest from March 30th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is thirteen hundred and eighty-eight and 70-100 dollars, ($1,388.70,) and interest.—Dated New York, April 10th, 1903.
LESLIE J. TOMPKINS, Referee.
ap15-2aw3wW&S&my6

Summonses.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York.—Trial to be had in the County of New York.—TEOFIL KUCIELSKI, plaintiff, against IGNAC KUCIELSKI, Charles Kucielski, Ludwig Kucielski, Society of Benificence in Krakow, Hospital of Brothers Bonifratres in Krakow, Caroline Bujarewicz, John Bujarowicz, Anastasia Pomietlasz, Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art, Julia Mayer, Wladyslaw Bakowski, defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 7th, 1903.
STEINER & PETERSEN, Plaintiff's attorneys.
Office and Post Office address, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants: Ignac Kucielski, Charles Kucielski, Ludwig Kucielski, Society of Benificence in Krakow, Hospital of Brothers Bonifratres in Krakow, Caroline Bujarewicz, John Bujarowicz, Anastasia Pomietlasz, Julia Mayer, and Wladyslaw Bakowski:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in and for the County of New York, dated the 2d day of March, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated March 23d, 1903.
Yours, etc.,
STEINER & PETERSEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. mar25-1aw-6w-W&may6

Pianos and Organs.

WISSNER PIANOS
Favored beyond precedent by musicians of the foremost rank.
A Large Stock of Second-Hand Pianos, including eminent makers, at very low prices.
BROOKLYN, Cor. Fult'n&Fl't'shAv. | NEW YORK, 25 EAST 14TH ST.
NEWARK, 603 BROAD ST. | JERSEY CITY, 138 NEWARK AV.
BRIDGEPORT, CONN., 1019 MAIN ST.

KRAKAUER
PIANOS, THE CHOICE OF THE MUSIC LOVING PUBLIC. Special inducements on used pianos of other makes obtained by exchange. EASY TERMS, PIANOS TO RENT. 113 EAST 14TH ST.

PEASE PIANOS.
128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY. The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices ⅓ to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting, Exchanging.

JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
23 EAST 14TH STREET.
New upright, 10 years' warranty.......$150
Decker Bros.' Grand, perfect order.......200
Chickering Upright, $125; Steinway.......250
High-grade Uprights, (used,) $75; Squares...25
New Small Pianos for rent; easy terms.

STURZ PIANOS.
Sold on easy terms direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS AT 142 LINCOLN AVE. 134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS. A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free. MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.
EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1045—38th. 1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

THE PIANOTIST.
The invisible Piano Player. Plays any piano. Any one can play it. Cash or installments. Recitals daily. Warerooms, 123 Fifth Av., nr. 19th St.

Uprights.—$75, $85, $95, $115; Weber, Gilbert, Chickering, Steinway; bargains; rents, $3. Biddle, 6 West 125th.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 103 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 487 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

Bankruptcy Notices.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARTHA BERNHARD, Bankrupt.—No. 5,886.

To the creditors of Martha Bernhard of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1903, the said Martha Bernhard was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee, No. 67 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 28th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—ARTHUR C. DELAMATER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur C. Delamater, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 26th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 11th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 28th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of MORRIS I. FIERMAN, alleged bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that all the stock of the above-named bankrupt, consisting in the main of cotton goods and materials for the manufacture of wrappers, cutting tables, safe, desk, fixtures, etc., will be sold to the highest bidder at private sale on competitive written bids, which bids should be sealed and sent to Charles H. Sherrill, receiver, at office of Charles Firestone, attorney, 302 Broadway, Manhattan, City of New York, and that such bids will be publicly opened by the receiver at his office on Thursday, April 30, 1903, at 10 A. M., and the property hereby offered for sale is open to the public for inspection at 40 Lispenard St., in the Borough of Manhattan and City of New York, between the hours of 12 and 4, Wednesday, April 29th, 1903, and 9 to 10 A. M., April 30th, 1903. The receiver shall not accept any bid unless it is sealed and at least equals the appraised value of the said property and must be accompanied by a certified check for 10 per cent. of the amount bid. Notice is further given that if the receiver shall reject all bids submitted to him, the said property shall then be sold at public auction on the 30th day of April, 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, upon the premises, at No. 40 Lispenard Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, by Charles Shongood, auctioneer.—Dated New York, April 28th, 1903.
CHARLES H. SHERRILL, Receiver.
CHARLES FIRESTONE, Attorney for Receiver, 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—HOTCHNER, TEICHLAUF & BECK, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Hotchner, Teichlauf & Beck, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated April 17, 1903, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, U. S. District Judge, in the U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on May 11th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.
F. K. PENDLETON, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 29, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of GODEL KURASCH, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Godel Kurasch of the County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1903, the said Godel Kurasch was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, 120 Broadway, New York City, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
April 28th, 1903.

No. 5808.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of OTTO ROTHSCHILD and BENJAMIN BLUMENTHAL, composing the firm of BLUMENTHAL & CO., bankrupts.—In bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Blumenthal & Co. of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1903, Otto Rothschild and Benjamin Blumenthal, composing the said firm of Blumenthal & Co., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 63 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
April 2, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM MARQUIS, JACOB MARQUIS, and HARRY A. NEWMAN, individually and composing the firm of A. MARQUIS & CO., bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, April 30th, 10:30 A. M., at 60 East 11th Street, Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of desks, safes, partitions, stock and show tables, glassware, carpets, furniture, addressograph machine, cabinets, &c. Estimated value, $6,000. Finest fixtures offered at sale. Order of PETER ALEXANDER, Trustee. MYERS, GOLDSMITH & BRONNER, Attorneys for Trustee, 309 Broadway.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—In the matter of H. L. BOUGHTON, bankrupt.—Adjourned sale at auction. Harry M. Moses, auctioneer, sells this day, April 29th, 1903, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Knickerbocker Storage Warehouse, No. 14 Second Avenue, Manhattan, assets of above-named bankrupt. A general description of same is as follows: Wood working machinery.
SAMUEL TOBIAS, Trustee in Bankruptcy.
OSCAR L. ARONSON, Attorney for Trustee, 87 Nassau St., Manhattan, New York City.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE Apply at 3 Park Pl.
A. = à la Carte; T. = Table d'Hôte; D. = Dinner; L. = Lunch.

Cafe Martin, 26th St. and Broadway.	Table d'hote Dinner, $1.50. Music. Restaurant a la Carte. Suppers
Cafe des Beaux Arts	80 W. 40th St. Tdh. $1.50. Specialities alc. Suppers. Private Dining Rooms. Three Orchestras.
Cafe de Logerot, Fifth Av., 18th St.	Parisian Dinner, $1.25. With Imported Wine, $1.50. Orchestra. Hours 6 to 9 P. M.
Hotel Lafayette, Old Hotel Martin, University Pl., 9th St.	Tdh Dinner, $1.25. Cuisine Française. Also Service a la Carte. Music 6-8 P.M. Stretti's Orch.
Cafe Boulevard.	2d Av. & 10th St. Alc. Hungarian Orchestra.
Rector's,	44th St. and Broadway. Service a la carte.
ANSONIA, B'way, 73d & 74th Sts. Guernsey E. Webb, Mgr.	Table d'hote Dinner 6 to 9 P. M., $1.25. Luncheon 12 to 2 P. M., 75c. A la carte all day. Music.
Burns'	World Renowned Restaurant. 45th St. & 6th Av. Fine Orchestra. Terrapin, Game, Shellfish.
Healy's	B'way, Col. Av. & 66th St., offers to-night a good orchestra & fine ALC. Dinner.
Jack's	43d St. & 6th Av. 74th & Columbus. Noted for shell fish and game.
Harlem Casino.	124 St. & 7 Av. Alc. Tdh. 75c. Sat. & Sun. $1. Vienna Music.
RATHSKELLER MARLBOROUGH	36th & B'way. Music evenings. Table d'hote, $1.
[illegible]	8th Avenue & 12th Street. Lunch and Dinner. A la carte to 8 P. M.
Broadway Central	3d St. & B'way. Amer. Dinner, 75c., 5:30-8 P. M.

Hotel Martha Washington.
29 East 29th St., near Mad. Av. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tdh. Lunch, 35c. Dinner, 75c. Music 6 to 9.

Pabst's Grand Circle. | 58th St. & 8th Av. opp. Central Park. Alc. Bus. Men's Lch. Tdh. dinner Sun., 12-8. Music by D. Bimberg.

Atlantic City Cafe & Grill. Standard of excellence. Rudolf

Boarders Wanted.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with or without board; references. Leland Board Directory, 2 West 33d St.

5th Av., 21.—Handsome, desirable room; every convenience; also single room; with board; references.

21st St., 17-19-23 West, Between 5th and 6th Avs.—Handsomely and newly furnished rooms, suitable for gentlemen or married couples; table and service first-class; transients accommodated; references; telephone.

81st St., 116 West.—Large, handsomely furnished front room; strictly high-class table; unexceptional references required.

93d St., 122 West, (Station Block.)—Handsome, desirable room; every convenience; also single room; good board; references.

93d St., 250 West.—Extra fine room, with board, for young gentlemen; $10. Holton.

95th St., 66 West.—Pleasant front alcove room, dressing room; also hall room; convenient cars, park; reference.

130th St., 161 West.—Nicely furnished front room for two gentlemen; also hall room; with board; references.

Gramercy Park, 1, Corner 21st St.—Large second-floor room; table board; privilege of park; references.

Gramercy Park, 30.—Furnished rooms with board; suite overlooking park, $18; also small room, $7.

Lady employed can find excellent home, private family, detached house, piano, piazza, cool, convenient; terms moderate. Burnett, 5,911 15th Av., Brooklyn.

Furnished Rooms.

34th St., 10 East.—Desirable third floor; three large rooms and bath; suitable for gentlemen; references.

55th St., 71 West.—Two handsome rooms, singly or en suite; private bath; meals optional; references.

97th St., 146 West.—Newly furnished square room; suitable for one or two gentlemen; references.

Down-town business people can save time and car fare by living at the Hotel Raleigh, 683 Broadway; nice light rooms; day and night service; free use of baths; $4, $5, $6 per week.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Knake, 1,133 Broadway.

Country Board.

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East Orange.—With refined private family; house all modern improvements; fine grounds and trees; telephone; close to Erie station; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Call, by appointment only, 28 Brighton Av.

At New Rochelle.—Portman House, Pelham Road, near Centre Av.—Fine rooms; beautiful outlook; large grounds; directly on the water; boating, bathing, and fishing.

Upper Montclair.—Few guests desired in handsome private home; fine grounds; tennis, golf; references. Box 43.

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CASH
IN ANY AMOUNT
advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character, Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c. Business Confidential. Lowest Possible Rate.
John Mulholland,
FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK
38 PARK ROW, 5 & 7 EAST 42D ST., 125TH ST. & PARK AV. } NEW YORK.
44 COURT ST., 84 BROADWAY. } BROOKLYN.
APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

CONFIDENTIAL SALARY LOANS.
$20,000.00 to be loaned at once in amounts $15-$200, at less than regular rates. Apply immediately. Miles Thomas, Room 1,890, Park Row Building.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE, 729.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

Dogs and Birds.

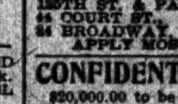
SCHILLING'S ZOOLOGICAL STORE. TELEPHONE 4121B SPRING. Just received a new consignment of Japanese spaniels, males and females, the finest lot ever come to New York, 3 to 9 lbs. heavy; price, $75 to $200 each; corded poodles and white toy curly poodles, $15 each; also on hand talking parrots, canarys, all kinds of monkeys, snakes, rabbits, cavies, pigeons, and squirrels; the largest Zoo Store in New York. Write for price list. R. H. Schilling, 28 Cooper Square, opposite 5th St.

Purchase and Exchange.

Contents of houses, flats, and hotels; full value paid. Warwick, 406 8th Av. Telephone 3567—38th St.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 207 8th Av.

Billiards.



Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1859, 105 East 9th St.

Patents.

Advice free; patents promptly procured; inventors' guide free. Edgar Tate & Co., Patent Attorneys, 245 Broadway.

Surrogate Notices.

BROKHAHNE, WILLIAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM BROKHAHNE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 32 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of July next.
Dated New York, the 5th day of January, 1903.
GEORGE E. MOTT, Executor.
ROBERT D. ELDER, Attorney for Executor, 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
ja7-1aw6mW

For Sale.

WHY NOT Buy a Good Trunk?

Crouch & Fitzgerald
161 BROADWAY (Below Cortlandt St.),
688 BROADWAY (Below 4th St.),
723 SIXTH AVE. (Below 42d St.).

WILLIAMS, VISIBLE TYPEWRITERS, SOLD AND RENTED, 310 B'WAY.

WALL PAPER, 1,000,000 rolls; blanks, 1½c.; gilts, 3c.; embossed, 3½c.; ingrains, 4½c.; tiles, tapestries, 8c.; silks, 12½c., upward. BECKER, 160, 172, 180 2d St.

TYPEWRITERS SOLD $1 WEEKLY. ALL MAKES, AT 245 B'way, N. Y., 1 flight up; 330 Fulton St., B'klyn.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 2240 Frank.

Diamonds, watches; lowest prices; delivered first payment; send for catalogue. Manhattan Diamond Co., 22 Maiden Lane.

When renting or buying a typewriter, get a good one. Best Typewriter Exchange, 66 Park Place.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 5886 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 303 Broadway.

Typewriter Headquarters, 322 Broadway.—Call up 3196 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Instruction.

PAMLICO School for Girls, Pompton, N. J. 11th year. Exceptional advantages in location and instruction. Large grounds. All outdoor sports. Illustrated catalogue. Mrs. H. C. DeMille, Principal.

STAMMERING and all nervous affections of speech thoroughly corrected. Established 1880. Illustrated pamphlet free. F. A. Bryant, M. D., 12 W. 40th St., N. Y.

Dancing.

Adults guaranteed perfect glide waltz in six private lessons for $5 at Howe's private school, Harvard Building, 729 6th Av., between 41-42 Sts.

Business Opportunities.

For sale, to close partnership, a grain elevator in Chicago; one million bushels capacity; water and rail facilities; value, $300,000; $200,000 will buy it; easy terms. Geo. D. Gregory, 91 West Madison St., Chicago.

$200 to $500 invested in company now forming will realize enormous returns; your interest demands strict investigation; world-wide monopoly. John Joyce, Box 113 Times, New York City.

Steam turbine, absolutely new; economical, patented; mechanical engineer or young business man's opportunity to secure an interest for $2,500. Moneymaker, Box 169 Times.

Collections.—An energetic young attorney solicits claims for collection; no charge unless successful. Address Lawyer, Box 209 Times Office.

New trust company desires Treasurer, investing or influencing moderate amount; advantageous permanent connection. W., Box 136 Times.

Ground-floor proposition open to acceptable party investing $500; large profits can be safely and surely made. Morse & Co., 6 Wall St.

Storage.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 490-492 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving, packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, 3c. yard up. Telephone 587—Melrose.

THE CONTINENTAL STORAGE WAREhouses, 313 to 319 West 45d St., just off 8th Av.; telephone 2597—38th.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. 366 Columbus. Est. 1875.

Watches and Jewelry.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 3 Maiden Lane.

Auction Sales.

Public Pound, 186th St., April 30th, 3 P. M., one dark bay mare. Wiegel, Pound Master.

Help Wanted—Females.

First class ironers on starched work; only experienced hands need apply. John Forsythe, 587 Hudson St., 5th floor.

Couple, $50; woman as general houseworker, man as useful man; couple, $45; woman as cook and man as useful man. St. Bartholomew's Bureau, 211 East 42d St.

Wanted—High school graduate for office work; salary to begin, $5. Blanchard's, 268 Canal St.

Help Wanted—Males.

Wanted—Masons; 10 or 12 men; only those accustomed to laying random coursed stone work upon houses or barns need apply, at 31 West 125th St.; wages, $4 per day. J. C. Rodgers.

Wanted—Competent railroad machinists and boilermakers for out of town; good wages. Apply, between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., to Geo. H. Thomas, No. 31 Coenties Slip, one flight up.

Wanted—Man and wife; wife as cook and man as waiter and useful man; city until June, then country; personal references required. J., 2,277 Broadway.

Wanted—Engineers, licensed tugboat, to take places New York Harbor May 1. J. L. J., Box 165 P. O., New York City.

Wanted—Men to England, $7; Germany, $10; also free transportation, return passage. Main Office, 115 1st St.

Wanted—Intelligent office boy. Box K 141 Times Office.

Young men to prepare for Government positions; good salaries. Box 570, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Cooks.

Cook.—By competent middle-aged woman as cook in private family; city or country; where three servants are kept; good city reference. Koehl, 202 St. Nicholas Av.

Dressmakers.

Dressmaker.—Parisian dressmaker; accustomed to finest work, wishes some at home; willing to take orders and fit at customers' residences; references. Ernestine, 307 West 35th St.

Houseworkers.

General Worker.—Light colored; good cook and waitress; apartment; sleep in or out; excellent references; moderate. Mathilda, 314 West 59th St. Tel., 1685B—Columbus.

Laundresses.

Laundress, &c.—By first-class laundress; out by the day or do house cleaning. 222 East 76th St., Flaherty.

Nurses.

Nurse.—By Protestant woman to wait on invalid lady; accustomed to traveling; is good sailor and packer; moderate wages. 70 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn; ring twice.

Waitresses.

Waitress.—Neat young girl as first-class waitress in private family; city or country; city reference. 208 West 131st St., Kilduff's bell.

Waitress.—By a young girl as waitress in the city all Summer preferred; first-class city reference. 65 East 86th St., Kiesbly.

Caretakers.

Caretakers.—A lady wishes to find house for reliable couple to take care of for Summer. Apply by letter to Huntington, 49 East 20th St.

Caretaker.—By mother and son to take care of private house for Summer; best reference. Call or write, 344 West 42d St., third bell.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Coachmen.

Coachman.—By reliable Englishman; wishes permanent position with first-class family; medium size; single; age, 35; total abstainer; city or country. J. W. B., 258 West 64th St.

Coachman.—Thoroughly understands care horses, harness, carriages; willing, obliging; city or country; best references; last employer can be seen. M., Box 279, 1,364 Broadway.

Coachman.—Thoroughly understands his business; seven years' best personal references from last place; city or country. Farrell, 352 West 47th St.

Miscellaneous.

Attendant or Nurse.—To invalid; highest references of employers and prominent physicians. Frank Butchard?, 344 West 25th St.

Man of wide acquaintance would manage branch for firm of New York brokers in Philadelphia. G. M. Walker, Claymont, Del.

Painter, paperhanger; paints rooms first-class, $1; city or country; reliable. Painter, 320 West 39th St.

SHOT BY AN EX-EMPLOYE

Leopold Wertheimer, Third Avenue Merchant, Mortally Wounded.

Assailant, Said to be Insane, Claims Money Is Due Him—Caught After a Hot Chase Up Lenox Avenue.

Leopold Wertheimer, a partner in the dry goods firm of Aaron & Wertheimer, whose store in Third Avenue near One Hundred and Twentieth Street was destroyed in a fatal fire on Jan. 16, was shot and dangerously wounded at his home on the third floor of 102 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street at 5 o'clock yesterday morning by Joseph Simpson, a night watchman in the store. Simpson is believed to be insane. Mr. Wertheimer, who is thirty-two years old, has been out of business since the fire, living quietly with his parents. Simpson, after the fire, secured employment as a motorman on the Forty-second Street crosstown surface line, but was discharged a week ago, according to Mrs. Martha Barton, with whom he boarded at 200 West One Hundred and Twenty-first Street, because of his peculiar conduct. His wife and children left him three weeks ago and it was said they were going to Ireland to visit the woman's mother, who is very ill. At about the same time he bought a revolver.

After the shooting Simpson talked in a rambling fashion, saying that Wertheimer owed him money. The wounded man denied this, explaining that Simpson had asked money of him as a brother Mason, and that he had helped the man from time to time. He said that he knew of no reason why Simpson should have sought his life.

How the assailant gained entrance to the apartment house is not known, but he rang the bell of the Wertheimer flat violently, and Max Wertheimer, the merchant's younger brother, opened the door half way. The intruder insisted on seeing Mr. Wertheimer, who came out only after Simpson began to shout his name loudly.

"You must be crazy to come here at this time," he said. "Go home and let us alone."

With an oath Simpson thrust his revolver through the crack in the door and fired three shots in quick succession. One bullet penetrated Mr. Wertheimer's right side, another the right arm, and another the left side directly over the heart, making the only dangerous wound. Simpson retreated down stairs, pursued by the brother, while the house rang with the turmoil of the other tenants. The man turned north into Lenox Avenue. His pursuer hailed Policeman McHugh of the West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street Station, and as he leaped on a baker's wagon in One Hundred and Sixteenth Street and was about to whip up the horse the officer caught him.

"That is the man who shot me," moaned the victim on seeing the captive. "For God's sake take him away."

When Dr. David Alexander of 22 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street had attended the wounded man Roundsman Farrell called an ambulance, and Mr. Wertheimer was taken to the J. Hood Wright Hospital, where an operation was performed at once. The surgeon said he probably would die.

At the police station Simpson was closely questioned by Sergt. Wolff, but would say little. When held without bail by Magistrate Flammer in the Harlem Police Court for examination to-morrow he refused to make any statement at all. Two letters from his wife were found in his pockets. In one she reported the safe arrival of herself and their two little daughters at Queenstown, and the other stated her mother was very ill.

Mrs. Barton, Simpson's landlady, said the man came from County Longford, Ireland, and was married in her house six years ago. He was thirty years old, and of good habits, she said. When she found recently that he was carrying a revolver and remonstrated with him he replied:

"I know people who make money minding their own business."

She was frightened, and did not mention the matter again. Last Sunday she found him weeping and saying that he had just had a long talk with his mother in Ireland. After losing his position he had told her he was penniless, but she gave him permission to stay in her house until he got other work.

LEGAL NOTES.

MARRIAGE ANNULLED BY FRAUD.—It was held by Justice Gildersleeve, in the case of King vs. Breuer, (29 N. Y. Supplement 1114,) that the fact that a man withheld from his intended wife the knowledge that he was keeping a poolroom was sufficient fraud on his part to warrant the Supreme Court in annulling the marriage on the complaint of the wife. Following this decision, Justice Blanchard has granted an annullment to a wife because her husband and his relatives kept from her the fact that he had served a year in the penitentiary for larceny. This fact came to the wife's knowledge after her husband had been arrested for a similar offense, for which he is now serving a long term in the prison. Justice Gildersleeve, in the King case, characterized a poolroom keeper as a man of criminal propensities. In the case at bar," said Justice Blanchard, "the plaintiff had known the defendant a year before their marriage, and during that time had visited with him his relatives and friends, by whom she was assured of his good character and business and of his ability to provide for her. She did not rush blindly into the marriage, but had excellent reasons for supposing that she was uniting her life to that of a worthy man. She was cruelly deceived, and under the law is entitled to a decree annulling her marriage."

ACCIDENT CAUSED BY EMPLOYE'S OWN NEGLIGENCE.—Clarence E. Leach, an experienced lineman in the employ of the Central New York Telephone and Telegraph Company, was directed to assist in constructing a line, and in so doing it became necessary to transfer wires from a defective pole to a new pole. The old pole was stayed by a guy wire, and Leach was warned not to cut the guy until all the work on the pole had been done. Leach climbed the pole, but before removing any of the other wires cut the guy wire. The pole fell, throwing him to the ground. He sustained injuries from which he subsequently died. In an action by Mrs. Leach to recover damages for her husband's death, the Third Appellate Division, in reversing a judgment in her favor, holds that the accident was caused by Leach's own negligence, and therefore she cannot recover. Presiding Justice Parker, for the court, said: "The evidence is conclusive that there was no necessity to cut that wire in order to remove the other wires, and the foreman of the company had that morning told him not to cut the guy until all the work was done upon the pole. Beyond all doubt the cutting of the wire was the sole cause of the pole's then falling, and it is equally certain that Leach, who was a lineman of several years' experience, knew as well as any one could know the danger that might be expected from cutting that guy. Nothing required him to cut it. He did so in disregard of Augsbury's advice not to. He deliberately took the chances, and his own carelessness or misjudgment was the sole cause of his death. Under such circumstanses we can sympathize with the widow, but we cannot sustain a verdict in her favor."

MISJOINDER OF CAUSES OF ACTION.—It appeared in the case of Lawrence vs. McKelvey, lately decided by the Second Appellate Division, that a person transferred his business and assets to a corporation, which in turn gave him stock and assumed his liabilities. Subsequently bankruptcy proceedings were instituted against him on the ground that he had transferred his property with intent to defraud creditors. It was held that an action for damages by him against those instituting the bankruptcy proceedings could not be joined with an action founded on the same ground by the corporation.

Staten Island Ferry Plan.

President Cromwell of Richmond filed with Mayor Low yesterday a new plan of improvement at St. George, the terminal of the Staten Island Ferry. The new plan divides the steam and trolley passengers, and also provides for a two-deck terminal and separate loops for trolley cars and trains. The plans arrange the tracks so that passengers reaching Staten Island are separated from those making the trip to Manhattan.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

TELLS INSURANCE FRAUD

Agent of Company Confesses the Little Italy Conspiracy.

Forster, at Trepani's Trial, Admits Sharing in the Profits of the Swindling Policies.

Frank B. Forster, until recently chief soliciting agent in this city for the Central Union Life Insurance Company of Cincinnati, was the principal witness yesterday when the trial of Giuseppe Trepani, the Little Italy undertaker, who is accused of being the principal conspirator in the great insurance swindle, was resumed before Justice Scott.

Forster, who has made a complete confession to Assistant District Attorney Krotel, wrote the policy on the life of Casimiro Cicone, accepted the false proofs of death in his case, and paid out the money to the alleged beneficiary. He told how he had examined a "dummy" who had been introduced to him as Cicone. The latter was a cripple, eighty-two years old; the dummy was a young man in the best of health. The examination took place in the barber shop of Bartolomeo Cirino, the alleged leader of the gang, who is now a fugitive from justice.

"In February, 1901, Trepani came to my office and informed me Cicone was dead," the witness continued. "He handed me his own certificate and one signed by Dr. Francesco Mucci, a Little Italy physician, and told me that ought to be enough. I told him it was not enough, and that I wanted to see the body. Then he handed me $100 and told me to buy a cigar, and added that there would be $100 in every other case in the future if I wanted to come in on that proposition."

Forster then told of several cases in which he had helped Trepani and the band, collecting his share of the proceeds. Finally there came a time when he thought he should be given a larger share. He broached the subject at a meeting where he, Trepani, and Cirino were present.

"I told Trepani," Forster said, "that I had gone as far as I dared or could with any hope of retaining the confidence of the company. Bartolomeo Cirino assured me there was no danger; that they had the doctors who would make the proper certificates of death; that they had the undertaker and the notary public, and that all they needed was the agent and the system would be complete. We struck a bargain then and there by which I was to receive $600 out of every $2,000 policy."

When the investigation began and the newspapers took the matter up Forster said his conscience struck him, and he asked Trepani to return the policies which were outstanding with his company. Trepani declined to do this, and said everything would be all right. They would have the blame put on Cirino, give straw bail for him, and let him get away. This programme was carried out. Cirino fled, but the authorities had learned too much in the meantime and the other accomplices were arrested.

On cross-examination Forster was forced by Charles G. Wahle, Trepani's counsel, to go over a great deal of the history of his past life. He has had a checkered career. One year he was the President of a big banking house, the next he was running a photographic studio while his wife was keeping boarders.

"In your conversations with Trepani," asked Mr. Wahle, "did you ever mention any relationship between you and Trepani outside of the business connection?"

After hesitating a while Forster admitted that they both were Masons. Forster said he and Trepani both belonged to the St. Jean d'Amitié Lodge in Paris.

GIRL RUNAWAYS PENITENT.

Mabel Foster and Gladys Burt Did Up Their Back Hair and Fled from Brooklyn, but Were Recaptured.

Tearful and penitent, fourteen-year-old Mabel Foster and her thirteen-year-old chum, Gladys Burt, who ran away from their homes on Brooklyn Heights on Monday afternoon to see the world by way of Boston, returned to Brooklyn yesterday, in charge of their respective fathers, having gone no further than the Herald Square Hotel, Manhattan. The girls were located through a letter which Gladys wrote to a friend in Brooklyn.

Mabel is the daughter of William Foster, a pump manufacturer, living at 132 Columbia Heights, and Gladys the daughter of C. M. Burt of 85 Pierrepont Street. Both girls attend the Plymouth Church Sunday School. They are said to be somewhat romantically inclined, and for several weeks they planned to run away and take a trip to Boston. On Monday afternoon the girls each donned a dress belonging to her mother, so as to appear older, and "doing up" their back hair, hastily packed two grips and started for the Joy Line pier, in Manhattan. They missed the boat, but decided to stay in Manhattan over night and take passage for Boston next day. Having $27 between them, they went to the Herald Square Hotel, where they engaged a room, registering as "Geraldine Newcombe" and "Elizabeth Dinsmore" of Boston. Before retiring Mabel wrote and mailed a letter to one of her girl friends in Brooklyn, telling her where she and Gladys were and saying that they intended to go by boat to Boston next day.

The letter was delivered in Brooklyn with the first mail yesterday morning, and it fell into the hands of the father of the girl to whom it was written, who recognized Mabel's handwriting. He took it at once to the fathers of the runaways, and they started immediately for the Herald Square Hotel. Mabel and Gladys were found in their room and taken back to Brooklyn, weeping penitently and promising never to run away again.

TO PROSECUTE COLLECTORS.

Credit Men's Association to Act on a Profitable Swindle.

An active crusade has been begun by the Credit Men's Association of New York against what is called "collection agency sharks," and steps have been taken to prosecute certain collection agencies accused of swindling the big dry goods establishments of the city.

The system of defrauding was said to be very profitable to those in the business. Agents would be sent to firms to represent that old debts could be collected, and accounts that had been discarded as useless would be given to them. There would be return with false information as to the financial condition of the debtors, how they had acquired money, and could be forced to settle. Fees would be paid to the collectors, and that would be the last heard of them.

ALDERMEN OBJECT TO CURTAILING OF POWER

At Odds with Mayor Over Opening and Closing of Streets.

Marshall Bill Gives Authority to Board of Estimate—Curb Line News Stand Ordinance.

Mayor Low and the members of the Board of Aldermen nearly have come to an open breach over a bill which passed the last Legislature, which proposes to take away from the board the power to lay out and close streets and change the map of the city, vesting all such powers in the Board of Estimate.

The first sign of Aldermanic opposition was when twenty members of the board lined up at a public hearing yesterday morning. Alderman Wafer acted as spokesman. He said that the bill, which was introduced by Senator Marshall, was a bad piece of legislation, and that it took away from the legislative body of the city important powers and placed them in the hands of practically three men—the Mayor, the Controller, and the President of the Board of Aldermen. This power, Alderman Wafer said, it would be dangerous to put in the hands of three men, especially if the city should have an unscrupulous administration. Mayor Low said he would consider the bill.

At the session of the board in the afternoon Mayor Low was criticised by Republican and Tammany members alike for advocating the passage of the measure. Alderman Wafer presented a resolution asking the Mayor to veto the Marshall bill. Mr. Wafer said if the bill becomes law there will be very little for the Aldermen, the immediate representatives of the people, to do. He declared the veto power of the Aldermen in such matters to be the only safeguard of the people against "jobs and jobbery."

Alderman John T. McCall, Tammany leader, declared that Mayor Low, when in Albany, had tried to get the bill reported out of committee, and that he was back of the measure from the start. He declared that Senator Elsberg had refused to introduce the bill. After more discussion the resolution was adopted.

Alderman Downing suggested the appointment of a committee of five, with himself as Chairman, to wait on the Mayor. He chose for his associates Messrs. Doull, Wafer, Wentz, and Kenny, but the last two named declined to serve.

"I was one of a committee which waited upon the Mayor this morning," Mr. Wentz said, "and I received an unpleasant rebuff. I don't want another."

"It seems difficult to find a committee," said Mr. McInnes, who was presiding, "willing to face his Honor the Mayor."

Mr. Kenny suggested the substitution of Mr. Stewart for himself on the committee. There was more discussion, and then Messrs. Downing, Wafer, Stewart, Doull, and Holler were named.

Near the end of the session there was a discussion over the reconsideration of an ordinance which had been adopted increasing the salary of some minor city official. Alderman Meyers moved for reconsideration.

"Did you vote on the resolution?" asked Vice President McInnes.

"Yes, in the affirmative," said Alderman Meyers.

"He did not vote at all," shouted Alderman Downing. "I looked at his seat and it was vacant. If he says he was present he must be telling a falsehood." The members laughed and jeered.

"Alderman Meyers voted in the affirmative. After voting he leaned over to me and said: 'What is all this about?'" was Alderman Wentz's version. Before the discussion was ended the board had adjourned.

An ordinance was adopted at the meeting yesterday permitting the placing of portable newsstands on the curb line, with permission of the property owner, and providing for a five-dollar license fee for each stand.

The Committee on Laws and Legislation reported in favor of a dog-muzzling ordinance. The report makes several amendments to the ordinance proposed last week by Alderman Meyers. Instead of leaving the enforcement of the ordinance to the Health Department, the amendments leave it with the police, and order that the money to be paid for the redemption of dogs seized shall be paid into the Police Pension Fund. There was no discussion on the report. It was made a special order for next week.

BLOCKING OF SIDEWALKS.

Committee of Merchants and Warehousemen Confer with Capt. Piper—Licensing System Suggested.

William H. Gibson of the F. C. Linde Company, John C. Eames of the H. B. Claflin Company, Thomas M. McCarthy of Austin, Nichols & Co., and some others, constituting a committee of merchants and warehousemen, held a consultation on Monday evening with Deputy Police Commissioner Piper as to means of avoiding the blocking of sidewalks by trucks and boxes.

Mr. Gibson, speaking for the committee yesterday, said they all agreed on one thing, viz., that some limitation ought to be imposed upon the use of the sidewalks for goods and the backing of trucks across them.

"It seems impossible to make a general ordinance to cover the case," said Mr. Gibson, "and an ordinance with territorial limitations does not appear to be allowable. We agree that the use of sidewalks for trucks and merchandise on Fifth Avenue, Broadway, West Broadway, and Park Row and upon all streets leading to ferries, should not be permitted at all. But with warehouses in all parts of the city, sidewalks on many other streets, under proper limitations, must be so used. It appeared to us that the best way to arrange the matter would be to lodge a discretionary power somewhere. The merchants thought this power should be lodged in the Police Department, and the Police Commissioner should be authorized to issue the necessary license, but Gen. Greene was not in favor of the plan.

"It was agreed to give us more time to consult with Capt. Piper and evolve a practical plan satisfactory to all parties that the Mayor asked the Aldermen to suspend for thirty days the ordinance now governing the use of sidewalks."

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embodying the latest Parisian ideas and specially designed to conform to the prevailing styles of dress

To be had in Silk, Brouche, Satin Batiste, Brocaded and Embroidered Batiste, Linen, Plain and Fancy Figured Coutil in entirely new effects.

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The imitations look like Pantasote, but their surfaces become hard and brittle, crack, scale and crumble, are dangerously inflammable, and generally worthless.

There is a big profit for the swindling upholsterer who substitutes the cheat for the genuine, and the people have their remedy in reporting such cases. We will prosecute the fraud.

Pantasote Is Always Satisfactory.

It is always flexible, grows handsomer as it grows older, never cracks, peels or rots; has a fireproof, waterproof, greaseproof and stainproof surface which can be easily cleansed with soap and water. It looks exactly like morocco, wears longer and costs half as much.

Adopted by the U. S. Government and used for ten years by leading Railways, Steamship lines, and Furniture and Carriage Upholsterers.

The name "Pantasote" is stamped on selvage edge of goods in the piece. Insist on getting the genuine and let us know if you don't. Samples free on application.

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Consumers are requested to report at once any unsatisfactory Stout received by them, giving name and address of seller, to

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NEW YORK CITY.

B&K

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We had a fancy that the popularity of the Rain Coats might be waning.

Oddly enough we have sold more Rain Coats so far this year than in the first season of their appearance.

No one knows until he wears one how many advantages this garment offers. It has come to stay.

$12 to $25.

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BROOKLYN: FULTON STREET AT DE KALB AVENUE.

Open Saturday Evenings Until 10 P. M.

FISK, CLARK & FLAGG

PRESENT THEIR SPRING STYLES IN

WOMEN'S SHIRTS

In Silk, Linen, Madras, Cheviot, Flannel, etc.

EXCLUSIVE—ELEGANT.

See name and trade mark. The recognized mark of *character* and *perfection* in Haberdashery for Men and Women. At leading stores.

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Our Mildew-proof Awnings never fade. Send postal for estimates.

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"Invisible" Bifocal Eyeglasses

Absence of "lines," cracks, cemented-on segments, and all the annoying features of ordinary bifocal eyeglasses, optically perfect, cleanly and "Youthful."

E. B. Meyrowitz

OPTICIAN.

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CAREFUL CARPET CLEANING CO.

Drapery Muslins.

We direct attention to our extensive stock, including many exclusive designs.

Dotted Muslin, 12½c., 25c., 50c. a yd.

Figured Muslin, 15c., 30c., 60c. a yd.

Ruffled Muslin, 15c., 25c., 40c. a yd.

Embroidered Muslin, 15c., 30c., 50c. a yd.

Table Covers.

A large assortment in unique and staple designs, in Tapestries, Armures, Veronas, Velours, from $2.50 to $10 each

Lord & Taylor.

DOMESTIC RUGS

Special Sale This Week.

AXMINSTERS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS AND SMYRNAS WILL BE CLOSED OUT IN THREE LOTS.

Lot No. 1—Sizes about 7.6x9 ft., at $12.50

Lot No. 2—Size 9x12 ft., at 18.50

Lot No. 3—Large Carpet Sizes, at 24.50

WORTH DOUBLE.

Inlaid Linoleum

at greatly reduced prices.

Also Remnants of Printed Linoleum and Sheet Oilcloths

AT ABOUT HALF PRICE.

SHEPPARD KNAPP & CO.

Sixth Ave., 13th and 14th Sts.

KENNEDYS STORE

12 CORTLANDT ST.

Men's Furnishings.

White Dress Shirts, 59c.; worth $1.00.

Dress Shirts, 98c., cuffs attached; worth $1.50.

Pleated Negligees, 98c., worth $2.00.

$1.50 Fancy stiff bosoms, 85c.

Underwear.

French Balbriggans, 49c., worth 75c.

Summer Wool, 98c., worth $1.50.

Imported Socks (English grey), 25c.

Pajamas, featherweight, 98c.

Men's Hats—Something Doing.

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Twenty new style, Black and Havana Brown, Stetson's Soft Hats 3.50 AND 5.00.

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5.00 and 6.00 Oxfords at 2.75.

Last season's goods. Styles that we want to close out. They are flat last and high heels.

Button and Oxford Shoes 4.98 & 5.98

THIS IS IT. PAT.

with Herringbone Shanks. Made in Flat lasts, Scalloped heels, like 10.00 and 12.00 custom shoes.

Wallach's Togs

830, 832 Columbus Av. 238, 240, 242 Bowery. 649 Eighth Av. Third Av., cor. 122d. 240 West 125th St.

Open Evenings.

UNDERWEAR of the Best kinds.

The sort that makes you glad. Spring has come. We have a Variety that will suit the Taste and insure Comfort to purchasers. Not a badly made piece in the whole collection. Prices upward from 48c

(Negligee Shirts of Manhattan Make.)

The "Standard" Desks Are the Best.

FOR SALE BY

CHAS. E. MATTHEWS,

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All our [illegible] match [illegible]

Awnings, Shades, Slip Covers.

We desire to call special attention to our exceptional facilities for the manufacture of above; also to our Department for

Re-upholstering Furniture.

We shall be pleased to submit Estimates & Samples for all branches of above work.

Lace Curtains Cleaned and stored during Summer months.

Lord & Taylor.

If you're going when the deck-hands shout, "All ashore wot ain't goin'," you need:

Steamer trunks, $4.25 to $15.50—lengths from 28 to 36 inches.

Steamer rugs, $8 to $15.

Dress suit cases, $5 to $25—an especially good case at $5.

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Trunk and rug straps.

Ulsters and other travelling togs.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.

842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 148 4th Ave.

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We fill orders by mail.

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UNEQUALLED CHOICE in all lines of Furniture, whether wanted for town or country homes, combined with unequalled values, are the attractions presented by our stock.

Lines for Summer Furnishing embrace

White Enamelled Bedroom Suites, plain and decorated——Bedroom Suites in bird's-eye maple, birch, oak and mahogany——Brass Bedsteads in exclusive patterns; all sizes——Enamelled Iron Bedsteads with brass trimmings——Dining Room Suites in all the fashionable designs and finishes——Select examples of Flemish, Old English, Mission, Weathered and Green Oak Furniture; also full line of Venetian Carved Furniture.

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Wide Range of Choice in Articles for WEDDING PRESENTS Combining Utility with Beauty.

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THE COLONIAL ROCKER,

with its graceful curved supports, its banister back, with quaintly contrived stays rising from a real projection, its odd saddle seat—the very spirit of simple picturesqueness. Mahogany, $8.00, extra high back, $12.00.

Its only former drawback was inferiority of material and finish—that we have overcome. In Weathered Oak, $5.75; extra high back, $8.50—they harmonize with the most luxurious of modern furnishings.

Light wood Rockers with reed seats, $1.50—specially suitable for the piazza.

It is time to think of such novel comforts—the Summer season is not far off, so promptly

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GEO. C. FLINT CO.

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WELCH'S GRAPE JUICE

The system needs the fruit acids found in Welch's Grape Juice, especially at this time of the year. A small glassful one to three times a day clears the system of impurities—natural means, it puts new life into the run-down person. Welch's is pure.

The best druggists and grocers sell it. The Welch Grape Juice Co., Westfield, N. Y.